Job Name: -- /423175t

The Kabbalat Shabbat service was created by the Kabbalists (Jewish mystics) of Safed in the sixteenth century and was almost universally accepted by Jewish communities. Though a relatively recent innovation in Jewish liturgy, it probably springs from ancient customs such as those of R. Hanina and R. Yanay (third century Palestine). The Talmud records that at sunset on Shabbat eve, R. Hanina would stand dressed in fine garments and say, "Come, let us go forth to welcome the Sabbath queen." R. Yanay, in festive attire, would exclaim, "Come, Oh bride! Come, Oh bride!"

intended to offer variety within a traditional form of worship. The prayer-leader (*sheliah tzibur*) should construct a service by selecting elements from among the introductory hymns, passages from the Song of Songs, Psalms, and additional readings to be found below. For additional readings see pages 732-766.

A.G./S.S.

אברקה / tzedakah. As God created for six days, so too do we labor. Just before Shabbat—the time of divine and human rest—begins, some of us engage in tzedakah to complete the work of renewing creation. The root letters of the word tzedakah translate as "justice" or "righteousness." By giving to those in need, we help to right a wrong and thus share responsibility for creation. In some homes the pushka or tzedakah box stands next to the Shabbat candles to receive the last coins of our workaday lives.

Some families may direct their *tzedakah* to a particular charity, organization, or cause. Family discussion and reconsideration of choices from time to time may heighten the meaning of the act. Some households create their own *pushka* and adorn it with biblical verses and illustration.

Rabbi Elazar would always give a coin to a poor person before praying. In explanation he would quote, "I shall behold your face betzedek, in righteousness" (Psalm 17:15).

1 / TZEDAKAH

1

Т

1

T

1

T

Т

	Job Name: /423175t
	HADLAKAT NEROT SHABBAT / LIGHTING SHABBAT CANDLES
	Candles are traditionally lit in the home. Many communities also light candles together at the beginning of the Kabbalat Shabbat service. For additional readings, see pages 732, 735-737, 797. On Shabbat Hanukah the Hanukah candles (page 672) are lit prior to the Shabbat candles.
	To light candles in all the worlds-
	that is Shabbat.
	To light Shabbat candles
	is a soul-leap pregnant with potential
	into a splendid sea, in it the mystery
	of the fire of sunset.
	Lighting the candles transforms
	my room into a river of light,
	my heart sets in an emerald waterfall.
	Zelda (translator unknown)
	* *
	As the great doors of night are opening we come into the clean quiet room of Shabbat. Let us be thankful, as we light these candles like eyes of holiness, for this moment of peace.
	Let us savor the fruit of the vine, the blood of the earth that quickens us.
	Let us be thankful for grain, fruit of grasses that feed the cow, the gazelle and us.
	Let us be grateful for the children and the work of the week that are our own fruitfulness.
	Let us as we eat never forget that food comes from the earth we must cherish and heal through labor we must respect and reward.
	Marge Piercy
	KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 2
_	

/423175t

Candles are traditionally lit in the home. Many communities also light candles together at the beginning of the Kabbalat Shabbat service. On Shabbat Hanukah the Hanukah candles

Т

Т

|

Т

1

T

Т

T

Т

1

are lit prior to the Shabbat candles.

לְהַדְלִיק גַרוֹת בְּכֵל־הָעוֹלָמוֹת ---זוֹהִי שַׁבָּת. לְהַדְלִיק גַרוֹת־שַׁבָּת זוֹהִי קִפִּיצַת־גָּפָש הַרַת נְצוּרוֹת לְיָם נָהְדָר, שֶׁיֵּש בָּה מִסְתּוֹרִיז שֶׁל אֵש־הַשְׁקִיעָה. בְּהַדְלִיקִי הַגַּרוֹת יֵהָפֵך תְּרִי לְנְהֵר דִּי־נוּר, בְּאַשְׁדוֹת בְּרֻֿמֶת שוֹקַעַ לִבִּי.

NOTE. While minimally we light two new Shabbat candles, we may choose to light more. Some families light a candle for each member.

The physical motions associated with candlelighting are unique to each of us and take on individual meaning. Some lift their hands over the flames and toward themselves as though drawing the light of Shabbat into themselves. Others lift their hands over the flames six times as though to incorporate each day of the week into Shabbat.

Many people cover their eyes while saying the blessing. In this way they maintain the customary order of blessing before acting—they delay their enjoyment of the lights. Covering the eyes also symbolizes our need to avert our eyes from the blinding light of the divine.

Many of us set aside the contemplative moments before and after candlelighting as a time for our own private prayers and intentions.

B.W./K.G./D.A.T.

3 / HADLAKAT NEROT SHABBAT/LIGHTING SHABBAT CANDLES

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	
Blessed are you, SOURCE OF LIGHT, our God, sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to kindle the Shabbat light. * * Blessed is the match that's consumed in kindling a flame. Blessed is the flame that burns in the secret depths of the heart. Hanak Senes (translator unknown) * * Almighty God, Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Star Tkines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger stil.	
all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to kindle the Shabbat light. * * Blessed is the match that's consumed in kindling a flame. Blessed is the flame that burns in the secret depths of the heart. Humak Stenes (translator unknown) * * Almighty God, Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. It was the found on page 9. Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still	The candles are now lit. After candlelighting, the following blessing is recited:
<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and
Blessed is the flame that burns in the secret depths of the heart. Hanah Szenes (randator unknown) * * Almighty God, Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Substitution can be found on page 9. Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be soung to the same melody as the Hebrau. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet lowe Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	* *
Blessed is the flame that burns in the secret depths of the heart. Hanah Szenes (randator unknown) * * Almighty God, Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Substitution can be found on page 9. Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be soung to the same melody as the Hebrau. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet lowe Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	
Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shar Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be soung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	Hannah Szenes (translator unknown)
Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shar Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be soung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	* *
Grant me and all my loved ones A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shar Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	Almighty God.
A chance truly to rest on this Shabbat. May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shas Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
May the light of the candles drive out from among us The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shas Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
The spirit of anger, the spirit of harm. Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Itat they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Shas Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Send your blessings to my children, That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Intervention can be your and the ways of your Torah, your light. YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be soung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
That they may walk in the ways of your Torah, your light. Sha Tkhines (translator unknown) YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Transliteration can be found on page 9. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	Shas Tkhines (translator unknown)
This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. You who love my soul, Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	YEDID NEFESH / SOUL BELOVED
Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Sweet source of tenderness Take my inner nature And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	You who love my soul,
And shape it to your will. Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Like a darting deer I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	Take my inner nature
I will flee to you. Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	And shape it to your will.
Before your glorious presence Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Humbly do I bow. Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Let your sweet love Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Delight me with its thrill. Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Because no other dainty Will my hunger still.	
Will my hunger still.	C C
-	
KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 4	Will my hunger still.
	KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 4

/423175t Job Name: --The candles are now lit. After candlelighting, the following blessing is recited: בּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֵלהֵׁינוּ מֵלֵך הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְשָׁנוּ במצותיו וצוּנוּ להַרַלִיק נָר שָׁל שַבַּת: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher kideshanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu lehadlik ner shel shabbat. Many contemporary Jews are reciting berahot/blessings in ways that reflect their theological outlooks and ethical concerns. At any place where a blessing occurs in the liturgy the following elements can be combined to create alternative formulas for berahot. This can be done by selecting one phrase from each group to form the introductory clause. I Baruh atah adonay ברוך אתה יהוה Blessed are you Adonay Beruhah at yah ברוכה את יה Blessed are you Yah Nevareh et Let us bless נברך את Π eloheynu אלהינו our God hashehinah השכינה Shehinah eyn hahayim Source of Life עין החיים III meleh ha'olam מלף העולם Sovereign of all worlds חי העולמים Life of all the worlds hey ha'olamim ru'ah ha'olam רֿוּחַ הַעוּלָם Spirit of the world 5 / HADLAKAT NEROT SHABBAT/LIGHTING SHABBAT CANDLES

T

|

1

|

Т

L

T

T

1

Т

1

T

|

Т

Т

T

Т

Ĩ

1

Job Name: --

/423175t How splendid is your light Which worlds do reflect! My soul is worn from craving For your love's delight. Please, good God, do heal her And show to her your face, So my soul can see you And bathe in your grace. There she will find strength

Eternal her delight. What pity stirs in you Since days of old, my God! Be kind to me your own child Begotten by your love. For long and longing hours I year · d for your embrace,

And healing in this sight. Her joy will be complete then,

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

T

1

T

1

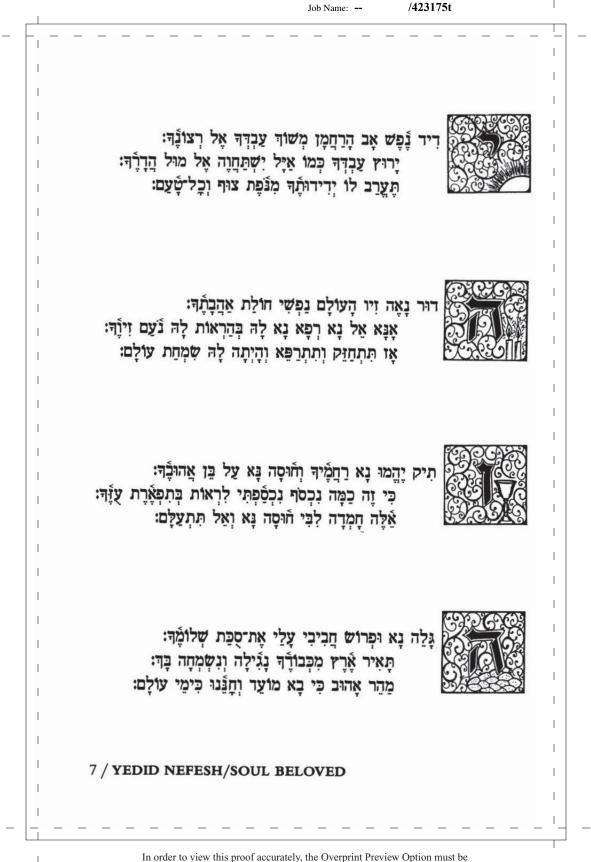
T

Т

COMMENTARY. Yedid Nefesh was written by Rabbi Eleazar Azikri of Safed. A love song of the soul to God, it achieved great popularity in Sephardic communities, where it was included in the daily prayerbook. Hasidic custom adopted it for use as an introduction to Shabbat. The poet speaks to God in most intimate terms as lover and parent, but also as shining light of the universe. The longing for God is fulfilled for "the time has come" as God spreads over the world the great sukkat shalom, canopy of peace, which is Shabbat.

The traditional Hebrew text of Yedid Nefesh presented here differs in several places from Azikri's original. Most notably, this version substitutes in the second verse "Eternal her delight" for "She shall be your handmaiden forever." Here tradition seems to have improved on the author's work! A.G.

KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 6



Job Name: --

/423175t

To see my light in your light Basking in your grace. 1 My heart's desire is To harmonize with yours 1 Do not conceal your pity 1 Hide not that light of yours. Help, my lover, spread Your canopy of peace, Т Enfold all human beings. Give all pain surcease. Your presence on this earth plane Do make known to us 1 And we shall respond then With song and with dance. Rush, my love, be quick, 1 The time for love has come, Let your gentle favor Grace us as of old. Eleazar Azikri (translated by Zalman Schachter-Shalomi) T COMMENTARY. The first letter of each verse spells out יהוה, the four-letter name of God. That name subsumes and unites all the descriptions which 1 Jewish tradition has evolved in its quest for the divine. Jews may once have commonly pronounced יהוה, but they have avoided doing so since at least 1 the third century B.C.E. The traditional vocalization "Yahweh" can be understood as, "He causes to exist," or just, "He is!" It also resembles God's T enigmatic words to Moses at the burning bush: "Ehyeh Asher Ehyeh-I Am Who I am" (Exodus 3:14). Thus יהוה hints at the absurdity of assigning a name to an ineffable divinity. M.P. Т **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 8** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t Yedid nefesh av harahaman meshoh avdeha el retzoneha Yarutz avdeha kemo ayal yishtahaveh el mul hadareha. Te'erav lo yediduteha minofet tzuf vehol ta'am. Hadur na'eh ziv ha'olam nafshi holat ahavateha. Ana el na refa na lah beharot lah no'am ziveha. Az tithazek vetitrapey vehayetah lah simhat olam. Vatik yehemu na rahameha vehusah na al ben ahuveha. Ki zeh hamah nihsof nihsafti lirot betiferet uzeha. Eleh hamdah libi husah na ve'al titalam. Higaley na ufros havivi alay et sukkat shelomeha. Ta'ir eretz mikevodeha nagilah venismehah bah. Maher ahuv ki va mo'ed vehonenu kimey olam. אל נא רפא נא לה. A quotation from Moses's prayer to heal Miriam, "God, please heal her" (Numbers 12:13). God is sought as the source of spiritual healing-soul healing. In union with the divine we find release from the pain of the futile cycle of searching and disappointment. Shabbat is our refuge of acceptance, our shelter from cravings and strivings. S.P.W. DERASH. Our yearning for salvation is the human form of the will to live, which is cosmic and characteristic of all living beings. In our case the will to live is the will to abundant and harmonious living ... Human nature is part of the larger world of nature, and our salvation can only be conceived as a manifestation of a divine power both within and beyond us. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) eli / אלה חמרה לבי / eleh hamdah libi is a corruption of the original אלה חמרה לבי mahmad libi. My God, my heart's beloved. The popular version, while grammatically difficult, offers a clear sense of surrender, a central motif of religious love poetry. All I want, O my God, is to be near you and to feel your presence. These are the only things my heart desires. A.G. 9 / YEDID NEFESH/SOUL BELOVED

Т

Т

T

Т

SHABBAT HAMALKAH / THE SHABBAT QUEEN

1

1

1

I

T

1

1

Т

1

T

1

1

This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.

The sun on the treetops no longer is seen; Come, gather to welcome the Sabbath, our queen!

Behold her descending, the holy, the blessed, And with her the angels, of peace and of rest.

Draw near, O queen, and here abide; Draw near, draw near, O Sabbath bride.

Peace be unto you, O angels of peace.

Hayim Nahman Bialik (adapted from a translation by A. Irma Cohon)

NOTE. Shabbat Hamalkah is the work of Hayim Nahman Bialik, the great poet of the Hebrew national revival. His poem, like Yedid Nefesh, was not originally written for the synagogue, but it has achieved great popularity as a song of welcome to Shabbat.

KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 10

שַׁבָּת הַמַּלְכָה
הַחַמָּה מֵרֹאשׁ הָאִילָנוֹת נִסְתַּלְקָה.
נַיּנַיַנָּא בַּיּאָס טָּאָ זָבוּע שָׁבָּת הַמַּלְכָּה. בֿאוּ וְנֵצֵא לִקְרַאת שֵׁבָּת הַמַּלְכָּה.
הְנֵה הִיא יוֹרֶדֶת הַקְּרוֹשָׁה הַבְּרוּכָה.
וְעָמֶה מֵלְאָכִים צְבָא שֶׁלוֹם וּמְנוּחָה.
בּאָי בֿאָי הַמַּלְכָּה בֿאִי בֿאָי הַכַּלָה.
שָׁלום עֲלֵיכֶם מֵלְאֲכֵי הַשָּׁלום.
Haḥamah merosh ha'ilanot nistalekah. Bo'u venetzey likrat shabbat hamalkah.
Hiney hi yoredet hakedoshah haberuhah,
Ve'imah malahim tzeva shalom umnuhah.
<u>Bo</u> 'i <u>bo</u> 'i hamalkah, <u>bo</u> 'i <u>bo</u> 'i hakalah.
Shalom aleyḥem malaḥey hashalom.
11 / SHABBAT HAMALKAH/THE SHABBAT QUEEN
11, SHILDDAT HANNERAH, THE SHADDAT QUEEN

	Job Name:	/423175t
SHALOM ALEYHEM		
This translation can be sung to the same	melody as the Hebrew.	
Welcome among us, messeng angels of the Highest One, from deep within us, Majesty the blessed Holy One.		
Come, then, in shalom, blessing us with shalom, leaving us with holy shalom, from deep within us, Majesty the blessed Holy one.		
		translated by Burt Jacobson
Angels are another name for feeli When we love and act with kind we create angels of love and kind when we hate and act with violer we create angels of hatred and vio It is our job to fill our world with messengers of kindness that link people together as one for COMMENTARY. Shalom Aleyhem is	ness ness; nce olence. h angels of love: amily.	R.M.S.
who come to dwell with us on Sh means "messenger" and is used in emissaries. All of us on Shabbat ca of peace to one another as we sh We sing this welcome to introdu- rejoicing in the fullness of rest an	rds are a greeting of abbat. The Hebrew the Bible for both an become <i>malahey</i> are our inner quie ace the Shabbat m	to the angels of peace w word <i>malah</i> actually heavenly and earthly <i>shalom</i> or messengers t and joy in this day. eal, a time of festive
KABBALAT SHABBA	T/WELCOMIN	G SHABBAT / 12

_

_

Job Name: -- /423175t

שָׁלוֹם עֵלֵיכֵם T שַׁלום עַלֵיכָם מַלָאַכֵי הַשָּׁרֵת מַלָאַכֵי עַלִיוֹז מַמֵּלֶך מַלְכֵי הַמִּלַכִים הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּה הוּא: Т Т בּוֹאַכֶם לְשָׁלוֹם מֵלָאַכֵי הַשָּׁלוֹם מֵלָאַכֵי עֵלִיוֹז Ĩ מַמַּלֶך מַלְכֵי הַמִּלֵכִים הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּך הוּא: בּרכוּנִי לִשַלום מַלָאַכֵי הַשָּׁלום מַלָאַכֵי עֵלִיוֹז Т ממַלך מַלְכֵי הַמַּלַכִים הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּך הוּא: Т צַאתִכֶם לְשָׁלום מַלִאַכֵי הַשָּׁלום מַלִאַכֵי עַלִיוֹן 1 ממַלך מַלְכֵי הַמַּלַכִים הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּך הוּא: T T Shalom aleyhem malahey hasharet malahey elyon T mimeleh malhey hamalahim hakadosh baruh hu. T Bo'ahem leshalom malahey hashalom malahey elyon Т mimeleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. Т Barehuni leshalom malahey hashalom malahey elyon mimeleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. T T Tzethem leshalom malahey hashalom malahey elyon mimeleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. T Т Т T T Т Т Ĩ 13 / SHALOM ALEYHEM I

Job Name: --

/423175t

_

_

SHIR HASHIRIM / THE SONG OF SONGS
Select from among the following:
The Song of Songs, ascribed to Solomon.
He kisses me, full kisses with his mouth. Yes, better is your love than wine, [I say,] Oh, the aroma of your balm! —a balsamum poured out: your name! For such a thing the young girls love you. Take me along with you, let's run!
The king has brought me to his chambers: We are gleeful, we rejoice in you, [he says,] we bring to mind your love more than the finest wine, yes, rightly they have loved you. 1:1-4
COMMENTARY. The historical origins of the love poems that comprise Shir Hashirim (The Song of Songs) is unknown. Were they simple shepherd love poetry, as they present themselves, or did they have a cultic setting in the distant pre-Israelite past, as some have suggested? The Kabbalists prescribed the recitation of the Song of Songs at Kabbalat Shabbat. They saw it as a love poem between the blessed Holy One and the Shehinah, or the male and female elements within divinity. Only in the union of these two can divine blessing flow into the world, giving us the enjoyment of Shabbat peace. A.G. NOTE. The translator, hearing a play on words in Hebrew, uses the spice name "balsamum" because of its likeness in sound to "Solomon." King Solomon is the reputed author of Shir Hashirim. J.R.
KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 14

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --1 Select from among the following: I : שִׁיר הַשִּירִים אֲשֶׁר לִשְׁלֹמה ישַקַני מִנִּשִׁיקוֹת פִּיהוּ Т כִּי־טוֹבִים דְּדֵיךַ מִיָּיָן: 1 לְרֵיחַ שְׁמָנֵיךַ טוֹבִים 1 1 שֵׁמֶן תּוּרַק שְׁמֶך צַל־כֵּן עֲלַמוֹת אֲהֵבוּך: T מַשְׁכֵנִי אַחַרִיךַ נָרוּצָה 1 הַכִּיאַנִי הַמֶּלֶך חֲדָרִיו Т נַגִילַה וַנִשְׁמְחֵה בָּר 1 נַזְכִּירָה דְדָידָ מִיָּיָן מִישָׁרִים אַהַכּוּךַ : T Т COMMENTARY. The term Shehinah is an expansion of the biblical concept 1 of Kevod HaShem 'כבור ה', the manifest presence of God. In post-biblical literature Shehinah, which derives from the root yow, to dwell, came to Т mean the feminine, in-dwelling experience of God. Jewish mystical litera-T ture elaborated this image of the Shehinah as feminine. Mystics thus saw the unity of the divine realm as dependent upon the healing union of God's transcendent (masculine) and immanent (feminine) aspects. It was I believed that the people Israel can promote this healing through prayer and Torah. The rabbis understood this union between masculine and femi-1 nine, God and Israel, King and Shehinah, to be at the heart of Shir 1 Hashirim. M.P. I 15 / SHIR HASHIRIM/THE SONG OF SONGS Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: -- /423175t

Ma love called and to	ma and said	
My love called out to "Rise up, dear mate, n		
and come forth. Look		
The rain has passed, h		
and blossoms have app		
The pruning time has		
	re heard around our land.	
The figs have livened		
-	orth their fruit's bouquet.	
Rise up, dear mate, my	y lovely one,	
come out! My dove, y		
in the cranny of the ro		
in the hollow of the s	▲	
	nd let me hear your voice,	
for oh, how sweet you		
and oh, how fine your Go catch us foxes, litt		
	our fruit-filled vineyard!"	
"My love is mine, and		
who browses in the lo		
Before the day has bre		
and shadows have all f		
come 'round and strike	e a pose, my love,	
of a gazelle, or of a yo	oung buck	
of the rams, out on a	mountain cleft."	2:10-17
Commentary. Jewish sou	rces have understood Shir Hashi	irim as a love dia-
0	unity of Israel and its God. Ac	
	ul dark servant-girl coming for med from Egypt. She and her o	
	ns of endearment, call out in ve	
and rejoice as they appr	roach their sacred union. To	Rabbi Akiva is
	assertion, "All of Scripture is he	
of Songs is the Holy of H	lolles!"	A.G.
KABBALAT SH	ABBAT/WELCOMING S	НАВВАТ / 16

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. /423175t

Job Name: --

Т עָנָה דוֹדָי וְאָמַר לֵי קוּמִי לָךָ רַעְיָתִי יָפָתָי וּלְכִי־לָךַ: כִּי־הַנֵּה הַסְתָו עָבָר Т הַגָּשֵׁם חַלַף הַלַך לוֹ: הַנִּצָנִים נָרָאוּ כָאָרָץ 1 צַת הַזַּמִיר הִגִּיַע וְקוֹל הַתּוֹר נְשָׁמֵע בָּאַרְצֵנוּ: 1 הַתְּאַנָה חַנְטָה פַּגִיה L 1 וְהַגְּפָנִים ו סְמָדֵר נֶתְנוּ רֵיח קוּמִי לָךָ רַעְיָתִי יָפָתִי Т וּלְכִי־לֵךֵ : יוֹנַתִּי L 1 בּחַגוי הַפָּלַע בָּסָתר הַמָּדְרָגָה 1 הַרְאִינִי אֶת־מַרְאַיִך הַשְׁמִיעִינִי אֶת־קוֹלֵך 1 כִּי־קוֹלֵךָ עָרֵב וּמַרְאֵיךָ נָאוֶה: L T אַחֵזוּ־לָנוֹ שׁוּעַלִים שַעַלִים קטַנִים Т T מִחַבְּלִים כְּרָמֵים וּכְרָמֵינוּ סְמָדֵר: 1 דּוֹדִי לִי וַאַנִי לוֹ Т הַרֹעֶה בַּשׁוֹשַׁנִים: L 1 עַד שֵׁיַפּוּח הַיום L 1 ונסו הַצְּלַלִים L T סב דמה־לך דודי L Т לְצָבִי אוֹ לְעַפֵּר הַאַיָּלִים Т T צַל־הָרֵי בַתָר: 1 Т T *Midrash is a genre of interpretative commentary that derives its name from the root Trrw to seek or search out. The activity of expounding mid-T rash is one of elucidation through creative expansion of words, verses, or I whole stories that are ambiguous in the biblical text. These provide fertile L ground for imaginative explanation. Midrashic literature dates back to the Т period of the early Amoraic rabbis, ca. 400 C.E., and is still being created today. M.P. 1 T 17 / SHIR HASHIRIM/THE SONG OF SONGS T Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

> set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --DODI LI My love is mine, and I am his, who browses in the lotus patch. Who is this coming up out of the wilderness perfumed with myrrh and frankincense? You have enlivened me, my sister-bride. Awake, north wind, yes, come, south wind! A group of verses (2:16, 3:6, 4:9, 4:16) from Shir Hashirim DERASH. One may read the Song of Songs as a poem reconciling disparate, often polarized aspects of each human soul. Shelomo and Shulamit (whose names mean peace and wholeness) are symbols of unification. We must not hide from light our darkest, most passionate, most aroused and sensual parts. Male and female, maiden and royalty, palace and field, blossom and fruit, animals, birds and plants all draw into harmony on this day of inclusive, overflowing love and self-acceptance. S.P.W. **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 18**

1

Т

T

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

Dodi li va'ani lo דודי לי ואני לו T הַרוֹעָה בַּשּוֹשַנִּים: haro'eh bashoshanim. Т Т מִי זֹאת עוֹלָה מִז הַמִּרְבַּר Mi zot olah min hamidbar T מי זאת עולה mi zot olah מְקַשֶׁרֵת מוֹר וּלְבוֹנָה: mekuteret mor ulvonah. L דודי לי ואני לו Dodi li va'ani lo 1 הרועה בשושנים: haro'eh bashoshanim. Т T לַבַּבְתִינִי אֲחוֹתִי כַּלָה Libavtini ahoti kalah T לִבַּרְתִֿינִי כַּלָה: libavtini kalah. T דודי לי ואני לו Dodi li va'ani lo Т haro'eh bashoshanim. הרוצה בשושנים: Т 1 עֿוּרִי צַפּוֹן וּבֿואָי תֵימַן Uri tzafon uvo'i teyman. י לי ואני לו Dodi li va'ani lo T 717 הרוצה בשושנים: haro'eh bashoshanim. Т Т T T 1 1 Ĩ Т 19 / DODI LI Т L I

On Hol Hamo'ed it is customary to begin on page 48. On Festivals, turn to Kabbalat Hag, page 532.
PSALMS
Come, sing in ecstasy to THE ETERNAL ONE ring out a fanfare to our rock of rescue!
Hurry forth in thanks before the Presence, shouting in song to God.
For THE CREATOR is a generous divinity, a sovereign greater than all image-gods,
in whose hand the planetary depths reside, the greatest heights, there in God's palm,
to whom belongs the sea, as it was made, the dry land, shaped by divine hand.
Come worship, bend the knee, let's bow to THE EMINENCE who made us all.
COMMENTARY. The five psalms of <i>Kabbalat Shabbat</i> , Psalms 95-99, are a literary unit within the Book of Psalms. Their spirit of joy and exultation calls on the worshipper to rejoice in the presence of God that fills the world. Nature itself joins in the symphony of praise as heaven and earth, field and forest, sea and rivers all seem to clap hands and enter the song and dance of joy. The coming of Shabbat fills us with a new vision, one that sees earth as freshly created and brimming with divine radiance. This vision is a universal one. It invites all nations to join in our celebration of divine presence.
KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 20

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --On Hol Hamo'ed it is customary to begin on page 49. On Festivals, turn to Kabbalat Hag, page 533. T T TEHILIM Т נַרִֿיעָה לְצוּר יִשְׁעַנוּ: לכוּ נְרַנְּנָה לֵיהוה 1 בּזַמְרוֹת נַרְיעַ לוֹ: נקדמה פניו בתודה וּמֶלֶך גָּרוֹל עַל־כֵּל־אֵלהִים: אל גרול יהוה Т ותועפות הרים לו: אשר בידו מחקרי־ארץ וְיַבֶּשֶׁת יָדַיו יַצַּרוּ: לו הים והוא עשהו Т נִבְרְכָה לִפְנֵי־יהוה עֹשֻׁנוּ: → באו נשתחוה ונכרעה 1 T Lehu neranenah ladonay nari'ah letzur yishenu. Nekademah fanav betodah bizmirot nari'ah lo. T Ki el gadol adonay umeleh gadol al kol elohim. Asher beyado mehkerey aretz veto'afot harim lo. Т COMMENTARY. It may be the concluding line of Psalm 95 that caused this T entire group of psalms to be included in Kabbalat Shabbat. The psalmist speaks of the forty years in the wilderness, saying that the generation who Т came out of Egypt were not able "to enter God's place of rest," the Holy 1 Land promised at the end of Israel's wanderings. But here in Kabbalat Shabbat "rest" has taken on a new meaning; it is in time rather than in place Т that rest is to be found. Shabbat has herself become a Holy Land, a time Т of rest in which we are called upon to cease our wandering. A.G. T Т 21 / TEHILIM/PSALMS In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t This is our God, and we, nurtured by God, a flock under God's care 1 -today: 1 if to the Voice 1 you'll listen-: 1 "Harden not your heart as it was done at Meribah, as on a day of trial in the wilderness, Т there your predecessors tested me, they put to trial my patience, but they saw my power. 1 For forty years I argued with that generation, till finally I said: 'They are a people with a wandering heart,' 1 nor did they ever come to know 1 my ways. And as for them, I swore amid my wrath, that they'll not come into my place of rest." 1 T 1 1 **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 22** 1

/423175t Job Name: --T וַאַנַּחָנוּ עַם מַרִעִיתוֹ וִצֹאן יָדו כִּי הוּא אֱלהֵינוּ היום אם־בקלו תשמעו: Т אַל־תַקשוּ לְבַבְכֵם כִּמְרִיבָה Т כִּיוֹם מַסַּה בַּמִּדְבַּר: L Т בַחַנוּנִי גַּם־רַאוּ פַעָלִי: אשר נסוני אבותיכם L T ואמר עם תעי לבב הם בָּעִים שֶׁנָה אָקוּט בִּרוֹר I. T עוּ ד והם L L L אם־יבאון אל־מנוחתי: אשו באפי T Т T DERASH. The ancients deemed obedience to God's will to be a prime vir-L tue. Abraham had it; Adam lacked it. In our own day this virtue must T mean the power to conform to the basic law of life. Obedience to that law I. brings salvation; defiance of it leads to disaster. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) 1 T 1 I T Т 1 Т Т 1 I T

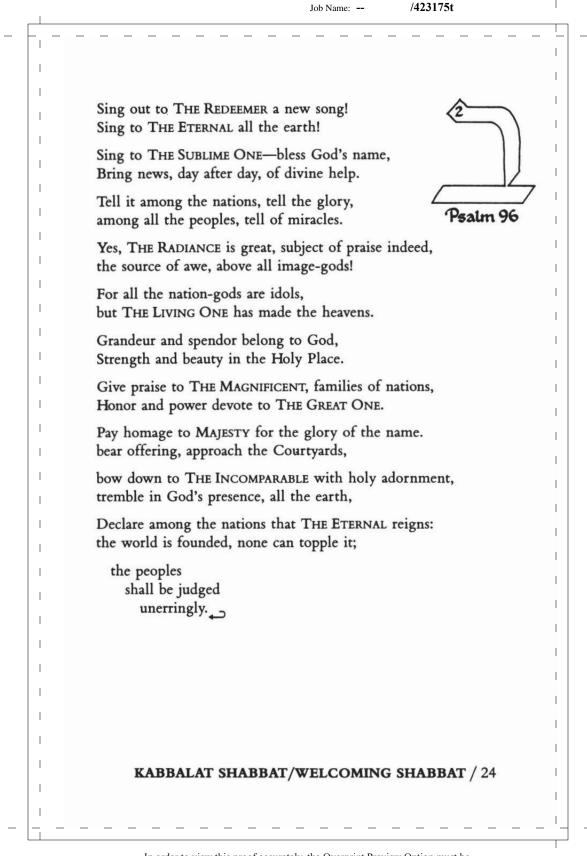
23 / TEHILIM/PSALMS

Т L Т

L

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L



Job Name: -- /423175t

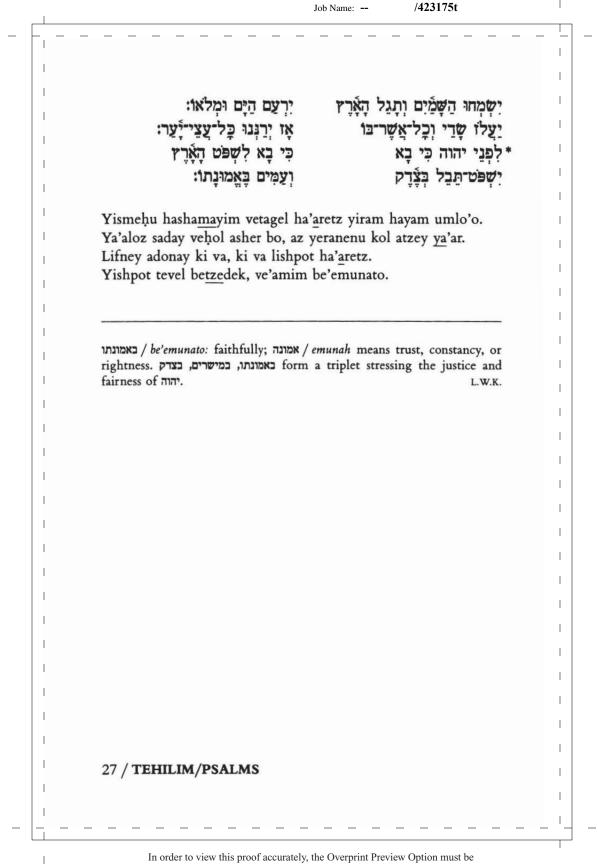
שירוּ ליהוה כּל ליהוה שיר חדש שירו ליהוה ברכו שמו מיום ליום ישועתו: Т העמים נפלאותיו: ספרו בגוים כבודו Т נורא הוא על כל אלהים: גדול יהוה ומהלל מאד כי Т ויהוה שמים עשה: כּי כּל־אלהי העמים אלילים T עז ותפארת במקדשו: יוהדר לפניו הור הבו ליהוה כבור ועז: הבו ליהוה משפחות עמים Т שאו מנחה ובאו לחצרותיו: הבוּ ליהוה כּבוֹד שמו Т חילו מפניו כל־הארץ: השתחוו ליהוה בהדרת לרש Т אף־תכון תבל בל־תמוט אמרו בגוים יהוה מלך Т ים: – ידין עמים במישר T T Shiru ladonay shir hadash, shiru ladonay kol ha'aretz. Shiru ladonay barehu shemo baseru miyom leyom yeshu'ato. 1 Saperu vagoyim kevodo, behol ha'amim nifle'otav. Ki gadol adonay umhulal me'od, no-ra hu al kol elohim. 1 Ki kol elohey ha'amim elilim, vadonay shamayim asah. Hod vehadar lefanov, oz vetiferet bemikdasho. Havu ladonay mishpehot amim, havu ladonay kavod va'oz. T Havu ladonay kevod shemo, se'u minhah uvo'u lehatzrotav. Т Hishtahavu ladonay behadrat kodesh, hilu mipanav kol ha'aretz. T Imru vagoyim adonay malah, af tikon tevel bal timot. Yadin amim bemeysharim. 1 Т T / the world is founded. There is cosmic order. L.W.K. I Т Т Ĩ 25 / TEHILIM/PSALMS Т

Job Name:	
-----------	--

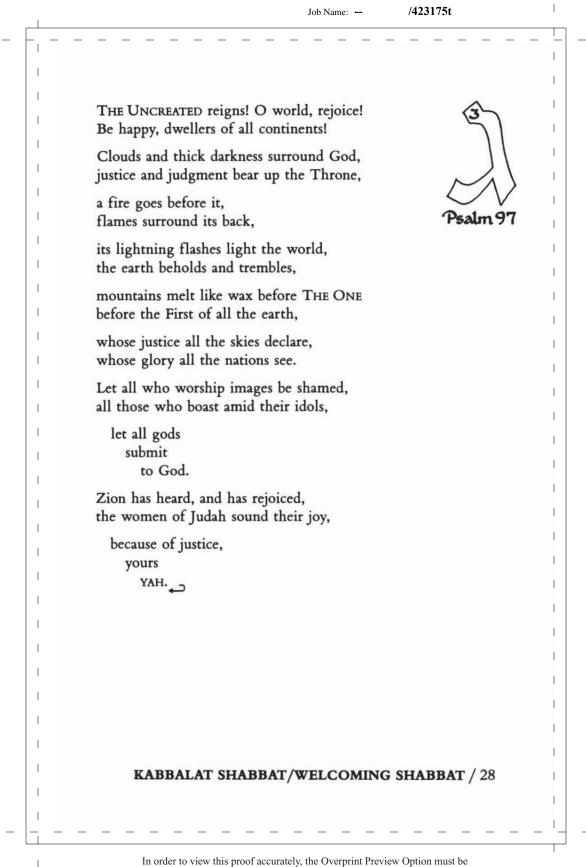
/423175t

Let the skies rejoice, the earth have glee. Ocean resound, in all your fullness! 1 Let the fields rejoice, and all belonging there. 1 And then, all forest trees exclaim ecstatically, 1 before THE ONE who comes. 1 who comes to rule the earth, to rule over the settled world, Т over the peoples, faithfully. 1 1 DERASH. This psalm makes no explicit reference to Israel, Jews, or Judaism. All nations, all forces are controlled by God. The psalmist shouts: יהוה is great-every day, always, everywhere, to every-1 body; come, join me in praising! The writer knows of the greatness of God from experience, not reason. The presence of God reaches beyond one person, beyond a nation, beyond human beings! Т This great God makes demands on us; we are accountable for our actions. God judges; we must act justly. L.W.K. T KAVANAH. To affirm the sovereignty of God means to acknowledge a higher law and authority than one's own arbitrary will. M.M.K. 1 **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 26** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



/423175t

Job Name: --

יהוה מַלַף תַּגַל הַאָּרֵץ שמחו איים רבים: עָנָן וַצַרָפֵּל סְבִיבָיו ומשפט מכון כסאו: אש לפניו תלף יתלהט סביב צריו: האירוּ ברקיו תַבַל ראתה ותחל הארץ: הַרִים כַּדּוֹנָג נַמַסוּ מִלְפָנֵי יהוה מלפני ארון כל־הארץ: כל־העמים כּבוֹדוֹ: הגידו השמים צרקו וראו יבשו כל עבדי פסל לים המתהק השתחוו־לו כַּל־אֵלהִים: וַתְגַּלְנָה בְּנוֹת יְהוּדָה שמעה ותשמח ציון למען משפטיד יהוה:-KAVANAH. The belief in the sovereignty of God should keep in our minds the prophetic teaching that God should be obeyed rather than worshipped, that obedience to God's laws is the highest form of worship. It is an error to believe that the main function of the spiritual is to afford us an escape from the turmoil and the temptations of life-a sort of ivory tower of detachment. The truth of the sovereignty of God should remind us that our task is to turn temptations into a means of serving God. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) Judea's daughters, the women of Judah. The place rejoices, בנות יהודה then the people join in. Some say that "daughters" includes the place

Т

1

1

T

T

T

1

1

1

T T 1

T

Т

1

T

T

T

1 Т T

Т

Т Ĩ

Т

I

itself.

29 / TEHILIM/PSALMS

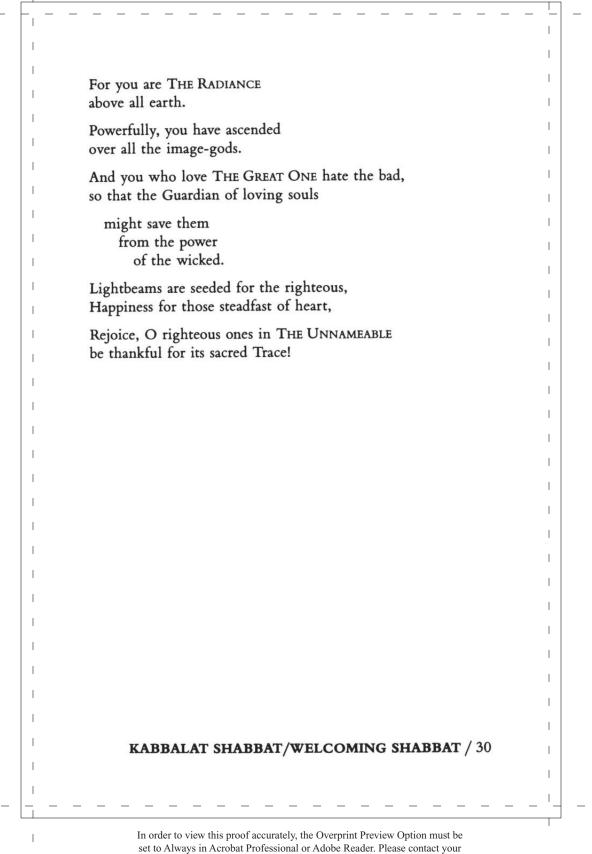
In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

L.W.K.

Job Name: --

/423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

פִּי־אַתָּה יהוה עֶלְיוֹן עֵל־בָּל־הָאָָרָים: מְאֹד נַעֲלֵיתָ מְאֹד נַעֲלֵיתָ מְאָד נַעֲלֵיתָ אֹהָבֵי יהוה שִּׁנְאוּ רָע מְיֵד רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם: שִׁמְר רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם: מִיָד רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם: יאור זֶרֻעַ לַצַּדִּיק שׁמְרוּ צַדִּיקִים נַּיהוה שׁמְחוּ צַדִּיקִים נַּיהוה Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>z</u> eḥer kodsho. Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>z</u> eḥer kodsho. / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked.		
אָהֲבֵי יהוה שִּׁנְאוּ רָע אָהֲבֵי יהוה שִׁנְאוּ רָע מִיַּד רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם: אור זֶרֻעַ לַצַּדִּיק אור זֶרְעָ לַצַּדִּיק אור זֶרָע לַבָּדָשוּ: סַרָּשׁרוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיהוה סַרָּמָחוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיהוה Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>ze</u> ḥer kodsho. / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / god protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / rearu'aḥ, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).		
מַיַּד רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם: אור זֶרְעַלַצַדִּיק: וּלְיִשְׁרִי־לֵב שָׁמְחָה: אור זֶרְעַלַצַדִּיק: וּהוּדוּ לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ: שְׁמְחוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיהוה וְהוּדוּ לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ: Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>ze</u> ḥer kodsho. ישמר נפשות / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / שמר נפשות / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / שמר נפשות / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is אורן <i>zaru'a</i> , a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).	יַּבָּל־אֱלהִים:	י נַע <u>ַ</u> לִיתָ עַי
אור זֶרְעַ לַצַּדִּיקִם בַּיהוה וְּלְיִשְׁרֵיזֹב שָׁמְחָה יִיוֹר לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ: יְהוֹדוּ לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ: יְּמְמְחוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיהוה וְהוֹדוּ לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ. Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>ze</u> ḥer kodsho. / אוהבי vou who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is min / zaru'aḥ, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).	מר נַפְשׁוֹת חֲסִידָיו	
ישׁמְחוּ צַּדִּיקִים בַּיהוּה וְהוּדוּ לְזֵכֶר קַרְשׁוּ. Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>ze</u> ḥer kodsho. / אוהבי / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / שמר נפשות / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is mir / zaru'ah, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).		רְשָׁעִים יַצִּילֵם:
Or za <u>ru</u> 'a latzadik, ulyishrey lev simḥah. Simḥu tzadikim badonay vehodu le <u>ze</u> ḥer kodsho. Yyou who loveThe lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / שמר נפשות / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is mir / zaru'ah, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).	יִשְׁרֵי־לֵב שִׁמְחָה:	זָרֻעַ לַצַּדִּיק וּלְ
Simhu tzadikim badonay vehodu lezeher kodsho. אוהבי / you who love The lover of God naturally fights evil. Ethics and spirituality are closely linked. / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is min / zaru'ah, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri). / right-hearted, steadfast of heart—those with focused minds.	ודוּ לְזֵכֶר קַדְשוֹ:	חוּ צַּדִּיקִים בַּיהוה וְה
and spirituality are closely linked. קמר נפשות / God protects. Those who fight injustice are often in need of protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds because it needs to be nourished and tended. It demands patience. Another reading is חורוע / zaru'ah, a brilliant, dazzling light (The Me'iri).	/ /	
	and spirituality are closely linked God protects. Those protection. / seeded. Light is like seeds tended. It demands patience. And dazzling light (The Me'iri).	l. who fight injustice are often in need s because it needs to be nourished other reading is דרוח / zaru'ah, a brilli t of heart—those with focused minds

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

A psalm: Sing out to THE TRUTHFUL a new song, to One who has wrought wonders in the world,
whose right hand was of aid, as was the holy, saving arm,
who made the divine might renowned, revealed God's justice to the eyes of many nations, Psalm98
and who made remembered divine love and faithfulness to the community of Israel.
To the farthest reaches of the earth, they saw our God's salvation!
Trumpet out in joy THE AWESOME ONE's praise, burst forth and sing, and play your music,
music for THE OMNIPRESENT on a violin, on strings, with voice and melody,
with hornplaying and shofar blasts, trumpet your praise before the sovereign to THE ONE WHO IS
Let the sea be in a tumult, and the settled world, and its inhabitants.
And let the rivers clap their hands together, and the mountains sing in joy,
to THE ONE who comes to rule the earth,
to rule the settled world with justice, and all peoples with unerring deeds!
KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 32

23175t

Job Name:

T מזמור כיינפלאות עשה: שירו ליהוה שיר חרש T וזרוע קרשו: הושיעה לו ימינו 1 לעיני הַגּוּיִם גִּלָה צְרָקָתוֹ: הודיע יהוה ישועתו 1 לבית ישראל חסדו ואמונתו L זכר T את ישועת אלהינו: ראו כל־אפסי־ארץ T יעוּ לַיהוה כַּל־הַאָּרֵץ פצחו ורננו וזמרו: הר זמרו ליהוה בכנור וקול זמרה: בכנור L T בחצצרות וקול שופר לפני המלך יהוה: L 1 וישבי בה: עם הים ומלאו תבל T יחד הרים ירננו: נהרות ימחאו־כף T ישפט תבל לשפט הארץ בצרק בא יהוה כי L I :0' ם במ T 1 1 זכר / zahar: has been loving; literally, remembers his love. The verb is T related to TCT, potent; it implies acting on the memory. L.W.K. I DERASH. One of the fundamental implications of the sovereignty of God L is that religion must be socialized. It must be translated into terms of social T righteousness and not stop at the inward peace and serenity of the L Т individual. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) L 1 T T 1 I T 1 L T 33 / TEHILIM/PSALMS T L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

_	
	THE ONE OF SINAI reigns, as nations seethe, and sits between the cherubim, the earth is teetering.
	THE ONE WHO DWELLS IN ZION is magnificent, high above all peoples;
	let them thank your name, so great and awesome, Psalm99 holy it is!
	With royal strength, but loving justice, you have established equitable deeds.
	Justice and righteousness on Jacob's behalf have you performed.
	Exalt THE ONE WHO SEES our God, bow down before God's footstool,
	God is holy!
	Moses and Aaron are among God's priests, and Samuel among the ones who call God's name,
	Calling to THE RIGHTEOUS ONE who will respond to them.
	In a cloud pillar, God speaks to them, they keep God's precepts and God gives them rulings.
	GREAT ONE you have answered them, you were a forgiving God for them,
	after you exacted penalty for things they did.
	Exalt the name of THE INEFFABLE ONE, bow down before the sacred divine mount,
	yes, holy is THE AWESOME ONE, our God!
	KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 34

יהוה מַלַך יִרְגָזוּ עַמִים

יודו שמה גדול ונורא

ועז מלך משפט אהב

משפט וצרקה ביצקב

רוממו יהוה אלהינו

משה ואהרן בכהניו

ונקם על־עלילותם:

* רוממו יהוה אלהינו

כִּי־קָרוֹש יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ:

בּעַמּוּד עָנָן יִדַבּר אֲלֵיהֵם

יהוה אַלהַינוּ אַתָּה עַנִיתַם

קראים אל־יהוה

קרוש הוא:

יהוה בּציון גָרול

Job Name:

ישב כרובים תנוט הארק: ורם הוא על־כּל־העמים: קרוש הוא: אתה כוננת מישרים אתה עשית: והשתחוו להרם רגליו

T

1

1

T

T

1

1

T

T

T

Т

Т

Т

T

T

T

1

Т

L

1 I Т 1 Ĩ Т

Т

T

ושמואל בקראי שמו והוא יענם: שַׁמְרוּ עֵדֹתֵיו וְחֹק נַתַן־לַמו: אל נשא היית להם

והשתחוו להר קרשו

footstool-the Ark, which contained the tablets of the covenant (the Ten Commandments). In the ancient Near East, international contracts were kept under the ruler's throne.

pillar of mist, cloud or smoke, perhaps of incense. A symbol for the mystery of how the human and divine speak to each other.

אל נשא / forgiving God (from נשא, to carry), "who puts up with." Even Moses, Miriam, and Samuel made mistakes and needed forgiveness.

L.W.K.

35 / TEHILIM/PSALMS

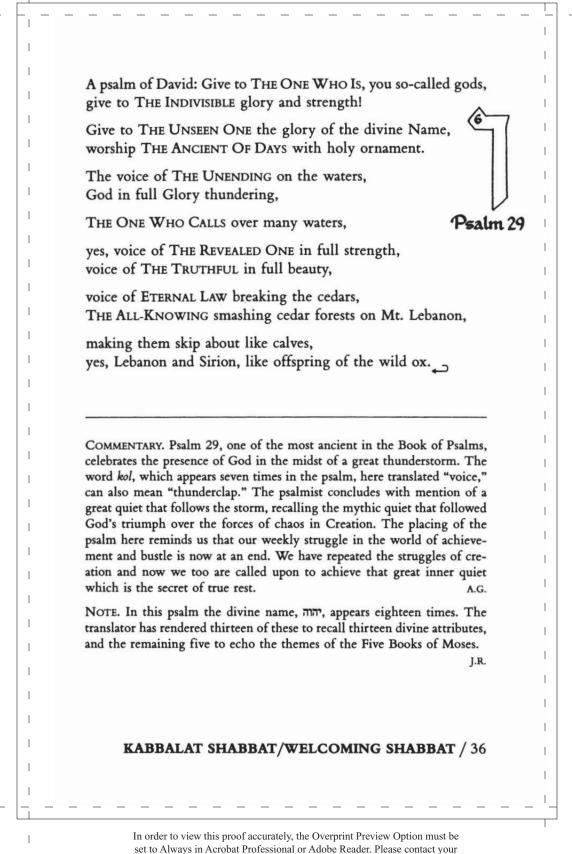
In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I.

I.

L

Job Name: -- /423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

מזמור לדוד הַבוּ לַיהוה כַּבוֹד וַעוֹ: הבוּ לִיהוה בַּנִי אָלִים T הִשְׁתַחוּ לֵיהוה בְּהַרְרַת־לְרֵש: הַבוּ לֵיהוה כִּבוֹר שָׁמוֹ 1 קול יהוה עַל־הַמַּיִם אל־הכּבוֹד הרעים 1 יהוה עַל־מַים רַבִּים: I. T קול יהוה בַּהַרַר: קול יהוה בכח T יהוה את־אָרְזֵי הַלְבַנוֹן: קול יהוה שבר ארזים וישבר ← בנון ושריון כמו בוראמים: קידם כמו עגל ادر 1 1 Mizmor ledavid. T Havu ladonay beney elim, havu ladonay kavod va'oz. Havu ladonay kevod shemo, hishtahavu ladonay behadrat kodesh. T Kol adonay al hamayim, el hakavod hirim. 1 Adonay al mayim rabim. Kol adonay bako'ah, kol adonay behadar. Kol adonay shover arazim, vayshaber adonay et arzey halevanon. T Vayarkidem kemo egel, levanon vesiryon kemo ven re'emim. T T 1 1 Т T Т Т Т Ĩ 37 / TEHILIM/PSALMS T Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

The voice of THE JUST ONE hewing flames of fire, the voice of THE ANOINTER making the desert writhe, 1 of ENERGY giving birth pangs to the wastelands of Kadesh. 1 the voice of THE MIGHTY ONE convulsing all the deer, stripping the forests, while amid God's palace all declare: "The Glory!" THE REDEEMER prevailing at the Sea, Т THE PRESENCE presiding for the cosmos, THE WANDERER imparting strength to Israel, 1 GIVER OF WORDS blessing the people in their peace. 1 1 NOTE. The psalm acknowledges the four directions, with Jerusalem as the peaceful center. waters. Like many storms in Israel, this one starts in the west, over Т the Mediterranean Sea. cedars, a symbol of something solid and lasting. The storm breaks in the high north, towards Lebanon. T / Sirion-Mt. Hermon, towering on Israel's northern border. Even these mountains quake! Т desert-the Jordan Valley and the Judean Desert, as the storm 1 moves south-east. מדבר קרש / wilds of Kadesh south of Jerusalem. L.W.K. **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 38** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

קול יהוה חצב להבות אש: קול יהוה יחיל מְדַבַּר יחיל יהוה מרבר קרש: T קול יהוה יחולל אילות ויחשף יערות 1 וּבְהֵיכָלוֹ כָּלוֹ אֹמֵר כָּבוֹד: Т I. T וַיַּשֵׁב יהוה מֵלֵך לְעוּלָם: יהוה לַמַּבּוּל יַשָּׁב T יהוה עו לעמו יתן * יהוה יִבַרֶף אֵת־עַמּוֹ בַשָּׁלוֹם: L L T Kol adonay hotzev lahavot esh. Kol adonay yahil midbar, yahil adonay midbar kadesh. T Kol adonay yeholel ayalot, vayehesof ye'arot. T Uvheyhalo kulo omer kavod. L Adonay lamabul yashav, vayeshev adonay meleh le'olam. Adonay oz le'amo yiten, adonay yevareh et amo vashalom. L T 1 1 T T 1 Т Т T T Т Т Ĩ 39 / TEHILIM/PSALMS T T L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

LEHAH DODI / O, COME, MY FRIEND This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. "Keep" and "Remember" in a sole command the solitary God did us command "I AM!" is one, the Name is one, in name, in splendor, and in praise. O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. COMMENTARY. Six psalms, one for each weekday, open the traditional Kabbalat Shabbat service. The seventh element, the Shabbat psalm, is introduced by the song Lehah Dodi, "Come, My Friend." As Shabbat eve drew near, the Safed Kabbalists used to walk into the fields at the edge of their mountain village in order to greet the day of rest. There they could survey the beauty of creation apparent in the panorama spread before them: mountain, valley, forest, sky, and sea. Through the preceding psalms they gave voice to their praise of creation, and they honored Shabbat with specially composed hymns sung as they escorted Shabbat to their homes. Lehah Dodi-a hymn to honor and escort Shabbat-was composed by Shelomo Halevi Alkabetz, a member of the Safed Kabbalists. The initial letters of the poem's first eight stanzas spell out his name: שלמה הלוי. The opening refrain and closing verse of the poem reflect the customs of R. Hanina and R. Yanay. Their images of Shabbat as queen and bride combine to link the formal and intimate aspects of Shabbat, the source of all blessing and ultimate intention of creation. The hymn draws heavily upon prophecies of Israel's redemption and renewal in the messianic era-likened, in Jewish tradition, to a Shabbat without end. Shabbat stands in relation to the week as the messianic era stands in relation to the flow of world time. It is at once a celebration of the world's beginning and a foretaste of the world to come, a reservoir of past and future held in a single moment. S.S. **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT** / 40

1

Т

בוּדַי	
	לְכָה
דוֹדִי לִקְרַאת כַּלָה פְּנֵי שַׁבָּת נְקַבְּלָה:	לְכָה
ר וְזָכוֹר בְּדִבּוּר אֶחָד יעָֿנוּ אֵל הַמְיֻחָר אֶחָר וּשְׁמוֹ אֶחָד	השמ יהוה
וּלְתִפְאֻׁרֶת וְלִתְהַלָּה: לכה דודי →	לְשֵׁם
Leḥah dodi likrat kalah peney shabbat nekabelah.	
Shamor vezaḥor bedibur eḥad Hishmi'a॒nu el hamyuḥad Adonay eḥad ushmo eḥad Leshem ultife॒ret velit-hilah Leḥah dodi	
NOTE. Biblical references include Isaiah 52:2, 51:17, 60:1; Judges Isaiah 60:1, 54:4; Psalm 42:12; Isaiah 14:32, Jeremiah 30:18, 16; I 49:19, 62:5, 54:3, and 25:9.	
NOTE. The first stanza of <i>Lehah Dodi</i> attempts to reconcile two ver (in the Ten Commandments) of the mitzvah to observe Shabbat. integrity of both "remember the Sabbath day" (Exodus 20:8) and " the Sabbath day" (Deuteronomy 5:12) is maintained when the song claims that God—in whom all things unite—uttered both simultaneo (Babylonian Talmud, Shevuot 20b).	The keep pro-
41 / LEḤAH DODI/O COME MY FRIEND	

Toward the Sabbath, come, make haste, for she has every blessing's taste, ordained at first, and long ago, 1 the last thing made, the first in mind. 1 O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. O, Sovereign's abode, O, holy, regal town, rise up, emerge, where once cast down, Т enough of sitting in the vale of tears, God pities you, yes you God spares, O, come my friend, let's greet the bride, 1 the Sabbath Presence bring inside. Be stirred, rise up, throw off the dust, my people, don your clothes of eminence, 1 by hand of Bethle'mite Jesse's child, draw near my soul, redeem it, too. O, come my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. KAVANAH. The lovesong of Kabbalat Shabbat continues from Yedid Nefesh, Beloved of My Soul, to the Song of Songs, My Beloved is Mine, to Lehah Dodi, Come My Beloved. Stripped away of the work, worry and stress of the week, all that remains is love-love in myriad verbal garments, in myriad melodies. Our pause on the seventh day allows us to fill our beings T with love, ever flowing forth from creation. S.P.W. Т **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 42** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

Job Name: --

לקראת שַבַּת לְכוּ וְגַלְכָה היא מקור הברכה T מראש מקדם נסוכה Т לכה דודי ... סוף מַצַשָּה בִּמַחֲשָׁבָה תִּחִלָּה: T מקדש מַלָד עיר מלוּכָה T קומי צאי מתוך ההפכה 1 L רַב לַך שֵׁבָת בִּעַמָק הַבָּכָא לכה דודי ... והוא יחמל עליך חמלה: 1 Т התנערי מעפר קומי L 1 לבשי בגדי תפארתך עמי L T יד בן ישי בית הלחמי L L לכה דודי קרבה אל נפשי גאלה: L 1 L Likrat shabbat lehu venelhah Ki hi mekor haberahah 1 Merosh mikedem nesuhah Sof ma'aseh bemahashavah tehilah. Lehah dodi... Т Mikdash meleh ir meluhah L Kumi tze'i mitoh hahafeha Т Rav lah shevet be'emek habaha Vehu yaḥamol alayiḥ ḥemlah. Lehah dodi... Ĩ Hitna'ari me'afar kumi Т Livshi bigdey tifarteh ami T Al yad ben yishay beyt halahmi Т Lehah dodi. Korvah el nafshi ge'alah. I T Т Т T 43 / LEHAH DODI/O COME MY FRIEND T In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Arouse yourself, arouse yourself, your light has come, arise and shine, awake, awake, pour forth your song, Т on you now shines the Glorious One. 1 O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. Don't be abashed, don't be ashamed, why be downcast, why do you sigh? Т In you my people's poor find shade, a city rebuilt where her ruins lay. O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, 1 the Sabbath Presence bring inside. Your robbers shall be robbed themselves, all your devourers will be removed, 1 your God rejoices at your side, the joy of a bridegroom with his bride. O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. COMMENTARY. Shabbat is here depicted in a glorious array of symbols that 1 derive from the many terms Kabbalistic tradition has used to describe the Shehinah. She is the bride, the queen, Jerusalem the holy city too long 1 prisoner in the vale of tears, the people Israel about to be crowned with the glory of God. All of these draw together in the single figure of Shabbat as we welcome her into our hearts. T A.G. KAVANAH. God should be so real to us that, in place of the fear and distrust which overcloud our lives, we should be possessed of such peace, poise, Т and power as to render us free and joyful and give us a sense of dominion. M.M.K. **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 44**

/423175t T התעוררי התעוררי כִּי בַא אוֹרֵך קֿוּמִי אוֹרִי I. T עֿוּרי עֿוּרי שיר דּבֿרי T כִּבוֹר יהוה עָלַיִך נִגְלָה: לכה דודי... L T I. לא תַבֹּשִי וַלא תַכַּלְמִי T מה תשתוחחי ומה תהמי T בּך יחסו עַניי עַמִי ונבנתה עיר על תּלָה: לכה דודי ... Т Т וְהֵיוּ לְמִשְׁסֵה שֹׁאסִיָד L T ורחקו כל־מבלעיד L T ישיש עליך אלהיך L T לכה דודי ... כמשוש חתן על כּלָה: L 1 L Hitoreri hitoreri L Ki va oreh kumi ori T Uri uri shir daberi 1 Kevod adonay alayih niglah. Lehah dodi... I Lo tevoshi velo tikalemi L Mah tishtohahi umah tehemi Bah yehesu aniyey ami Т Venivnetah ir al tilah. Lehah dodi... Ĩ Vehayu limshisah shosayih Т Verahaku kol mevale'ayih Т Yasis alayih elohayih 1 Kimsos hatan al kalah. Lehah dodi... I T T. T. 45 / LEHAH DODI/O COME MY FRIEND T L T L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

To right and left you shall burst forth, revering God, to south and north, by hand of one from Peretz's line, 1 we shall rejoice and find delight. 1 O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, 1 the Sabbath Presence bring inside. We rise and face the entrance to welcome the Shabbat bride. O, come in peace, O divine crown, Т with joy, rejoicing, and with mirth, amid the faithful, loved by God, come in, O bride, come in, O bride! 1 O, come, my friend, let's greet the bride, the Sabbath Presence bring inside. 1 שלום / Bo'i veshalom, the last verse of Lehah Dodi, should be recited T outdoors. Where this is not possible, a turn toward the doorway is traditional. At Bo'i halah (Come in, O bride), we receive into ourselves the Т neshamah yeterah, an extra measure of soul, that is not present to us during 1 the week. This extra Shabbat soul may be viewed as the greater sensitivity allowed us by the restful and unpressured pace of Shabbat. Indeed, that 1 extra soul may be inside us all the time, and Lehah Dodi may be seen as a love song that coaxes our most sensitive self to come out of hiding, in the assurance that on Shabbat it will not be harmed or threatened. A.G. T **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 46**

		צי	זין וּשְׂמֹאל הַפְר	יכ
			את יהוה תַּצַרְיצִ	
			ליַד אִיש בֵּן פַ	
רודי	לכה	• •	שְׁמְחָה וְנָגִֿילָה:	
W		.,	1.11 111	••
We rise and face the entrance to welco	ome the Shabbat bi	ride.		
	7	ת בַּעְלָז	אִי בְשָׁלוֹם עֲשֶׁרָ	Š.
		לָה	ם בְּשִׁמְחָה וּבְצָהֲ	ž
		גַלָּה	וד אֱמוּנֵי עַם סְ	n
דודי	לכה	יַלָּה:	אִי כַלָּה בּֿוֹאִי כַ	Š
Yamin usmol tif <u>ro</u> tzi Ve'et adonay ta'aritzi				
Al yad ish ben partzi				
Venismehah venagilah.	L	eḥah do	odi	
Bo'i veshalom ateret balah				
Gam besimḥah uvtzoholah Tah amunau am angulah	h			
Toḥ emuney am segulah Bo'i ḥalah bo'i ḥalah.	L	ehah do	di	
		•		
				-
DERASH. There is a Yiddish	saying: ארעמאז	ייַט דער	י "בואי בשלום" שט	בי
אויכן אָז / Bay "bo'i veshalom" si prayers, when the entire congre				
standing at the back is sudden	ly in front." W	hen the	entire congregatio	n
turns to the back, inviting the				
poor, the shy, and the stranger of welcoming her first. She co				
bly toward those who receive		2	E.N	
47 / I DIL MI DODI /0 00				
47 / LEḤAH DODI/O CO	OME MY FR	IEND		

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --A psalm. A song for the day of Shabbat. A good thing to give thanks to THE ETERNAL to sing out to your name supreme, to tell about your kindness in the morning, and your faithfulness at night, Psalm 92 on ten-stringed lyre and on flute, שבת with melodies conceived on harp, Т for you, ALMIGHTY ONE, elate me with your deeds, 1 I'll sing about the actions of your hands. How great your deeds have been, SUPERNAL ONE. 1 your thoughts exceedingly profound. Of this the foolish person cannot know, of this the shallow cannot understand. T NOTE. Psalms 92 and 93 continue the motifs of wholeness, joy, and rest in Shabbat. Psalm 92 has been associated with Shabbat since biblical times. According to the midrash,* Shabbat itself stood up and recited this psalm T at Creation, thus exulting in the role given it as the day of inner joy for all of God's creatures. A.G. 1 **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 48**

מזמור שיר ליום השבת: וּלְזַמֵּר לְשָׁמָדָ עֵלִיוֹן: טוב להרות ליהוה T להגיד בַבּקר חַסַדָּק ואמונתה בלילות: Т עַלִי־עַשּוֹר וַעַלִי נַבָל צַלֵי הַגֵּיוֹן בָּכְנּוֹר: Т כִּי שִׁמֵחְתִנִי יהוה בְּפֵעֵלֶך במעשי ידיה ארנן: Ĩ מאר עַמְקוּ מַחשׁבֹתֹיה: מה־גַּדְלוּ מַעַשִּׁידָ יהוה וּכָסִיל לא־יִבִין אָת־זֹאַת: → איש־בֿער לא ידע L T Mizmor shir leyom hashabbat. Tov lehodot ladonay ulzamer leshimeha elyon. 1 Lehagid baboker hasdeha ve'emunateha baleylot. L Aley asor va'aley navel aley higayon behinor. T T 1 *Midrash is a genre of interpretative commentary that derives its name T from the root Tre search out. The activity of expounding midrash is one of elucidation through creative expansion of words, verses, or whole 1 stories that are ambiguous in the biblical text. These provide fertile ground 1 for imaginative explanation. Midrashic literature dates back to the period of the early Amoraic rabbis, ca. 400 C.E., and is still being created today. Т M.P. T Т Т Т T Т Т Ĩ Т 49 / PSALM 92 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

For though the wicked multiply like weeds, and evildoers sprout up all around, T it is for their destruction for all time, 1 but you, MAJESTIC ONE, are lifted high eternally, 1 behold your enemies, RESPLENDENT ONE, 1 behold, your enemies are lost, all evildoers shall be scattered. Т You raise my horn like that of the triumphant ox; 1 I am anointed with fresh oil. My eye shall gaze in victory on my enemies, 1 on all who rise against me to do harm; my ears shall hear of their demise. T The righteous flourish like the palm trees, 1 like cedars of Lebanon they grow, Т implanted in the house of THE ALL-KNOWING ONE 1 amid the courtyards of our God they bear fruit. In their old age, they'll put forth seed, T fleshy and fresh they'll ever be, to tell the uprightness of THE ONE ALONE, my Rock, in whom no fault resides. 1 1 **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 50** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

:	/423175t

Job Name

בּפַרֿח רַשַּעִים כּמוּ־עַשַׁב ויציצו כּל־פּעלי און אתה מרום לעלם יהוה: להשמרם עדי־עד: I כּי־הַנֵּה אֹיְבֵיךּ יֹאברוּ כּי הַנָּה איֹבֵיךּ יהוה T יִתִפּרִדוּ כַּל־פֿעַלֵי אַוָן: I. בּּלֹתִי בִּשֵּׁמֵן רַעַנָן: ותרם כראים קרני I L ותבט עיני בשורי בּקַמִים עַלֵי מְרַעָים T L תּשְׁמַעְנָה אַזְנַי: L T צדיק כתמר יפרח כּאָרז בּּלְבַנוֹן יִשְׁגָה: T T בחצרות אלהינו יפריחו: שתולים בבית יהוה L T רשנים ורעננים יהיו: עוד ינובון בּשֵׁיבַה L L צוּרִי וְלֹא־עַוְלָתָה בּוֹ: להגיד כּי־ישר יהוה I. T I. I Tzadik katamar yifrah, ke'erez balvanon yisgeh. Shetulim beveyt adonay, behatzrot eloheynu yafrihu. L Od yenuvun beseyvah, deshenim vera'ananim yihyu. T Lehagid ki yashar adonay, tzuri velo avlatah bo. T I L L Ĩ Т Т Ĩ I T T. L I 51 / PSALM 92 L L L I

THE ETERNAL reigns, is clothed in majesty, THE INVISIBLE is clothed, is girded up with might. Psalm 93 1 The world is now established, 1 it cannot give way. Your throne was long ago secured, beyond eternity are you. The rivers raise, O MIGHTY ONE, the rivers raise a roaring sound, Т the floods raise up torrential waves, but louder than the sound of mighty waters, more exalted than the breakers of the sea. 1 raised up on high are you, THE SOURCE. 1 Your precepts have retained their truth, 1 and holiness befits your house, Т THE ETERNAL ONE, forever and a day. T DERASH. Why does this psalm (93) follow the psalm for Shabbat (92)? In it God watches the seas. The midrash notes that just as earth was created by parting the waters, so was Redemption created by parting the waters. 1 In Creation land was redeemed from the waters. In Redemption human 1 freedom is created. The creation of Shabbat planted the seed of human redemption. The experience of Shabbat nurtures that seed, giving us the strength to quell the floods in our time. D.A.T./S.D.R. **KABBALAT SHABBAT/WELCOMING SHABBAT / 52**

לְבֵש יהוה עז	יהוה מָלָף גַּאוּת לָבֵשׁ אַף־תִּכּוֹן תֵּבֵל בַּל־תִּמוֹט:
מֵעוּלָם אָֿתָה: נָשְׂאוּ נְהָרוֹת	נָכוֹז כִּסְאֲדָ מֵאָז נָשְׂאוּ נְהָרוֹת יהוה יִשְׂאוּ נְהָרוֹת דְּכִיָם:
אַדִּירִים מִשְׁבְו	מִקְּלוֹת מֵֿיִם רַבִּים
לְבֵיתָהָ נָאַוָה־י	אַדִּיר בַּמָּרוֹם יהוה: צִרֹתֵׁיף נַאֵמְנוּ מָאֹד *

COMMENTARY. Psalm 93 concludes Kabbalat Shabbat by retelling the ancient tale of Creation. The waters raised a great shout, showing their power to overwhelm the dry land as it first emerged. So do the forces of chaos and destruction threaten the islands of peace and security we manage to create in our lives. The psalmist assures us, however, that the voice of God is greater than that of even the fiercest storm tides of the ocean. With God's throne firmly established, the peace of Shabbat is now triumphant.

53 / **PSALM 93**

התאזו

קולם

|

|

|

Т

|

L

1

T

Ĩ

I

Т

|

Т

I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

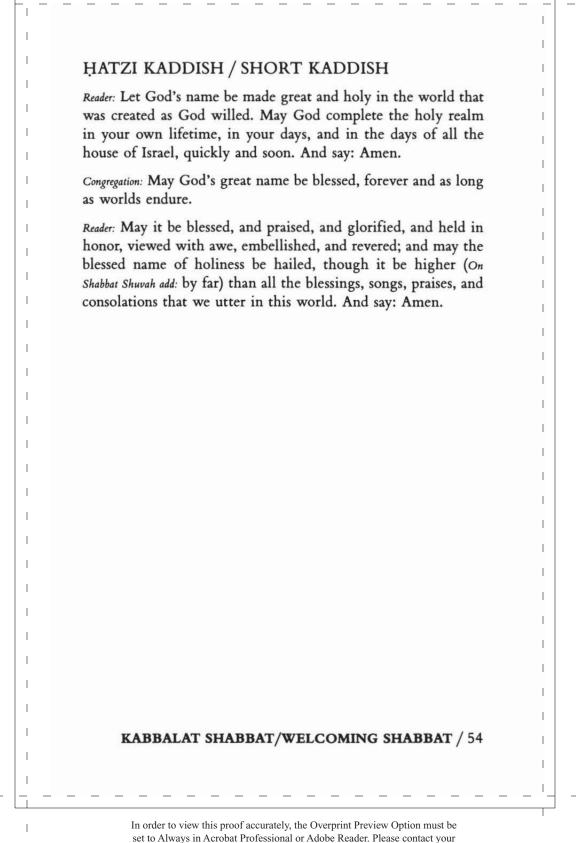
Job Name: -- /423175t

מים:

יהוה

I.

I.



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

	חֲצִי קַדִּיש
	ַיִתְגַּדֵּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְ מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי רְכַל בֵּית
	קָרִיב וְאָמְרוּ אָמַז:
	יְהֵא שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא מְבָרַוּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא
א וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה	יִתְבָּרַהּ וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח וְיִתְפָּאַר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַאֵּ וִיִתְהַלֵּל שְׁמֵה דְּקָרְשָּׁא בְּרִיהְ הוּא
בַל בּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא	לו (On Shabbat Shuvah add: לְעַׁלָא (לְעַלָא
្នាះ	אַמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְגָחֵמָתָא דַאַמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָ
Reader: Yitgadal veyitl	kadash shemey raba
be'alma divra hirute	y veyamlih malhutey
beḥayeyḥon uvyome ba'agala uvizman kar	yḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el riv ve'imru amen.
Congregation: Yehey she ulalmey almaya.	mey raba mevaraḥ le'alam
veyitnasey veyit-ha	htabah veyitpa'ar veyitromam adar veyitaleh veyit-halal
shemey dekudsha	beriņ hu h add: le'ela) min kol birņata veshirata
	mata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
	SU /SUODT KADDISI
55 / HAIZI KADDI	SH/SHORT KADDISH

MA'ARIV Т 1 THE SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS 1 1 When a minyan is present, the Barehu is said. The congregation rises and faces the ark. It is customary to bow. Т Bless THE INFINITE, the blessed One! Blessed is THE INFINITE, the blessed One, now and forever 1 1 KAVANAH. Public worship aids us by liberating personality from the confining walls of the individual ego. Imprisoned in self, we easily fall prey to morbid broodings. Interference with career, personal disappointment Т and disillusionment, hurts to vanity, the fear of death-all these tend so 1 to dominate our attention that our minds move in a fixed and narrow system of ideas, which we detest but from which we see no escape. With a whole wide world of boundless opportunities about us, we permit our T minds, as it were, to pace up and down within the narrow cell of their ego-prisons. But participation in public worship breaks through the prison of the ego and lets in the light and air of the world. Instead of living but 1 one small and petty life, we now share the multitudinous life of our people. Against the wider horizons that now open to our ken, personal cares do not loom so large. Life becomes infinitely more meaningful and worth-

1

T

Т

1

M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 56

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

while when we become aware, through our participation in public wor-

ship, of a common life that transcends our individual selves.

	つうつ ちりりつ
	ليا لإلاا المس
	is said. The congregation rises and faces the ark. It
is customary to bow.	
מכרב:	ברכו את יהוה ה
·	בַּרְכוּ אֶת יהוה הַמ בַּרוּדְ יהוה הַמְכֹרָ
Bareḥu et adonay hamvoraḥ. Baruḥ adonay hamvoraḥ le'ol	
	oublic we know our life is part of a larger
life, a wave of an ocean of being– life which is God.	–the first-hand experience of that larger M.M.K.
	art of the Friday evening service. As on : the Shema and its blessings, the <i>Amidah</i>
	On Shabbat there are several additions: ief reprise of the <i>Amidah</i> , and Kiddush.
	D.A.T.
57 / BARE ḤU	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

ASHER BIDVARO / GOD IN NATURE

For additional readings, see pages 732-739, 754-766, 798-799.

TRADITIONAL VERSION

Т

1

T

1

Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE our God, sovereign of all worlds, by whose word the evenings fall. In wisdom you open heaven's gates. With divine discernment you make seasons change, causing the times to come and go, and ordering the stars on their appointed paths through heaven's dome, all according to your will. Creator of the day and night, who rolls back light before the dark, and dark before the light, who rolls back light before the dark, and dark before the light, who makes day pass away and brings on night, dividing between day and night: The LEADER of the Throngs of Heaven is your name! Living and enduring God, rule over us, now and always. Blessed are you, ALMIGHTY ONE, who makes the evenings fall.

DERASH. When we are about to say: "Blessed are you, our God, sovereign of all worlds," and prepare to utter the first word "blessed," we should do so with all our strength, so that we will have no strength left to say, "are you." And this is the meaning of the verse in the Scriptures: "But they that wait for God shall exchange their strength." What we are really saying is: "Source of life, I am giving you all the strength that is within me in that very first word; now will you, in exchange, give me an abundance of new strength, so that I can go on with my prayer." M.B. (ADAPTED)

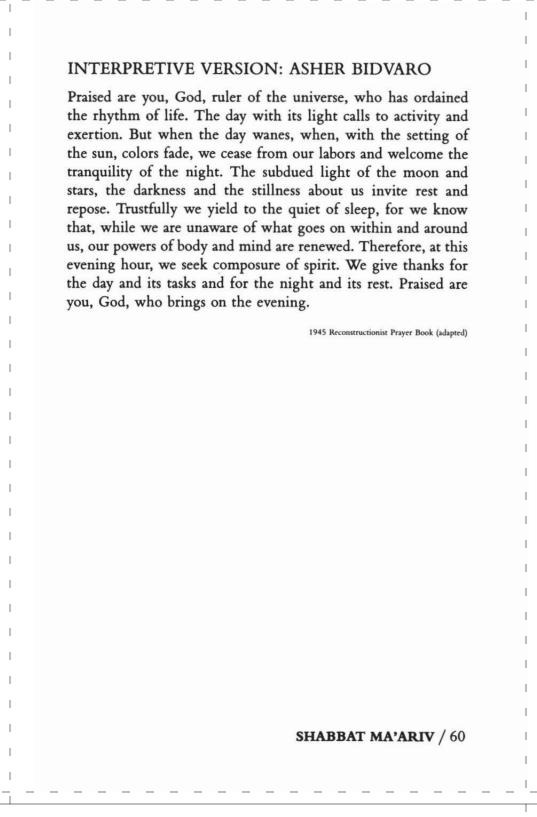
אור, חושך, אור / light, dark, light. The words roll into each other just as day rolls into night. They are not separate realms. They mix together. God rules both light and darkness. בין / beyn: between. Related to בינה / binah and and / בינה / tevunah: understanding. Wisdom is the ability to distinguish between things, to make sense out of confusion.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 58

בּרוּף אתה יהוה אַלהִינוּ מֵלֵף הַעוֹלָם אַשֵּׁר בִּרְבָרוֹ מַעַרִיב עַרְבִים בּחַכִמַה פּוֹתֶחַ שְׁעַרִים וּבִתִבוּנַה מִשְׁנֵּה עָתִים וּמַחַלִיף אֶת הַזְמַנִּים אַת־הַפּוֹכַבִים בָּמִשְׁמָרוֹתֵיהֵם בַּרָקִיעַ כִּרְצוֹנוֹ: בּוֹרֵא יוֹם ילה גולל אור מפני חשך וחשך מפני אור: זימעביר יום ומביא לַיַלָה וּמַבְדִּיל בֵּין יוֹם וּבֵין לַיָלָה יהוה צָבַאוֹת שמו: אָל חי וקים הַמַּצַרִיב צַרָבִים: הַמַּצַרִיב צַרָבִים: הַמָּצַרִיב צַרָבִים: El hay vekayam tamid yimloh aleynu le'olam va'ed. Baruh atah adonay hama'ariv aravim. אשר ברברו מעריב ערבים / By whose word the evenings fall. The word plays a central role in the Jewish imagination. Our liturgy fantasizes that God brings on evening each night by saying "Evening!" Thus we repeat each day the original act of Creation that took place by means of the divine word. It is only because we affirm a God who so values language that we feel ourselves able to use words in prayer. Our word, perhaps like God's, gives expression to a depth that goes beyond language, but that can be 1 shared only through the symbolic power of speech. A.G. COMMENTARY. The two berahot which precede the Shema set the stage for T its evening recitation. The first berahah praises God for the wonders of creation that are visible at twilight: the shifting patterns of the stars, the rhythm of the seasons, the regular passage from day to night. All of these are a nightly reminder of the unchanging plan of creation. The second berahah praises God, whose instruction is a special token of love for Israel. Israel responds by meditating upon God's teaching "day and night," "when we lie down and when we rise." This phrasing recalls T the preceding berahah, adding Israel's study of Torah to the natural order: The sun sets, the stars shine, and Israel studies-as regularly as day and night. The phrase "when we lie down and when we rise" anticipates the Т Shema, which follows. This interplay between the berahot and the Shema suggests that the Shema is Israel's morning and evening Torah study. At the same time, it is Israel's declaration of the oneness of the power that makes for the natural order and for learning, for creation and human creativity. S.S. 59 / ASHER BIDVARO/GOD IN NATURE

Job Name: --

/423175t



In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

Job Name: --

/423175t

Ι

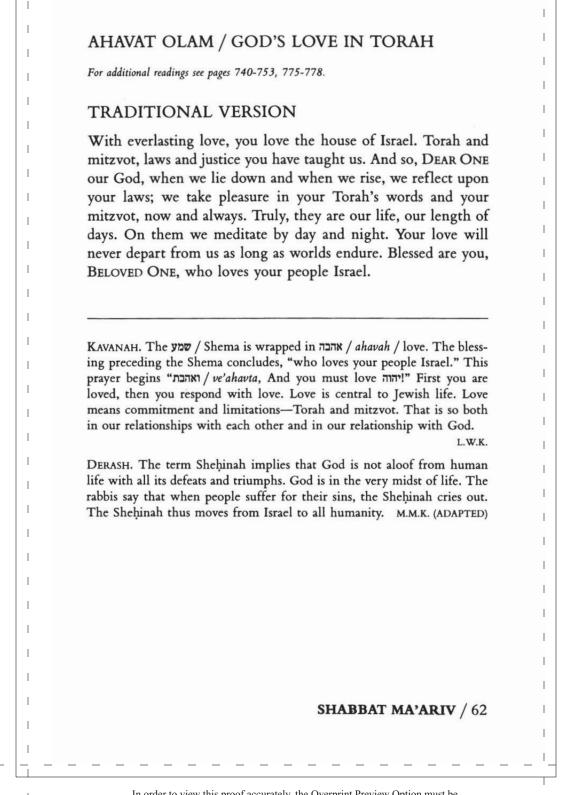
_

T

_

Rami M. Shapiro (adapted)
Blessed are you, BELOVED ONE, who loves your people Israel.
Embraced, touched, soothed, and counseled ours are the arms, the fingers, the voices; ours are the hands, the eyes, the smiles; We are loved by an unending love.
We are supported by hands that uplift us even in the midst of a fall. We are urged on by eyes that meet us even when we are too weak for meeting. We are loved by an unending love.
We are touched by fingers that soothe us even when we are too proud for soothing. We are counseled by voices that guide us even when we are too embittered to hear. We are loved by an unending love.
We are loved by an unending love. We are embraced by arms that find us even when we are hidden from ourselves.

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



אהבת ע אַהבת עוֹלָם בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל עַמָּדְ אָהֶבְתַ: תּוֹרָה וּמִצְוֹת חָקִים וּמִשְׁפַּטִים Т אוֹתַנוּ לְמֵׁרַתַּ: עָל כֵּן יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ בִּשֵׁכְבַנוּ וּבִקוּמְנוּ נַשִּׁיחַ בִּחָפֵּידָ Т וְנָשָׁמֵח בִּדְבָרֵי תוֹרַתֵּךּ וּבִמִצִוֹתֵׁיךּ לְעוֹלֵם וַעֲר כִּי הֵם חַיֵּינוּ וָאֹרֵף Т נוּ וּכַהֵם נַהָגָה יוֹמֵם וַלֵּיָלָה: וָאָהַכַּתָף לֹא תַסוּר מְמֵּנוּ לָעוֹלַמִים: 1 ברוף אתה יהוה אוהב עמו ישראל: Т Ahavat olam beyt yisra'el ameha ahavta. Torah umitzvot hukim umishpatim otanu limadeta. Al ken adonay eloheynu beshohvenu uvkumenu nasi'ah 1 behukeha venismah bedivrey torateha uvmitzvoteha le'olam va'ed ki hem hayeynu ve'oreh yameynu 1 uvahem nehgeh yomam valaylah. Ve'ahavateha lo tasur mimenu le'olamim. Baruh atah adonay ohev amo yisra'el. Т T ואהבתך לא תסור. Our text follows the Sephardic version, in the declarative model ("Your love will never depart from us.") rather than the imperative ("Never remove your love from us!"). Divine love is unconditional. It is available to every one of us when we fashion our lives into channels to Т receive and share it. The Jewish people together experiences that eternal love as reflected in our love for the study of Torah-a wisdom lovingly received, shared, and passed on enriched by each generation. A.G. T your people Israel. This prayer delights in God's love for the Jewish people. To say that this people is beloved of God, however, is not to assert that we are the only beloved of God. When we are fully aware of the divine love, we also recognize that infinite love can equally embrace Т all peoples of the world in their uniqueness. D.A.T. 63 / AHAVAT OLAM/GOD'S LOVE IN TORAH

שמע ישראל יהוה אלהיצו יהוה אויך SHEMA Listen, Israel: The Eternal is our God, The Eternal One alone!

Blessed be the name and glory of God's realm, forever!

Т

1

Т

1

1

T

Т

And you must love THE ONE, your God, with your whole heart, with every breath, with all you have. Take these words that I command you now to heart. Teach them intently to your children. Speak them when you sit inside your house or walk upon the road, when you lie down and when you rise. And bind them as a sign upon your hand, and keep them visible before your eyes. Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates.

שמע / Listen ... gates (Deuteronomy 6:4-9).

DERASH. The Shema is called *kabbalat ol malhut shamayim*. We "receive upon ourselves the yoke of the sovereignty of Heaven." To proclaim God as ours and as one is to acknowledge fealty to the divine will—and the Shema is a time to listen. We listen in order to discover God's will.

D.A.T.

אהבת את יהוה Love אווי your God. Abbaye said, "Let the love of God be spread through your activities. If a person studies and helps others to do so, if one's business dealings are decent and trustworthy—what do people say? 'Happy is the one who studied Torah, and the one who teaches Torah! Have you seen the one who studied Torah? How beautiful! What a fine person!' Thus, the Torah says, 'You are my servant Israel; I will be glorified by you'" (Isaiah 49:3). TALMUD YOMA 86A

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 64

ישַמַע ישָרָאָל יהוָה אֶלהִינוּ יהוָה ו אָחָד: בּרוּך שֵׁם כִּבוֹד מַלְכוּתוֹ לְעוֹלַם וַאֵד: 1 ּוְאָהַכְהָ אֵת יהוה אֱלֹהֵיךַ בְּכֵל־לְכֵבְךַ וּכְכֵל־נַפְשְׁךַ וּכְכֵל־מָאדֶׁךַ: 1 ְוָהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵׁלֶה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְךֵ הַיָּוֹם עַל־לְבָכֶךַ: וְשׁנַנְתֵּם לְכָגֶיך וְדִפְּרְתָ כָּם בְּשְׁרְתְךָ בְּבִיתֶׁךָ וּכְלֶכְתְדָ בַדֶּרֶך וּכִשֶׁכִבְּךַ וּכְקוּמֶךַ: וּקשַׁרְתָם לְאוֹת עַל־יָדָדָ וְהָיוּ לְטִטָפָת בֵּין Т ציגיב: וּכְתַבְתַּם עַל־מִזֵזוֹת בֵּיתָך וּבָשָׁעַרִיך: Shema yisra'el adonay eloheynu adonay ehad. 1 Baruh shem kevod malhuto le'olam va'ed. T Ve'ahavta et adonay eloheha behol levaveha uvhol nafsheha uvhol me'odeha. T Vehayu hadevarim ha'eleh asher anohi metzaveha hayom al 1 levaveha. Т Veshinantam levaneha vedibarta bam 1 beshivteha beveyteha uvlehteha vadereh uvshohbeha uvkumeha. Ukshartam le'ot al yadeha vehayu letotafot beyn eyneha. T Uhtavtam al mezuzot beyteha uvishareha. Т Т לכבך / levaveha / your heart. The לכב / lev / heart, was seen as the source of Т emotions and intellect. Feelings and reason are complementary partners, not conflicting parts, of the human psyche. The double 2 of teaches T that a love of God must contain all dualities (e.g., the good and bad in Т you). L.W.K. שטפת בין עיניך. Totafot might have been pendants or forehead markings. The Torah text sees totafot as reminders of the divine will. The English 1 translation captures this figurative meaning of a visible reminder of the Т mitzvot. D.A.T. Ĩ 65 / SHEMA

For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical section beginning on page 68, then continue with the third paragraph, page 72. **BIBLICAL SELECTION I** It came to pass, and will again, that if you truly listen to the voice of THE ETERNAL ONE, your God, being sure to do whatever has been asked of you today, THE ONE, your God, will make of you a model for all nations of the earth, and there will come upon you all these blessings, as you listen to the call of THE ABUNDANT ONE, your God: Blessed be you in the city, blessed be you upon the field. Blessed be the fruit of your womb, the fruit of your land, the fruit of your cattle, the calving of your oxen, and the lambing of your sheep. Blessed be your basket and your kneading-trough. Blessed be you when you come home, and blessed be you when you go forth. See, I have placed in front of you today both life and good, both death and ill, commanding you today to love THE BOUNDLESS ONE, your God, to walk in ways I have ordained, keeping the commandments, laws, and judgments, so that you survive and multiply. THE BOUNTIFUL, your God, will bless you on the land you are about to enter and inherit.

Т

1

I

Т

1

1

T

Т

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 66

For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical section beginning on page 69, then continue with the third paragraph, page 73.

BIBLICAL SELECTION I

Т

Т

Т

1

Т

Т

T

T

T

Т

T

Т

וְהָיָה אִם־שָׁמָוֹע תִּשְׁמַע בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֵלהֶיךָ לְשְׁמָר לַעֲשוֹת אֶת־ בְּל־מִצְוֹתִיו אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְךָ הַיְוֹם וּנְתָנְךָ יהוָה אֱלהֶירֵ עָלְיוֹן עַל בַּל־מִצְוֹתִיו אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְרָ הַיָּוֹם וּנְתָנְךָ יהוָה אֱלהֶירֵ עָלְיוֹן עַל בַּל־מִצְוֹתִי הָאָרֶץ: וּכָאוּ עָלֶיךָ בַּל־הַבְּרָכוֹת הָאָלֶה וְהִשִּׁיגְרָ כְּי תִשְׁמַע בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךֵ: בָּרִוּךְ אַתֶּה בָּעֵיר וּכָרִוּךְ אַתֶּה בַּשֶׁרֶה: בְּרָוּךְ פְּרִי־כִטְנְרָ וּפְרִי אַדְמָתְרָ וּפְרִי כְהָמְתֶּךָ שְׁגַר אַלָּפֶירַ וְעַשְׁתְרוֹת צֹאנֶרֵ: בָּרִוּךְ טַנְאַרָ וּמִשְׁאַרְתֶרֵ: בָּרָוּךָ אַתֶּה בְּכָּוּךָ אַתֶּה בְּצָאתֶרֵ:

רְאֵׁה נָתַאִי לְפָגֶׁידֵ הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַחַּיִים וְאֶת־הַשֵּׂוֹב וְאֶת־הַמֶּוֶת וְאֶת־ הָרָע: אֲשֶׁר אֲנֹכִי מְצַוְדֵ הַיּוֹם לְאַהַבָּה אֶת־יהוָה אֱלֹהֶידֵ לָלֶכֶת בְּרְכָיו וְלִשְׁמֶר מִצְוֹתֵיו וְחֻקֹתֶיו וּמִשְׁפָּטֵיו וְחָיִית וְרָבְית וּבְרַכְךַ יהוה אֵלהֵידַ בָּאֶרץ אֵשֶׁר־אַתָּה כָא־שָמֵה לְרִשְׁתַּה: ←

COMMENTARY. The traditional wording of Biblical Selection II presents detailed bountiful or devastating consequences of Israel's collective relationship to the mitzvot. That biblical section (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers a supernatural theology that many contemporary Jews find difficult. The biblical section on this page (Deuteronomy 28:1-6, 30:15-19) was included in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur. It begins by encouraging observance in the same language, but concentrates on the positive ways in which observance of mitzvot focuses our attention on God's presence as perceived through productivity and the pursuit of abundant life.

KAVANAH. The doctrine of the unity of God calls for the integration of all life's purposes into a consistent pattern of thought and conduct. M.M.K.

67 / SHEMA

But if your heart should turn away, and you not heed, and go astray, and you submit to other gods and serve them, I declare to you today that you shall be destroyed completely; you shall not live out a great expanse of days upon the land that you now cross the Jordan to possess. I call as witnesses concerning you both heaven and earth, both life and death, that I have placed in front of you a blessing and a curse. Choose life, that you may live, you and your seed! *Continue with page 72.*

BIBLICAL SELECTION II

1

1

1

Т

1

Т

T

T

Т

And if you truly listen to my bidding, as I bid you now—loving THE FOUNT OF LIFE, your God, and serving God with all your heart, with every breath—then I will give you rain upon your land in its appointed time, the early rain and later rain, so you may gather in your corn, your wine and oil. And I will give you grass upon your field to feed your animals, and you will eat and be content. Beware, then, lest your heart be led astray, and you go off and worship other gods, and you submit to them, so that the anger of THE MIGHTY ONE should burn against you, and seal up the heavens so no rain would fall, so that the ground would not give forth her produce, and you be forced to leave the good land I am giving you.

DERASH. This warning against idolatry has ecological significance. If we continue to pollute the environment—and thus display contempt for the integrity of God's creation—pure rain will cease to fall, and the ground will cease to give forth its produce.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 68

ןאָם־יִפְּגָה לְבָכְבָ וְלָא תִשְׁמָע וְנִדַּחְתָּ וְהִשְׁתַּחֲוִיָתָ לֵאלֹהִים אַחֵרִים וְעֵבַדְתָּם: הִגַּדְתִּי לָכֶם הַיּוֹם כִּי אָבִד תְּאבִדוּן לא־תַאֲרִיכָן יָמִים עַל־הָאַדָמָה אַשֶּׁה לְרָשְׁתָּה עַבֵּר אָת־הַיַּרְדֵּן לָכָוֹא שָׁמָה לְרִשְׁתָּה: הַעִלּדֹתִי בָכֶם הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאָת־הַאָּרָץ הַחַיִים וְהַפָּגוּת נָתַתִּי הַעִלּדֹתִי בָכֶם הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאָת־הַאָּרָץ הַחַיָּים וְהַפָּגוּן לְפָנֶידַ הַבְּרָכֶה וְהַקְלָלֶה וּבָחַרְתָּ בַּחַיִים לְמַעַן תִּחְיֶה אַתָּה וְזַרְעָרַ Continue with , page 73.

BIBLICAL SELECTION II

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

|

T

Т

1

1

Т

T

Т

1

תשמעו אל־מצותי אנכי אשר אם־שמע והיה ־לְבַבְכֵם אַתְכֵם הֵיוֹם לְאַהֲבֶה אֶת־יהוה אֱלהֵיכֵם וּלְעֵבְדוֹ בְּכֵל ומלקוש יורה בעתו מִטַר־אַרַצְכֵם רנתתי וּבכל־נַפָּשָׁכָם: עשב בשדך לבהמתך ואַסַפּתּ דְגָנֶך וְתִירִשְׁךָ וְיִצְהָרֶךַ: וְנָתַתִּי רְבַבְכָם וסרתם ושַבַעַתַּ: הָשַׁמָרוּ לַכֵּם פּּן־יִפְתָה ואכלת וַעַכַדתּם אַלהִים אַחָרִים וְהָשְׁתַּחַוִיתֵם לָהֶם: וְחָרָה אַף־יהוֹה בָּכֶם וְעָצַר אֶת־הַשֶּׁמַיִם וְלֹא־יָהְיֶה מָטָר וְהָאַדָמָה לְא תִתּן אֶת־ יִבוּלָה וַאָּבָדתֵם מִהֵרָה מֵעַל הַאָרֵץ הַטּבָה אֲשֶׁר יהוה נֹתֵן לָכֶם :-

DERASH. God is the assumption that there is enough in the world to meet our needs but not to meet our greed for power and pleasure.

M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

DERASH. The traditional second paragraph of the Shema (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers an account of the natural process by which the blessings of God themselves lead to pride, self-satisfaction, and ingratitude on the part of those who receive them. Ironically, the more we are blessed, so it seems, the less grateful and aware of blessing we become. It is when we are most sated, Scripture warns us, that we should be most careful. Fullness can lead to ingratitude, and ingratitude to idolatry—primarily in the form of worship of our own accomplishments. Then, indeed, "the heavens might close up and no rain fall." For, once we begin to worship our achievements, we will never find satisfaction.

69 / SHEMA

So place these words upon your heart, into your lifebreath. Bind them as a sign upon your hand, and let them rest before your eyes. Teach them to your children, speaking of them when you sit at home, and when you walk upon the road, when you lie down, and when you rise. Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates—so that your days and your children's days be many on the land THE FAITHFUL ONE promised to give your ancestors, as long as heaven rests above the earth.

Continue on page 72.

Т

1

COMMENTARY. The statement of God's oneness unifies not only the context of Shema but the text as well—three scriptural paragraphs specified in the Mishnah (a second century codification of Jewish law). The powerful declaration of God's unity fuses the responsibility to love God and to study God's teachings (first paragraph) with the lesson that their fulfillment confirms God's presence (second and third paragraphs). Hence, the unity of God as idea and presence. S.S.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 70

/423175t Job Name: --וְשַׁמְתֶּם אֶת־דְּכָרֵי אֵׁלֶה עַל־לְבַרְכֶם וּעָל־נַפְשְׁכֶם וּקְשַׁרְאֶׁם אֹתָם לְאוֹת עַל־יָדְכֶם וְהָיִוּ לְטוֹטָפָת בֵּין עִינִיכֶם: וְלִמַּדְתֶם אֹתֶם אֶת־ Т בְּגַיכֶם לְדַבְּר בָּם בְּשִׁרְחְדָ בְּבֵיתֶׁדָ וּרְלֶרְחִדָ בַדֶּרָדְ וּרְשֵׁרְבְּדָ Т וּכְקוּמֶך: וּכְתַכְתָם עַלֹ מְזוּזוֹת בֵּיתֶך וּכִשְׁעָרֶיך: לְמַעַן יִרְבָּו Т יְמֵיכֶם וִימֵי בְגֵיכֶם עַל הָאָדָמֶה אֲשֶׁר נִשְׁבַּע יהוֶה לַאֲבתִיכֶם Ĩ לַתֶּת לָהֶם כִּימֵי הַשָּׁמֵיִם עַל־הָאָרָץ: Continue on page 73. Т 1 In the handwritten scroll of the Torah Т The word "Shema" of "Shema Yisra'el" T Ends with an oversized ayin, And the word "Ehad" T Ends with an oversized dalet. T Taken together These two letters 1 Spell "Ed," meaning "witness." Т Whenever we recite the Shema We bear witness 1 To our awareness Of God's presence. H.M. T Т Т T Т 71 / SHEMA 1 I

THE BOUNDLESS ONE told Moses: Speak to the Israelites-tell them to make themselves tzitzit upon the corners of their clothes, throughout their generations. Have them place upon the corner tzitzit a twine of royal blue. This is your tzitzit. Look at it and remember all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. And do them, so you won't go off after the lusts of your heart or after what catches your eye, so that you remember to do all my mitzvot and be holy for your God. I am THE FAITHFUL ONE, your God, who brought you from Mitzrayim to be for you a Т God. I am THE INFINITE, your God. THE BOUNDLESS ONE ... God (Numbers 15:37-41) / THE BOUNDLESS ONE ... אלהיכם COMMENTARY. In the ancient Near East, free people wore fringes, or tzitzit, on the hems of their everyday clothes. Since only free people wore tzitzit, they were a form of identification. Business transactions were sealed by kissing the tzitzit. The mitzvah of tzitzit is based on that ancient sign of freedom. The fringes remind us that we voluntarily follow the way of God, who freed us from Egyptian slavery. It is, literally, a string tied around our finger. Today, many Jews who recite the Shema gather the four corners of their tallitot (prayer shawls), hold the tzitzit, and kiss them at each mention of the word גיצית / tzitzit. This custom shows that we take these words seriously, like a legal contract. L.W.K. מצרים / Mitzrayim was the escaping Hebrews', not the Egyptians', name for the land of Egypt: perhaps a slave-term, and probably not of Semitic origin, it has associations with the root x, to be in distress, constricted, in anguish, or in dire straits. This word powerfully evokes the choking oppression of slavery. As the psalmist wrote: מן המצר קראתי / From the depths I called to Yah. M.P. SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 72 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Transliteration can be found on page 285. וַיִאמֶר יהוָה אֶל־משֶׁה לֵאמִר: דַבֶּר אֶל־כָּנֵי יִשְׁרָאָל וָאָמַרָתָ 1 אַלָהֶם וְעַשוּ לַהֵם צִיצָת עַל־כַּנָפִי בְגָדִיהֵם לְדֹרֹתֵם וְנַתְנוּ עַל־ צִיצְת הַכָּנֶף פְּתִיל הְכֵלֶת: וְהָיָה לָכֶם לְצִיצָת וּרְאִיתֵם אֹתו וּזַכַרְתֵּם אֶת־כֵּל־מִצְוֹת יהוֹה וַעֵּשִׁיתָם אֹתֵם וְלֹא תַתוּרוּ אַחֵרִי לְכַכְכֵם וָאָחֵרִי עֵינֵיכֵם אַשֶּׁר־אַחֵם זֹנִים אַחֲרֵיהֵם: לְמַעַן תִזְכָּרוּ וַצַשִׁיתֵם אֵת־כֵּל־מִצְוֹתָי וְהִיִיתֵם קִדשִׁים לֵאלהֵיכֵם: אַנִי יהוה Т אלהיכם אשר הוצאתי אתכם מארץ מצרים להיות לאלהים אַנִי יהוה אַלהִיכֵם: אלהיכם יהוה 1 all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. כל מצות יהוה / all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. כל מצות יהוה ble. According to rabbinic tradition, there are 613 mitzvot in the Torah. A combination of gematria (Jewish numerology) and ritual macrame "proves" that "rever / tzitzit equals all 613 mitzvot combined: " = 90, " = 10, x = 90, i = 10, n = 400; all together = 600. Each tzitzit has 8 strands (per corner) and 5 knots; 8 + 5 = 13; 13 + 600 = 613. L.W.K. אחרי עיניכם / after what catches your eye, that is, the physical and material temptations you see. The Baal Shem Tov had a method for dealing with T distractions, especially sexual ones. If you can't get the person out of your thoughts, remember that beauty is a reflection of God's image. Redirect that energy towards God. 1 L.W.K. is Sidon blue, which is obtained from a shellfish. Sidon or royal blue is associated with majesty-even today the British queen wears a blue sash. The Jews were so oppressed at the time of Bar Kohbah that indigo, a vegetable dye, replaced Sidon blue on their tzitzit. The Romans banned the T blue fringe because of its symbolism. During the nineteenth century the Radnizer hasidim reintroduced its use. Now other Jews have also begun to use it. The long tehelet thread intertwined with short white ones is a com-Т plex and powerful image that hints at the interplay between majesty and subject within our own hearts. E.M. 73 / SHEMA In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

- F

/423175t

-

_

Ι

Ι

L

_

<text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text>	EMET VE'EMUNAH / REDEMPTION	
That THE BOUNDLESS ONE alone is our divinity and that no divinity exists but One; that we are Israel, community of God; that it is God who saves us from the hand of governments, the very palm of tyrants; who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. Ms then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
and that no divinity exists but One; that we are Israel, community of God; that it is God who saves us from the hand of governments, the very palm of tyrants; who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. <i>As</i> then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	Our faith and truth rest on all this, which is binding upon us:	
that we are Israel, community of God; that it is God who saves us from the hand of governments, the very palm of tyrants; who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. Ms then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	That THE BOUNDLESS ONE alone is our divinity	
that it is God who saves us from the hand of governments, the very palm of tyrants; who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. Ms then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
of governments, the very palm of tyrants; who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. Ms then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	and an environmental second strategy and an an environmental strategy and an analysis of the second strategy and	
who enacts great deeds without measure, and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
and wondrous deeds beyond all count; who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	•	
who puts our souls amid the living, and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
and who keeps our feet from giving way; who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us, confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will; that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt, signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
signs and wonders in Ham's children's land. From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	071	
and even on a day that turned to night, God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell. And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
And even in our age of orphans and survivors, God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
God's loving acts have not abandoned us, and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
and God has brought together our scattered kin from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
from the distant corners of the earth. As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
As then, so now, God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
God brings the people Israel forth from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	Characterization in contraction in the state of the state in the state of the state	
from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom. God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
God is the one who brought the Israelites through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
through a divided Sea of Reeds. There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
There, they beheld divine might; they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
they praised and thanked the Name, and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)	e	
and willingly accepted for themselves God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
God's rule. (Continue on page 78)		
SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 74		
SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 74		
	SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 74	

ne:				/4231
-----	--	--	--	-------

75t

Job Nar

אמת ואמונה ואַמוּנָה כָּל זֹאת וְקַיָּם עָלֵינוּ 刀ום א Т כי הוא יהוה אַלהַינוּ ואין זוּלַתו Т ואַנַחנוּ ישראל עַמו: Т הפּוֹדַנוּ מִיֵּר מִלְכִים 1 הַגּוֹאַלְנוּ מְכַּף עַרִיצִים העושה גרולות אין חקר Т ונפלאות אין מספר: השם נפשנו בחיים Т ולא נַתַן לַמוט רַגְלַנוּ: 1 המפר עצת אויבינו Т והמקלקל מחשבות שונאינו: T הַעוֹשה לַנוּ נָסִים בָּמִצְרַיִם אותות ומופתים באדמת בני חם: Т מִדּוֹר לְדוֹר הוּא גּוֹאַלְנוּ: 1 וּבַיּוֹם שָׁהַפּךָ ללילה עמנו היה בגיא צלמות: T (Continue on page 77). Т Т COMMENTARY. The blessing immediately following the Shema deals with the theme of divine redemption. The present text, a rewritten version, Т includes references to the Holocaust, from which there was no redemp-T tion, and the return to Zion, a fulfillment of Israel's ancient dream. The same divine spirit that gave Israel the courage to seek freedom from Egypt T in ancient times inspired those who fought for Israel's freedom in our own I day. At the same time, this version omits those portions of the text that glory in the enemy's fall or see in God a force for vengeance. All humans T are God's beloved children, as were the Egyptians who drowned at the sea. Т A.G. Ĩ 75 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/REDEMPTION Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1 set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name:	 /423175t
Job rame.	14201150

L

We acknowledge as true and trustworthy that there is but one universal God, and that to God's service Israel stands eternally committed. We recognize in God the power that has enabled us to triumph over defeat, persecution and oppression. It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs. For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance:	
We acknowledge as true and trustworthy that there is but one universal God, and that to God's service Israel stands eternally committed. We recognize in God the power that has enabled us to triumph over defeat, persecution and oppression. It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs. For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings zm	
universal God, and that to God's service Israel stands eternally committed. We recognize in God the power that has enabled us to triumph over defeat, persecution and oppression. It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs. For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings TDD2 7D, page 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically schoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- tign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from lavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt o move toward the messianic future. S.S.	INTERPRETIVE VERSION
over defeat, persecution and oppression. It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs. For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings rugs ray, page 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- tign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from lavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph wer tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt o move toward the messianic future. S.S.	We acknowledge as true and trustworthy that there is but one universal God, and that to God's service Israel stands eternally committed.
delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs. For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings migs migs migs migs migs migs migs mi	We recognize in God the power that has enabled us to triumph over defeat, persecution and oppression.
and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal. Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings rup, page 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- tign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from lavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt to move toward the messianic future.	It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs.
people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom. Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings rege 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically choes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- sign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from lavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt to move toward the messianic future.	For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal.
unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us. Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings rage 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- tign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from Havery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt to move toward the messianic future. S.S.	Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom.
Ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds. We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings are call and	Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us.
thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings במי כמכה, page 79) COMMENTARY. Two beautiful berahot complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- eign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from davery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt to move toward the messianic future. S.S.	Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds.
the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- eign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from alavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt to move toward the messianic future.	We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance: (Congregation sings מי כמכה, page 79)
SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 76	the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called Ge'ulah—"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- tign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from lavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt
	SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 76

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

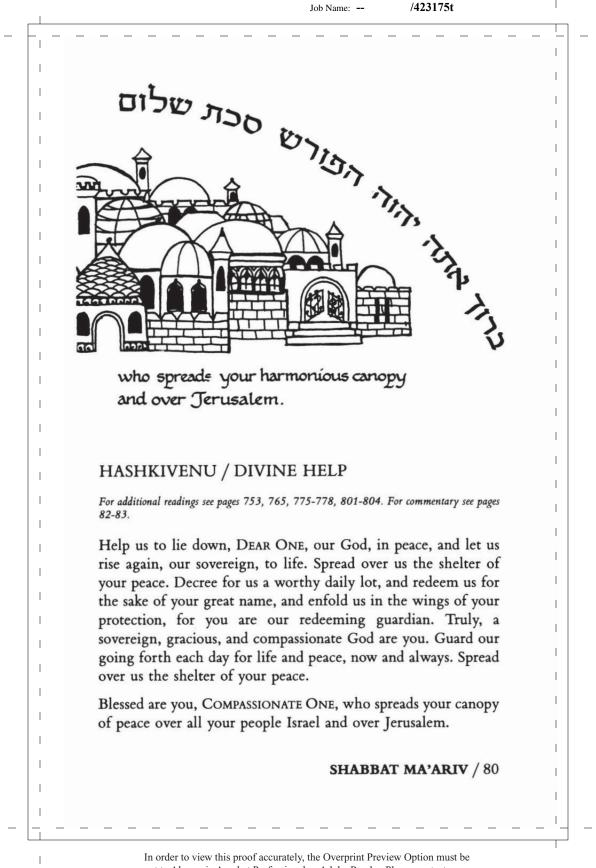
Ι

אַם בּדור יִתוֹמִים
ַ לא עַזַבֿוּנוּ חַסָדיו
וַיָקַבֵּץ נִדָּהֵׁינוּ מִקְצוֹת הֵבַל:
כּאָז גַם עַתָּה
מוציא אֶת עַמּוֹ יִשְׁרָאֵל
מִכַּף כֶּל אוֹיְבָיו
לְחֵרוּת עוֹלָם:
הַמַּצָרִיר בָּנָיו בֵּין גִזְרֵי יֵם סוּף
שָׁם רָאוּ אֶת גְּבוּרָתוֹ
שַׁבְּחוּ וְהוֹדוּ לִשְׁמוֹ
וּמַלְכוּתוֹ בְרָצוֹז אִבְּלוּ אֲלֵיהֶם:
מֹשֶׁה וּמִרְיָם וּבְנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל לְדּ עָנוּ שִׁירָה בְּשִׂמְחָה רַבָּה וְאָמְרוּ כֻלָּם:
Mosheh umiriam uvney yisra'el leḥa anu shirah besimḥah rabah ve'ameru ḥulam.
DERASH. Rabbi Judah said: [At the sea] each tribe said to the other, "You go into the sea first!" As they stood there bickering, Nahshon ben Aminadav jumped into the water. Meanwhile Moses was praying. God said to him, "My friend is drowning—and you pray!" "What can I do?" Moses asked. [God responded as it says in the text,] "Speak to the people of Israel and tell them to go! Raise your staff" TALMUD SOTAH 37A
NOTE. Biblical references include Job 9:10, Psalm 66:9.
77 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/REDEMPTION

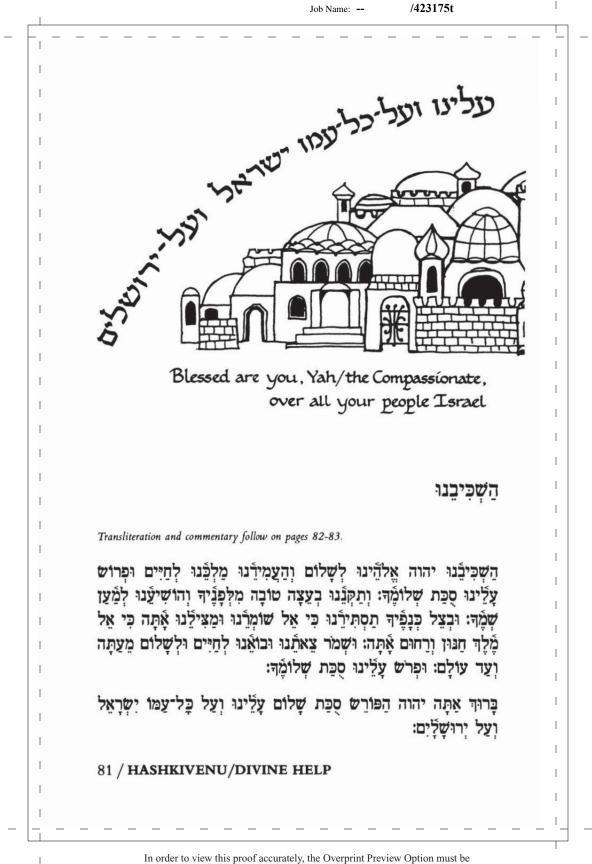
Moses, Miriam, and all the Israelites broke out in song, abundant in their joy, and, all as one, they said: "Who among the mighty can compare T to you, WISE ONE? 1 Who can compare to you, 1 adorned in holiness, I awesome in praises, acting wondrously!" Your children saw you in your majesty, splitting the sea in front of Moses. 1 "This is my God!" they cried, and said: 1 "THE HOLY ONE will reign forever!" I And it was said: 1 "Yes, THE REDEEMING ONE has rescued Jacob, saved him from a power 1 stronger than his own!" Blessed are you, THE GUARDIAN, Israel's redeeming power! T When our ancestors beheld these truths 1 they proclaimed: 1 Among all the gods we can name, 1 who can compare to the T One Beyond Naming? Among all the quantities we can label, number, T mark and measure, which compares to the 1 Mystery at the Heart of Reality? 1 R.M.S. 1 SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 78 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

מִי־כַמֹכָה בַּאַלִים יהוה מִי כַּמֹכָה נֵאָדָר בַּמְׂרֵש נורא תהלת עשה פֿלא: מלכותה ראו בניה בוקע ים לפני משה זה אלי ענו ואמרו: יהוה ימלך לעלם ועד: פרה יהוה את־יעקב וגאלו מיד חזק ממנו: ברוך אתה נאמר: כּי 1 יהוה גאל ישראל: Mi hamohah ba'elim adonay. Т Mi kamohah nedar bakodesh nora tehilot osey feleh. Malhuteha ra'u vaneha boke'a yam lifney mosheh. 1 Zeh eli anu ve'ameru. Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. Vene'emar ki fadah adonay et ya'akov ugalo miyad hazak 1 mimenu. Baruh atah adonay ga'al yisra'el. Т COMMENTARY. This siddur reinstates reference to the splitting of the sea T as a sign of God's redeeming power. The earlier Reconstructionist prayerbook omitted that reference because of its emphasis on supernatural Т intervention. As myth, however, the ancient tale of wonder underscores Т the sense of daily miracle in our lives. Even those of us who cannot affirm a God who intervenes in the natural process, and thus cannot accept the literal meaning of the tale, can appreciate its human message. According to the midrash, the sea did not split until one Israelite, Nahshon ben Aminaday, had the courage to walk upright into the water. Perhaps it was T the divine spirit in Nahshon, rather than the magic of Moses's wand, that caused the sea to split. A.G. Т NOTE. Biblical references include Exodus 15:11, 18 and Jeremiah 31:11. 79 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/REDEMPTION In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



/423175t



COMMENTARY. Hashkivenu / Help us lie down [in peace]—is the final prescribed part of the Shema. It recalls the Shema by expressing the hope that we will "lie down...in peace" and "rise again...to life." An extension of *Emet Ve'emunah, Hashkivenu* joins the vivid recollection of past redemption to a prayer for present protection and future peace. By calling God "guardian" and "protector" but also "redeemer," Israel recognizes new dimensions of the power that makes for freedom. The final acknowledgment of God as the one who "spreads the sukkah of peace over us, over Israel, and over Jerusalem" conjures up the now familiar image of Shabbat as a foretaste of that future time when Israel, its people, and its holy city will dwell in peace. The blessing is unique to the evening service. Perhaps responding to the cold, dark uncertainty of night, we invoke God's dwelling of peace. S.S.

Т

1

1

Т

Т

KAVANAH. Enable us, God, to behold meaning in the chaos of life about us and purpose in the chaos of life within us. Deliver us from the sense of futility in our strivings toward the light and the truth. Give us strength to ride safely through the maelstrom of petty cares and anxieties. May we behold things in their proper proportions and see life in its wholeness and its holiness. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

NOTE. For our ancestors, the future of Jerusalem was not just about the future of the Jewish people. Jerusalem, in the biblical vision, will become the capital of the whole world. Praying for the peace of Jerusalem is the same as praying for the unity of all humanity and peace throughout the world.

COMMENTARY. The version presented here follows certain Sephardic versions by deleting the series of petitions for protection. Such petition is considered inappropriate on Shabbat, a day of fulfillment and appreciation for the many blessings we have. Shabbat itself is a sukkah of peace. We pray that real and complete peace be the lot of Israel and Jerusalem, so torn by strife in recent memory. Our tradition sees Jerusalem as the center of the world. Creation began there, according to the rabbis. So may the peace that begins there radiate forth and bless all earth's peoples. The peace of Jerusalem, the "heart of the world," is also the peace of every human heart.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 82

/423175t



Hashkivenu adonay eloheynu leshalom veha'amidenu malkenu lehayim ufros aleynu sukkat shelomeha. Vetakenenu ve'etzah tovah milefaneha vehoshi'enu lema'an shemeha. Uvtzel kenafeha tastirenu ki el shomrenu umatzilenu atah ki el meleh hanun verahum atah. Ushmor tzeytenu uvo'enu lehayim ulshalom me'atah ve'ad olam. Ufros aleynu sukkat shelomeha. Baruh atah adonay hapores sukkat shalom aleynu ve'al kol amo yisra'el ve'al yerushalayim.

KAVANAH. As we enter the dark of evening, we face the unknown. Earlier, in Asher Bidvaro (the Creation section immediately following Barehu), we affirmed the power that transforms night into day and day into night. Now we call for protection from the shadows that lengthen around us—shadows of fear and guilt, the uncharted future, the ever pursuing past. We ask that the shadows of God's wings envelop us with love and mercy. The unknown night, like the unknown tomorrow, can only be met with faith in the power of infinite compassion to care for us.

When fears multiply
And danger threatens;
When sickness comes,
When death confronts us—
It is God's blessing of shalom
That sustains us
And upholds us.
Lightening our burden,
Dispelling our worry,
Restoring our strength,
Renewing our hope—

Reviving us.

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

1

1

T

Т

H.M.

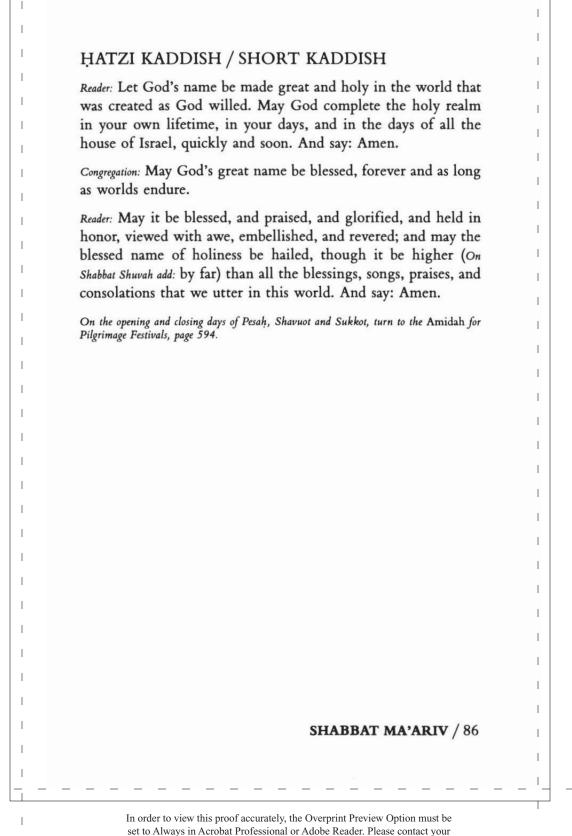
83 / HASHKIVENU/DIVINE HELP

VESHAMERU / OBSERVING SHABBAT Let Israel's descendants keep Shabbat, making Shabbat 1 throughout all their generations, as an eternal bond. Between 1 me and Israel's descendants shall it be a sign eternally. For in six days THE FASHIONER OF ALL made skies and earth, and on the 1 seventh day God ceased and drew a breath of rest. (When Shabbat coincides with a festival, add: Moses proclaimed the Festivals of THE ENDURING ONE to the Т children of Israel.) NOTE. The placement of Veshameru after Hashkivenu suggests an aspect of the agreement between God and Israel: God guards Israel, and Israel guards Shabbat, which is a reminder and foretaste of peace in our world. T S.S. KAVANAH. The recitations of Veshameru preceding the Amidah and of Т Vayhulu following it on Friday evening are acts of witnessing. In keeping Shabbat Israel bears testimony to the fact that ours is a created world. For 1 us this means that divinity fills the universe. Our task is to treat all living things with respect, and so enhance the divine light in them. Only by this way of living is the testimony of Shabbat made real. A.G. T 1 SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 84 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

ריניורגרר
ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי
וְשָׁמְרִוּ בְנִי־יִשְׁרָאֵל אֶת־הַשַּׁבֶּת לַעֲשָׂוֹת אֶת־הַשַּׁבֶּת לְדִרֹתֶם בְּרִית עוֹלֶם: בֵּינִי וּבֵין בְּנֵי ישְׁרָאֵל אוֹת הָיא לְעוֹלֶם כִּי־שֵׁשֶׁת
יָמִים עַשָּׂה יהוהׂ אֶת־הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאֶת־הָאָָרֶץ וּבַיּוֹםׂ הַשְּׁבִיעִּׁי שָׁבַת וִיּנַפַּשׁ:
Veshameru veney yisra'el et hashabbat
la'asot et hashabbat ledorotam berit olam.
Beyni uveyn beney yisra'el ot hi le'olam.
Ki <u>she</u> shet yamim asah adonay et hasha <u>ma</u> yim ve'et ha' <u>a</u> retz uvayom hashevi'i shavat vayinafash.
(When Shabbat coincides with a festival, add:
ויִדַבּר מֹשֶׁה אֶת־מְעֵדֵי יהוֶה אֶל־בְּגֵי יִשְׂרָאְל:
Vaydaber mosheh et mo'adey adonay el beney yisra'el.)
NOTE. Veshameru (Exodus 31:16-17) serves as the introduction to the
Amidah (silent prayer) of Shabbat eve. In places where prayerbooks were scarce, this prologue served as a reminder to include the Shabbat berahah in the silent prayer which follows. S.S.
וידבר ישראל / Moses Israel (Leviticus 23:44).
85 / VESHAMERU/OBSERVING SHABBAT

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

חֲצִי קַדִּישׁ
יִתְגַּדַּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיה מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכָל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל בַּעָגָלָא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: יְהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַהּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא: יִתְבָּרַהּ וְיִשְׁתַבּח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַשֵּׁא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה וְיִתְהַלַל שְׁמֵה דְּקָרְשָׁא בְּרִיהָ הוּא
לְעַֿלָּא (לְעַֿלָּא add: גּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא (On Shabbat Shuvah add: לְעַֿלָּא (לְעַֿלָּא וְשִׁירָתָא הַשְּׁבְחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָן בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
Reader: Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma divra ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.
Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya.
Reader: Yitbaraḥ veyishtabaḥ veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha beriḥ hu le'ela (On Shabbat Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birḥata veshirata tushbeḥata veneḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
On the opening and closing days of Pesaḥ, Shavuot and Sukkot, turn to the Amidah for Pilgrimage Festivals, page 594.
87 / ḤATZI KADDISH/SHORT KADDISH

Job Name: --

/423175t

NTRODUCTIONS TO THE AMIDAH
Standing here in Abraham's desert Affirming: one God.
Moving in the old spaces Warmed by our ancestors' embrace.
Standing here in Sarah's tent Laughing: new life.
Moving in the old spaces Renewed by our ancestors' hope.
Standing here in my place Listening to our voices: yearning.
Moving in my own spaces Franslating the silence.
Sandy Eisenberg Dear God, Open the blocked passageways to you, The congealed places.
Roll away the heavy stone from the well as your servant Jacob did when he beheld his beloved Rachel.
Help us open the doors of trust that have been jammed with hurt and rejection.
As you open the blossoms in spring, Even as you open the heavens in storm, Open us—to feel your great, awesome, wonderful presence. Sheila Peltz We
Sheha Feitz we
KAVANAH. Prayer is communion. To commune with God is to put one n touch with the source of cosmic energy. M.
SHABBAT MA'ARIV /

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_



In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: /4	23175t
--------------	--------

AMIDAH

1

1

Т

Т

The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence. For additional readings see pages 737-738, 740-748, 752-759.

Open my lips, BELOVED ONE, and let my mouth declare your praise.

1. AVOT VE'IMOT / ANCESTORS

Blessed are you, THE ANCIENT ONE, our God, God of our ancestors,

God of Abraham God of Isaac God of Jacob God of Sarah God of Rebekah God of Rachel and God of Leah;

COMMENTARY. A. J. Heschel has said, "The term, 'God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob' is semantically different from a term such as 'the God of truth, goodness, and beauty.' Abraham, Isaac and Jacob do not signify ideas, principles or abstract values. Nor do they stand for teachers or thinkers, and the term is not to be understood like that of 'the God of Kant, Hegel, and Schelling.' Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob are not principles to be comprehended but lives to be continued. The life of one who joins the covenant of Abraham continues the life of Abraham. For the present is not apart from the past. 'Abraham is still standing before God' (Genesis 18:22). Abraham endures forever. We are Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob." In this same spirit, we are also Sarah and Rebekah, Rachel and Leah. L.W.K. KAVANAH. The introductory words (Psalm 51:17) of the Amidah contain

a paradox of divine and human power. Our ability to be whole, upright, free, and fully alive grows as we acknowledge and appreciate an infinitely higher source of power in the universe. This allows us to be receptive. By acknowledging our human vulnerability, we open our hearts to the support, compassion, and faithfulness available around us.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 90

The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence.

ארני שפתי תפתח ופי יגיד תהלתד:

אָבות וָאָמות

אלהי אברהם

בּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וָאִמוֹתֵינוּ

אֱלֹהֵי שָּׂרָה אֱלֹהֵי רִבְקָה אֱלֹהֵי רָׁחֵל וֵאלֹהֵי לֵאָה: –

COMMENTARY. Hatefilah / The Prayer, is the central prayer of the worship service. The language and manner of reciting the Tefilah offer insights into the place of the individual in communal prayer. When the Tefilah is recited privately, each individual stands (hence the name Amidah, "standing") and addresses God in a sustained conversational way. Calling God "you" indicates intimacy and immediacy. Nevertheless, the individual prays with the communal voice: "We acknowledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." The Mishnah provides the structure within which additional prayers and petitions are placed. Even an individual's private needs have importance within the communal context.

Throughout the centuries the pursuit of meaningful communal prayer has led to variations in the *Amidah*. These variations reflect the attitudes and beliefs of different prayer communities. In the ongoing pursuit of meaningful prayer for a Reconstructionist prayer community, changes have been introduced into this *Amidah*, most notably in the first two of the seven *berahot* which comprise the Shabbat *Amidah*. The first *berahah* has been expanded to include the matriarchs along with the patriarchs as exemplars of God's presence in human lives. By concentrating on examples of healing forces and life-sustaining rains, the second *berahah* acknowledges God as the power that sustains life. The traditional emphasis on God's ability to resurrect the dead has been replaced here by a celebration of God as the power that sustains all life.

91 / AMIDAH

Т

Т

Т

Т

Т

T

Т

Т

great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, imparting deeds of kindness, begetter of all; mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors, T bringing, with love, redemption to their children's children 1 for the sake of the divine name. 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: (Remember us for life, sovereign who wishes us to live, and write us in the Book of Life, Т for your sake, ever-living God.) Regal One, our help, salvation, and protector: Blessed are you, KIND ONE, the shield of Abraham and help of Sarah. 1 virat sarah. The biblical term ezer has two meanings, "rescue" (עזרת שרה and "be strong." It is commonly translated as "aid" or "help". It also has the sense of power and strength. In Deuteronomy 33:29, ezer is parallel to גאוה, majesty. Eve is described as Adam's ezer kenegdo, a power equal to him, a strength and majesty to match his. Thus magen avraham (shield of Abra-T ham) and ezrat sarah (help of Sarah) are parallel images of power and protection. R.S.A. Т KAVANAH. God is experienced as vin, helper, every time our thought of 1 God furnishes us an escape from the sense of frustration and supplies us 1 with a feeling of permanence in the midst of universal flux. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 92 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

> set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

הַאָל הַגַּרוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא אֵל עֵלִיוֹן גּוֹמֵל חֵסָרִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנֵה הַכּּל וְזוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וְאָמוֹת וּמֵבִיא גָאָלָה לְבְנֵי בְנֵיהֵם לְמַעָן T שמו באהבה: Т On Shabbat Shuvah add: Т (זַכְרֵנוּ לְחַיִים מֵלֵך חַפֵּץ בַּחַיִים וְכֵתְבֵנוּ בְּסֵפֵר הַחַיִים לְמַעָנִד אֱלֹהִים Ĩ חיים:) L Т זֵר וּמוֹשִׁיעַ וּמַגַן: בָּרוּךּ אַתָּה יהוה מָגֵן אַבְרָהָם וְעָזְרַת 1 Т 1 T In each age T we receive and transmit Torah. 1 At each moment we are addressed by the World. 1 In each age we are challenged by our ancient teaching. Т At each moment T we stand face to Face with Truth. Т In each age Т we add our wisdom to that which has gone before. Т At each moment Т the knowing heart is filled with wonder. Т In each age I the children of Torah become its builders Т and seek to set the world firm Т on a foundation of Truth. R.M.S. Ĩ Т 93 / AMIDAH Т L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

Job Name:		/423175t
-----------	--	----------

2. GEVUROT / DIVINE POWER You are forever powerful, ALMIGHTY ONE, abundant in your saving acts. In summer: You send down the dew. In winter: You cause the wind to blow and rain to fall. In loyalty you sustain the living, nurturing the life of every living thing, upholding those who fall, healing the sick, freeing the captive, and remaining faithful to all life held dormant in the earth. Who can compare to you, almighty God, who can resemble you, the source of life and death, who makes salvation grow? (On Shabbat Shuvah add: Who can compare to you, source of all mercy, remembering all creatures mercifully, decreeing life!) Faithful are you in giving life to every living thing. Blessed are you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, who gives and renews life. 3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM / NAMING THE HOLY Holy are you. Your name is holy. And all holy beings hail you each day. Blessed are you, AWESOME ONE, the holy God. (On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: the holy sovereign.) COMMENTARY. We acknowledge the presence of God in the natural rhythms of passing seasons. Our awareness of wind, rain, and dew as daily miracles also serves to remind us that the purity of these gifts, so vital for our survival, must be maintained by human watchfulness. In thanking God for air and water, we assert our commitment to preserving them as sources of life and protecting them from life-destroying pollution. The mention of rain or dew follows the two-season climate of Eretz Yisra'el; summer extends from the first day of Pesah until Shemini Atzeret, and winter until the following Pesah. A.G. SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 94

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Т

Т

גַבוּרוֹת	
אַתָּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם אֲרֹנָי רַב לְהוֹּשִׁׂיעַ:	
In summer: בּטָל:	
In winter: הַלְּשָׁם: In winter: מַשָּׁיב הָרוּחַ וּמוּרִיד הַגָּשֶׁם:	
מְכַלְבֵּל חַיִּים בְּחֶֶסֶר מְחַיֵּה בָּל חַי בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים סוֹמֵדְ נוֹפְלִים וְרוֹפֵא חוֹלִים וּמַתִּיר אֲסוּרִים וּמְקַיֵּים אֲמוּנָתוֹ לִישֵׁנֵי עָפָר: מִי כָמֿוּד בַּעַל גְּבוּרוֹת וּמִי דּוֹמֶה לָךְ מֶׁלֶדְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה וּמַצְמִׁיחַ יְשוּעָה:	
······································	
On Shabbat Shuvah add: (מִי כָמוֹדָ אַב הָרַחֲמִים זוֹבֵר יְצוּרָיו לְחַיִּים בְּרַחֲמִים:)	
וְנָאֱמָן אַתָּה לְהַחֲיוֹת כֵּל חָי: בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה מְחַיֵּה כֵּל חָי:	
5	
ן אָרָשַׁת הַשֵּׁם	
אַתְּה סָרוֹש וְשָׁמְדּ סָרוֹש וּקְרוֹשִׁים בְּכֵל יוֹם יְהַלְלֿוּדָ פֶֿלָה: בָּרוּדִ אַתְּה יהוה הָאֵל הַקָּרוֹש:	
(On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: آيضَלֶך הַקָּרוֹשׁ)	
95 / AMIDAH	

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM / THE DAY'S HOLINESS You sanctified the seventh day, your signature upon completion of the heavens and the earth. You made it most blessed of all days, declared it holiest of times. Thus is it written in your Torah: Heaven, earth, and all their beings were finished. God completed on the seventh day the work that had been done, and ceased upon the seventh day from all the work that had been done. God blessed the seventh day and set it apart. For on it God had ceased from all the work that had been done in carrying out Creation. Our God, our ancients' God, take pleasure in our rest. Enable us to realize holiness through your mitzvot, give us our portion in your Torah, let us enjoy the good things of your world, and gladden us with your salvation. Refine our hearts to serve you honestly. Help us to perpetuate, DEAR ONE our God, your holy Shabbat, with love and joy. Let all Israel, and all who treat your name as holy, rest upon this day. Blessed are you, SACRED ONE, source of the holiness of Shabbat. DERASH. We ask God to remove the impurities that have collected in our minds so that we might be truthful enough to serve God. What are these impurities, these false coverings? They are the myth of isolation, the denial of interrelatedness, the prideful pretense that we are alone and abandoned in the cosmos. S.P.W. DERASH. The creation of the world is not completed so long as we have not fulfilled our creative function in it. M.M.K. ויכלו ... לעשות / Heaven ... Creation (Genesis 2:1-3). SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 96

1

1

1

Т

1

1

L

	קָרָשֵׁת הַיּוֹם
יִעִי לִשְׁמֶׁד תַּכְלִית מַעֲשָּׁה שָׁמַּיִם וָאָָרֶז וּתו מִבֶּל הַזְמַנִּים וְכֵז כָּתוּב בְּתוֹרָתֶׁדּ:	
ַרִּצְבָאָם: וַיְכָל אֶלהִים בַּיּוֹם הַשְׁבִיעִי ת בַּיּוֹם הַשְׁבִיעִי מִבֵּל־מְלַאְכְתָו אֲשֶׁר	מְלַאּכְתּוֹ אֲשֶׁר עָשָׁה וַיִּשְׁב
	מְכַּל־מְלַאִכְתוֹ אֲשֶׁר־בָּרָא
וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ רְצֵה בִמְנוּחָתֵׁנוּ: קַדְשֵׁנו רְתֶׁך שַׁבְּעֵׁנוּ מְטוּבֶׁךּ וְשַׁמְחֵנוּ בִּישוּעָתֶׁן	ַ בְּמִצְוֹתֶֿיִדּ וְתֵז חֶלְלֵּבוּ בְּתו
מֶת: וְהַנְחִילֵׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ בְּאַהַכָּו זוּ בָה כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל מְקַדְשֵׁי שְׁמֶֿהּ: בָּרוּן	
God as the source of salvation. In that state	of being, our powers are har-
God as the source of salvation. In that state	of being, our powers are har-
KAVANAH. Through our observance of Shah God as the source of salvation. In that state moniously employed in the achievement of COMMENTARY. One of the most distinguish word <i>kadosh</i> , a word which more than any mystery and the majesty of the divine. Now n the history of the world? Was it a mount	of being, our powers are har- worthwhile aims. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) ned words in the Bible is the other is representative of the what was the first holy object
God as the source of salvation. In that state moniously employed in the achievement of COMMENTARY. One of the most distinguish word <i>kadosh</i> , a word which more than any mystery and the majesty of the divine. Now n the history of the world? Was it a mount it is indeed a unique occasion at which the first time: in the book of Genesis, at the end extremely significant is the fact that it is appli-	of being, our powers are har- worthwhile aims. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) ned words in the Bible is the other is representative of the what was the first holy object tain? Was it an altar? e word <i>kadosh</i> is used for the of the story of creation. How ied to time. "And God blessed
God as the source of salvation. In that state moniously employed in the achievement of COMMENTARY. One of the most distinguish word <i>kadosh</i> , a word which more than any nystery and the majesty of the divine. Now	of being, our powers are har- worthwhile aims. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) hed words in the Bible is the other is representative of the what was the first holy object tain? Was it an altar? e word <i>kadosh</i> is used for the of the story of creation. How ied to time. "And God blessed is no reference in the record
God as the source of salvation. In that state moniously employed in the achievement of COMMENTARY. One of the most distinguish word <i>kadosh</i> , a word which more than any mystery and the majesty of the divine. Now in the history of the world? Was it a mount it is indeed a unique occasion at which the first time: in the book of Genesis, at the end extremely significant is the fact that it is appli- the seventh day and made it <i>kadosh</i> ." There of creation to any object in space that would	of being, our powers are har- worthwhile aims. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) ned words in the Bible is the other is representative of the what was the first holy object tain? Was it an altar? e word <i>kadosh</i> is used for the of the story of creation. How ied to time. "And God blessed is no reference in the record be endowed with the quality

5. AVODAH / V	VORSHIP
---------------	---------

1

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

Т

Take pleasure, GRACIOUS ONE, our God, in Israel your people; lovingly accept their fervent prayer. May Israel's worship always be acceptable to you.

(When Shabbat coincides with a Rosh Hodesh or Festival, add: Our God, our ancients' God, may our prayer arise and come to you, and be beheld, and be acceptable. Let it be heard, acted upon, remembered—the memory of us and all our needs, the memory of our ancestors, the memory of messianic hopes, the memory of Jerusalem your holy city, and the memory of all your kin, the house of Israel, all surviving in your presence. Act for goodness and grace, for love and care, for life, well-being and peace, on this day of

On Rosh Hodesh: the new moon. On Pesah: the festival of matzot. On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot.

KAVANAH. Prayer itself is the divinity.

PINHAS OF KORETZ

the memory of messianic hopes. We assert our faith in the coming of a messianic age, a time when justice will reign and all humanity will be united in recognition of the one God. Even in our people's darkest hour, this vision of the future strengthened us as we faced both life and death. However distanced we may be from the more naive aspects of belief in the person of messiah, the vision of a transformed future remains our guide, just as we know that the vision will become reality only if our deeds reflect it.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 98

:	 /423175t
	/

L

		אַבוּדָה ןַ עַבוּדָה
וּ בְּאַהֲכָה הְּקַבֵּל	נְמְדּ יִשְׁרָאֵל וְלַהֵב הְפָלָתָב זיד אֲבוּדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל אַמֶּדּ:	
	When Shabbat coincides with a	
	וּ וְאָמּוֹתֵֿינוּ יַעֲלֶה וְיָבוֹא וְיַגִֿ 	
ובותינוּ וְאָמּותֵנוּ וזררוֹז הל זומה	ּזִכְרוֹנֵנוּ וּפִּקְדוֹנֵנוּ וְזִכְרוֹן אֲ זִכְרוֹן יְרוּשָׁלַיִם עִיר קַדְשֶׁׁף	וִישָּׁמַע וְיִפָּקֵד וְיִזָּכֵר ווכרוי ומים במשנה נ
וְּיִשְׁיוּן בְּ׳ עֵּשְׁוּי וּלרחמים לחייים	ַּזְרָוּזְ יְּוּשְּׁיַיָם אָיוּ אָוּ שָּׁוּ שָּׁוּ וּלִטוּבָה לְחֵזְ וּלְחֶסֶר	וְזָבְיוּ יְמוּת הַשְּׁשִׁיהַ רְ בּית ישראל לפּנֿיה לנ
		וּלִשַׁלוֹם בִּיוֹם
	On Rosh Hodesh:	ראש הַחֹרֵש הַזָּה
	On Pesah:	םג הַמַּצוֹת הַזָּה
	← On Sukkot:	חֵג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזֶּה
the inward flame as the Hebrew phr can exist among th lahav tefilatam, "t hitlahavut: the "in hitlahavut in prayer	xternal mouthing of words alc of devotion that brings our pray asing vividly conveys, a passion nose unable to express that feel he flame of Israel's prayer," n-burning" flame of passion t is to soar with the rapturous of infinite and be aflame with th	yer close to God. Indeed, hate longing for godliness ing in words. The phrase recalls that feeling of ate devotion. To attain ecstasy of divine commu-
99 / AMIDAH		

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Remember us this day, ALL-KNOWING ONE, our God, for goodness. Favor us this day with blessing. Preserve us this day for life. With your redeeming, nurturing word, be kind and generous. Act tenderly on our behalf, and grant us victory over all our trials. Truly, our eyes turn toward you, for you are a providing God; gracious and merciful are you.)

And may our eyes behold your homecoming, with merciful intent, to Zion. Blessed are you, THE FAITHFUL ONE, who brings your presence home to Zion.

6. HODA'AH / THANKS

We give thanks to you that you are THE ALL-MERCIFUL, our God, God of our ancestors, today and always. A firm, enduring source of life, a shield to us in time of trial, you are ever there, from age to age. We acknowledge you, declare your praise, and thank you for our lives entrusted to your hand, our souls placed in your care, for your miracles that greet us every day, and for your wonders and the good things that are with us every hour, morning, noon, and night. Good One, whose kindness never stops, Kind One, whose loving acts have never failed—always have we placed our hope in you.

KAVANAH. So long as the Jewish people is linked in communion with the eternal, it can look forward to an eternal life for itself. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

KAVANAH. Gratitude is the overwhelming experience of the person of faith. Faith stimulates gratitude, and the practice of gratitude expands faith. We experience thankfulness when we know that our lives are safe within God's protection. We trust that the future is assured. We need not consume our days in fear and anxiety. We are released. We can marvel at the daily wonders.

SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 100

זכרנו יהוה אלהינו בּוֹ לְטוֹבָה: וּפַקָרֵנוּ בוֹ לְבָרֵכָה וָהוֹשִׁיעָנוּ בו לחיים: וּברבר יִשוּעָה וְרַחֵמִים חוּס וְחַגַּנוּ וְרַחֵם עַלֵינוּ וְהוּשִׁיעָנוּ כִּי Т אליך עינינו כִּי אֵל מֵלֵך חַנוּון וְרַחוּם אַתָּה:) 1 1 ותחזינה עינינו בשובה לְצִיוֹן בָּרַחַמִים: בַּרוּהְ אַתֵּה יהוה הַמַחַזִיר I שכינתו לציון: Т הוֹדַאָה 6 מוֹדִים אַנַחַנוּ לַךְ שֵׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתַינוּ 1 ואמותינו לעולם ועד צור חַיינו מַגן יִשָּעַנוּ אַתָּה הוּא לְדור וַדור: Т נוֹדֵה לְדָ וּנְסַפֵּר תְהַלְּעֶׁדְ עַל חַזֵּינוּ הַמְסוּרִים בְּיָדֶדְ וְעַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵׁינוּ T הַפָּקוּרות לַך וִעַל נְסֵׁיף שֵׁבְּכֵל יוֹם עִמַנוּ וִעַל נִפְלָאוֹתֵׁיף וְטוֹבוֹתֵׁיף שַּבּכַל־עַת עָרֵב וַבֿקָר וְצַהַרִיִם: הַטּוֹב כִּי לֹא כָלוּ רַחֲמֵיך וְהַמְרָחֵם Т כי לא תמו חסדיה מעולם קוינו לה: → 1 T DERASH. The insights of wonder must be constantly kept alive. Since there is a need for daily wonder, there is a need for daily worship. The sense of the "miracles which are daily with us," the sense of the "continual mar-T vels," is the source of prayer. There is no worship, no music, no love, if 1 we take for granted the blessings or defeats of living The profound and perpetual awareness of the wonder of being has become a part of the Т religious consciousness of the Jew. A.J.H. T 1 1 1 101 / AMIDAH Т I

(On Hanukah add: For the miracles, for the redemption, for heroic acts, for saving deeds, for consolations, all of which you have enacted for our ancestors at this time of year in days gone by-as 1 in the days of Matthew, son of Yohanan, Hasmonean High 1 Priest, and Matthew's sons: a wicked Hellenistic government arose against your people Israel, forcing them to shun your Torah and to leave off from the laws your will ordained. And 1 you, in your abundant mercy, stood up for Israel in their hour of distress. You pressed their claim, exacted justice for them. You Т delivered armed might to the weak, the many to the power of the few, the wicked to the power of the just, the vicious to the power of those occupied with Torah. You made known your name that day, and made it holy in your world. And for your 1 people Israel you enacted great deliverance, as in our own time. Afterward, your children came into your Temple's inner room. 1 They cleared your sanctuary, purified your holy place, kindled lights inside your holy courtyards, and established these eight days of Hanukah, for giving thanks and praise to your great name.) For all these things, may your name be blessed and raised in honor always, sovereign of ours, forever. T (On Shabbat Shuvah add: And write down for a good life all the people of your covenant.) 1 Let all of life acknowledge you! May all beings praise your name in truth, O God, our rescue and our aid. Blessed are you, THE GRACIOUS ONE, whose name is good, to whom all thanks are due. SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 102

Jame:	 /423175t

ob Name:			
----------	--	--	--

Jo

	I
	I
On Hanukah add:	I I
עַל הַנִּסִים וְעַל הַפָּרְקָז וְעַל הַגְבוּרוֹת וְעַל הַתְּשוּעוֹת וְעַל הַנֶּחָמוֹת)	I
שֶׁעָשִׁיתָ לַאֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ בַּיָּמִים הָהֵם בַּזְמַן הַזֶּה: בִּימֵי מַתִּתְיָהוּ בֶּן יוֹחָנָן	
פּהֵן גָּרוֹל חַשְׁמוֹנַאי וּבָנָיו פְּשֶׁעָמְדָה מַלְכוּת יָוָן הָרְשָׁעָה עַל עַמְדָ	
יִשְּׁרָאֵל לְהַשְׁכִּיחָם תּוֹרָעֶָּה וּלְהַעֲבִירָם מֵחָפֵּי רְצוֹנֶה וְאַתָּה בְּרַחֲמֶּיה	
הָרַבִּים עָמַּדְתָּ לָהֶם בְּצֵת צֶרָתָם רַּבְתָּ אֶת רִיבָם דַּנְתָ אֶת דִּינָם מָסַׁרְתָ	
גִּבּוֹרִים בְּיַד חֵלָשִׁים וְרַבִּים בְּיַד מְעַשִּׁים וְרָשָׁעִים בְּיַד צַדִּיקִים וְזֵדִים	
בְּיַד עוֹסְקֵי תוֹרָגֶה: וּלְה עָשִׂית שֵׁם גָּרוֹל וְקָרוֹש בְּעוֹלָמֶה וּלְעַמְה	
יִשְּׁרָאֵל עָשִׁיתָ הְּשׁוּעָה גְּרוֹלָה וּפֻּרְקָן כְּהַיּוֹם הַזֶּה: וְאָחַר בֵּן בָּאוּ	
בָגָיד לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶה וּפִנּוּ אֶת הֵיכָלֶה וְטִהֲרוּ אֶת מִקְדָשֶׁׁד וְהִדְלִיקוּ	
נֵרוֹת בְּחַצְרוֹת קַרְשֶּׁךּ וְקָבְעוּ שְׁמוֹנַת יְמֵי חֲנָכָּה אֵׁלּוּ לְהוֹדוֹת וּלְהַלֵּל	
לְשִׁמְדּ הַגָּרוֹל:)	
	I
וְעַל כָּלָם יִתְבָּרַה וְיִתְרוֹמֵם שִׁמְהּ מַלְבֵּׁנוּ תָּמִיד לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד:	I
(On Shabbat Shuvah add: יּקָרִיתֶּבי בְרִיתֶּד: בְרִיתֶּבי אָחַיִּים טוּבִים פַּל־בְּנֵי בְרִיתֶּד:	I
	I
וְכֹל הַחַיִּים יוֹדֿוּך פֶֿלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שִׁמְךּ בֶּאֲמֶת הָאֵל יְשוּעֲתֵׁנוּ	I
יְעֶזְרָתֵׁנוּ סֶֿלָה: בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה הַטּוֹב שִׁמְדּ וּלְדּ נָאֶה לְהוֹרוֹת:→	I
	I
	I I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	1
103 / AMIDAH	

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

11 _

	/ BLESSING FOR PEACE
are the sovereign source of all p	for Israel, your people. For you beace. So, may it be a good thing ble Israel, and all who dwell on with your peace.
proper sustenance, may we be re	ok of life, blessing, peace, and membered and inscribed, we and Israel, for a good life and for
Blessed are you, COMPASSIONAT	TE ONE, maker of peace.
The Amidah traditionally concludes with bo	wing and taking three steps back.
who dwell on earth" proclaims that not for itself alone, but for all huma Maker of peace. This ar in its most universal form was assignd	ncient version of the prayer for peace ed in the traditional liturgy to the ten
days of <i>teshuvah</i> . During the year the Israel with peace." In our times, wh	ed in the traditional liturgy to the ten e text read, "who blesses your people nen life has been transformed by the n, the need of the hour calls for the
constant threat of global destruction	and the second second second
more universal form of the prayer th	
more universal form of the prayer th	name is shalom, everything is held ZOHAR
more universal form of the prayer th KAVANAH. God is shalom. God's r together by shalom. My God, you are <i>salam</i> peace. Peace comes from you goes back to	name is shalom, everything is held ZOHAR
more universal form of the prayer th KAVANAH. God is shalom. God's r together by shalom. My God, you are <i>salam</i> peace.	name is shalom, everything is held ZOHAR
more universal form of the prayer th KAVANAH. God is shalom. God's r together by shalom. My God, you are <i>salam</i> peace. Peace comes from you goes back to Let us live in peace and with peace.	name is shalom, everything is held ZOHAR you.

	Job Name: /423175t
	בּרַכַּת הַשָּׁלוֹם
-t	
	עַלוֹם רָב עַל יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמְדָ תָּשִׁים לְעוּלָם: כִּי אַתָּה הוּא מֶׁלֶ עוֹל רָב עַל יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמְדָ
ק־יושְבֵי	לְכַל הַשְּׁלוֹם: וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֻֿיִהְ לְבָרֵךְ אֶת עַמְה יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאֶת כַּל
	תֵבַל בְּכָל עֵת וּבְכָל שָׁעָה בִשְׁלוֹמֶׂדּ:
	On Shabbat Shuvah add:
ד אֲנַֿחָנוּ	(בְּסֵׁפֶר חַיִּים בְּרָכָה וְשָׁלוֹם וּפַרְנָסָה טוֹבָה נִזְכֵר וְנִכְּתֵב לְפָנֻֿיף
	וְכַל עַמְד בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם:)
	בַּרוּף אַתַּה יהוה עוֹשֵׂה הַשֵּׁלוֹם:
	n rav al yisra'el ameḥa tasim le'olam.
	1 hu <u>me</u> leḥ adon leḥol hashalom. be'eyneḥa levareḥ et ameḥa yisra'el
	ol yoshvey tevel
	et uvhol sha'ah bishlo <u>me</u> ha.
On Shabba	bat Shuvah add:
•	r ḥayim beraḥah veshalom ufarnasah tovah
	r venikatev lefa <u>ne</u> ḥa 1 veḥol ameḥa beyt yisra'el
	n tovim ulshalom.)
	atah adonay osey hashalom.
The Amid	dah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back.
105 / A	AMIDAH
,	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

ELOHAY NETZOR/A CONCLUDING MEDITATION Dear God, protect my tongue from evil, 1 and my lips from telling lies. 1 May I turn away from evil and do what is good in your sight. Let me be counted among those who seek peace. May my words of prayer and my heart's meditation be seen favorably, Т BELOVED ONE, my rock and my redeemer. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, 1 and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. 1 COMMENTARY. The Talmud lists examples of twelve personal meditations that could follow the Amidah. If this one does not speak to you, compose your own, or stand or sit in silent meditation. L.W.K. NOTE. Like the opening verse of the Amidah, this prayer employs the sin-T gular and deals with the power of words. But here the concern is for words between people, not for those directed to God. Some people find it easier to talk to God than to talk to others. L.W.K. 1 KAVANAH. Sin is the failure to live up to the best that is in us. It means that our souls are not attuned to the divine-that we have betrayed God. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) יהיו ... וגואלי / May ... redeemer (Psalm 19:15). T SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 106 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

-	/423175t

Job Name: --

_

	אֱלהֵי נְצוֹר
	אֱלהַי נְצוֹר לְשוֹנִי מֵרָע וּשְׂפָתַי מִדַּבֵּר מִרְמָה:
	יְהִי רָצוֹן שֶׁאָסוּר מֵרָע וְהַטּוֹב בְּעֵינֶֿידְ אָעֲשָׁה יְהִי חֶלְקִי עִם מְבַקְשֵׁי שָׁלוֹם וְרוֹדְפָיו:
	יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִּי וְהֶגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֻֿיוּ יהוה צוּרִי וְגוּאֲלִי:
	עוֹשָׁה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו הוּא יַצְשָׁה שָׁלוּם עָלֵּינוּ וְעַל בְּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל בְּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תַבֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵזָ:
Yihyu leratzon imrey f vehegyon libi lefa <u>ne</u> ha adonay tzuri vego'ali. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom al <u>ey</u> nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.	, ,
107 / ELOHAY NETZ	OR/A CONCLUDING MEDITATION

L

VAYHULU / CREATION COMPLETED
"Heaven, earth, and all their beings were finished. Go completed on the seventh day the work that had been done, an ceased upon the seventh day from all the work that had bee done. God blessed the seventh day and set it apart. For on it Go had ceased from all the work that had been done in carrying ou Creation."
ME'EYN SHEVA / REPRISE OF THE AMIDAH
Blessed are you, THE ANCIENT ONE, our God, God of ou ancestors, God of Abraham God of Isaac God of Jacob great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, who creates the heavens and the earth.
KAVANAH. Shabbat represents the affirmation that life is not vain or futile but supremely worthwhile. M.M.K. (ADAPTEI אויכלו לעשות / Heaven Creation (Genesis 2:1-3).

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

וּיְכֵלֵּוּ הַשָּׁמֵיִם וְהָאֶֶרֶץ וְכֵל־צְבָאָם: וַיְכֵל אֶלהִים בַּיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי Т מְלַאְכְתָוֹ אֲשֶׁר עָשֶׁה וַיִּשְׁבֹת בַּיּוֹם הַשְׁבִיעִי מִבֵּל־מְלַאְכְתוֹ אֲשֶׁר Т עַשַּה: וַיְבָרָךָ אֵלֹהִים אֶת־יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיאִי וַיְקָדָש אֹתוֹ כִּי כָוֹ שָׁבַת Т מכּל־מלַאכתו אַשָּר־בָּרָא אָלהִים לַעַשוֹת: T בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהֵינוּ ואלהי אָבוֹתִינוּ ואָמוֹתֿינוּ: Т אלהי שרה אלהי אברהם אלהי רבקה אלהי יצחק אלהי רחל אלהי יעקב Т ואלהי לאה: Т הָאָל הַגָּרוֹל הַגְּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרֵא אֵל עֵלִיוֹז קוֹנֵה שַׁמַיִם וַאָּרֵץ: ----Т Vayhulu hashamayim veha'aretz vehol tzeva'am 1 vayhal elohim bayom hashevi'i melahto asher asah vayishbot bayom hashevi'i mikol melahto asher asah. T Vayvareh elohim et yom hashevi'i vaykadesh oto ki vo shavat mikol melahto asher bara elohim la'asot. Т Baruh atah adonay eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu Т elohey avraham, elohey sarah elohey yitzhak, elohey rivkah elohey ya'akov, elohey rahel T veylohey le'ah ha'el hagadol hagibor vehanora el elyon Т koney shamayim va'aretz. 1 109 / ME'EYN SHEVA/REPRISE OF THE AMIDAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Shielding our ancestors with a word, a speech enlivening all beings, Т the holy God (On Shabbat Shuvah: the holy Sovereign), to whom no being can compare, 1 who gives this people rest upon the holy Shabbat-1 yes, God is pleased to give them rest! We stand in the divine presence, awed and trembling, and offer up continually our thankful prayer, our expression of praise. Т God to whom all thanks are due, the source of peace, who sanctifies Shabbat, who blesses the seventh day and gives rest in holiness 1 to a people steeped in Shabbat joy, in memory of Creation in the beginning. מגן אבות / Magen Avot summarizes the Shabbat Amidah. It refers to each of the seven blessings in order: shielding ancestors, giving life, providing holiness, ordaining Shabbat, allowing worship, inspiring thanks, blessing with peace. Perhaps once an alternative Amidah, Magen Avot today provides T a joyous communal reprise of the themes first invoked in the privacy of the Amidah. D.A.T. 1 SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 110 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

	Job Name: /423175t
	מֵצֵיז שֶׁבַע
זָאַל (הַמֶּלֶך) הַקָּרוֹש שֶאֵין	מָגַז אָבוּת בּּרְבָרוֹ מְחַיֵּה כֵּל חַי בְּמַאֲמָרוֹ וָ
	כָּמוֹהוּ הַמֵּגִיחַ לְעַמּו בְּיוֹם שַבַּת קַדְשוּ (
וּוֹ בְּכֵל יוֹם תָּמִיד מֵצֵין	לְפָנָיו נַעֲבֹר בְּיִרְאָה וָפַֿחַר וְנוֹדָה לִשְׁמ
דַש הַשַּבָּת וּמְבָרֵף שְׁבִיעִי	הַבְּרָכוֹת: אֵל הַהוֹדָאוֹת אֲדוֹן הַשָּׁלוֹם מְקַ
יעשה בְרֵאשִׁית: →	וּמֵנִֿיחַ בִּקְרָשָׁה לְעַם מְרָשְׁנֵי־עָׁנָג זֵכֶר לְמַ
Magen avot bidvaro	
meḥayey kol ḥay bema'a ha'el (On Shabbat Shuvah: ha	maro. meleḥ) hakadosh she'eyn kamohu
hameniah le'amo beyom	
ki vam ratzah lehani'ah	lahem.
Lefanav na'avod beyirah venodeh lishmo behol yo	
me'eyn haberahot.	om tanno
El hahoda'ot adon hasha	
mekadesh hashabbat um	
ume <u>ni</u> aḥ bikdushah le'an <u>ze</u> ḥer lema'asey vereyshi	
	← ⊃
111 / ME'EYN SHEVA/	REPRISE OF THE AMIDAH
,	

_

_

TRADITIONAL VERSION

Our God, our ancients' God, take pleasure in our rest. Make us holy through your mitzvot. Make us a part of Torah. Let us enjoy the good things of your world and rejoice in all your saving acts. Refine our hearts to serve you honestly. Help us to perpetuate, with love and joy, your holy Shabbat. Let all Israel, and all who treat your name as holy, rest upon this day. Blessed are you, BELOVED ONE, source of the holiness of Shabbat.

ALTERNATIVE VERSION

1

Т

1

Т

T

T

Т

Shabbat of holiness, beloved and blessed, may your glory dwell amidst the people of your holy place.

In you, our queen, we find our rest.

And in your holy mitzvot our souls rejoice.

With your goodness we are content.

In you our hearts grow pure,

and in your Shabbat rest we find true worship.

Holy Shabbat, source of blessing,

may you, too, be blessed in our rest.

And blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who makes Shabbat holy.

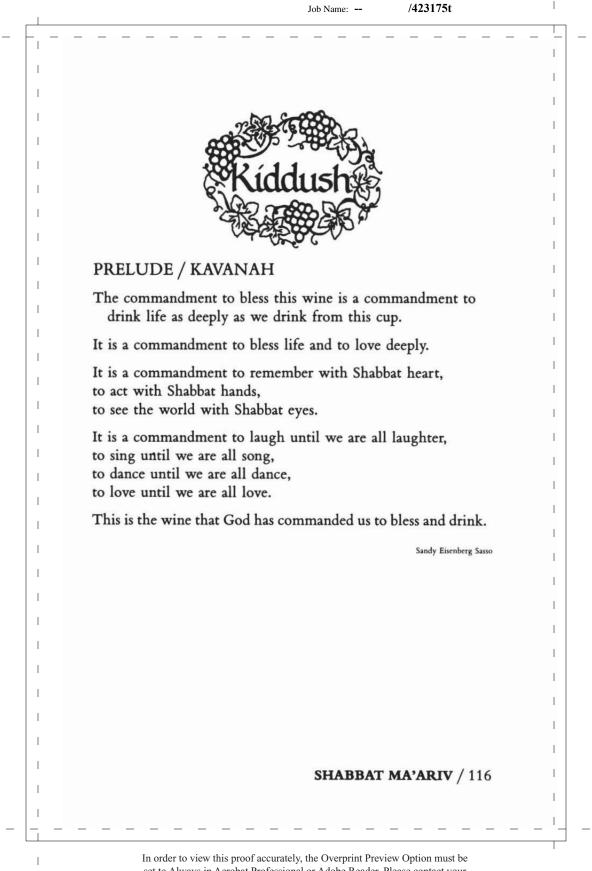
אצרת קרש האהובה / Shabbat of holiness. This original Hebrew text addresses Shabbat in feminine language, as bride and as queen. She is the subject of our affection and the source of our sustenance. We ask that her blessing dwell in our midst for peace and joy. We ask, too, that the Jewish people bless Shabbat with their love and devotion.

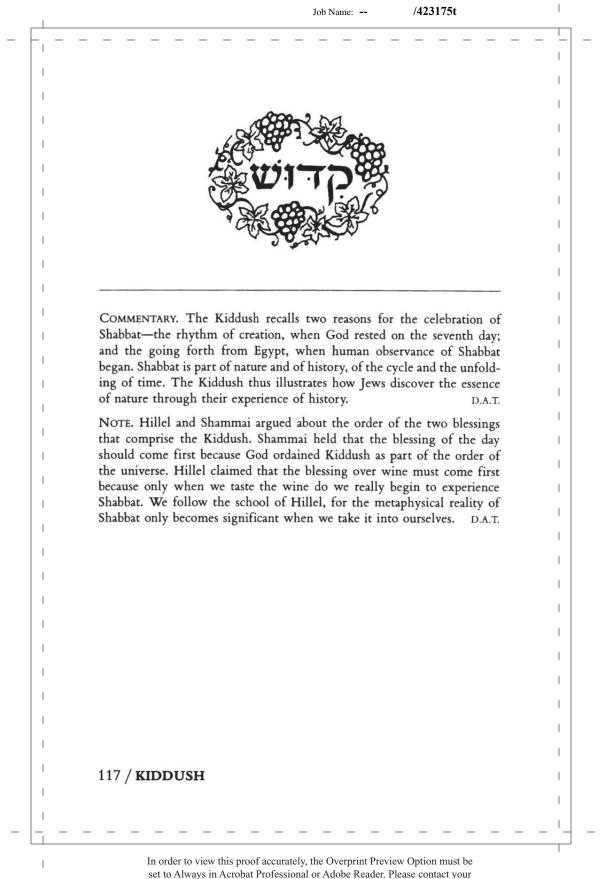
SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 112

TRADITIONAL VERSION אַלהַינוּ וָאלהֵי אַבוֹתֵינוּ וְאָמוֹתֵינוּ רְצֵה בְמָנוּחַתֵּנוּ קַדְשֵׁנוּ בִּמִצוֹתֵידָ 1 ותן חלקנו בתורתה שַבְעַנו מְטוּבָר וְשַמְחֵנו בִּישוּעָתה וְטָהֵר לְבֵּנוּ 1 לְעַכִדְּךָ בָּאַמֵת: וְהַנְחִילֵנוּ יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ בָּאַהֵבָה וּבְרָצוֹן שֲבַּת קֵדְשָׁהָ: 1 וְיַנֿוּחוּ בָה כֵּל יִשְׁרָאֵל מְקַדְשֵׁי שְׁמֵׁדִ: בָּרוּדְ אַתַּה יהוה מִקַדֵּש הַשַּבַּת: Eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu Т retzey vimnuhatenu. Kadeshenu bemitzvoteha 1 veten helkenu betorateha. Sabe'enu mituveha 1 vesamehenu bishu'ateha Т vetaher libenu le'ovdeha be'emet. Vehanhilenu adonay eloheynu T be'ahavah uvratzon shabbat kodsheha veyanuhu vah yisra'el mekadeshey shemeha. Т Baruh atah adonay mekadesh hashabbat. 1 **ALTERNATIVE VERSION** T שַׁבַּת לְּדֵש הַאֲהוּבַה וְהַבִּרוּכַה Т יִשְׁכּוֹן כִּבוֹדֵךְ בִּלֵב עַם מִקַדְשֵׁך: 1 בָּך נִמְצָא מְנוּחַתֵנוּ ובמצות קדשתך תגל נפשנוי בּטוּבֵה נִשְּׁבַע וּבַה יִטְהַר לְבֵּנוּ T וּבְמַנוּחֵתֶךּ נַבוֹא לַעַבוֹדַת אֱמֵת: שבת קרש מקור הברכה Т הְתַבָּרְכִי גַּם אַתִּ בִּמְנוּחֵתָנוּ בַרוּך אַתַה יהוה מִקַדָש הַשָּבַת: 113 / ME'EYN SHEVA/REPRISE OF THE AMIDAH

KADDISH TITKABAL / KADDISH FOR COMPLETING PRAYER 1 Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Т Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed though it be higher (On Shabbat 1 Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. 1 And may the prayer and supplication of the whole house of Israel be acceptable to their creator in the heavens. And say: Amen. 1 May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and T for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. KAVANAH. Adding the rabbinic phrase "ve'al kol yoshvey tevel" (and for all who dwell on earth) logically completes the concentric circles of our aspirations-our care starts with our minyan, extends to the entire Jewish people, and radiates outward from there to all who share our planet. D.A.T. Т SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 114 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

T קדיש תתקבל ויתקדש שמה רבא בעלמא די ברא כרעותה וימליד T יתגדל דְכֵל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּצַגָלָא וּבִזְמַן מַלְכוּתֵה בַּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבִיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבָחַיֵּי I T קריב ואמרו אמן: I. יהא שמה רבא מברד לעלם ולעלמי עלמיא: T ויתעלה ויתנשא T ויתהדר ויתרומם וישתבח תפאר יתברד וִיִתְהַלֵּר שְׁמֵה דְקָרְשָּא בְּרִיךְ הוּא L ושירתא ברכתא (On Shabbat Shuvah add: מן כל T הַשְּׁבְּחָתָא וְנָחֲמֶתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעַלְמָא וְאָמְרוּ אַמֵן: Т L בּית יִשְׁרָאֵל קַדָם אֲבוּהוֹן דִי תְּקַבֵּל צָלוֹתְהוֹז וּבַעוּתָהוֹז דְּכֵל T בשמיא ואמרו אמן: L יהא שלמא רבא מן שמיא וחיים עלינו ועל כל ישראל ואמרו אמן: T עושה שַלום בִּמְרוֹמֵיו הוּא יַצַשָּה שַלום עַלֵּינוּ וִעַל כֵּל יִשְׁרָאֵל וִעַל T L כל יושבי תבל ואמרו אמן: L 1 Yehey shemey raba mevarah le'alam ulalmey almaya. 1 Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu ve'al kol 1 yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen. Т T 1 Т T 1 T T Т T Т 115 / KADDISH TITKABAL T L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I





We rise for Kiddush. With the permission of this company: Blessed are you, THE BOUNDLESS ONE, our God, sovereign of all worlds, who creates the fruit of the vine. Blessed are you, THE SOURCE OF LIFE, our God, sovereign of all worlds, who has set us apart with your mitzvot and taken pleasure in us, and the holy Shabbat with love and favor made our possession, a remembrance of the work of Creation. For it is the first of all the holy days proclaimed, a symbol of the Exodus from Egypt. For you have called to us and set us apart to serve you, and given us to keep in love and favor, your holy Shabbat. Blessed are you, THE SOURCE OF WONDER, who sets apart Shabbat. From the eve of the second day of Pesah through the evening before Shavuot, the counting of the Omer, page 674, is inserted here. לי אלינו קראת / for you have called to us. The traditional Ashkenazi Kiddush refers to the chosenness of the Jewish people here (בי בנו בחרת / ki vanu vaharta / for you have chosen us). Reconstructionists have traditionally omitted this phrase. The 1945 Reconstructionist prayerbook substituted כי אותנו קרבת לעבורתף / ki otanu keravta la'avodateha / for you have drawn us near to your service. While the Ashkenazi version was rejected because of the chauvinism and triumphalism it has often sheltered, the 1945 Reconstructionist substitute neither deals with the issue of holiness as voiced in the traditional version (ki otanu kidashta), nor lends itself easily to song. The version used here imagines a God who calls all humanity and makes holy those who, like Israel, heed the call and engage in God's service. In this way biblical phrasing, Reconstructionist theology, and the search for holiness are seamlessly joined. D.A.T. SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 118

1

Т

Ι

1	
	We rise for Kiddush.
	סַבְרֵי חֲבַרֵי:
	ַּכְרוּהַ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ מֶּלֶה הָעוּלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגְּפֶן: בְּרוּהַ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ מֶּלֶה הָעוּלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגְּפֶן:
I I	בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶׁלֶף הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְרָצָה בְּנוּ וְשֵׁבָּת קַרְשּוֹ בְּאַהֲכָה וּבְרָצוֹן הִנְחִילָנוּ זִכָּרוֹן לְמַעֲשֵׁה בְרֵאשִׁית: כִּי הוּא יוֹם הְחִילָה לְמִקְרָאֵי לֹּרֶש זֵׁכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם: כִּי אֵלֵׁינו
	ָּבְּאַהֲכָה וּבְרָצוֹן קָרָאָת וְאוֹתָנוּ קַדַּשְׁתָ לַעֲבוֹדָתֶׁדּ וְשֵׁנַּת קַרְשְׁדּ בְּאַהֲכָה וּבְרָצוֹן הִנְחַלְתְּנוּ: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה מְקַדֵּש הַשֵּׁבָּת:
	Savrey ḥaveray. Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam borey peri hagafen.
	Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam
	asher kide <u>sha</u> nu bemitzvotav veratzah <u>va</u> nu veshabbat kodsho be'ahavah uvratzon hinhilanu
	zikaron lema'asey vereshit.
	Ki hu yom tehilah lemikra'ey <u>ko</u> desh
	zeḥer litzi'at mitz <u>ra</u> yim. Ki eleynu karata ve'otanu kidashta la'avodateḥa
1	veshabbat kodsheha be'ahavah uvratzon hinhaltanu. Baruh atah adonay mekadesh hashabbat.
	From the eve of the second day of Pesah through the evening before Shavuot, the counting of the Omer, page 674, is inserted here.
	119 / KIDDUSH

I	ALEYNU
	We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "bend the knee." For an alternative version see page 126. For additional readings see pages 737-739, 748, 772-774, 776-777, 803-804. Choose one of the following:
I	It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all,
	to declare the greatness of the author of Creation,
	who gave to us teachings of truth
	and planted eternal life within us.
	It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all,
	to declare the greatness of the author of Creation,
	who created heaven's heights and spread out its expanse,
	who laid the earth's foundation and brought forth its offspring,
	giving life to all its peoples,
	the breath of life to all who walk about.
	COMMENTARY. This siddur offers several versions of the Aleynu. The first,
	which appeared in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur, emphasizes that the
	gift of God's Torah or teaching demands our committed response. The second version, based on Isaiah 42:5 and fit into the <i>Aleynu</i> by Rabbi Max
	D. Klein, emphasizes that our obligation to God flows from our role as part
	of Creation. The traditional <i>Aleynu</i> that appears below the line has troubled Reconstructionist Jews because it implies the inferiority of other faiths and
	peoples. D.A.T.
	SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 120

Job Name:	 /423175t
Job Name:	 /423175t

We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "korim." Choose one of the following: Т עַלֵּינוּ לִשְׁבַּחַ לַאָרוֹן הַכּּל Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol Т לַתֵּת גִּרְלֵה לִיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית T latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit שנתן לנו תורת אמת shenatan lanu torat emet T וְחַיֵּי עוֹלָם נַטַע בְּתוֹכֵנוּ: vehayey olam nata betohenu. I. Т L Continue on page 123. Т Т Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol עַלֵּינוּ לְשֵׁבֵּחַ לַאֲרוֹן הַכּּל T latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit לַתֶת גִּדְלֵה לִיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית T bore hashamayim venoteyhem בורא השמים ונוטיהם 1 roka ha'aretz vetze'etza'eha רקע הארץ וצאצאיה Т noten neshamah la'am aleha נֹתֵן נְשָׁמָה לָעָם עַלֵּיה 1 veruah laholehim bah ורוח להלכים בה: Continue on page 123. T L L T עַלִינוּ לְשָׁבַּחַ לָאָרוֹן הַכּל לְתַת גִּרְלָה It is up to us to offer praises to the Т Source of all, to declare the great-בראשית שלא עשנו כגויי ליוצר ness of the author of Creation, who Т הארצות ולא שמנו כמשפחות הארמה has made us different from the T other nations of the earth, and situ-שלא שם חלקנו כהם וגורלנו ככל ated us in quite a different spot, and המונם: made our daily lot another kind I from theirs, and given us a destiny uncommon in this world. 1 1 Ĩ 121 / ALEYNU Т

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

And so, we bend the knee and bow, acknowledging the sovereign who rules above all those who rule, the blessed Holy One, Т who stretched out the heavens and founded the earth, 1 whose realm embraces heaven's heights, 1 whose mighty presence stalks celestial ramparts. This is our God; there is none else besides, as it is written in the Torah: "You shall know this day, and bring it home Т inside your heart, that THE SUPREME ONE is God in the heavens above and on the earth below. There is no other God." 1 1 1 DERASH. Every person and people that feel they have something to live for, and that are bent on living that life in righteousness, are true witnesses of God. M.M.K. 1 KAVANAH. As the hand held before the eye hides the tallest mountain, so 1 this small earthly life hides from our gaze the vast radiance and secrets of which the world is full, and if we can take life from before our eyes, as one takes away one's hand, we will see the great radiance within the T world. M.B. (ADAPTED) וידעת ... עוד / You ... other God (Deuteronomy 4:39). 1 SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 122 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

ואַנַחַנוּ כּוֹרַעִים וּמִשְׁתַחַוִים וּמוֹדִים לִפְנֵי מֶלֶך מַלְכֵי הַמְּלָכִים הקרוש ברוך הוא: Т שָׁהוּא נוֹטֵה שַׁמַיִם וִיוֹסֵר אָרֵץ וּמוֹשָב יִקָרוֹ בַּשָּׁמַיִם מְמַעָל וּשָׁכִינַת Т עזּו בְּגַבְהֵי מִרוֹמִים: הוּא אֵלהֵינוּ אֵין עוֹד: אֲמֵת מַלְבֶּנוּ אָפָס זוּלַתו Т כַּכַּתוּב בְּתוֹרַתוֹ: וְיָדַעָתָ הַיּוֹם וַהֲשֵׁבֹתָ אֵל לְבָבֶׁך כִּי יהוה הוּא T הָאֱלֹהִים בַּשֶׁמַׁיִם מִמַּעַל וְעַל הָאָָרֶץ מִהָּחַת אֵין עור: ---Т Va'anahnu korim umishtahavim umodim lifney meleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. Т Т Shehu noteh shamayim veyosed aretz umoshav yekaro bashamayim mima'al T ush-hinat uzo begovhey meromim. T Hu eloheynu eyn od. T Emet malkenu efes zulato kakatuv betorato. 1 Veyadata hayom vahashevota el levaveha ki adonay hu ha'elohim bashamayim mima'al ve'al ha'aretz Т mitahat eyn od. 1 T Т 1 Т 123 / ALEYNU In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Job Name: --

/423175t

And so, we put our hope in you, THE EMINENCE, our God, that soon we may behold 1 the full splendor of your might, 1 and see idolatry vanish from the earth, and all material gods be swept away, and the power of your rule repair the world, and all creatures of flesh call on your name, and all the wicked of the earth turn back to you. Т Let all who dwell upon the globe perceive and know that to you each knee must bend, each tongue swear oath, and let them give the glory of your name its precious due. Let all of them take upon themselves your rule. 1 Reign over them, soon and for always. For this is all your realm, throughout all worlds, across all 1 timeas it is written in your Torah: "THE ETERNAL ONE will reign now and forever." And it is written: "THE EVERLASTING ONE will reign as sovereign over all the earth. T On that day shall THE MANY NAMED be one, God's name be one!" KAVANAH. A world of God callers is a world of truth and peace, a world where the lust for power, greed, and envy-the idols of pride-is uprooted from the individual and group psyche. S.P.W. Т SHABBAT MA'ARIV / 124 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

על כּן נקוּה לךּ יהוה אַלהֿינוּ לָרָאוֹת מְהָרָה בְּתִפְאָרָת עָזָּך לְהַעָבִיר גּלּוּלים מן הַאָּרָץ וְהַאָלִילִים כַּרוֹת יְכָּרֵתוּן לְתַקָּן עוֹלָם בְּמַלְכוּת Т שַׁדֵּי: וְכֵל בְּנֵי בָשָׁר יִקִרְאוּ בִשְׁמֵׁהּ: לְהַפִּנוֹת אֵלֵׁיהּ כֵּל רִשְׁעֵי אַׁרֵץ: 1 יַפִּירוּ וְיֵדְעוּ בֶּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל כִּי לְהָ תִּכְרַע בֵּל בֶּׁרֶה תִּשָּׁבַע בֵּל־לָשוֹן: 1 לפניה יהוה אלהינו יכרעו ויפלו ולכבור שמה יקר יהגו ויקבלו 1 כלם את על מלכותר ותמלך עליהם מהרה לעולם ועד: כִּי הַמַּלְכוּת שֵׁלָה הִיא וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עַד הַמָלֹדְ בְּכָבוֹד כַּכָּתוּב בְּתוֹרָתֶה: Т יהוה יִמְלֹדְ לְעֹלֵם וַעֲר: וְנָאֵמֵר: וְהָיָה יהוה לְמֵלֶדְ עַל כֵּל הָאָר 1 ביום ההוא יהיה יהוה אחר ושמו אחר: 1 1 Kakatuv betorateha: Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. Vene'emar: Vehayah adonay lemeleh al kol ha'aretz. T Bayom hahu yihyeh adonay ehad ushmo ehad. 1 1 DERASH. When senseless hatred reigns on earth and people hide their faces 1 from one another, then heaven is forced to hide its face. But when love comes to rule the earth and people reveal their faces to one another, then the splendor of God will be revealed. M.B. (ADAPTED) T DERASH. It is not the seeking after God that divides but the claim to have Т found God and to have discovered the only proper way of obeying God 1 and communing with God. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) 1 יהוה...ועד / THE ETERNAL ONE ... forever (Exodus 15:18). Т דהיה... אחר / THE EVERLASTING ONE ... one (Zechariah 14:9). T Т 1 125 / ALEYNU Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Job Name: --

/423175t

ALTERNATIVE VERSION	
It is up to us	
to hallow Creation,	
to respond to Life	
with the fullness of our lives.	
It is up to us	
to meet the World, to embrace the Whole	
even as we wrestle	
with its parts.	
It is up to us	
to repair the World	
and to bind our lives to Truth.	
Therefore we bend the knee	
and shake off the stiffness that keeps us from the subtle	
graces of Life	
and the supple	
gestures of Love.	
With reverence	
and thanksgiving we accept our destiny	
and set for ourselves	
the task of redemption.	
	Rami M. Shapiro
MA'	RIV / 126

Job Name: --

/423175t And then all that has divided us will merge T And then compassion will be wedded to power And then softness will come to a world that is harsh and unkind 1 And then both men and women will be gentle 1 And then both women and men will be strong 1 And then no person will be subject to another's will And then all will be rich and free and varied And then the greed of some will give way to the needs of many T And then all will share equally in the Earth's abundance And then all will care for the sick and the weak and the old 1 And then all will nourish the young And then all will cherish life's creatures 1 And then all will live in harmony with each other and the Earth And then everywhere will be called Eden once again. 1 Judy Chicago 127 / ALEYNU Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

It is customary to acknowledge mourners on the S first return to the synagogue following the death o the words:	
ּר אֲבַלֵי צִיּוֹן וִירוּשֶׁלָיִם:	הַמָּקום יְנַחֵם אֶתְכֶם בְּתוּד שְׁאָ
May God console you among t Jerusalem.	he mourners of Zion and
INTRODUCTION TO THE MO	DURNERS' KADDISH
In reciting the Kaddish we affirm our world. Much of our experience and love has come to us through th our own. (Today we remember) power of love and caring as we sam	ce of divine goodness, grace ose whose lives have touched We invoke the transcendent
Love is not changed by Death, and not narvest.	hing is lost and all in the end is Edith Sitwell
NOTE. Congregations usually mention the relatives who have died in the previous w Kaddish. In many congregations a Yahr nformal settings the leader sometimes in names of those they wish to be rememb	eek before reciting the Mourners' zeit list is read as well. In more nvites those present to speak the
	MA'ARIV / 128

_

_

_

_

—

<section-header><section-header><section-header><section-header><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></section-header></section-header></section-header></section-header>	
It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796. Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On shabbat Shuwah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	
It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796. Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On shabbat Shuwah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	
It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796. Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On shabbat Shuwah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	
 congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796. Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832. 	THE MOURNERS' KADDISH
 was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuwah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832. 	
as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the
honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	
Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Aḥat Sha'alti, page 832.	honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and
for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / Kaddish yatom/mourners' kaddish	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH	
	129 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH

Job Name:	 /423175t
soo rume.	/ 1201/00

—

KADDISH YATOM
<i>Reader:</i> Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma divra ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.
Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya.
Reader: Yitbaraḥ veyishtabaḥ veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha beriḥ hu le'ela (On Shabbat Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birḥata veshirata tushbeḥata veneḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
Yehey shelama raba min shemaya veḥayim aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'imru amen. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.
During the month of Elul many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.
MANADAY (120
MA'ARIV / 130

קדיש יתום Т It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. T Т יִתְגַּדֵּל וִיִתְקַדֵּשׁ שִׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִידְ L T מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכֶל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעָגָלָא וּבִזְמַן T קריב ואמרו אמו: T יְהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַף לְעָלָם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא: L T Т ויתעלה ויתהדר ויתנשא ויתרומם יתברך וישתבח ויתפאר T ויתהלל שמה דקדשא בריד הוא T בּרכתא כל לְעָרָא (לְעָרָא (לְעָרָא add: Shuvah add: לְעָרָא (לְעָרָא) T ושירתא T אַמָן: אַמָקָא וְנָחֱמָתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: T יְהֵא שְׁלָמֶא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בֶּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: 1 עוֹשֵׁה שָׁלוֹם בִּמְרוֹמָיו הוּא יַצַשָּה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בֶּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל 1 כַּל יוּשָׁבֵי תֵבֵל וָאָמְרוּ אַמֵן: Т During the month of Elul, many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832. T Т T Т Т T T Т Т Ĩ 131 / KADDISH YATOM/MOURNERS' KADDISH Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

					Job N	ame:		
 _	 	 _	_	_	 _	_	_	_

/423175t

_

ADON OLAM / CROWN OF ALL TIME
This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.
Crown of all time, the one who reigned before all mortal shape was made, and when God's will brought forth all things then was the name supreme proclaimed.
And after everything is gone, yet One alone, awesome, will reign. God was, and is, and will remain, in splendid balance, over all.
And God is One, no second is, none can compare, or share God's place. Without beginning, without end, God's is all might and royal grace.
This is my God, my help who lives, refuge from pain in time of trial, my banner, and my place to fly, my cup's portion when, dry, I cry.
To God's kind hand I pledge my soul each time I sleep, again to wake, and with my soul, this body, here. YAH's love is mine; I shall not fear.
KAVANAH. God is that aspect of reality which elicits from us the best that is in us and enables us to bear the worst that can befall us. M.M.K.
MA'ARIV / 132

ארון עולם בִּטֵׁרֵם כֵּל יִצִיר נִבְרָא: אדון עולם אשר מלך T אַזֵי מֵלֶך שָׁמוֹ נִקָרָא: לעת נעשה בחפצו כל 1 לְבַדּוֹ יָמָלֹדְ נוֹרַא: וְאַחֲרֵי כִּכְלוֹת הַכּּל 1 I. והוא יהיה בתפארה: והוא היה והוא הוה I להמשיל לו להחבירה: והוא אחר ואין שני T I. ולו העז והמשרה: בלי ראשית בלי תכלית וצור הַבְלִי בְּעֵת צְרָה: וְהוּא אֵלִי וְחֵי גּוֹאַלִי 1 מנת כּוֹסִי בִּיוֹם אָקָרָא: והוא נסי ומנוס לי 1 בעת אישן ואעירה: אפקיד רוחי 1 בידו L יהוה לי ולא אירא: גויתי T ועם רוחי I. T Adon olam asher malah, beterem kol yetzir nivra. 1 Le'et na'asah veheftzo kol, azay meleh shemo nikra. Ve'aharey kihlot hakol, levado yimloh nora. Vehu hayah vehu hoveh, vehu yihyeh betifarah. T Vehu ehad ve'eyn sheni, lehamshil lo lehahbirah. 1 Beli reshit beli tahlit, velo ha'oz vehamisrah. T Vehu eli vehay go'ali, vetzur hevli be'et tzarah. T Vehu nisi umanos li, menat kosi beyom ekra. Beyado afkid ruhi, be'et ishan ve'a'irah. T Ve'im ruhi geviyati, adonay li velo ira. 1 Т T 1 T 1 1 I Т 133 / CONCLUDING SONGS T In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Job Name: --

/423175t

	I
YIGDAL / GREAT IS	
This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.	
Great is the living God,	
to whom we give our praise,	
who is, and whose great being	
is timeless, without days. the One, to whom in oneness	I
no one can compare,	I
invisible, in unity	I
unbounded, everywhere,	I
Who has no body's form,	I
has no material dress,	I
nor can we find the likeness	I
of God's awesome holiness,	1
more ancient than all things	
brought forth in creation,	I
the first of everything that is, Beginning unbegun!	I
Behold the supreme being, whose universal power,	
whose greatness and whose rule	I
all creatures shall declare,	I
whose flow of prophecy	I
was granted to a few,	I
the treasured ones who stood amid	1
God's splendor ever new.	I
	1
	I
	I
	I
MA'ARIV / 134	I
	I

יגדל אלהים חי וישתבח

אֵין לו דְמוּת הַגוּף וְאֵינוֹ גוּף

קרמון לכל דבר אשר נברא

הַנּוֹ אֲרוֹז עוֹלָם וְכַל נוֹצר

שפע נבואתו נתנו אל

אַחָר וָאֵין יַחִיד כִּיִחוּדו

נִמְצָא וְאֵין עֵת אֶל מְצִיאוּתו: נֶעְלָם וְגַם אֵין סוּף לְאַחְדוּתו: לא נַעֲרוֹדְ אֵלָיו קְדֻשָּׁתו: רִאשוֹן וְאֵין רֵאשִׁית לְרֵאשִׁיתו: יוֹרֶה גְדֻלָּתו וּמַלְכוּתו: → אַנַשֵׁי סָגַלַתו וְתָפָאַרְתו:

1

1

1

Т

T

T

T

Т

T

Т

1

1

T

Т

1

Т

Yigdal elohim ḥay veyishtabaḥ, nimtza ve'eyn et el metzi'uto. Eḥad ve'eyn yaḥid keyiḥudo, nelam vegam eyn sof le'aḥduto. Eyn lo demut haguf ve'eyno guf, lo na'aroḥ elav kedushato. Kadmon leḥol davar asher nivra, rishon ve'eyn reyshit lereyshito.

Hino adon olam vehol notzar, yoreh gedulato umalhuto. Shefa nevu'ato netano el, anshey segulato vetifar-to.

NOTE. Yigdal was written by Daniel ben Judah, a fourteenth century poet. He based it upon Maimonides's Thirteen Articles of Faith. We have attempted to make the closing line more acceptable to the contemporary worshipper by referring to the sustenance of life, rather than resurrection of the dead, as the true testimony of God's blessing. A.G.

135 / CONCLUDING SONGS

Job Name: --

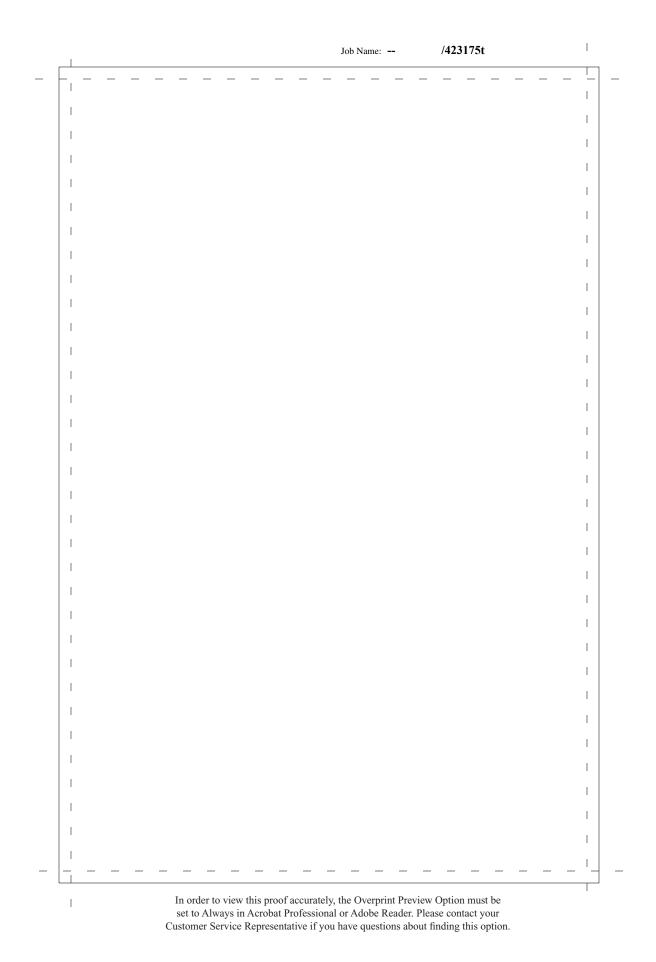
/423175t

1		
	 In Israel none arose as prophet like Moshe, a prophet who would come to see the "image" in the <i>sneh</i>. Torah of truth God gave the people Isra'el, by truest prophet's hand that in God's house would dwell. 	
 	 And God will never let the Torah pass away, its doctrine will not change, but through all change will stay. God sees and knows all things, and even what we hide, can look upon how things begin the end of things to find, 	
 	Rewarding acts of love, when love for love we'll find, and paying to all wickedness a recompense in kind, God shall deliver all, upon the end of time, redeeming all who wait for God, who for salvation pine.	
 	God wakes all beings to life, abundant love shall reign, blessed evermore, the glory of God's Name!	
 	MA'ARIV / 136	
1		

/423175t Job Name: --לא קם בּישָׁרַאֵל כַּמֹשָה עוֹד נביא ומביט את תמונתו: על יד נביאו נאמן ביתו: תורת אמת נתן לעמו אל T דַתו לְעוּלַמִים לְזוּלַתו: לא יחליף האל ולא ימיר 1 צופה ויודע סתרינו מַבִּיט לְסוֹף דְּבַר בְּקַדְמַתוֹ: 1 יַתֵּז לְרָשָׁע רָע כִּרְשָׁעַתוֹ: גּוֹמֵל לָאִיש הֵסֵר כִּמִפּעָלו L T ישלח לקץ ימיז גאלתו לפדות מחַכֵּי קֵץ ישוּעַתו: חַיים מכלכל אל בּרב חַסדו בַּרוּך עַדֵי עַד שֵׁם תִּהַלַתו: L T Lo kam beyisra'el kemosheh od, navi umabit et temunato. Torat emet natan le'amo el, al yad nevi'o ne'eman beyto. T Lo yahalif ha'el velo yamir, dato le'olamim lezulato. I Tzofeh veyode'a setareynu, mabit lesof davar bekadmato. Gomel le'ish hesed kemifalo, yiten lerasha ra kerishato. I Yishlah leketz yamin ge'ulato, lifdot mehakey ketz yeshu'ato. Hayim mehalkel el berov hasdo, baruh adey ad shem tehilato. Ĩ 1 T Т 1 Т Т T T Т 1 Ĩ 137 / CONCLUDING SONGS Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I





Ι

Ι

BIRHOT HASHAHAR / MC	ORNING BLESSINGS
This translation can be sung to the same melody	as the Hebrew.
How lovely are your tents, O Ya'a now fine your encampments, Yisr	
And as for me, drawn by your love come into your house.	е,
lay me down in a humble surren before your holy shrine in awe.	der,
GREAT ONE, how I love your hous dore your Glory's dwelling place.	
And as for me, I fall in prayer, ny body I bend down,	
greet, I bless, I bend the knee, before THE ONE who fashions me	
And as for me, my prayer is for yo nay it be for you a time of desire,	
O God, in the abundance of your espond to me in truth with your	
NOTE. The <i>Mah Tovu</i> prayer is composed ers 24:5; Psalms 5:8, 95:6 [adapted] an	
COMMENTARY. Mah Tovu begins with a of our earliest ancestors, then the sanctu he wilderness, then the Temple in Jeru he synagogue, for it too is "your house	ary of the years of wandering in asalem. Each of these is linked to
eeking the right moment to encounte lone. I am a link in the chain of tra alvation.	er the divine there, am thus not
BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MO	ORNING BLESSINGS / 140

בְּרְכוֹד*ּ* הַשַּׁחַר

מַה שְׁבוּ אֹהָלֶּיִהְ יַצָּקֹב מִשְׁפְנוֹעֶׁיהְ יִשְׁרָאֵל: וַאֲנִי בְּרֹב חַסְדְּהָ אָבוֹא בִיעֶֿהְ אָשְׁתַחַנָה אָל הֵיכַל קַרְשְׁהָ בְּיִרְאָעֶֿהּ: יהוה אָהַרְתִי מְעוֹז בֵּיעֶֿה וּמְקוּם מִשְׁכַּן כְּבוֹדֶהּ: וַאֲנִי אָשְׁתַחֵנָה וְאֶכְרָעָה אָבְרְכָה לִפְנֵי יהוה עֹשִׁי וַאֲנִי תְפִלָּתִי לְהָ יהוה עֵת רָצוֹז אֱלֹהִים בְּרָב חַסְדֶּה עֲנֵנִי בָּאֱמֶת יִשִׁעַׁה:

Mah <u>tovu</u> oha<u>le</u>ha ya'akov mishkeno<u>te</u>ha yisra'el. Va'ani berov hasdeha avo vey<u>te</u>ha eshtahaveh el heyhal kodsheha beyira<u>te</u>ha. Adonay a<u>hav</u>ti me'on bey<u>te</u>ha umkom mishkan kevo<u>de</u>ha. Va'ani eshtahaveh ve'e<u>hra</u>'ah evrehah lifney adonay osi va'ani tefilati leha adonay et ratzon elohim berov has<u>de</u>ha a<u>ne</u>ni be'emet yish<u>e</u>ha.

KAVANAH. It is only a true and close community that develops associations, traditions and memories that go to make up its soul. To mingle one's personality with that soul becomes a natural longing. In such a community one experiences that mystic divine grace which, like radiant sunshine, illumines our lives when joyous and, like balm, heals them when wounded or stricken. Then all questions about saying this or that become trivial, for the real purpose is attained in having each one feel with the Psalmist: "One thing I ask of God that will I seek after, that I may dwell in the house of God all the days of my life, to behold the graciousness of God."

M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

אצי תפלחי / as for me, my prayer is for you. The Hebrew text has often been creatively misread to mean "I am my prayer." All I have to offer in prayer is myself. We begin our prayers with a feeling of humility, knowing that the vaunted words we are about to speak are no greater than the person who speaks them. Most of the prayers in our liturgy are phrased in the first person plural, in which we as a community stand before the Divine presence. But here they are introduced in the halting and somewhat unsure voice of the individual, expressing some of that inadequacy that each of us feels as we enter the place and hour of prayer. A.G.

141 / MAH TOVU

Т

Т

Т

Т

T

Т

T

Т

Т

T

Т

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

ATIFAT TALLIT / DONNING THE TALLIT It is customary to wrap oneself in the tallit before reciting the blessing that follows. After the blessing is recited, the tallit is placed across the shoulders. In some congregations the blessing is said in unison. Bless, O my soul, THE ONE! ABUNDANT ONE, my God, how great you grow! In majesty and beauty you are dressed, wrapping yourself in light as in a garment, stretching out the heavens like a shawl! (Psalm 104:1-2) Blessed are You, VEILED ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to wrap ourselves amid the fringed tallit. COMMENTARY. According to rabbinic tradition, Psalm 104:1-2 describes how God, robed in splendor, wrapped in light, began to create the world. The radiance of God's light-robe (one source says that God donned a white tallit) illumined the world before the creation of sun, moon, and stars. This meditation invites the worshipper to consider the act of donning the tallit to be the first step in the daily renewal of the world. God's wrapping in light becomes Israel's enlightened wrapping at the outset of a new day. It encourages Israel to celebrate world renewing creativity as an unfailing sign of the divine presence within humankind. S.S. DERASH. The tallit is a very personal ritual object. Usually I wrap it around myself when joining in a prayer community. For the tallit both creates a private space for me and links me with Jewish tradition. It emphasizes my connection to my people while also offering me spiritual privacy. I am alone and in community at the same time. L.B. **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 142 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Т

1

1

Т

1

Т

1

T

T

Т

Г

_

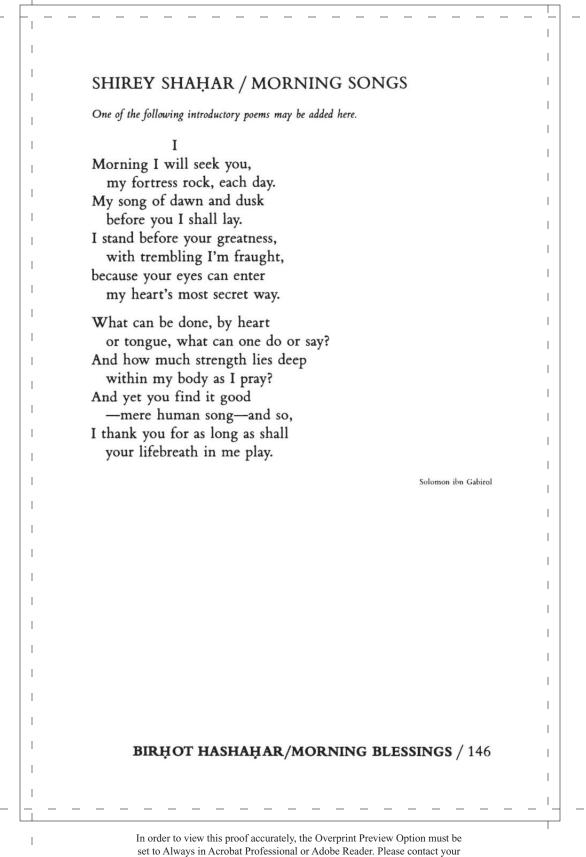
			עָטִיפַת טַלִּית
bless			the blessing that follows. After the In some congregations the blessing
ָּטָה (הוֹר וְהָדָר לְּבָשְׁתָּ: ע		בָּרְכִי נַפְּשִׁי אֶת יהוה אֶי אור כַּשַּׂלְמָה נוֹטֶה שְֿׁמַיִם
		מֻֿלֶך הָ עוּלָם	בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשָׂנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו
			וְצִוְּנוּ לְהָתְעַמֵּף בַּצִּיצִית:
thei ing	r theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th	and ethical concerns ne following elemen	plessings in ways that reflect At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase
thei ing alte	r theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>rahot</i> . This can be d	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase
thei ing alte	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i>	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>rahot</i> . This can be d	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase
thei ing alte from	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for be n each group to form t	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>raḥot.</i> This can be d the introductory cla	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use.
thei ing alte from	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>raḥot</i> . This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay
thei ing alte from	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for be n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>rahot</i> . This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּהָ אַתְ, יָה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah
thei ing alte from I	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>rahot</i> . This can be d the introductory cla בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵהְ אֶת	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless
thei ing alte from I	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruh atah adonay Beruhah at yah Nevareh et elo <u>hey</u> nu	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>rahot</i> . This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵהְ אֶת אֶלֹהֵׁינוּ	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God
thei ing alte from I	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et elo <u>hey</u> nu hasheḥinah	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>raḥot.</i> This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּדָ אַתָּה יהוה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵדְ אֶת אֶלהֵׁינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah
thei ing alte from I I	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et elo <u>hey</u> nu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>raḥot</i> . This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּכָה אַתְּ יָה נְכָרֵךּ אֶת אֶלֹהֵינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה עֵין הַחַיִּים	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah Source of Life
thei ing alte from I I	ir theological outlooks a occurs in the liturgy, th rnative formulas for <i>be</i> n each group to form to Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et elo <u>hey</u> nu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam	and ethical concerns ne following elemen <i>raḥot.</i> This can be d the introductory cla בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה גְּכְרֵף אֶת אֱלֹהֵינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה עֵין הַחַיִּים מֶלֶף הָעּוֹלָם	At any place where a bless- ts can be combined to create one by selecting one phrase use. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah Source of Life Sovereign of all worlds

/423175t Job Name: --How precious is your love, O God, when earthborn find the shelter of your wing! They're nourished from the riches of your house. 1 Give drink to them from your Edenic stream. 1 For with you is the fountain of all life, in your Light do we behold all light. Extend your love to those who know you, 1 and your justice to those honest in their hearts. (Psalm 36:8-11) Т COMMENTARY. The wearing of the tallit has its origins in the biblical commandment (Numbers 15:37-41) that a fringe should be attached to each 1 corner of a garment to remind the Israelites of the mitzvot. This garment, resembling a poncho, was the basic garment worn every day. When clothing without such defined corners came to be customary, the tallit became 1 a special ritual garment. In our time, a large tallit is worn only during the morning prayer, while traditional Jews wear a small tallit, also known as arba kanfot / four corners, underneath their outer clothes. In the biblical Т commandment the fringe was a color called תכלת / tehelet, a particular shade of purple-blue. When this was no longer available, the rabbis ruled 1 that the fringes should be an undyed white. Some contemporary Jews have reinstituted the inclusion of blue in the fringe. Today in Reconstructionist congregations, women are encouraged to wear tallitot as well. D.A.T. T BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 144 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

מַה יָקָר חַסִדְּהָ אֱלֹהִים וּכְנֵי אָדָם בְּצֵל כְּנָפֶיהָ יִרְוּיָן מִדְּשֵׁן בֵּיתֵׁד וְנַחֵל עַרְנֵיד תַשָּקָם: 1 אה אור: ם באורק כי לב: משך חסרה 1 1 לי עמך מקור חיים / for with you is the fountain of all life, in your light do we behold all light. The flow of light represented by the tallit is joined to the blessing of life itself. God is described here in the psalmist's most T delicate and abstract phrasing. We reach forth to the source of life and are 1 bathed in its light as it flows forth to meet us. A.G. T DERASH. The tallit is a "garment of brightness." It links us with the whole universe, with the whole of Nature. The blue thread within it (Numbers T 15:37-41) reminds us that heaven and earth can touch, that the elements T of our universe are all wondrously connected. L.B. 1 Т 1 T Т 145 / ATIFAT TALLIT/DONNING THE TALLIT Т 1

/423175t

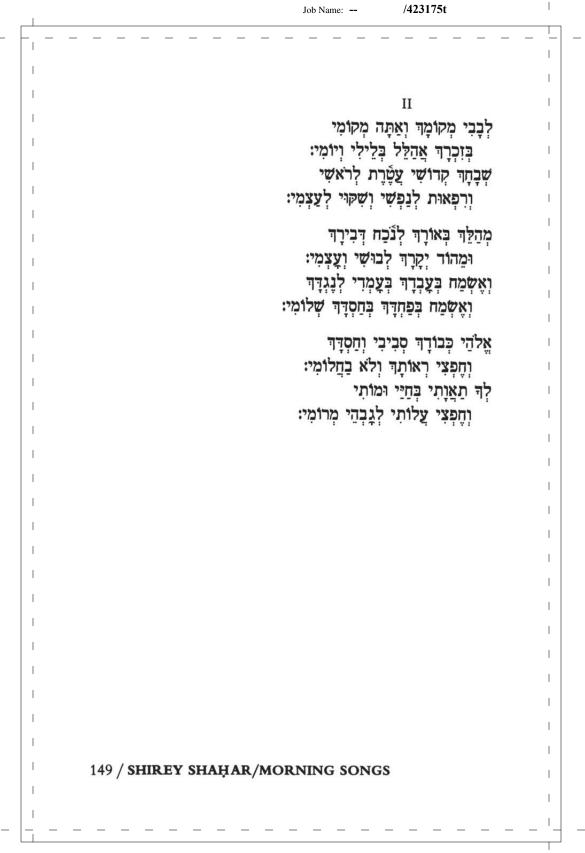


Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

שִׁירֵי שַׁחַר
One of the following introductory poems may be added here.
Ι
שַׁחַר אֲבַקָּשָׁה צוּרִי וּמִשְׁגַּבִּי
אָעְרֹהְ לְפָגֶיהָ שַׁחְרִי וְגַם עַרְבִּי:
לִפְנֵי גְדֻלָּתָך אֶעְמֹד וְאֶבָּהֵל
כִּי עֵינְהָ תִרְאֶה כֵּל מַחְשְׁבוֹת לִבִּי:
מַה־זֵּה אֲשֶׁר יוּכַל הַלֵּב וְהַלָּשוֹן
לַעְשוֹת וּמַה־כֿֿחַ רוּחִי בְּתוֹך קִרְבִּי:
הְנֵה לְך תִיטֵב זִמְרַת אֱנוֹש עַל־כֵּן
אוֹדָרְ בְּעוֹד תִהְיֶה נִשְׁמַת אֱלוֹהַ בִּי:
implies, was originally meant to be recited at dawn. Our tradition views the two daily times of change of light as sacred hours to be appreciated with prayer and inner quiet. Though our morning service usually begins long after sunrise, we should try to preserve something of that special memory of dawn's quiet blessing as we begin our prayer. A.G.
147 / SHIREY SHAHAR/MORNING SONGS

_

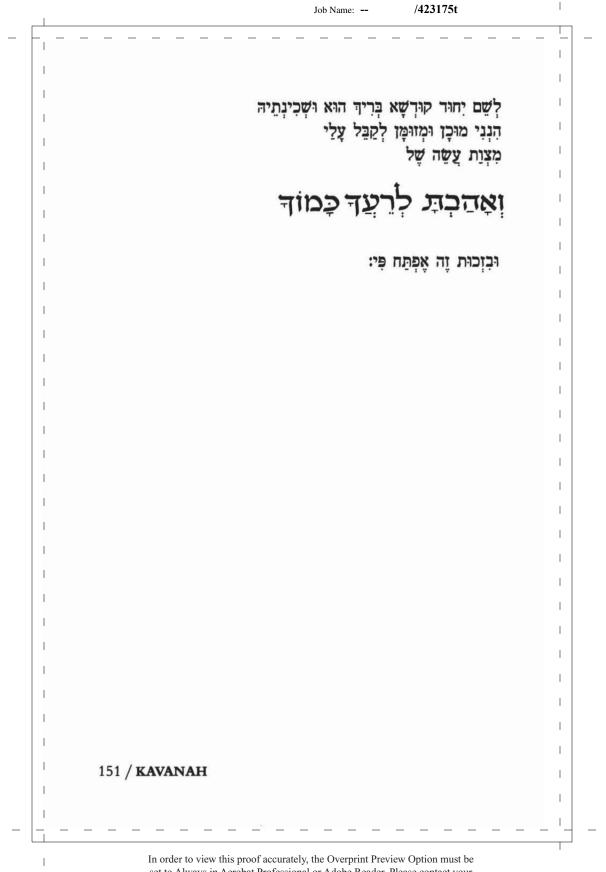
Π My heart's a place for you, as you are mine. Remembering you, I hail, nighttime, daytime, I praise you, Holy One, my crown divine, cure of my soul, to my thirst quench sublime. I walk amid your light, unto your room, and from your precious glow my clothes I find, and, happy serving you, my place assume, in dread filled joy of you, perfect and kind. Т My God, glory and love around me bloom, my wish is seeing you, outside dream's time, for you my passion burns, my whole life through, 1 my want is to ascend, these heavens climb. Anonymous / My heart's a place for you, as you are mine. The journey to God is a journey inward rather than upward. We think more easily of a God who dwells within the human soul than we do of one in the sky or on a mountain. Here the poet reminds us that while God is indeed in us, T we are also "inside" God. The Hebrew word makom or "place" is one of our ancient names for the divine. "God is the place of the world," said the rabbis, "but the world is not God's place," meaning that the divine cannot be contained within the finite. In the spirit of this poem, we might choose to say that the inwardness with which we seek God and the inwardness with which the divine seeks us is the same inwardness. A.G. **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 148



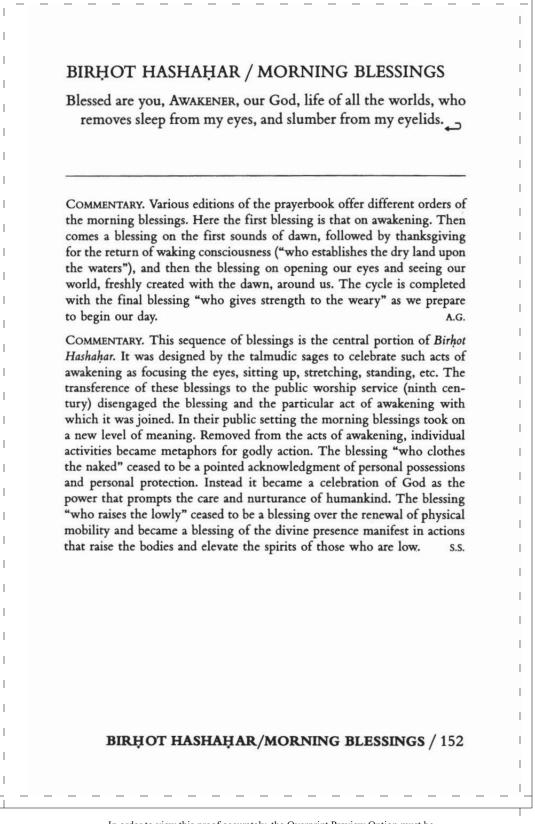
In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

For the sake of the union of the blessed Holy One with the Shehinah, I stand here, ready in body and mind, to take upon myself the mitzvah, "You shall love your fellow human being T as yourself," and by this merit may I open up my mouth: 1 1 I COMMENTARY. This kavanah before the morning service was introduced by the kabbalists of Safed. Only by accepting upon ourselves the obligation to love others as ourselves are we allowed to enter the human community of prayer. It is as members of that community and, specifically, as Jews 1 that we come before God in worship. A.G. 1 1 1 1 1 BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 150 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



/423175t Job Name: --פרכות הש ברוּך אתה יהוה אַלהֿינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים הַמַּצְבִיר שֵׁנָה מֵעֵינֵי וּתְנוּמָה מֵע**ַפְּעַפָּי:** → Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim hama'avir shenah me'eynay utnumah me'afapay COMMENTARY. The familiar introductory formula for blessings including the phrase meleh ha'olam / sovereign of the world, was adopted by the rabbis during the talmudic era and universally accepted by later Jews. Substituting another rabbinic phrase, hey ha'olamim / life of all the worlds, expresses the idea that as Judaism continues to evolve, alternatives to the ancient metaphor of God as divine ruler should emerge. This alternative blessing formulation may be used throughout the siddur by those who prefer it, just as the traditional meleh ha'olam may be substituted here. A.G.

DERASH. The "worlds" to which hey ha'olamim refers may be the many universes that each of us inhabits, the vast spaces that surround our world, or the infinite depths that fill the human heart. We proclaim that God is the single flow of life that inhabits and unifies them all. A.G.

1

Т

1

T

T

Т

1

T Т 1

1

Т

153 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS

Blessed are you, THE PROVIDENT, our God, life of all the worlds, who gives the bird of dawn discernment to tell day from night. 1 Blessed are you, THE FASHIONER, our God, life of all the worlds, who stretches forth the earth upon the waters. Т KAVANAH. We give thanks that we are restored whole and healthy to consciousness and to an orderly universe. That is why, in the second blessing, we give thanks that, when we stepped out of bed our feet encountered not the watery chaos which preceded creation, but the solid earth which God 1 spread over the waters. The daily emergence from unconsciousness reminds us of our fragility as human creatures and our need for support and care. R.A. 1 DERASH. For whom do we recite blessings? If God is beyond blessing, then we must be reciting them for ourselves. Each berahah urges us to avoid taking the world for granted. Each contains a vision of the creative or Т redemptive power in the world. Jewish tradition teaches that living up to our heritage as beings created betzelem elohim, in the image of God, requires us to "imitate God." Thus each berahah can teach us something about living our lives in consonance with the divine. Blessings tell us not so much T about a God "out there somewhere," they teach us how to make manifest the godly in ourselves. D.A.T. BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 154 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --בּרוּד אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ חֵי הָעוֹלָמִים הַצּוֹתֵז לַשֶּׁכְוִי בִינָה לְהַבְחִיז בֵּיז יוֹם וּבֵיז לְיָלֶה: 1 בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ חֵי הָעוֹלָמִים רוקע הַאָּרֵץ עַל הַמָּיִם: → 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim hanoten lasehvi vinah lehavhin beyn yom uveyn laylah. Т Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim 1 roka ha'aretz al hamayim. 1 1 / bird of dawn has been variously rendered as "rooster," "watchman," T "celestial appearance," or "meteor." In an urban setting, the earliest sound of life we are likely to hear at dawn is the chirping of sparrows. Sehvi is 1 thus rendered differently from gever, rooster, here to capture some of the ambiguity of the word. J.R. 1 T 1 1 155 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS Т I

Blessed are you, THE LAMP, our God, life of all the worlds, who makes the blind to see. Blessed are you, THE COMPASSIONATE, our God, life of all the worlds, who clothes the naked. Blessed are you, REDEEMING ONE, our God, life of all the worlds, who makes the captive free. Blessed are you, THE HELPING HAND, our God, life of all the worlds, who raises up the humble. KAVANAH. Those of us who live in plenty are grateful for the clothing on our bodies, the warmth of a garment that shields us from the elements. We pray for a time when this blessing may be spoken by all people, a time when all humans are "clothed" with warmth and safety, enwrapped in God's love. L.B. who raises up the humble: literally makes upright those bent / זוקף כפופים down. The phrase could suggest either those suffering a physical deformity or those humbled by adverse circumstances. J.R. BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 156 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

1

1

I

Т

1

T

1

Т

1

T

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

בּרוּך אַתַה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים פּוֹלָחַ עָורִים: בּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים מֵלְבִּישׁ עַרָמִים: Т Т בּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים מַתִּיר אָסוּרִים: Т בּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהֵינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים זוֹקָף כִּפּוּפִים: → T Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim poke'ah ivrim. L Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim malbish arumim. 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim matir asurim. Т T Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim zokef kefufim. T T 1 Т 1 T Т Т Т 157 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Blessed are you, THE WAY, our God, life of all the worlds, who makes firm a person's steps. Blessed are you, THE GENEROUS, our God, life of all the worlds, who acts for all my needs. Blessed are you, THE MIGHTY ONE, our God, life of all the worlds, who girds Israel with strength. Blessed are you, THE BEAUTIFUL, our God, life of all the worlds, who crowns Israel with splendor. Т DERASH. המכין מצערי גבר / who makes firm a person's steps. An interpretive translation of Psalm 37:23-24: "When one's steps follow the divine path, 1 they bring delight along the way." The Baal Shem Tov noted in this connection that wherever one goes and whatever one does each day should have a deeper spiritual significance that parallels the mundane reality of everyday existence. In bringing to our lives this deeper significance, we 1 find new delight in the firmness of our steps. L.B. **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 158 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

בַּרוּף אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים הַמֵּכִין מִצְעַדֵי גַֿבֵר: Т בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ חֵי הָעוֹלָמִים Т שֵׁעַשָּה לִי כֵּל צֵרִכִּי: Т 1 בָּרוּד אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ חֵי הָעוֹלָמִים אוזר ישָראל בּגבוּרָה: Т בַּרוּדְ אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הָעוּלָמִים ← עוטר ישראל בתפארה: 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim T hamehin mitzadey gaver. T Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim she'asah li kol tzorki. Т Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim 1 ozer yisra'el bigvurah. Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim T oter yisra'el betifarah. Т 1 T Т Т Т 159 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS Т I

Blessed are you, THE IMAGELESS, our God, life of all the worlds, who made me in your image. Blessed are you, THE FREE, our God, life of all the worlds, who made me free. Blessed are you, THE ANCIENT ONE, our God, life of all the worlds, who made me of the people Israel. Blessed are you, RENEWING ONE, our God, life of all the worlds, Т who gives strength to the weary. COMMENTARY. Once we are awake, we return to full consciousness of who we are. In the rigidly stratified society in which these prayers originated, people were less conscious of identity than of status. Thus, the original 1 forms of these prayers expressed the thankfulness of the most privileged members of the community-free Jewish males-that they did not have the less privileged status of women, slaves, or non-Jews. Т The blessings we now use affirm that since we embody the divine image, we are all intrinsically valuable. To degrade or enslave others is to deface the image of God. We were created free just as our creator is free. We are capable of choice, of invention and of transformation in our lives and in T our world. We also give thanks for our particular identity as Jews. God who creates our common humanity, also cherishes human diversity. Each people is unique and precious. R.A. 1 BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 160

בַרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוּלַמִים שעשני בצלמו: ברוּך אַתַה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים שעשני בּז/בּת חוריו: ברוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים שעשני ישראל: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ חֵי הַעוּלָמִים הַנּוֹתֵן לַיָּעֲף כֿחֵ: → 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim she'asani betzalmo. T Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim 1 she'asani ben/bat horin. 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim she'asani yisra'el. 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey ha'olamim hanoten laya'ef ko'ah. T NOTE. "THE IMAGELESS ... who made me in your image." This paradoxical 1 rendering enables us to understand that our being made "in the divine image" (Genesis 1:26-27) encompasses other than physical attributes: speech, will, reason, spirituality, kindness, freedom of action, moral sense. J.R. T who made me in your image. When a human being is slain, שעשני כצלמו the very image of God is shattered. We revere human life because it is a Т spark of the life that animates the universe. Only after we have acquired the principle of reverence for each person is it possible to love each other 1 as we should love, not merely "as thyself" but as a reflection of the divine. 1 "Beloved are human beings," said R. Akiba, "for they were made in the image of God." M.M.K. (ADAPTED) I 161 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Blessed are you, THE ARCHITECT, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who shaped the human being with wisdom, making for us all the openings and vessels of the body. It is revealed and known before your Throne of Glory that if one of these passage-ways be open when it should be closed, or blocked up when it should be free, one could not stay alive or stand before you. Blessed are you, MIRACULOUS, the wondrous healer of all flesh.

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

COMMENTARY. This blessing expresses wonder at the simple but necessary functioning of the human body. We do not need to stand before any greater wonder of nature than our own bodies in order to appreciate the intricacy and beauty with which our world is endowed. A sense of awe at our own creation is a starting point of prayer. A.G.

BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 162

/423175t בּרוּף אַתֵּה יהוה אֵלהַינוּ מֵלֵף הַעוֹלָם אַשֵּר יַצָּר אָת הָאָדָם בחכמה וּבַרָא בוֹ נְקַבִים נְקַבִים חֵלוּלִים חֵלוּלִים: גַּלוּי וְיָדוּעַ לִפְנֵי כְפֵא כְבוֹדֵׁה שֵׁאָם יִפָּתֵׁחַ אֶחָד מֵהֶם אוֹ יִפָּתֵם אֶחָד מַהֵם אִי אָפִשַר לְהָתִקַיֵם וְלַעַמֹד לְפַגֿיהָ: בַּרוּך אַתַה יהוה רוֹפָא כֵל בָּשָׁר וּמַפִּלִיא לַעֲשוֹת: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher yatzar et ha'adam behohmah uvara vo nekavim nekavim halulim halulim. Galuwi veyadu'a lifney hisey hevodeha she'im yipate'ah ehad mehem o yisatem ehad mehem i efshar lehitkayem vela'amod lefaneha. Baruh atah adonay rofey hol basar umafli la'asot. all the openings. We regularly perceive by contrast: light and נקבים נקבים (all the opening and shadow, height and depth, loudness and softness...Often we become aware of health only after illness has replaced it. This brief paragraph of praise for the wondrous workings of the human organism encourages recognition of the blessing of health in its presence, not its absence. Every moment we are healing! E.G. 163 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1 T T

1

1

T

1

1

/423175t

My God, the soul you gave to me is pure. You have created it, you shaped it, and you breathed it into me, and you preserve it Т deep inside of me. And someday you will take it from me, restoring it to everlasting life. 1 1 COMMENTARY. The word neshamah, which means both "breath" and Т "soul," provides a linguistic connection between the blessings for body and soul. The blessing for the soul uses the vocabulary of the Creation story, especially Genesis 2:6, which describes how God created the human form and then animated it with the breath of life. Hence, the language of celebrating each awakening carries an echo of the primal joining of human 1 form to life force. Every awakening is nothing less than a rehearsal of the mystery of creation. 1 The traditional version of the blessing for the soul acknowledges the daily renewal of life as a recollection of creation and also as a foretaste of resurrection. The current version concludes instead by acknowledging God as Т the power that renews life each day. S.S. 1 DERASH. This short and beautiful prayer starts each day and offers comfort in times of stress. Self-esteem is a precious gift. Even though we may lose it in the tragedies of the present, it will be restored to us in our future. T God, the healer, returns our souls to us. E.M. **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 164 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

שמה שנתת בי טהורה היא: אַתַה יִצַרְתַה אַתָּה נְפַחְתָה בִּי וָאַתָּה מִשְׁמְרָ וְאַתַה עַתִיד לִטִּלָה מִמֵּנִּי לִחַיֵּי עוֹלָם: → Elohay neshamah shenatata bi tehorah hi. restoring [the soul] to everlasting life. The traditional Hebrew לחיי עולם text says, "and restore it to me in the future to come." The text in our siddur, rather than stressing the traditional notion of individual afterlife, or of personal resurrection in the messianic End of Days, reverses the emphasis: the soul, having sojourned in the physical life, is restored to the everlasting stream of life-to the continuum of being that is the sum-total of all transitory lives, when viewed from the perspective of eternity. J.R. GUIDED MEDITATION. In the Hebrew of אלהי נשמה / My God, the soul, many of the words end with the sound "ah," spelled "ה". When this prayer is chanted slowly, you breathe these words. Thus this prayer suggests an opportunity, through breathing, to explore the connection between neshamah as breath and as soul: Sit comfortably with your eyes closed, feet uncrossed, and hands loosely on your lap. Take a series of slow, relaxed breaths. Don't try to control them. Just let them come and go freely. Focus your concentration on your breath. Let the thoughts you have flow through you. Don't try to control them. Each time you end a thought, return your focus to your breath. Do this for several minutes. As you follow your breath, reflect on the divine energy it contains. L.W.K./D.B.

1

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

1

T

1

1

1

1

165 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS

As long as spirit breathes in me, I offer thanks before you, BREATH DIVINE, my God, God of my ancestors, the master of all deeds, and source of every life. Blessed are you, THE HOLY T SPIRIT, in whose possession is the breath of every living thing, 1 the animation of all flesh. 1 1 KAVANAH. We are each created in the image of God. When we allow the Т reflections of our own beings to illuminate the universe, when we under-1 stand that we carry God within us, we are closer to doing the work that will eventually perfect the world. When we each accept the purity of our 1 own souls and the purity of the souls of others, tikun olam will have been 1 achieved. L.B. KAVANAH. "Sleep is one sixtieth a part of death (Talmud Berahot 57b)," and waking is a kind of rebirth. L.W.K. T **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 166 1 1

/423175t ַכֵּל זְמַז שֶׁהַנְּשָׁמָה בְקּרְבִּי מוֹדָה ∕מוֹדָה אֲנִי לְפָנֻֿידִּ יהוה אֱלֹהֵי וֵאלֹהֵי אַבוֹתַי וָאָמּוֹתַי רְבּוֹז כֵּל הַמַּעֲשִׁים אֲרוֹז כֵּל הַנְּשָׁמוֹת: בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה 1 יהוה אַשֵּר בִּיָדוֹ נֶֿפָש בָּל חָי וְרֿוּחַ בָּל בָּשָׂר: 1 1 T in whose possession is the breath of every living thing. אשר בידו נפש כל חי We gratefully acknowledge God as the source of life itself and of the con-stant renewal of our spirit. The traditional formula of this blessing, referring to the future resurrection of the dead, has been emended. As Recon-1 structionists, we accept both the finality of death and the infinite 1 wondrousness of life. Our religion is about the balancing of these two realities, neither of which may be allowed to negate the other. A.G. T T T 1 Т 1 T 1 Т 167 / BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

BLESSING PRECEDING TORAH STUDY The following blessing is said only when it precedes Jewish study. Some appropriate study texts can be found on pages 694-703. Any other Jewish sources may of course be selected. Blessed are you, THE ONE OF SINAI, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to occupy ourselves with words of Torah.

BIRKAT LIMUD TORAH /

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

COMMENTARY. The three blessings on pages 162, 166, and 168 constitute a meditation on body, soul and intellect. The first blessing reflects the intricate workings of our physiology. We recognize the wondrous system of arteries, organs and glands that comprise the "human machine." We then celebrate the purity of the soul that is implanted within us, we feel the "wind-spirit" of our own breath, our *anima* filled with air. As we breathe, all the systems of our bodies are also filled with life-sustaining oxygen. Finally, we rejoice in our intellects—in our ability to study and grapple with words of Torah, to reflect on them and our capacity to teach them to future generations. LB.

BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 168

	בְּרְכֵּת לְמוּד תּוֹרָה
The following blessing is said only texts can be found on pages 694-7	when it precedes Jewish study. Some appropriate study 03. Any other Jewish sources may of course be selected.
זר קדְּשָׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוָּנוּ	בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ מֶּלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁ לַצְסֹק בְּדִבְרֵי תוֹרָה: ←
Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>ḥ</u> bemitzvotav vetzi <u>va</u> nu la	neynu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam asher kide <u>sha</u> nu a'asok bedivrey torah.
words here do not say "to stu be busy with" the study of exercise alone. Rather, we un holistically—as an every day that to be fully "engaged" w	ourselves with words of Torah. The Hebrew udy Torah," but rather to "be engaged" or "to Torah. We study Torah not as an intellectual inderstand our "engagement" with Torah more of every moment activity. We also understand with Torah is to wrestle with Torah—to chal- ving it, to question while celebrating it. L.B.
169 / BIRKAT LIMUD	TORAH/TORAH STUDY BLESSING

_

_

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Transmit to us, WISE ONE, our God, your Torah's words, into our mouths, and to the mouths of all the House of Israel, who called you kin. May we, and our children, and all the children of your people, the House of Israel, all of us, be knowers of your Name and learners of your Torah, for its sake alone. Blessed are you, THE SAGE, who teaches Torah to your people Israel.

1

1

1

1

COMMENTARY. Blessings and texts for Torah study are a traditional part of *Birhot Hashahar*. Like body and soul, Torah study is a daily part of Jewish living. Rabbinic literature records more than a half dozen versions of Torah blessings. The ornate Torah blessing in our text (pages 169-171) both begins and ends with the formula "*Baruh atah*." In the first instance, the formula of the blessing acknowledges that Torah study is essential to Jewish life. The concluding phrase of blessing praises God as the teacher of Torah. From a Reconstructionist perspective, the metaphor of God as teacher is an invitation and challenge to discern the divine presence in learning. A talmudic passage appears between the two blessings. It offers the hope that we, the people Israel, will always see Torah as an intrinsic part of ourselves.

BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS / 170

והערבינא יהוה אַלהֿינוּ אָת דְּבָרֵי תוֹרַתָּך בָּפִי בית אַל ונהיה אַנחנו וצאצאינו וצאצאי עמד אל Т יוּדַעַי שַׁמֵּד וְלוֹמְדֵי תוֹרָתְדָ לִשְׁמָה: 1 בּרוּך אַתֵּה יהוה הַמִלַמֵּר תּוֹרָה לָעֲמוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל: 1 1 Veha'arev na adonay eloheynu et divrey torateha befinu uvfi yisra'el venihyeh anahnu vetze'etza'eynu ameha beyt vetze'etza'ey ameha beyt yisra'el kulanu yodey shemeha T velomdey torateha lishmah. Baruh atah adonay hamlamed torah le'amo yisra'el. 1 1 Т DERASH. We must study the Torah with a view toward discerning the great T traits of Jewish consciousness that struggled to become articulate in its traditions, laws, prophecies, psalms and wisdom. We should study all of its 1 traditions with the purpose of finding out their bearing on Israel's destiny 1 and duty in the world and then seek to make that destiny and duty our own. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) 1 T 1 Т 1 171 / BIRKAT LIMUD TORAH/TORAH STUDY BLESSING Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

KADDISH DERABANAN / THE SAGES' KADDISH Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in Т honor, viewed with awe, embellished and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shabbat Shuvah, add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and 1 consolations that we utter in this world. And say; Amen. For Israel and her sages, for their pupils and all pupils of their pupils, and for all who occupy themselves with Torah, whether 1 in this place or any other place, may God grant them and you abundant peace, and grace, and love, and mercy, and long life, and ample sustenance, and saving acts, all flowing from divine abundance in the worlds beyond. And say: Amen. May heaven grant a universal peace and life for us and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us, and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. DERASH. When we recite the Kaddish Derabanan, we are thankful for the teachings of Torah (in its widest sense). We have received from those who have come before us-and we accept our own place as links in the chain of tradition. Every student becomes a teacher-what we have learned we will teach. We celebrate our sense of accomplishment, our feeling that we Т have gained richness from our study-and we re-affirm with this Kaddish, the honorable endeavor in which we have been engaged. We are a people of study and learning, teaching and receiving-this is critical to our collective Jewish life. L.B. **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 172 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

עותה רבא כר שמה ישראל בעגלא ובזמן כותה בַחַייכון וּבִיוֹמֵיכון וּבָחַיֵּי בית 1 קריב ואמרו אמן: רבא מברך לעלם ולעלמי 1 1 ויתעקה יומם תהדר שמה הוא 77 פו דקרשא Т (On Shabbat Shuvah add: לְעָרָא) ברכתא ושירתא ונחמתא דאמירו בּעַלמא ואמרו אמו: ישָׁרָאָל ועל רַבָּנָן ועל תַּלְמִידֵיהוֹן ועל כֵּל תַּלְמִידֵי תַלְמִידֵיהוֹן על 1 ועל כַּל מַאז דִּעַסִקִיז בָּאוֹרַיִתַא דִּי בָּאַתָרָא הָדֵיז וִדִי בְּכֵל אֲתַר T וַאַתַר יָהֵא לָהוֹן וּלְכוֹן שְׁלַמֵא רַבָּא חִנָּא וְחָסָדָּא וְרַחֲמִין וְחֵיִין אַרִיכִין T וּמָזוֹנֵי רַוִיחֵי וּפָרַקַנַא מָז קָדָם אַבוּהוֹז דְּבָשְׁמַיָּא וָאָרָעָא וָאָמָרוּ אַמֵז: יהא שלמא רבא מן שמיא וחיים עלינו ועל כל ישראל ו אמרו אמן: 1 עושה שלום במרומיו הוא יַצשה שלום עַלֵּינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל כל יושבי תבל ואמרו אמן: T From the cowardice that shrinks from new truth. 1 From the laziness that is content with half-truths, From the arrogance that thinks it knows all truth, O, God of truth, deliver us. M.M.K. 1 COMMENTARY. Most scholars agree that Kaddish Derabanan is the most T ancient form of the Kaddish prayer. It was used at the conclusion of study long before the Kaddish became a prayer for mourners. Its prayer is that the efforts of both students and teachers bring holiness and a sense of the I divine presence into the world. This in turn should help them formulate 1 a vison of peace that they can spread to all Israel, and ultimately to all the world. Kaddish Derabanan, like all forms of the Kaddish, thus brings us 1 in touch with the central purpose of prayer. D.A.T. T 173 / KADDISH DERABANAN In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1 set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

A psalm. A song for dedication of the house. Of David. I exalt you, GLORIOUS ONE, because you have delivered me; you gave my enemies no joy on my account. DEAR ONE, my God, I have cried out to you, and you have made me whole. REDEEMER, you have raised my spirit from the land of no return, you revived me from among those fallen in a pit. Sing out to THE ALMIGHTY, fervent souls, be thankful when you call God's holiness to mind. For God is angry for a moment, but shows favor for a lifetime; 1 though one goes to bed in weeping, one awakes in song. And I, how I exclaimed in my security: I cannot fail! 1 PROTECTOR, when you wished, you raised my mountain's strength, and when you hid your face, I was afraid. To you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, I used to call, and from my 1 benefactor I sought help unmerited: "What use in my blood's waste? T What benefit, my going down into the pit? Can dust acknowledge you? Can it declare your truth? Hear, O HIDDEN ONE, deal graciously with me, SUPERNAL ADVOCATE, become a help for me!" You changed my mourning to an ecstatic dance, you loosed my sackcloth, and girded me with joy, that glory might sing out to you, and not be still! To you, my God, I always shall give thanks. 1 Psalm 30 **BIRHOT HASHAHAR/MORNING BLESSINGS** / 174

מִזְמוֹר שִׁיר־חַנְפַת הַבַּיָת לְדָוִד: אַרוֹמִמְד יהוה כִּי דְלִיתָֿנִי וְלֹא־שִׁמַׁחִתַ איִבַי לִי: 1 יהוה אלהי שוֹעתי אַלֵיך וַתִרפּאַנִי: יהוה הַעַלִית מִן־שָאוֹל נַפִּשִי חִיִיתַנִי מִיָּרִדִי־בוֹר: 1 זַמֵּרוּ לַיהוה חַסִידֵיו וָהוֹדוּ לְזֶכֵר קַרְשוֹ: L כִּי רֶגַע בְּאַפּו חַיִּים בִּרְצוֹנו בָּעֶׁרֶב יָלִין בֶּכִי וִלַבֹּקֵר רְנַה: 1 ואני אַמַרתִי בְשָׁלְוִי בַּל־אָמוט לְעוּלַם: Т יהוה בּּרָצוֹנָה הֵאַמַׁרָתַה לְהַרְרִי עֹז הִסְתַּרָתַ פַּגֵֿיה הַיִיתִי נְבָהַל: 1 אַלֵיד יהוה אַקָרָא וָאָל־אָדנָי אֶתִחַנָּז: 1 מה־פֿצע בַרַמִי בָּרָדְתִי אָל שַׁחַת הַיוֹדָדָ עַפָר הַיַגִּיד אַמְתָּדָ: 1 שמעייהוה וחנני יהוה היהיעור לי: הַפַּכַתַ מְסִפּּרִי לְמַחוֹל לִי פּתַׁחָתַ שַׁקִי וַתִּאַזְרֵנִי שָׁמְחָה: I. T לַמַעַן יוַמֵּרָהָ כָבוֹר וְלֹא יִדֹם יהוה אֱלֹהֵי לְעוֹלָם אוֹבֵוּ: 1 Eleha adonay ekra ve'el adonay et-hanan. Shema adonay vehoneni adonay heyey ozer li. 1 T KAVANAH. Focus on one of the psalms, one image, one verse or one word. Savor it. Let its fullness move you. Move at your own speed, easing yourself 1 into the psalmist's vision. Let it become yours. L.W.K. 1 COMMENTARY. The phrases of the psalms are applicable to people in many life situations. If one image in a psalm does not speak to us, it is likely Т that it speaks to someone else in the congregation with whom we pray. T H.L. Т 1 1 175 / CONCLUDING PSALM Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

	PESUKEY DEZIMRAH / VERSES OF PRAISE	
	For an alternative Pesukey Dezimrah, see Perek Shirah, page 704. For additional readings, see pages 739-766.	
	Blessed is the one who spoke and all things came to be! Blessed are you!	
1	Blessed, who created all in the beginning! Blessed is your name!	
I	Blessed is the one who speaks and acts! Blessed are you!	
I I	Blessed, who determines and fulfills! Blessed is your name!	
I	Blessed, who deals kindly with the world! Blessed are you!	
1		
 	COMMENTARY. Baruh She'amar. Our morning psalm service begins with the words "Blessed is the one who spoke." We begin to pray by proclaim- ing the divinity and great power of words themselves. The prayerbook conveys our sense of inadequacy of coming before God with human lan- guage. How can words ever be adequate vehicles for expressing our most inward thoughts? A.G.	
	COMMENTARY. The God affirmed in the words of <i>Baruh She'amar</i> may be understood in either concrete anthropomorphic terms or in a more abstract manner. It is the latter view with which we Reconstructionists are most	
	comfortable. Our God is not a person who promises and fulfills as a human being would. In speaking of a God who fulfills promises, we express our basic trust in life and our affirmation that goodness and godli-	
	ness have their own reward. A.G.	
I I		
I	PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 176	
I		

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

	פסוקי דזמרה	
For an alternative Pesukey D readings, see pages 739-766.	For an alternative Pesukey Dezimrah, see Pcrek Shirah, page 705. For additional readings, see pages 739-766.	
בַרוּך הוּא:	בָּרוּהָ שֶׁאָמַר וְהָיָה הָעוֹלָם	
בָּרוּה שְׁמו:	בַּרוּדָ עוֹשָה בְרֵאשִׁית	
ברוך הוא:	בַּרוּך אוֹמֵר וִעוֹשֵׁה	
בְּרוּך שְׁמו:	בְּרוּך גוֹזֵר וּמְקַיֵּם	
בָרוּך הוּא: →	בָּרוּהְ מְרַחֵם עַל הָאָָרֶץ	
Baruḥ she'amar vehaya	ah ha'olam. Baruḥ hu.	
Baruh oseh vereyshit.	Baruh shemo.	
Baruh omer ve'oseh.	Baruh hu.	
Baruh gozer umkayem		
Baruh merahem al ha'		
Blessed is the one. Blessed is the one who in Blessed is the one who say Blessed is the one who de Blessed is the one whose Blessed is the one whose Blessed is the one whose	cclares and fulfills. womb covers the earth. womb protects all creatures. ourishes those who are in awe of Her. yes forever, and exists eternally.	
	Naomi Janowitz and Margaret Moers Wenig	

/423175t Blessed, who acts kindly toward all creatures! Blessed is your name! Blessed, who responds with good to those in awe! 1 Blessed are you! Blessed, who removes the dark and brings the light! Blessed is your name! Blessed is the one who lives eternally and lasts forever! Blessed are you! Blessed, who delivers and redeems! Т Blessed are you and your name! COMMENTARY. Baruh She'amar is the rabbinic composition that introduces Pesukey Dezimrah/Verses of Praise, which traditionally is compiled from biblical passages, primarily from Psalms. 1 The focus of Birhot Hashahar is on physical awakening. In Pesukey Dezimrah the kaleidoscopic imagery awakens our emotions. Just as we find our own pace walking through art museums, so Pesukey Dezimrah invites each of us to wander amidst its visions. On different days, different imagery comes to life. Pesukey Dezimrah moves us toward prayerfulness, toward readiness to join in spiritual community. D.A.T. T DERASH. Pesukey Dezimrah begins with an apology for verbal prayer. It is only because God "spoke the world into being" that we dare to assume that words can serve as the vehicles for our deepest prayers. In participating 1 in verbal prayer, we somehow partake of that same act of Divine wordpower through which the world was created. A Hasidic comment on the opening line of Baruh She'amar translates it: "A baruh (blessing) that is said and creates a world-that's a baruh!" A.G. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 178**

/423175t ברוד מרחם על־הַבָּרִיוֹת שמו: ברוּך משלם שכר טוב ליראיו וד הוא: 1 מַעַבִיר אֵפֵלָה וּמֵבִיא אוֹרָה שמו: 1 בָּרוּך חֵי לָעַד וְקַיַם לַנַצח ברוך הוא: 1 ברוד הוא וברוד שמו: ברוף פודה ומציל 1 Baruh merahem al haberiyot. Baruh shemo. Baruh meshalem sahar tov lire'av. Baruh hu. Т Baruh ma'avir afelah umevi orah. Baruh shemo. 1 Baruh hay la'ad vekayam lanetzah Baruh hu. 1 Baruh podeh umatzil. Baruh hu uvaruh shemo. 1 T T Blessed, who acts kindly toward all creatures. ברוך מרחם על הבריות 1 As God nurtures and cares, so should we. AVOT DE RABBI NATAN 11A (ADAPTED BY L.W.K.) Т COMMENTARY. According to the Mishnah, some Jews regularly meditated 1 for an hour before beginning public prayer. As the public prayer service expanded, this time of personal preparation became filled with a collection of psalms and other biblical selections that became known as Pesukey T Dezimrah-"Verses of Song". Rabbinic literature records many variations Т of Pesukey Dezimrah, but common to all versions are selections from Psalms 146-150, known as the "Hallel Psalms" because they feature variations of 1 that term as a praise of God. Another important Hallel psalm-136- is also a traditional part of this section. The central importance of these 1 psalms indicates that the major theme of Pesukey Dezimrah is the praise Т (Hallel) of God. Indeed, the Talmud sometimes refers to Pesukey Dezimrah as the daily Hallel. T S.S. Т I 179 / BARUH SHE'AMAR Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Blessed are you, THE EVERLASTING ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds. Divine one, who gave birth to all, the merciful, subject of praise upon our people's mouths, lauded and glorified upon the tongues of all who love and serve you. And through these, the songs sung by your servant David, may we hail you, SOURCE OF BEING. With praises and with melodies we celebrate your greatness, and we praise you, glorify you, call to mind your Name, and crown you as our sovereign, God of ours, the only one, the living one, throughout all worlds. The one who reigns, lauded and glorified unto the end of time, whose name is ever great. Blessed are you, THE ONE, the sovereign hailed in songs of praise.

1

Т

1

T

COMMENTARY. Although the patchwork of psalms and praises known as *Pesukey Dezimrah* is said to have evolved centuries after the prayer service itself, one can sense in this preface to the service an important echo of worship in biblical times—both the daily service of priests and Levites in the Temple, and the prayers of pilgrims ascending to the Holy City for the seasonal festivals. This bold appropriation of historical memory, undertaken in a period of exile and dispersion, affirms the continuity of biblical Israel with the later people Israel—in effect, inscribing the image of the former upon the latter. All of the themes and moods of the service are present in *Pesukey Dezimrah*. J.R.

PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 180

L

בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה אֶלהֵׁינוּ כֶּעָקו הָעוֹלָם: הָאֵל הָאָב הָרַחֲמָן הַמְהָלָּל בְּפִי עַמּו: מְשָׁבָּח וּמְפּאָר בִּלְשּׁוֹן חֲסִידִיו וַעֲבָדָיו: וּבְשָׁבַחָד וְנְשָבָרָ וְהַלֶּלְד יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ: בִּשְׁבָחוֹת וּבוְמִירוֹת וְבַדְמִירוֹת וְבַבָּלְד וּנְשַׁבַחָד וּנְפָאָרְד וְבַזְכִיר שִׁמְד וְבַמְלִיכְד מַלְבֵּנוּ אֱלהֵׁינוּ *יָחִיד חֵי הָעוּלָמִים: כָּאָרָ וְבַזְכִיר שִׁמְד וְבַמְלִיכְד מַלְבֵּנוּ אֱלהֵינוּ בָּרְוּד אַיָחִיד חֵי הָעוּלָמִים: כָּאָרָ מְשָׁבָּח וּמְפּאָר עֲדֵי־עַד שְׁמוֹ הַגָּרוֹל: בָּרוּד אַתָּה יהוה כָּלֶד מְהָלָל בְּתִשְׁבָּח וּמְפּאָר עֲדֵי־עַד שְׁמוֹ הַגָּרוֹל: בָּרוּד אַתָּה יהוה כָּלֶד מְהָלָל בַּתִּשְׁבָּחוֹת: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam. Ha'el ha'av haraḥaman hamhulal befi amo. Meshubah umfo'ar bilshon hasidav va'avaday. Uvshirey david avdeḥa nehaleleḥa adonay

T

T

1

I

T

1

1

1

T

|

1

Т

I

hasidav va'avadav. Uvshirey david av<u>de</u>ha nehaleleha adonay elo<u>hey</u>nu. Bishvahot uvizmirot negadeleha unshabehaha unfa'ereha venazkir shimeha venamliheha mal<u>ke</u>nu elo<u>hey</u>nu yahid hey ha'olamim. <u>Me</u>leh meshubah umfo'ar adey ad shemo hagadol. Baruh atah adonay meleh mehulal batishbahot.

DERASH. Rabbi Simlay said: "A person should arrange praise of the Holy One and then pray" (Talmud Berahot 32a). *Pesukey Dezimrah* is a preparation. It helps our transition into prayer. L.W.K. (ADAPTED)

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

181 / BARUH SHE'AMAR

Give thanks to THE MAGNIFICENT, call on the name, make known among all peoples God's great deeds. Т Sing songs of God, make melody for God, 1 converse about God's wondrous acts. 1 Celebrate the holy name, I God will delight the heart of those who seek THE ONE. Inquire of THE HOLY ONE and gather strength, Т search out the divine presence always. 1 Call to mind the wondrous things God did, the acts of wonderment, the judgments of God's mouth. 1 1 Sing to THE INCOMPARABLE throughout the earth, bring news, from one day to the next, of divine help. T Tell among the nations of God's glory, amid all peoples, of God's wondrous acts. For great is THE ETERNAL, celebrated mightily, Т and awesome, above all false gods, for all the gods of popular imaginings are mere idols, but THE CREATOR alone made the heavens. T I Chronicles 16:8-12, 23-26 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 182** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

שירוּ לו זמרוּ־לו

שו יהוה ועזו

A.G.

Job Name: --

הוֹדִיעוּ בַעַמִּים עַלִילוֹתֵיו: הודו ליהוה קראו בשמו שִּׁיחוּ בְּכֵל־נִפְּלָאוֹתֵיו: ישמח לב מבקשי יהוה: התהללו בשם קרשו בקשו פניו תמיר: מפתיו ומשפטי־פיהו: זכרו נפלאתיו אשר עשה בשרו מיום־אל־יום ישועתו: שירוּ ליהוה כּל־האֹרץ בכל־העמים נפלאותיו: ספרו בגוים את־כבודו ונורא הוא על־כַּל־אַלהים: כִּי גַרוֹל יהוה וּמָהלָל מאֹר כּל־אַלהֵי הַעַמִים אַלִילִים וַיהוה שַמַיִם עַשָּה: search out the divine presence always. The Hebrew literally בקשו פניו תמיד reads "Seek His face always." The religious person is one who knows in each situation how to seek "the face of God." Whatever befalls us and wherever life may lead, we find ourselves still seeking. Each unique human situation calls upon us to find God's presence and act upon it in a unique way.

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

1 1

1

Т

1

T

Т

T

1

Т T

Т

1 I Т

Т

I

DERASH. The service of gratitude is eternal. As the Rabbis put it (Leviticus Rabah 9), though in the time to come all sacrifices will cease, the thankoffering will never cease. It will last on in eternity; thanksgiving will never become obsolete in the realms of spiritual bliss. A world full of praise-how near to heaven it would be! We must bring ourselves into line with such ideals. Our worship must not be impatient supplication, but patient praise. We must think less of what we lack, more of what we have. M.M.K.

183 / I CHRONICLES

A song of triumph. A psalm of David. The skies recount the glory of divinity, 1 God's handiwork the heavens' dome declares. 1 Day after day pours forth its evidence, night after night expresses knowledge of it, yet without speech and without words, without their voice being heard. Т Through all the earth their chord goes forth, and to the farthest reaches of the globe, their phrase. For the sun a tent is placed in their domain, 1 and it is like a bridegroom stepping from his canopy, rejoicing like a mighty runner on his course, 1 the borders of the heavens are his starting point, his orbit runs beyond their other edge, with nothing hidden from his warmth. Т T The skies recount the glory of divinity. The Hebrew השמים מספרים כבור אל verb mesaperim ("recount") is associated by the rabbis with the word "sapphire." The verse would then mean, "The heavens shine like sapphire 1 with the glory of God." A.G. / their chord, literally, their line/chord, here understood as a musical chord. Belief in "the music of the spheres," a notion shared by many cultures in the ancient and medieval world, is perhaps reflected here, and it T bears interesting resonance with conceptions of the cosmos advanced in modern physics and astronomy. The music of the spheres and that of the psalmist stand in a certain parallel. J.R. 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 184** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

למנצח מזמור לדור: הַשֶּׁמַיִם מְסַפְּרִים כְּבוֹר־אֵל וּמַעֲשָׁה יָדָיו מַגִּיד הָרָאָֿיעַ: 1 יום לִיום יַבְּיעַ אֹמֵר וְלַיִלָה לְלַיָלָה יְחֵוָה־דְּעָת: אֵיז אֹמֵר וְאֵיז דְּבָרִים בְּלִי נְשָׁמָע קוּלָם: 1 בּכֵל־הָאָׁרֵץ יָצָא קַוָּם וּבִקִצָה תֵבֵל מְלֵיהֵם לְשֵׁמֵש שָם אֹהֵל בָּהָם: 1 וְהוּא כְּחַתֵן יֹצֵא מֵחַפָּתוֹ יַשִּׁיש כָּגְבּוֹר לְרוּץ אֹרָח: מִקְצֵה הַשֵּׁמֵיִם מוּצֵאוֹ וּתִקוּפַתוֹ עַל־קִצוֹתֵם וְאֵין נְסְתֵר מֵחַמֵּתוֹ: 1 1 Nature is God's niggun, 1 a wordless melody of unfolding Life. To awaken to God we must hear the nigun. T To awaken to God we must listen in deep silence. T Silence arises when thinking ceases. If we would know God 1 we must quiet the mind, cease the chatter that passes for knowledge when in fact it only flatters the foolish. 1 We cannot live without words but let us not imagine that words are sufficient. As a symphony needs rest to lift music out of noise, T so we need Silence to lift Truth out of words. R.M.S. Т KAVANAH. There are two things that fill my soul with holy reverence and 1 ever-growing wonder-the spectacle of the starry sky that virtually annihi-1 lates us as physical beings, and the Moral Law that raises us to infinite dignity as intelligent agents. IMMANUEL KANT T T Т 1 T Т 185 / PSALM 19 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

The Torah of THE ONE is flawless, it restores the soul, the testimony of THE ONE is true, it makes wise the simple,
precepts of THE ONE are sure, they make the heart rejoice, the mitzvah of THE ONE is clear, it gives light to the eyes,
fear of THE ONE is pure, it stands eternally, the judgments of THE ONE are true, together they are just,
desired more than gold, and greater than the purest gold, sweeter than honey, than the nectar of a honeycomb!
Your servant, too, is being enlightened by them, in their preservation is great consequence.
Our petty failures, who can understand? From hidden faults declare me clean!
And from premeditated ones, as well, protect your servant. Do not let them govern me!
Then might I be perfect, cleared of grave wrongdoing.
May the utterances of my mouth be pleasing, the conceptions of my heart, before you, PRECIOUS ONE, my rock, my champion.
Psalm 1
COMMENTARY. Rabbi Kaplan used to say that if you want to discover the truth of a statement about God, you must invert it. He would then state "The Torah of God is flawless, restoring the soul" should be read "whatever restores the soul is the Torah of God." M.S
PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 186

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

תורת יהוה תִמִימֵה מִשִּׁיבַת נַפֵּש צרות יהוה נאמנה מחכימת פתי: 1 פקודי יהוה ישרים משמחי־לב 1 מצות יהוה בַּרָה מָאָירָת עֵינַֿיָם: 1 יראת יהוה טהורה עומדת לעד 1 משפטיייהוה אמת צרקו יחדו: הַנֶּחֱמָדִים מִזְּהָב וּמִפָּז רָב וּמְתוּקִים מִדְּבַשׁ וְנֹפֵת צוּפִים: Т גַּם־עַבִדָּדְ נִזְהָר בָּהֵם בִּשְׁמְרָם עַֿקֵב רָב: 1 שָׁגִיאוֹת מִי־יָבִין מִנְּסְתַרוֹת נַלְּנִי: 1 גַם מְזַרִים חֲשֹך עַכְדֵּך אָל־יִמִשְׁלוּ־כִי אַז אֵיתַם וְנָקֵיתִי מִפְּשָׁע רַב: 1 יּהִהּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי־פִּי וְהֶגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָגֶׁיהִ יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֵלִי: T T Torat adonay temimah meshivat nafesh 1 edut adonay ne'emanah mahkimat peti. Pikudey adonay yesharim mesamehey lev mitzvat adonay barah me'irat eynayim. 1 Yirat adonay tehorah omedet la'ad mishpetey adonay emet tzadeku yahdav. T Т 1 מפשע רב / mipesha rav / of grave wrongdoing is a wordplay on the boldly 1 contrasting umipaz rav, "and greater than the purest gold," eight lines earlier, expressing the sharp difference between the perfection of divine utter-Т ance and the human imperfection of the psalm's speaker. J.R. T then might I be perfect-the phrase is rendered in a subjunctive 1 mood ("might" instead of "shall") to express the uncertainty and wishfulness-perhaps even wistfulness-of the speaker, who knows that I even with God's help total human perfection is unattainable. J.R. 1 1 I Т 187 / PSALM 19 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

1 I

T

L

	'-
	1
A psalm of David, when he changed his appearance feigning	1
madness before the Philistine king Avimeleh, who sent him	1
on his way.	
	1
A blessing shall I speak for THE ALMIGHTY, at all times,	1
always is God's praise upon my mouth.	
By THE INCOMPARABLE shall my soul celebrate,	1
and may the humble hear it and rejoice.	L
Give greatness to THE ONE along with me,	
and let us elevate the divine name in unison.	
	1
Deeply have I searched for THE INEFFABLE,	
and in all my trials, God has rescued me.	
Have eyes turned toward God and be enlightened!	
Oh, let not your faces darken in confusion!	1
Zero this person had, but when he called, GOD listened,	
and in all his troubles, he was helped!	
He had an angel of THE ONE stationed around him,	1
as around all those who fear GOD and are freed.	
Taste then, and see how good THE FOUNT can be,	
how happy is the person who finds refuge there.	1
You holy beings, have awe of THE DIVINE	I.
there is no lack for those who tremble at it.	
Cubs of the lion are at times in need and hungry,	L
but those who ask of GOD shall never lack the good.	
Listen children, hear me out,	
an awe for THE MYSTERIOUS I'll teach to you.	
Might there be a person who wants life,	1
who desires days of seeking good?	
Never let your tongue speak evil,	1
nor your lips pronounce deceit!	1
Swerve away from evil, perform good,	
seek peace, and follow after it.	'
Seek peace, and follow after it.	
	.
	1
PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 188	
	1

/423175t Job Name: --

אַכַרכָה אֶת־יהוה בּכַל־עַת

שתי את־יהוה וענני

זה עני קרא ויהוה שמע

טעמו וראו כייטוב יהוה

החפיז

חיים

יראו את יהוה קרשיו

כפירים רשו ורעבו

לכו־בנים שמעוי

שונה

סור מרע ועשה־טוב

האיש

נצר

בַּיהוה תִּתְהַלֵּל נַפִּשִׁי

גדלו ליהוה אתי

הבּיטוּ אליו ונהרוּ

חנה מלאד־יהוה

לדור בשנותו את־טעמו לפני אבימלך ויגרשהו וילף: תהלתו בפי: שמעוּ ענוים וישמחוּ: ינרוממה שמו יחדו: ימגוּרותי הצילני: ומכי יפנכם אל־יחפרוּ: ימכל־צרותיו הושיעו: ליראיו ויחלצם: סביב הגבר יחסה־בו: אין מחסור ליראיו: שי יהוה לא־יחסרו כל־טוב: יראת יהוה אלמדכם: אהב ימים לראות טוב: וּשְּׁפַתֵּידָ מִדְבֵּר מִרְמָה: בקש שלום ורדפהו: ---

T

1

1

T

Т

1

1

1

T

T

1

Т

1

T

T

1 1 1

T

I

1

1

T T

Т

I

Mi ha'ish hehafetz hayim ohev yamim lirot tov. Netzor leshoneha mera usfateha midaber mirmah. Sur mera va'asey tov bakesh shalom verodfehu.

COMMENTARY. Rabbi Kaplan used to say that we can only know God through the direct experience of the world. He would then cite the verse, Taste then and see how good THE FOUNT can be (Psalm 34:9). Buber made the same point when he said, "One who truly goes out to meet the world goes out also to God" (I and Thou). M.S.

NOTE. "He" has been used in the translation of several verses in this psalm because they refer specifically to King David. R.S.

189 / PSALM 34

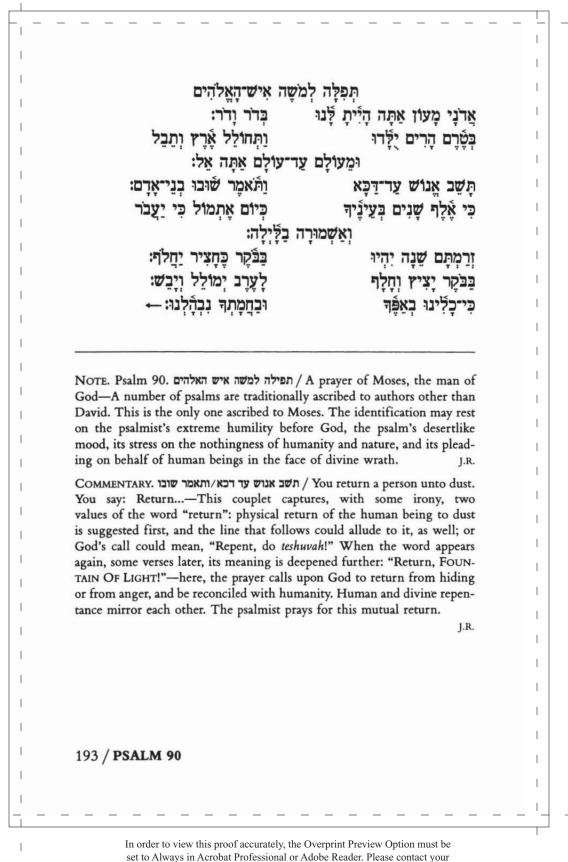
Eyes of THE ONE look toward the righteous, divine ears are trained upon their cry. Present is GOD when evildoers act, to ban them from the land of memory, ZION'S GOD will listen when you cry and from all your troubles God will save. Quite near is THE OASIS to the broken-hearted, and the despairing it will help. Righteous one may be, with many troubles, Т but from all of them THE LIVING WATERS save. Showing care down to a person's bones, God will not let a single one of them be broken. 1 The wicked ones will perish in their evil, haters of the righteous will be summoned to account. Powerful redeemer is THE ONE to those who serve, all who trust in THE ETERNAL triumph over guilt. Psalm 34 COMMENTARY. This psalm is an alphabetical acrostic. The English equivalents of the initial letters are based on the Hebrew, rather than the English, alphabet. The Tetragrammaton appears in this psalm, as in Psalm 29, eighteen times, the numerical equivalent of life. J.R. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 190** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --ואזניו אל־שועתם: עיני יהוה אל־צדיקים הכרית מארץ זכרם: פני יהוה בּעשי רַע T וּמְכַּל־צַרוֹתֵם הָצִילֵם: צַעַקוּ וַיהוה שַמַע 1 ואת־דּכּאי־רוּח יוֹשֿיעַ: קרוב יהוה לְנִשְׁבְּרִי־לֵב 1 ומכּלם יצילנוּ יהוה: רבות רעות צדיק I אחת מהֹנה לא נשברה: שמר כל עצמותיו ושנאי צדיק יאשמו: תמותת רשע רעה Т יאשמו כל־החוסים בו: יפרה יהוה נפש עבריו * 1 1 T COMMENTARY. "Will be summoned to account" ... "triumph over guilt" T -the Hebrew verb is the same in both verses: yeshamu...lo yeshemu. The rendering of these phrases is meant to capture the paradoxical theological I and psychological implications of guilt: considered as a condition of 1 responsibility before God, the concept of guilt is an important cornerstone of religious belief; considered as an emotion that can, sometimes inappro-priately, lead a person into despair or self-hatred, a sense of guilt can some-1 times be dangerous and wrong. Those who "triumph over" guilt master the crippling effects of guilt as an emotion; they will, however, retain their sense of right and wrong, and continue to hold themselves responsible T before God. J.R. L Т 1 1 Т T Т 1 I T 191 / PSALM 34 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

A prayer of Moses, the man of God. My protector, you are our abode, 1 one generation to the next, 1 since before the mountains came to birth', before the birthpangs of the land and world. From eternity unto eternity, you are divine. You return a person unto dust. Т You say: Return, oh children of humanity! 1 Truly, a thousand years are in your eyes like yesterday-so quickly does it pass-1 or like the watchman's nighttime post. You pour upon them sleep, they sleep. T When morning comes, it vanishes like chaff. At dawn, life blossoms and renews itself, at dusk, it withers and dries up. Т 1 Truly, we are consumed amid your anger, and amid your wrath are made to tremble. T 1 COMMENTARY. Psalm 90 could be called a wisdom psalm. Its message is 1 that the very eternity of God forces us to confront the shortness of human life and our own mortality. The psalmist calls out for the wisdom "to assess 1 our days" and thus to gain an understanding heart. Facing mortality T squarely and honestly, the psalmist, with great poignancy, calls out for as many joyous days as those we have experienced suffering and pain. The human capacity to arise from suffering and experience joy again is one of the greatest testimonies to God's presence. Т A.G. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 192**



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

You have placed our sins before your presence, our hidden faults into the lamplight of your face. Т Yes, all our days are emptied in your fire, 1 our years are finished off as but a murmur. 1 Years of our lifetime are but seventy I -perhaps, among the strongest, eighty yearsand most of them are toil and fatigue, Т then quickly it all ends, we fly away. 1 Who knows the full strength of your fury? Is our fear of you the equal of your wrath? 1 1 Oh, let us know how to assess our days, how we may bring the heart some wisdom. T Return, FOUNTAIN OF LIGHT! How long? Be reconciled with your servants! Give us, at daybreak, the plenty of your love, Т enable us to dance and to rejoice throughout our days. Regale us for as many days as you have tortured us, as many years as we have witnessed evil. T Let your accomplishments be visible to those who serve you, let your beauty rest upon their children, let our divine protector's pleasure be upon us, and the labor of our hands, make it secure, the labor of our hands ensure! Psalm 90 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 194** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

me:	 /423175t
me.	 /=431/31

Job Na

צַלַמַנוּ לִמְאוֹר פָּנֻיק: בּלִינוּ שָׁגַינוּ כְּמוּ הֶגָה: ימינו פנו בעברתה כּי־גַז חִיש וַנַּעָפָה: וּכִיִראַתָּה עַבְרַתָּהָ: ונביא לבב חכמה: והנחם על עבריה: שנות רָאִינוּ רַעַה: יד פעלד וַהַדָרָה עַל־בְּנֵיהֵם: עבר וּמַעֲשֵׁה יְדֵׁינוּ כּוֹבְֿנָהוּ: →

T שַּׁתָה עַוֹנֹתֵינוּ לְנָגְדֶּך " ישְׁנוֹתֵׁינוּ בֶּהֶם שִׁבְעִים שֶׁנָה וְאָם בִּגְבוּרֹת שְׁמוֹנִים שֶׁנָה: ימי T וְרֵהַבָּם עָמָל וְאָוָז T מי־יוֹדַעַ עֹז אַפּֿר L לְמְנוֹת יָמֵׁינוּ כֵּן הוֹדַע T שוּבָה יהוה עַד־מָתַי שַּׁבְּעֵׁנוּ בַבּּקָר חַסְדָּׁך וּנְרַגְּנָה וְנִשְׂמְחָה בְּכֵל־יַמֵּינוּ: L T שַׁמְחֵבוּ כִּימות עָנִיתְבוּ I T יראה אק נֿעַם אֲדֹנָי אֱלֹהֵינוּ עָלַינוּ וּמַעַשָּה יָדֵינוּ כּוֹנְנָה עָלֵינוּ ויהי I T I T 1 1 T T Т 195 / PSALM 90 L

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

T

T

Dwelling in the secret of the Highest, in the shade of the Almighty does one lodge. Т I say to THE ETERNAL ONE: My roof, my fortress tower, 1 my God, in whom I trust! 1 For One shall shelter you from trapper's snare, I from the disease that sweeps the villages. Inside divine wings you are nestled, beneath God's pinions you are housed, Т a shield embracing is God's truth. You shall not fear from nighttime terror, from the arrow that soars by day, 1 from pestilence that stalks the gloom, from feverish demon of the noon. A thousand dangers fall away beside you, yes, ten thousand of them, at your right. To you, they can't draw near. Just cast your eyes around, the payment of the wicked you shall see. T For you, PRESENCE, are canopy to me, Supernal One, you've offered your abode. Т 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 196** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

175t
1

L

Job N

T בְּצֵל שֵׁדֵי יְתָלוֹנָן: ישב בּסתר עליון אלהי אכטח־בּו: אמר ליהוה מחסי ומצודתי T כִּי הוּא יַצִּילִה מִפַּח יָקוּש מִדְּבֵר הַוּות: T בּאַבְרַתוּ יַסֵדְ לַדְ וְתַּחַת־כְּנָפִיו תָּחְסֶה T צַנָּה וְסֹחֵרָה אֵמְתּוֹ: I. I מַחֵץ יַעוּף יוֹמָם: לאֹתירֵא מִפַּחֲד־לַיִלָה T מִדְּבֵר בַּאֹפֵל יַהַלֹד מְקַטֵב יָשוּר צֵהַרִים: וּרְבָבָה מִימִינֶֿדְ יפּל מִצְרָך אֵלֵף L T אַלֶיךּ לא יָגָש: T ושלמת רשעים תראה: רק ב ה תביט עליון שמת מעונה:-כּי־אַתַה יהוה מחסי L I. I T NOTE. This psalm revels in the many words for the enclave of divine pro-tection: secret [place], shade, fortress tower, wings, pinions, embracing, shield, canopy, abode, tent, angels, divine hands. J.R. T I. I I T T 1 T T T I T T I 197 / PSALM 91 L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

No evil shall befall you, nor shall any plague approach your tent. T For God shall bid the angels to you, 1 to protect you upon all your paths. 1 On divine hands you shall be carried, I lest your foot should strike the rock. T On roaring lion and on python you shall tread, T you'll trample cub and crocodile. T Yes, in Me is her desire, I help her to survive, I shall exalt her, for she knows my name. 1 I He calls to Me, I answer him, with him am I in time of trial. T I release him, and I pay him honor. 1 Long are the days I satisfy her with, I look upon her with my saving help. 1 Long are the days I satisfy him with, 1 I look upon him with my saving help. Psalm 91 T 1 NOTE. To achieve gender balance, the translator has exercised poetic license in choosing pronouns here. D.A.T. 1 T Т **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 198** Т

וְנַגַע לא־יִקָרַב בָּאָהַלָּדִי לאיתאנה אליך רעה לשמרה בכל הבליה: מלאכיו יצוה לה Т פֿים ישאונק פן־תּגֹף בּאָבן רגלף: 1 תרמס כפיר ותנין: שחל ופתו תררה 1 חשק ואפלטהו אשגבהו כיירע שמי: 1 עמו אנכי בצרה אני ואענהו אַחַלְצָהוּ ואַכבּרָהוּ: Т ואראהו בישועתי: ימים אשביעהו ואַרָאָהוּ בִּישוּעַתִי: ארך ימים אשביעהו Oreh yamim asbi'ehu ve'arehu bishu'ati. 1 COMMENTARY. The "you" of this psalm is the worshipper, who comes into 1 God's presence seeking assurance of God's protection in the travails of life. The worshipper and God begin the psalm in vastly different positions. God is Elyon, the Most High, while the worshipper is like a small bird Т that needs to be saved "from the fowler's trap." The worshipper needs 1 shelter and protection, which God, "an encircling shield," can provide. But these polarized positions change in the imagination as the psalm proceeds. Others may be subject to the terrors of night and the scourge of T noonday, but under God's protection, the worshipper walks invulnerably through life, safe from enemies and disease. At the end of the description, Т the worshipper becomes one of the mighty beings on the planet, trampling 1 on lions and pythons. And God is not distant, but quite near at hand, speaking of being with the worshipper, answering each and every call. The voices that serve as intermediaries between the worshipper and God para-Т doxically convey the notion that we need no intermediary when we call on God. H.L. T COMMENTARY. The function of angels in the Bible was primarily that of messengers as reflected in the Hebrew term malah. Though the Bible does refer to other kinds of angels, their function is quite sketchy. In the second Temple period, the lore about angels grew quite rapidly. At several points 1 the Hebrew liturgy utilizes biblical excerpts in ways that reflect the later understanding of angels. This is particularly the case in the three forms of Kedushah found in the Shabbat and Festival morning service. D.A.T. I 199 / PSALM 91 Т

Acknowledge THE ETERNAL, who is good, God's love is everlasting, praise the God of all the gods, Ki le'olam hasdo, give thanks to the most powerful of powers, God's love is everlasting, who alone performed great, wondrous deeds, Ki le'olam hasdo, maker of the heavens with sublime discernment, God's love is everlasting, founder of the earth upon the waters, Ki le'olam hasdo, maker of the great light orbs, God's love is everlasting, sunlight for dominion of the day, Ki le'olam hasdo, moon and stars to rule the night, God's love is everlasting, COMMENTARY. An antiphonal psalm such as this one, which alternates individual verses with a single refrain chanted by all, helps to create a worshipping community. This psalm builds community around the group's awareness of God as creator of the world, and God as redeemer of Israel. In this abridged version of the psalm, verses 10-22 have been omitted. These verses narrate the killing of the Egyptian firstborn and Israel's exodus from Egypt, the crossing of the Sea of Reeds and the death of Pharaoh's army, the victorious battles in the wilderness against foreign peoples, and Israel's inheritance (by conquest) of the land of Canaan. While contemporary religious sensibilities preclude our rejoicing over the deaths of Israel's enemies, we nonetheless refer to the broad variety of redeeming acts in the phrase, "who amid our lowliness remembered." It is crucial that we remember who and where we have been, lest we forget the values that shaped us. H.L. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/PSALMS OF PRAISE / 200**

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

הודוּ לֵיהוה כִּי טוֹב לעולם חסדו: 23 הורו לאלהי האלהים לם הסדו: Т נולם חסדו: הודו לארני הארנים 1 לְעַשָּה נְפַלַאוֹת גִּרֹלוֹת לְכַדּוֹ נולם חסדו: 1 נולם חסדו: לעשה השמים בתבונה 1 צולם חסדו: לרוקע הארץ על המים לעשה אורים גדלים נולם חסדו: Т נולם חסדו: את השמש לממשלת ביום 1 אֶת הַיָּרֵחַ וְכוֹכָבִים לְמֵמִשְׁלוֹת בַּלַּיִלַה לם הסדו:-1 T Hodu ladonay ki tov Ki le'olam hasdo. Hodu leylohey ha'elohim Ki le'olam hasdo. T Hodu la'adoney ha'adonim Ki le'olam hasdo. T Le'osey nifla'ot gedolot levado Ki le'olam hasdo. 1 Le'osey hashamayim bitvunah Ki le'olam hasdo. Leroka ha'aretz al hamayim 1 Ki le'olam hasdo. Le'osey orim gedolim Ki le'olam hasdo. 1 Et hashemesh lememshelet bayom Ki le'olam hasdo. Et hayare'ah vehohavim lememshelot balaylah Ki le'olam hasdo. T I. T 1 COMMENTARY. הודו ליהוה / Acknowledge THE ETERNAL. Psalm 136 is 1 sometimes called the Great Hallel. Its resounding chorus of praise was Т probably sung by the Levites on festive occasions during second Temple times. The stanzas of the Psalm combine mention of the wonders of Cre-T ation and the history of Israel as signs of God's faithfulness. A.G. 1 T 1 1 I 201 / PSALM 136 Т

/423175t Job Name: -who, amid our lowliness, remembered, Ki le'olam hasdo, who unyoked us from our troubles, T God's love is everlasting, 1 who gives sustenance to all of flesh, T Ki le'olam hasdo! I Praises to the heavens' God, God's love is everlasting! T Psalm 136 (Selected Verses) 1 1 1 1 1 T 1 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 202** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

L

I. Т T לְעוֹלָם חַסִדּוֹ: שֵׁבְשָׁפְלֵנוּ זְכֵר לְנוּ כי T נוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ: ויפרקנו מצרינו כי צוֹלָם חַסִדּוֹ: נֹתֵן לֵחֵם לְכֵל בָּשָּׁר כי הורוּ לָאָל הַשָּׁמַיִם לְעוֹלָם חֵסִדוֹ: כי L I Ki le'olam hasdo Shebeshiflenu zahar lanu I. Ki le'olam hasdo Vayifrekenu mitzareynu I L Noten lehem lehol basar Ki le'olam hasdo L Hodu le'el hashamayim Ki le'olam hasdo I I T T I T T I I Т I I 203 / PSALM 136 L I

Rejoice, you just ones, in THE SOURCE, you who are upright, it is fitting to sing praise. 1 Give thanks to THE INCOMPARABLE upon the harp, 1 by ten-stringed lute, make melody for God, yes, sing a new song to the One, play heartily a melody with hornblast, for the word of THE SUPERNAL ONE is true, Т whose every deed is done in faith, 1 who loves the righteous and the just. THE PROVIDER'S kindness fills the earth! 1 By THE CREATOR'S word the skies were made, by breath of divine speaking all their host, T who gathered in a heap the ocean's waters, placing into chambers all the deep. Т Have awe of THE UNSEEN ONE, all the earth, have dread of God, all dwellers of the globe, for here was one who spoke and all things were, who gave command and everything arose, T REDEEMER, who makes void the plans of nations, who subverts the scheming among peoples. The counsel of THE ETERNAL ONE shall stand forever, God's meditations, from one generation to the next. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 204** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t Job Name: --T לַיִשָּׁרִים נַאוָה תִהַלָּה: רַנָנוּ צַדִּיקִים בַּיהוָה בִּגְּבֵל עַשוֹר זַמִרוּ־לו: הודוּ לֵיהוָה בְכִנּוֹר T היטיבו נגן בתרוצה: שירו לו שיר חדש 1 וְכֵל־מַעַשֵּׁהוּ בֵּאֱמוּנָה: יהוה דבר T הַאָּרָק: מַלְאָה הָאָֹרָק: אהב צָרַקָה וּמְשָׁפַּט I וּבִרוּחַ פּיו כֵּל־צָבָאָם: בּרַבַר יָהוָה שַמַּיִם נַעשוּ T נתן באוצרות תהומות: כנס כנד מי הים T מִמַּנּוּ יַגֿוּרוּ כַּל־ישָבֵי תֵבַל: יִירָאוּ מֵיהוה כַּל האָרַץ T כִּי הוּא אַמַר ויּהי הוא־צוה ויצמר: 1 הַנִיא מַחַשְׁבוֹת עַמִּים: יהוה הפיר עצת גוים I מַחָשָׁבוֹת לִבּוֹ לִדֹר וַדֹר:→ עַצַת יהוה לְעוֹלָם תַּעַמֹר I T What is a new song? When we break our habits of heart and mind I We step out of the past and into the Present. What is new is what is no longer habitual. T What is new is what arises out of the Moment. R.M.S. I T T 1 T T 1 I 1 1 I Т 205 / PSALM 33 L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

Happy is the nation who has THIS ONE for its God, the people who has chosen this inheritance. Far from the heavens does THE KEEPER watch, 1 beholds all children of humanity, surveying, from the seat of rule, all dwellers of the earth, who fashions all their hearts as one, Т who understands their every deed. A king cannot be saved, however great his force, 1 no mighty one whose great strength can redeem. 1 His horse proves false for rescuing, T in the abundance of his force he can't be saved. T But see! GOD's eye looks toward the awestruck, 1 those who yearn for divine love, Т for saving of their souls from death, 1 and giving them, amid their hunger, life. Our spirit has awaited THE ETERNAL, who is for us a help and shield. T Through One alone our heart rejoices, in whose holy name we place our trust. 1 May your kindness be upon us, just as we have placed our hope in you. 1 T Psalm 33 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 206** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

L

L

L

I.

I

I

L

Job Name: --

1 אַשְׁרֵי הַגּוֹי אֲשֶׁר־יהוה אֱלֹהָיו הָעָם בָּחַר לְנַחֵלָה לו: T רָאָה אֶת־כֵּל־כְּנֵי הָאָדָם: משמים הביט יהוה אַל כֵּל־יֹשְׁבֵי הָאָֿרֵץ: מַמְכוֹן־שָׁבָתוֹ הְשָׁגִּיח הַמֵּבִין אֵל־כֵּל־מַעַשִּׁיהֵם: היצר יחד לבּם גִּבּוֹר לֹא־יִנַּצֵל בְּרַב־כֿחַ: איז הַמֵּלֵך נוּשָׁע בְּרֵב-חַוִל וברב חילו לא ימלט: שַקר הַסּוּס לְתָשׁוּעָה I הְנֵה עֵין יְהוָה אֶל־יְרֵאָיו לַמִיַחַלִים לָחַסִדּוֹ: להציל ממות נפשם וּלְחֵיּוֹתָם בָּרַעַב: I עַזְרַנוּ וּמַגְנֵּנוּ הוּא: נַפְּשֶׁנוּ חִכָּתָה לַיָהוָה בו יִשְׁמַח לְבֵּנוּ בשם קַרָשו בָטָחנו: כי י כי חַסִדְּהָ יְהוֹה עַלֵּינוּ כַּאַשֶׁר יְחַלְנוּ לְדָ: יהי I I I 1 T

207 / PSALM 33

Т

A psalm. A song for the day of Shabbat. A good thing to give thanks to THE ETERNAL, 1 to sing out to your name supreme, 1 to tell about your kindness in the morning, and your faithfulness at night, on ten-stringed lyre and on flute, with melodies conceived on harp, Т for you, ALMIGHTY ONE, elate me with your deeds, I'll sing about the actions of your hands. How great your deeds have been, SUPERNAL ONE, 1 your thoughts exceedingly profound. Of this the foolish person cannot know, T of this the shallow cannot understand. For though the wicked multiply like weeds, 1 and evildoers sprout up all around, 1 it is for their destruction for all time, but you, MAJESTIC ONE, are lifted high eternally, T 1 It is good to give thanks. 1 Why? Does God need our praise? No. Т We do. T To awaken to Wonder to holiness to God. T It is good to give thanks for through thanksgiving comes awakening. 1 R.M.S. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 208** Т

מזמור שיר השבת: וּלְזַמֵר לְשָׁמָדָ עַלִיוֹן: טוב להרות ליהוה 1 אמונתה בלילות: להגיד בבקר חסדה הגיון בְּכָנּוֹר: יעשור וַעַלִי־נַֿבֵל שמחתני יהוה בפעלה במעשי ידיה ארנן: מה־גרלוּ מעשיף יהוה מאד עמקו מחשבתיף: וכסיל לא־יבין את־זאת: איש־בֿער לא ידע Т ויצֿיצוּ כּל־פּעלי און בפרח רשעים כמו־עשב לִהְשֶׁמְדָם עֲדֵי־עַר: וְאַתֵּה מֵרוֹם לְעָלָם יהוה: → 1 Mizmor shir leyom hashabbat. Tov lehodot ladonay ulzamer leshimeha elyon. T Lehagid baboker hasdeha ve'emunateha baleylot. Aley asor va'aley navel aley higayon behinor. 1 COMMENTARY. Beautiful in many respects, this twice-recited (evening and morning) Sabbath psalm also contains affirmations which do not flow easily from our lips: the wicked, despite their apparent success, are destined T to perish (verses 8-10), while the righteous are destined to flourish (verses Т 13-15). Who, observing the vast human traumas of this century, can say 1 these words with full conviction? 1 Isn't this psalm facile, smug? At moments of harassment or discouragement, so it may seem; but during the composed times of quiet reflection. 1 such as Shabbat, it appears closer to the truth than its cynical opposite. T Historically, a good case can be made that evil eventually destroys itself; philosophically, it can be convincingly argued that evil contains its own self-destruction, its own internal contradiction. Т Yet this vision is far from our present reality, especially when applied to Т individual cases. With reason Rashi construes the phrase leyom hashabbat for the Sabbath Day in the first verse of the psalm as referring to olam shekulo Shabbat, a world-in-the-making when all will be serene. E.G. I 209 / PSALM 92 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t behold your enemies, RESPLENDENT ONE, behold, your enemies are lost, Т all evildoers shall be scattered. 1 You raise my horn like that of the triumphant ox; 1 I am anointed with fresh oil. 1 My eye shall gaze in victory on my enemies, on all who rise against me to do harm; Т my ears shall hear of their demise. The righteous flourish like the palm trees, like cedars of Lebanon they grow, 1 implanted in the house of THE ALL KNOWING ONE amid the courtyards of our God they bear fruit. T In their old age, they'll put forth seed, fleshy and fresh they'll ever be, Т to tell the uprightness of ONE ALONE, 1 my Rock, in whom no fault resides. Psalm 92 T 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 210** Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

/423175t כִּי־הִנֵּה אֹיִבֵּיךּ יֹאבֵׁרוּ הנה איביף יהוה כי יְתַפַּרְדוּ כַּל־פּעַלִי אוז: 1 בּלֹתי בּשַמן רַעַנַן: ותרם כראים קרני 1 בּקמים עַלֵי מְרַעִים בשורי ותבט עיני 1 תשמענה אוני: 1 כארז בּלְבַנוֹן יִשְׁגָה: צדיק כתמר יפרח בְּחַצְרוֹת אֱלהֵׁינוּ יַפִּרְֿיחוּ: שתולים בבית יהוה Т דשנים ורעננים יהיו: ינובון בּשִׁיבַה 1 צורי ולא עולתה בו: להגיד כּי־יַשַר יהוה 1 T Tzadik katamar yifrah, ke'erez balvanon yisgeh. Shetulim beveyt adonay, behatzrot eloheynu yafrihu. T Od yenuvun beseyvah, deshenim vera'ananim yihyu. T Lehagid ki yashar adonay, tzuri velo avlatah bo. 1 Т 1 COMMENTARY. צריק כתמר יפרח / the righteous flourish like the palm trees. 1 Unlike other trees, the palm brings forth each new branch from its very heart. So, too, the tzadik: tzadikim reach outward from their very depths. T There are no superficial branches on their trees. The righteous are as open T as palms, as strong and straight as cedars. Such people remain fresh and fruitful even in their old age. A.G. 1 1 1 T T 1 1 I Т 211 / PSALM 92 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t THE ETERNAL reigns, is clothed in majesty, THE INVISIBLE is clothed, is girded up with might. 1 The world is now established, 1 it cannot give way. 1 Your throne was long ago secured, beyond eternity are you. The rivers raise, O MIGHTY ONE, the rivers raise a roaring sound, Т the floods raise up torrential waves, but louder than the sound of mighty waters, 1 more exalted than the breakers of the sea, raised up on high are you, THE SOURCE. 1 Your precepts have retained their truth, 1 and holiness befits your house, ETERNAL ONE, forever and a day. 1 Psalm 93 Some congregations recite Ashrey (Psalm 145, page 428) here. T 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 212** 1

הָתָאַזָּר	לָבֵשׁ יהוה עו	יהוה מָלָף גֵּאוּת לָבֵשׁ		
	ל בַּל־תִּמוּט:	אַף־תִּכּוֹן תַבֵי		
	מֵעוֹלָם אָֿתָה:	נָכוֹן כִּסְאֲד מֵאָז		
וּלָם	נָשְׂאוּ נְהָרוֹת ק	נַשְאוּ נְהָרוֹת יהוה		
		יִשְׂאוּ נְהָר		
יינם	אַדִּירִים מִשְׁבְּרֵי	מִקְּלוֹת מֵֿיִם רַבִּים		
		אַדִּיר בַּמָּר		
ד יָמִים:	עַרֹתֶׁיִה נֶאֶמְנוּ מְאֹר לְבֵיתְה נָאֲוָה־לֶּדֶשׁ יהוה לְאֹרֶה יָמִיוּ *			
Some congregations reci	te Ashrey (Psalm 145, page	: 429) here.		
chaotic feelings in article of faith that the world makes se not ultimately prev	our hearts – could ove t God is one and that t ense, stands as an asserti	e chaos in our world – and the rwhelm us! The central Jewish he world is therefore one, that on that the forces of chaos will o torrential waves, but we listen e mighty waters. D.A.T.		
	3			

/423175t

A Song for the Ascents. I lift my eyes up to the hills. from where does my help come? Т 1 My help is from THE UNSEEN ONE, the maker of the heavens and the earth, 1 1 who will not cause your foot to fail. Your protector never slumbers. Т Behold the one who slumbers not, who never sleeps, the guardian of Israel. THE ABUNDANT ONE preserves you, THE WATCHFUL ONE, your shelter, at your right hand a support. By day, the sun will not afflict you, nor the moonlight by the night. THE VIGILANT shall guard you from all evil, and will keep your lifebreath safe. THE SHEPHERD guard your going out and coming in, from now unto eternity. Psalm 121 KAVANAH. Often prayer seeks to turn our thoughts towards God; at other times it directs our attention towards ourselves, and sometimes these two poles are held in intimate relation, as in the opening outcry of the psalm: "I lift my eyes up to the hills: from where does my help come?" Had the T life-sustaining force we call God not been with us, how could we possibly have survived calumny and contempt, pogroms and persecutions? Given the perils and pains of Jewish history, our continued existence as a people Т is not easy to account for in the usual reasoned terms of causal explanation. Might we then succumb, if only for a moment, to the cry of the psalmist, and give voice to our astonished recognition that our existence is surely by the grace of God, a gift that surpasses explanation. E.G. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 214**

שיר למעלות אשא עיני אל-ההרים מאין יבא עזרי: עַזָרִי מֵעָם יהוה עֹשֵה שָׁמַיִם וָאָרֵץ: 1 אל־יָתָן לַמוּט רַגְלָך אַל־יַנוּם שֹׁמָרָד: הנה לאינום ולא יישן שומר ישראל: יהוה שמרה יהוה צַלָּך עַל־יָד יָמִינֵהָ: יומם השמש לא־יַכָּכָה וְיַרְחַ בַּלַּיָלָה: יהוה ישמרה מכלירע ישמר את נפשה: Т יהוה ישמריצאתה ובואה מעתה ועדיעולם: Esa eynay el heharim me'ayin yavo ezri. Ezri me'im adonay oseh shamayim va'aretz. 1 T 1 DERASH. If we lift our eyes towards the mountains, be they rounded from weathering or jaggedly youthful, their connecting of the molten innards Т of earth with the luminous stretches of heaven arouses wonder at the dyna-1 mism and eruptive creativity amidst which we live. Depths become heights while hills are laid low, and the hardest of surfaces yields to the softness of water and wind. Change is ceaseless, and transformation knows T no pause. The dynamism both exhilarates and exhausts the spirit; no wonder that we seek stability amidst this endless process. Т Many of this psalm's readers may find such stability in the seemingly solid 1 image of the Maker of heaven and earth. But those whose ears are attuned to mystical overtones may hear in the word מאין / me'ayin echoes of the Creative Nothingness, the Divine Void, the AYIN, the Mysterious and Т Ever Elusive Source from which all existence springs. The Name for that T Source-four letters without consonantal substance, the stirrings of breath captured only in vowels-hints at stability amidst ceaseless process, a dizzying term of pure becoming. The paradox of this affirmation contributes to the spiritual vertigo which may, along with the heights of the highest Т peaks, help us sense that Source of our being that lies both above and beneath our furthest seeing. E.G. 1 215 / PSALM 121 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

A Song of Ascents. Of David. I rejoiced whenever people said to me, let's journey to the house of THE UNSEEN! Our feet would stand inside your gates, Jerusalem, Jerusalem, built up, a city where all things converge, the place to which the tribes would climb, the tribes of Yah. the place of Israel's witness, 1 for acknowledging the name of THE ETERNAL. For there the seats of justice dwell, 1 the thrones of David's house. So, let us say: Shalom, Yerushalayim, Т and let all who love you be consoled, 1 great solace be upon your force, salvation's rest amid your halls, T for all my kin, for all my friends, may I now speak: Shalom to you! And for the house of THE INDWELLING ONE, our God, I only seek your good. Psalm 122 COMMENTARY. Psalms 121 and 122 are included from the Sephardic rite. Т They are part of a group of pilgrims' songs, sung by our ancestors as they went up to the Temple. These two psalms, simple in their language and strong in their faith, are classics of our ancient religious literature. A.G. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 216** Т

שיר הַמַּעלות לְדַוִד שַמַחָתִי בָּאֹמָרִים לִי בֵּית יהוה נַלַדְ: עמִרות הֵיוּ רַגְלֵינוּ בָּשָעָרִיך יִרוּשַלָם: 1 ירוּשַלָם הַבְּנוּיֵה כַּעִיר שַחַבָּרָה־לָּה יַחָדָו: שֵׁשֵׁם עֵלוּ שְׁבַטִים שְׁבְטֵי־יָה עֲרוּת לִיִשְׁרָאֵל לְהֹרוֹת לְשֵׁם יהוה: כי שמה ישבו כסאות למשפט כסאות לבית דוד: 1 שאלו שלום ירושלם ישליו אהביך: יהי־שַלום בְּחֵילֵך שַלְוָה בָּאַרְמְנוֹתַיִהָ: Т לַמַעַן אַחַי וָרָעַי אַדַבְּרָה־נָּא שַלום בָּדָ: * לְמַעָן בֵּית־יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ אַבַקִשָה טוֹב לַף: Sha'alu shelom yerushalayim yishlayu ohavayih. 1 Yehi shalom beheyleh shalvah be'armonotayih. Lema'an ahay vere'ay adaberah-na shalom bah. T Lema'an beyt adonay eloheynu avakshah tov lah. Т COMMENTARY. This psalm speaks in the past tense of the glories of Jerusalem during the Davidic monarchy. The speaker recalls coming to Jerusalem on pilgrimage when "the thrones of David's house" stood in its midst. What sort of spirituality could now flourish when the institutions that T had nourished the community in the past were no more? Like many Jewish communities since, this one turned its energies to rebuilding and renewal. Praying for the peace and well-being of all those that love Jerusalem was 1 then and is now a prayer for the continuity of Israel's spiritual community. 1 Though the tribes are exiled and dispersed, Jerusalem can again become "a city where all things converge." H.L. 1 COMMENTARY. Psalms 121 and 122 are selections from the Psalms of T Ascent or the Psalms of Degrees, originally sung in the Temple. The beginning of the upward path exists in the recognition of God's loving, helpful presence in our lives (Psalm 121). God is with us when we behold Т nature in its perfection and we become ready to acknowledge the possibility of communion with the power of Creation. Awareness of our access to God offers us protection no matter how often we enter and leave the ascending journey. S.P.W. 217 / PSALM 122 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Job Name: --

/423175t

Hail, my soul, THE OMNIPRESENT! I hail THE INNERMOST my whole life through, I sing out to my God as long as I endure. Trust not in human benefactors, in mortal beings, who have no power to help. Their spirit leaves, they go back to the ground, on that day, all their thoughts are lost.

Happy is the one who has the God of Jacob for a help, whose hopeful thought is for THE LIVING ONE, our God,

the maker of the heavens and the earth, the seas and all that they contain,

the world's true guardian,

Halleluyah!

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

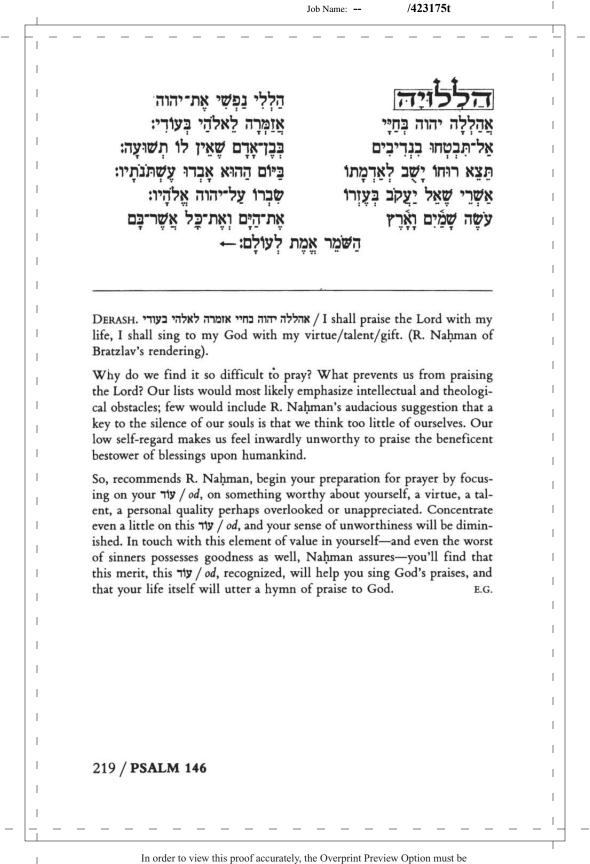
1

Т

DERASH. אל תבטחו כנריבים / Trust not in human benefactors. At first the message catches us off guard. Do not put your trust in other people. Even leaders-born or chosen. Then we recall that ours is a program of sacred principles, not sacred personalities. We should not rely on the good will of even the noblest and most generous. (The root 273 is the same for noble and generous.) The principle of protecting the weak and defenseless is far too important to entrust to any regime, ruler or promising politician. It is a principle encoded in the very structure of the universe. It demands our individual obedience. S.P.W.

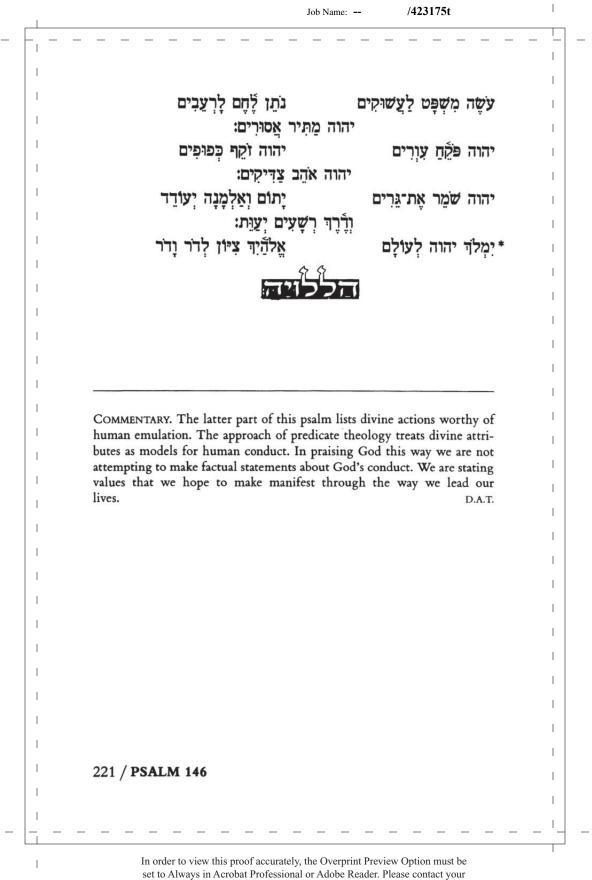
DERASH. The God of religion is the God we can know and experience every time we choose to act in the spirit of moral responsibility by being loyal, honest, just, sympathetic and creative. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 218

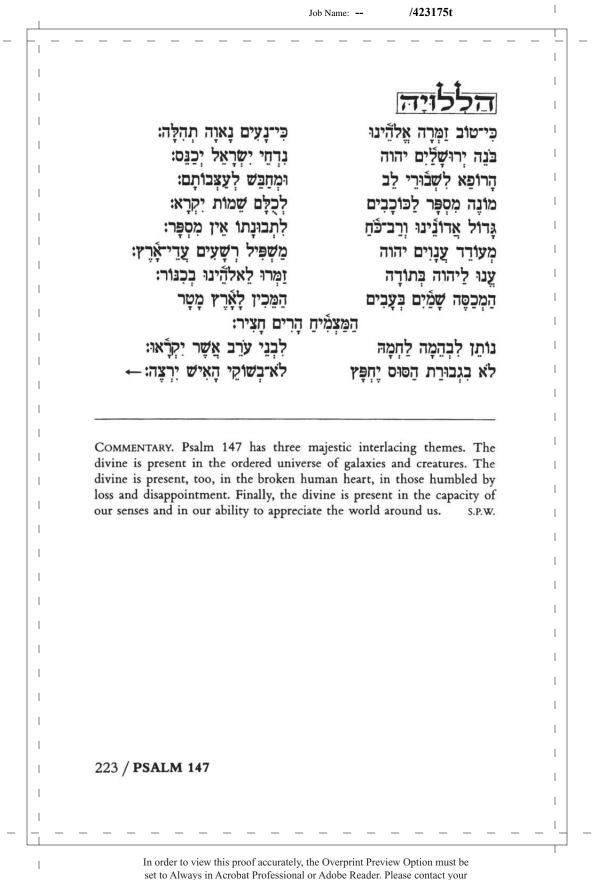


Job Name: --

/423175t who musters justice on behalf of the oppressed, who gives bread to the hungry, T ADVOCATE, who sets the captive free, 1 THE UNSEEN ONE, who makes the blind to see, 1 SUPPORTING ONE, who helps the lame to stand, I THE WATCHFUL ONE, who loves the just, THE BOUNTIFUL, protector of the stranger, Т and in whom the orphan and the widow find their strength, By whom the evildoers' route is set awry. 1 The ALL-EMBRACING reigns eternally, 1 your God, O Zion, from one generation to the next. Т Halleluyah! T Psalm 146 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 220** 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1



Halleluyah! How good it is to sing out to our God! How much a pleasure and how fitting is our praise! 1 The builder of Jerusalem is ZION'S GOD, 1 may those of Israel gone astray be gathered there. 1 The healer of the broken-hearted, 1 the one who bandages their bones, who alone reckons the number of the stars, while giving names to every one of them-Т how great is our protector, and how powerful, whose understanding has no limit! 1 THE COMPASSIONATE encourages the humble, and brings down the wicked to the earth, sing choruses of thanks to THE MAGNIFICENT, sing out to our God with instrument of strings, the one who covers up the sky with clouds, who prepares the rainfall for the earth, who causes grass to sprout upon the mountains, T who gives the beast its sustenance, young ravens, what they clamor for, who is indifferent to the horse's power, who takes no pleasure in the muscle's might, 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 222**



THE JUST ONE values only those in awe of God, only the ones who yearn for God's kind love. Т Give praise, Jerusalem, to THE ETERNAL, hail your God, O Zion, 1 1 for God has fortified the bars upon your gates, has blessed your brood amid your breast, I and sets your borderlands at peace, and satisfies you with the choicest wheat, Т the one who sends an utterance to earth, whose word runs swiftest in the world, the giver of a snow like fleece, 1 who strews a frost like frigid ash. who casts down hail like crumbs of bread 1 -before such chill, who can endure?but who, with but a word, can melt them all, and by whose breath the waters flow. God tells the words of tale to Jacob, laws and judgments to the people Israel. Has God not done so for all nations? Are there any who do not know such laws? Halleluyah! Psalm 147 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 224** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be



Job Name: --

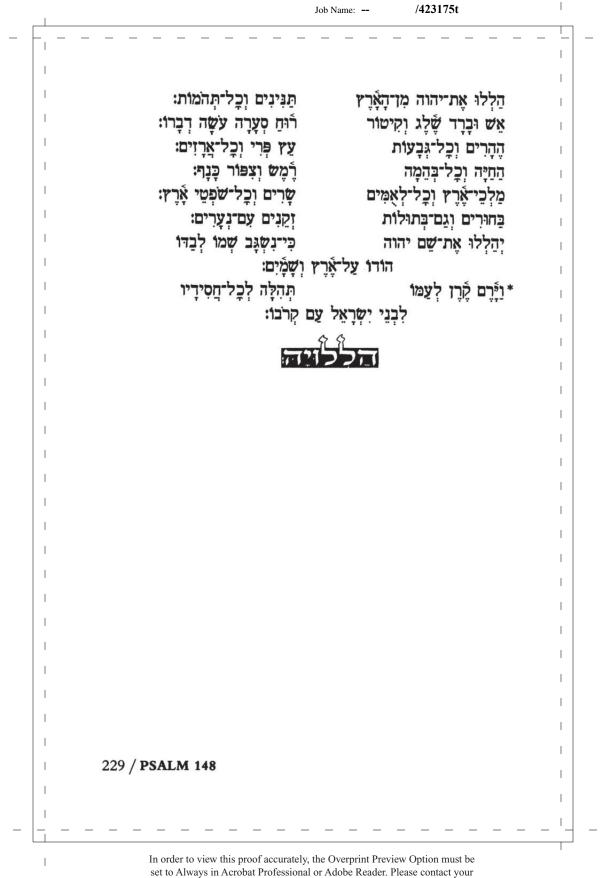
/423175t

L

Halleluyah!
Hail! THE OMNIPRESENT from the heavens, praise God in the heights,
sing out your praises, all you angels, praise God, all you multitudes,
give praise to God, you sun and moon, praise God, all you stars of light
praise God, heavens upon heavens, and you, the waters up above the heavens!
Let all praise the name of THE ETERNAL, who commanded, and all things became,
who raised them up forever and an aeon, who affixed a limit none could pass.
COMMENTARY. The stanzas in this psalm outline its organization. First, a group of lines directed to heavenly beings; second, a group of lines directed to terrestrial beings; and finally, a shorter group of concluding lines that build up to a climactic focus on Israel, God's faithful people who are enjoined to praise God. The liturgy's poetic structure provides a map of religious experience. Psalms like this one reveal that Israel's religious expe- rience derives from seeing itself as the center and apogee of God's world. This psalm poses a challenge to contemporary Jewish spirituality: to recon- cile the special heritage of Judaism with our awareness of living in a non- hierarchical world of many centers. H.L.
PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 226

1	לויה	הק
	אֶת־יהוה מִן־הַשֶּׁמַׁיִם הַלְלוּהוּ בַּמְרוֹמִים:	הַלְלוּ
I	זוּ כֵל־מַלְאָכָיו הַלְלוּהוּ כֵּל־צְבָאָיו:	הַלְלֹוּו
	זוּ שֶּׁמֶשׁ וְיָבֵֿתַ הַלְלוּהוּ כֵּל־כּוֹכְבֵי אוֹר:	הַלְלוּו
	זוּ שְׁמֵי הַשֶּׁמֻיִם וְהַמַּיִם אֲשֶׁר מֵעַל הַשֶּׁמֻיִם:	הַלְלוּו
	אָת־שֵׁם יהוה כִּי הוּא צִוָּה וְנִבְרָֿאוּ:	יְהַלְלוּ
I	עַר לְעוֹלָם תַק־נָתַז וְלֹא יַצְבוֹר: →	ויּצָמִי
I		
I		
I	COMMENTARY. This psalm and the tradition it represents stand important counterweight to the first chapter in Genesis. That c	
	gives us the impression that humans are separate from the world a	round
	us, we alone having been created in God's image as "the crown or ation." Here we see a different vision. The human community is an	
	gral part of the natural realm. "You young men, and you maidens,	elders
I	sitting with the young," sing and dance before the Lord as do mou and hills, fruit trees and cedars.	A.G.
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1		
1	227 / DSAT N 149	
1	227 / PSALM 148	

Give praise to THE ALL-POWERFUL throughout the earth, you dragons and torrential depths, Т you fire and hail and snow, and smoke, 1 you raging wind, all acting by God's word, 1 you mountains, all you hills, you fruit trees, bearing every seed, I you wild animals, and every beast, you creeping thing, and bird of wing, T you rulers of the earth, and all the nations, 1 nobles, and you judges of the land, you young men, and you maidens, 1 elders sitting with the young! Let all bless the name of THE ETERNAL 1 for God's name alone is to be exalted. God's majesty is in the earth and heavens, 1 God has raised the fortunes of our people, praises for the fervent ones, for Israel's children, people near to God, T Halleluyah! Psalm 148 1 1 **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 228** 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be



/423175t Job Name: --Hallelu/Yah! Call out to Yah in Heaven's holy place! Boom out to Yah across the firmament! 1 Shout out for Yah, for all God's mighty deeds! 1 Cry out for Yah, as loud as God is great! Blast out for Yah with piercing shofar note! Pluck out for Yah with lute and violin! I Throb out for Yah with drum and writhing dance! Sing out for Yah with strings and husky flute! Т Ring out for Yah with cymbals that resound! Clang out for Yah with cymbals that rebound! Let every living thing Yah's praises sing, Hallelu/Yah! Let every living thing Yah's praises sing, Hallelu/Yah! Psalm 150 Blessed is THE ONE eternally. 1 Amen! Amen! Blessed is THE OMNIPRESENT, dwelling in Jerusalem, Halleluyah! Blessed is THE MIGHTY ONE divine, The God of Israel who alone works wonders, and blessed is the glorious name forever, T and may God's glory fill the earth. Amen! Amen! 1 COMMENTARY. Psalm 150 as it appears in the biblical text does not repeat its concluding line as it does in the liturgy. The repetition here makes this T concluding verse parallel to all the preceding ones, allowing it to fit a variety of musical settings. The repetition also emphasizes the psalm's essential message. D.A.T. Т **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 230**

/423175t Job Name: --הללו אל בקרשו הללוהו ברקיע עזו: הַלְלוּהוּ בִגְבוּרֹתֵיו הַלְלוּהוּ כִּרֹב גְּדָלוֹ: לוּהוּ בּתַקע שופר הַלְלוּהוּ בְּנָבָל וְכָנּוֹר: 1 1 לוהו בתף ומחול הללוהו במנים ועגב: לוהו בצלצלי שמע הללוהו בצלצלי תרועה: כל הנשמה תהלל I. Т Halleluyah halelu el bekodsho. Haleluhu birki'a uzo. T Haleluhu vigvurotav. Haleluhu kerov gudlo. Haleluhu beteka shofar. T Haleluhu benevel vehinor. T Haleluhu betof umahol. 1 Haleluhu beminim ve'ugav. Haleluhu betziltzeley shama. Т Haleluhu betziltzeley teru'ah. 1 Kol haneshamah tehalel yah. Halleluyah. בַּרוּדְּ יהוה לְעוֹלֵם אַמֵן ואַמֵן: בַּרוּדְ יהוה מִצִּיוֹן שֹׁכֵן יִרוּשַׁלַיִם T לוּיָהּ: בַּרוּך יהוה אַלהִים אַלהֵי יִשְׁרָאָל עֹשָה נְפָלָאוֹת לְבַדּוֹ: Т שם כּבוֹדוֹ לְעוֹלֵם וְיָמֵלֵא כִבוֹדוֹ אֶת־כֵּל־הַאָּרֵץ אָמֵן וָאָמָן: T 1 1 T וימלא כבודו את כל הארץ / and may God's glory fill all the earth. The meaning of the Hebrew phrase is rich in ambiguity. All earth is filled with divine glory, but divine glory itself is filled up with earthliness. It is the I reality of this world that fills God's presence, as it is the presence that gives the world its glory. A.G. 1 ברוך...ואמן / Blessed...Amen! (Psalms 89:53, 135:21, 72:18-19). 1 231 / PSALM 150 Т Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

INTERPRETIVE NISHMAT KOL HAY When the night slides under with the last dimming star and the red sky lightens between the trees, and the heron glides tipping heavy wings in the river, when crows stir and cry out their harsh joy, and swift creatures of the night run toward their burrows, and the deer raises her head and sniffs the freshening air, and the shadows grow more distinct and then shorten, then we rise into the day still clean as new snow. The cat washes its paw and greets the day with gratitude. Leviathan salutes breaching with a column of steam. The hawk turning in the sky cries out a prayer like a knife. We must wonder at the sky now thin as a speckled eggshell, that now piles up its boulders of storm to crash down, that now hangs a furry grey belly into the street. 1 Every day we find a new sky and a new earth with which we are trusted like a perfect toy. We are given the salty river of our blood winding through us, to remember the sea and our kindred under the waves, the hot pulsing that knocks in our throats to consider our cousins in the grass and the trees, all bright scattered rivulets of life. We are given the wind within us, the breath to shape into words that steal time, that touch like hands and pierce like bullets, that waken truth and deceit, sorrow and pity and joy, that waste precious air in complaints, in lies, in floating traps for power on the dirty air. Yet holy breath still stretches our lungs to sing. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 232**

We are given the body, that momentary kibbutz of elements that have belonged to frog and polar bear, corn and oak tree, volcano and glacier. 1 We are lent for a time these minerals in water 1 and a morning every day, a morning to wake up, rejoice and praise life in our spines, our throats, our knees, our genitals, our brains, our tongues. I We are given fire to see against the dark, to think, to read, to study how we are to live, Т to bank in ourselves against defeat and despair that cool and muddy our resolves, that make us forget what we saw we must do. We are given passion to rise like the sun in our minds with the new day and burn the debris of habit and greed and fear. We stand in the midst of the burning world primed to burn with compassionate love and justice, to turn inward and find holy fire at the core, to turn outward and see the world that is all of one flesh with us, see under the trash, through the smog, the furry bee in the apple blossom, the trout leaping, the candles our ancestors lit for us. Fill us as the tide rustles into the reeds in the marsh. Fill us as the rushing water overflows the pitcher. Fill us as light fills a room with its dancing. Let the little quarrels of the bones and the snarling of the lesser appetites and the whining of the ego cease. Let silence still us so you may show us your shining and we can out of that stillness rise and praise. Marge Piercy Т 233 / NISHMAT KOL HAY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

The soul of every living thing shall bless your name, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the spirit of all flesh shall glorify and hold in reverence continually the memory of you, our sovereign one. From one eternity to another, you alone are God. For without you, we have no ruler, no redeemer, none to champion our cause, none to rescue or to save, none to nourish or to nurture us, whatever be the hour, or the trouble, or the need. COMMENTARY. Nishmat Kol Hay consists of three sections. The first section presents God's unity as that unity is declared with every breath of creation. The second section gives thanks for timely rains and declares God to be beyond creation's collective ability to praise. Even if we could enlist nature's greatest capacities in the service of praising God, they would still fall short. Praise "as great as all outdoors" is still inadequate. In the third section of Nishmat Kol Hay, Israel's unique praises reflect its historical experiences of God as the power that brings redemption. Nishmat Kol Hay begins with a universal chorus of praise, moves to the particular praise of Israel, and then speaks of the many ways that individual actions serve as praise. Praises arise from the universe within the self just as they fill the universe without. Verses from the Psalms illustrate aspects of body and breath/soul contributing praises that fill worlds. Pesukey Dezimrah ends with this rabbinic composition reassembling individual voices into a chorus of adoration and thanksgiving. The final paragraphs are a reprise of the first blessing of Pesukey Dezimrah in Baruh She'amar (page 177). Thus, the entire collection beginning with Baruh She'amar and ending before the Kaddish (which separates Pesukey Dezimrah from Shaharit) becomes a well defined literary whole. S.S. Nishmat is the song of the wave awakening to the ocean, seeing that the wave is the ocean and the ocean the wave, recognizing the interdependence of all things and discovering the awesome wonder that is our reality. R.M.S. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 234**

1

1

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

נִשְׁמַת כֶּל־חֵי תְּכָרֵך אֶת־שִׁמָה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וִרוּחַ כֵּל־בָּשַׂר תִּפַאֵר וּתרוֹמם זָכַרָדָ מֵלְפֵּׁנוּ תַּמִיד מִן־הֵעוֹלֵם וְעֵד־הַעוֹלֵם אַתַּה אֵל וּמבּלעדיה אין לַנוּ מַלָך גואל וּמוּשִׁיעַ פּוֹדָה וּמַצִיל וּמַפַרְנָס וּמִרָחָם Т 1 בכל־עת צרה וצוקה אין לַנוּ מֵלֶך אָלָא אָתַה: → 1 Nishmat kol hay tevareh et shimeha adonay eloheynu. I Т DERASH. Nefesh, ruah, neshamah: these three Hebrew terms are often translated as soul or spirit. They were originally terms for breath. This relation between soul and breathing is found in other sacred languages as well: 1 atman in Sanskrit, pneuma in Greek, anima and spiritus in Latin are all terms for soul. All in origin refer to breath and breathing. Literally, then, this T prayer asserts that the breath of all living creatures proclaims God's bless-1 ing. In what sense might this be so? Breath is the prerequisite of life and speech, of existence and communication, and it is a gift requiring no conscious attention except in cases of Т illness. If each inhalation required a direct order, each exhalation a con-1 scious command, how should we find energy or attention for anything else? How should we sleep? In truth, we do not breathe; we are breathed. At this moment of my writing, at this moment of your reading, at succeed-T ing moments of our praying, breath enters and leaves our lungs without our conscious intervention. Truly we are breathed. E.G. 1 The soul of every living thing. This ancient and grand נשמת כל חי rabbinic closing to the morning psalms follows the biblical view that refuses to make any distinction between matter and spirit. God is the breath that resides in all of life, the spirit that animates all flesh. It is this 1 corporeal world that is the locus of divinity. We need only develop the T eyes to see it. A.G. Т 235 / NISHMAT KOL HAY Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

God of the first things and the last, the deity of every creature, power over all that comes to be, the subject of all praises through the multitude of laudatory songs, who guides the universe in love, all creatures with compassion. THE WATCHFUL ONE will never slumber, never sleep! To you who wakens all who sleep and stirs all those who slumber, who gives speech to those who cannot speak, who frees the captive and upholds the falling, who makes upright those bent down—to you alone we offer thanks.

And were our mouths oceans of song, our tongues alive with exultation like the waters' waves, our lips filled full of praises like the heaven's dome, our eyes lit up like sun and moon, our hands spread out like eagle's wings, our feet as light as those of the gazelle—we would never have sufficient praise for you, ABUNDANT ONE, our God, God of our ancestors, nor could we bless your name enough for even one small measure of the thousands upon thousands of the times of goodness, when you acted for our ancestors and us.

Т

1

COMMENTARY. This passage invokes Creation—the separation of sky and water, the fixing of the heavenly lights, the creation of winged creatures and fleet-footed animals. The poet imagines human beings with the best qualities of all the rest of creation. Even then our most elaborate praises would not suffice to express the immensity of the blessing we receive. We are therefore urged to honor our good fortune in God's creative power with every organ of our bodies and with every imaginable verbal variation—that is all we can do in the face of the multiplicity of God's wonders.

PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 236

Job Name: /42

אֱלֹהֵי הָרִאשׁוּנִים וְהָאַחֲרוֹנִים אֱלֿוּהַ בָּל־בְּרִיּוֹת אֲדוֹז בָּל־תּוֹלָדוֹת הַמְהֻלָּל בְּרֹב הַתִּשְׁבָּחוֹת הַמְנַהֵג עוּלָמו בְּחֶׁסֶד וּבְרִיּוֹתָיו בְּרַחֲמִים: וַיהוה לֹא־יָנוּם וְלֹא־יִישָׁז הַמְעוֹרֵר יְשֵׁנִים וְהַמֵּקִיץ נִרְדָמִים וְהַמֵּשִיּחַ אַלְמִים וְהַמַּתִּיר אֲסוּרִים וְהַסּוֹמֵד נוֹפְלִים וְהַזּוֹקֵר כְּפּוּפִים לְדּ לְבַדְּדָ אֲלַמְנוּ מוֹרִים:

אָלּוּ פִּׁינוּ מָלֵא שִׁירָה כַּיָם וּלְשּוֹנֵנוּ רִנָּה כַּהֲמוֹן גַּלְיו וְשִּׁפְתוֹתֵׁינוּ שֶּׁבַח כְּמֶרְחֲבֵי רְאָיעַ וְעֵיבֵׁינוּ מְאִירוֹת כַּשֶּׁמָש וְכַיְרָחַ וְיָדִינוּ פְרוּשוֹת כְּנִשְׁרֵי שֶׁמְׁיִם וְרַגְלֵינוּ מְאִירוֹת כָּשָּׁמָש וְכַיָּרָחַ וְיָדִינוּ פְרוּשוֹת כְּנִשְׁרֵי שֶׁמְיִם וְרַגְלֵינוּ קַלּוֹת בָּאַיָּלוֹת אֵין אֲנַחְנוּ מַסְפּּיקִים לְהוּדוֹת לְךָ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ וְאִמוֹתֵנוּ וּלְבָרֵדְ אֶת־שְׁמֶׁך עַל־אַחַת מֵאֶׁלֶף אֶׁלֶף אַלְפֵי אֲלָפִים וְרִבֵּי רְבָבוֹת פְּעָמִים הַטוּבוֹת שֶּעָשִית עִם־אַבוֹתֵינוּ וִעָמַנוּ: ---

Ilu finu maley shirah kayam.

|

Т

Т

1

I

Т

1

T

|

T

Т

T

1

T

Т

1

|

1

KAVANAH. מעורר ישנים / Who wakens all who sleep. Our faith awakens us from the sleep of our unawareness and calls us to release the bound, to raise up the fallen, and to uplift those who are bent over. In this we are doing godly work, serving as the limbs of the divine presence in this world. It is only through our acting in this way that God's work is done in the human community. And it is only by recognizing such acts as God's work that we transcend ourselves and our own needs in fulfilling them.

A.G.

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ .

237 / NISHMAT KOL HAY

From Egypt you redeemed us, ANCIENT ONE, our God, and from the house of servitude you rescued us. When we were hungry, you provided us with food. With satisfaction you have nurtured us, and from the sword you have delivered us, and during pestilence you gave us refuge, and from dreadful and persistent sicknesses you've set us free. Down to the present day, your kindnesses have been a help to us, your loving acts have not forsaken us.

So never more abandon us, FOUNT OF COMPASSION.

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

T

1

Т

Therefore, the limbs that you have molded for us, breath and spirit you have breathed into our nostrils, tongue that you have placed into our mouths-behold, they shall give thanks, and bless, and praise, and glorify, exalt, admire, sanctify, and crown your name our sovereign power. For every mouth will offer thanks to you, each tongue swear oath; each knee will bend, each upright body will bow down; and every heart will be in awe of you, and every inner organ sing out to your name-as it is written: "Let all my bones declare: THE INFINITE! Who is like you? You, who save the poor from those of greater strength, the destitute and the oppressed from their exploiters." The wail of the downtrodden you will hear, and to the cry of the unfortunate you hearken and come forth with help. Who resembles you, who can be your equal, who can estimate your worth? Divinity so great, so mighty, and so awesome, supreme God, creator of the heavens and the earth!

KAVANAH. Focus on the imagery of the body that weaves through this section of the liturgy: Breath. Flesh. Mouths. Tongues. Lips. Eyes. Hands. Feet. Limbs. Soul. Tongue. Mouth. Hearts. Bones. Soul. The rabbinic composers of the liturgy have given us here explicit directions for how we are to pray: with all our heart, and all our soul, and all our bodily might.

PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 238

מִמִּצְרַיִם גְּאַלְתְּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וּמִבֵּית עֲבָדִים פְּדִיתְֿנוּ בְּרָעָב זַנְתְּנוּ וּבְשָּׁבָע כִּלְכַּלְתְּנוּ מֵחֶֿרֶב הִצַּלְתְּנוּ וּמִדֶּבֶר מִלַּטְתָּנוּ וּמֵחֲלָיִים רָעִים וְנֶאֱמְנִים דִּלִיתְנוּ: עַד־הֵּנָּה עַזָרֿוּנוּ רַחֲמֶׁידָ וְלא־עַזָבֿוּנוּ חֲסָדָידָ וְאַל־תִּשְׁשֵׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ לְגָצַח:

Т

1

T

T

T

1

1

|

T

Т

T

|

| | |

|

I

על־כַּן אַבַרִים שֵׁפּלַגִתַ בָּנוּ וִרֿוּחַ וּנִשָּׁמָה שֶׁנָפַֿחְתָ בְּאַפֵּינוּ וְלָשוֹן אֲשֶׁר שמת בפינו הן הם יודו ויברכו וישבחו ויפארו וירוממו ויעריצו ויקרישוּ וימליכוּ את־שמה מלכנוּ: כּי כַל־פּה לָה יוֹדה וכל־לשוֹן תשַבע וכַל־בָּרֵך לִדְ תִכָרַע וכַל־קוֹמָה לְפַגֵּידְ תִשְׁתַחֵוָה לְבַבוֹת ייִרָאוּד וְכַל־קָרֵב וּכִלִיוֹת יוַמָּרוּ לְשָׁמֶד כַּדְבַר שֵׁכַּתוּב: עַצמוֹתֵי תֹאמֶרנָה יהוה מִי כַמוֹדָ: מַצִּיל עַנִי מַחַזֵק מַמּנוּ ועני תקשיב עניים אתה תשמע צעקת הד מגזלו: שועת הגרול ידמה קד ומי ישוה קד ומי האל 77 יצרד ע: מי ותוש הַגְּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא אֵל עַלִיוֹן קוֹנָה שַמַיִם וָאָרִץ:

לל עצמותי תאמרנה / let all my bones declare. It is the whole self that calls out the praises of God, not just the lips or the mind. The act of prayer is one that calls upon the entire person. This is why traditional Jewish prayer may involve the rhythmic swaying of the body. There is preserved in this ancient and largely unconscious movement an element of ritual dance in which bodily movement was joined to speech in calling out God's glory. A.G.

239 / NISHMAT KOL HAY

We hail you, and we praise you, and we glorify you, and we bless your holy name, as it is said by David: "Bless, O my soul, THE ONE, and all my inner strength, God's holy name." 1 On Pilgrimage Festivals the nusah shifts here. In some congregations the hazan or a second 1 sheliah tzibur/prayer leader begins here. Divinity so consummate in strength, so abundant in the glory of your name, so great unto eternity, so awesome in your awe-inspiring deeds, the sovereign one, presiding on your lofty Т and exalted throne. On Shabbat in some congregations the hazan or second sheliah tzibur/prayer leader begins here. 1 Forever dwelling in the heights, forever holy is God's name! And it is written: "Sing joyously, you fervent ones, about THE FOUNT OF LIFE, for, from the upright, praise is fitting!" 1 By the mouths of all the upright you are raised! And in the words of all the just ones you are blessed! And on the tongues of all the fervent you are sanctified! And in the midst of all the saintly, you are praised T COMMENTARY. The four enlarged Hebrew letters provide an acrostic reference to an otherwise unidentified author named priv / Isaac. Prior generations of Jews have left their names and memories buried among these letters, waiting for us to discover them. The Sephardic order of these lines, which we follow here, offers a require / Rebekah to accompany her Isaac. It is the memory of our mothers, along with our fathers, that we evoke in these ancient words. A.G. **PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 240**

לְּה וּנִשְׁבֵּחֵה וּנִפַאָרָה וּנִבַרֶה אֶת־שֵׁם קַרָשָּׁה כַּאַמוּר לְדַוִד. בַּרְכִי נַפִּשִׁי אֵת־יהוה וְכֵל־קָרָבֵי אֶת־שֵׁם קָדִשוֹ: T On Festivals the nusah shifts here. In some congregations the hazan or a second sheliah 1 tzibur/prayer leader begins here. Т האל בתעצמות עוּד הַגָּרוֹל בָּכְבוֹר שְׁמֵּך הַגָּבּוֹר לַנְצַח וְהַנּוֹרָא I בּנוֹרָאוֹתֵיךּ הַמֵּלֵך הַיּוֹשֵׁב עַל כִּסֵא רַם וְנִשָּׂא On Shabbat in some congregations the hazan or a second sheliah tzibur/prayer leader begins here. 1 שוכן עד מרום וקרוש שמו: 1 וְכַתוּב: רַנְּנוּ צַדְּיקִים בֵּיהוה לַיִשְׁרִים נַאוָה תָהַלָּה: 1 ומם תר T תתפרד 1 חסיד תּתְקַדְש Т תת הלל -1 Barehi nafshi et adonay vehol keravay et shem kodsho. Ha'el beta'atzumot uzeha hagadol bihvod shemeha T hagibor lanetzah vehanora benoroteha Т hameleh hayoshev al kisey ram venisa. T Shohen ad marom vekadosh shemo. Vehatuv: Ranenu tzadikim badonay laysharim navah tehilah. 1 Befi yesharim titromam Т uvdivrey tzadikim titbarah. T uvilshon hasidim titkadash uvkerev kedoshim tit-halal 1 I 1 1 I T 241 / SHOHEN AD Т I

And in the congregations of the tens of thousands of your people, the House of Israel, through joyful song, your name is glorified, our sovereign, in each and every generation. Thus is the obligation of all creatures in your presence, HOLY ONE, our God, God of our ancestors, to thank, to hail, to praise, to glorify, to hold aloft, and to embellish, and to bless, and to exalt, and to revere, beyond all words of song and praise sung by your servant, David son of Jesse, your anointed one.

1

1

Т

1

Т

1

1

Your name be praised eternally, our sovereign, you who are divine, and powerful, and great, and holy, throughout all the heavens and the earth. For unto you, RESPLENDENT ONE, our God, our ancients' God, it is appropriate to offer song, and to ascribe all greatness, might, and praise, all splendor, holiness, and royalty, all blessings and all thanks, from now unto eternity. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, the sovereign divine, so great in praises, God of all thanksgiving, source of wondrous deeds, who takes pleasure in our song and melody. Blessed is the one who lives eternally!

who lives eternally. The Hebrew phrase literally means life of the worlds. This prayerbook also uses the rich and ambiguous phrase for the morning blessings. The word *olam* can refer either to space or to time. A God who is "the life of the *olamim*" can be one who lives eternally, one who inhabits all of many worlds, or one who joins space and time together. Space and time are the two essential categories that are sanctified by religion. Our tradition declares both certain times and particular places to be especially holy. It is through our reverence for these that we learn to treat life as a whole with the reverence of *kedushah*. It is our understanding of God as *hey ha'olamim* that cuts through the distinction between space and time and binds them together in cosmic oneness.

PESUKEY DEZIMRAH/VERSES OF PRAISE / 242

T וּבְמַקהַלוֹת רָבְבוֹת עַמָּך בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרָנֵה יִתִפָּאֵר שְׁמִדְ מַלְכֵּנוּ בּכל־דּוֹר ודוֹר שׁכּן חוֹבַת כַּל־הַיָצוּרִים לְפַגַּיד יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ וָאלהֵי אַבּוּתֿנוּ ואַמּוֹתַנוּ •לָהוּדוֹת לְהַלָּל לְשָׁבַּחַ לְפַאָר לְרוֹמֵם לְהַדֶּר לְבַרָף Т 1 לְעֵלֵה וּלְקַלֵּס עֵל כֵּל־דְּבָרֵי שִׁירוֹת וְתִשְׁבָּחוֹת דָוִד בֵּן־יִשֵׁי 1 1 יִשְׁתַבַּח שָׁמָד לַעָר מַלְבָּנוּ הַאֵל הַמֵּלֵד הַגַּרוֹל וְהַקּרוֹש בַשְׁמֵיִם ץ כִּי לְדָ נָאָה יהוה אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אָבוֹתַינוּ ואַמּוֹתַינוּ שיר ושבחה הַלֵּל וומרה עו וממשלה נַצָּח גִּרְלָה וּגִבוּרָה תִהְלָה ותִפָּאָרָת Т קרשה וּמַלכוּת יּבָרַכוֹת וָהוֹדַאוֹת מֵעַתּה וְעָד עוֹלָם: בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה 1 יהוה אל מֿלך גרול בַּתַּשַּׁבַחוֹת אֵל הַהוֹדַאוֹת אֲרוֹז הַנִּפְלָאוֹת הַבּוֹחֵר 1 בּשִירֵי זְמְרָה מֵלָךָ אָל חֵי הַעוּלַמִים: 1 T 1 your servant...your anointed one. David was anointed as ruler / עבדך משיחך over Israel by Samuel, according to I Samuel 16. Anointment, the pouring Т of olive oil over the head of a chosen leader of Israel, was a symbol of 1 elevation to kingship. Eventually, "Anointed One" (mashiah) came to refer to the Messiah, the descendant of King David who would rule Israel and the world at the End of Days. The rule of David, at least for the people T of the southern kingdom, Judah, symbolized an idyllic time of unity and sovereignty in Israel. Belief in a Messiah became more intense when Т Israel's unity and sovereignty ended. Here, the term refers simply to the 1 anointing event in David's lifetime. J.R. your people...Israel. This prayer delights in God's love for the Jewish people. To say that this people is beloved of God, however, is not Т to assert that we are the only beloved of God. When we are fully aware T of the divine love, we also recognize that infinite love can equally embrace all peoples of the world in their uniqueness. D.A.T. Т 1 243 / SHOHEN AD Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

HATZI KADDISH / SHORT KADDISH Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that T was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the 1 house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. 1 Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified and held in Т honor, viewed with awe, embellished and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On 1 Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world, And say: Amen. 1 1 COMMENTARY. Holiness is the quality or value that things or persons have when they help people to become fully human. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) 1 1 T 1 HATZI KADDISH/244 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

יִתְגַדֵּל וְיִתְקַדֵּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבַּא בְּעַלְמַא דִי בְרַא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמִלִיד 1 דְּכֵל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעַגָלָא וּבִזְמַז מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבִיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי 1 קריב ואמרו: אמן: 1 יָהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַף לְעָלִם וּלְעָלְמֵי עַלְמֵיָא: 1 ויתעלה ויתהדר יתרומם ויתנשא ויתפאר וישתבח שמה דקד יד הוא שא בר Т סן כל (On Shabbat Shuvah add: ושירתא בּרכַתַא לעלא) 1 ונחמתא דאמירן בעלמא ואמרוי אמן: 1 Reader: Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba 1 be'alma di vera hirutey veyamlih malhutey Т behayeyhon uvyomeyhon uvhayey dehol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen. T 1 Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevarah le'alam ulalmey almaya. Reader: Yitbarah veyishtabah veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey 1 veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha berih hu le'ela (On Shabbat Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birhata veshirata tushbehata venehemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen. T Т 1 1 T Т 1 1 T 245 / HATZI KADDISH T Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

	Job Name:	/423175t
THE SHEMA AND ITS	BLESSINGS	
When a minyan is present, the Bareḥu is is customary to bow. The reader chants the second.		
Bless THE INFINITE, the blesse Blessed is THE INFINITE, the b		v and forever!
YOTZER / GOD IN NA	TURE	
For additional readings see pages 733-739	, 754-766, 798-799.	
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ON worlds, who fashions light and and creator of all.		-
On Festivals that fall on weekdays, contin	ue on page 262.	
KAVANAH. As we bless the Source of gives us strength and makes our peace, and the courage to dare.		
COMMENTARY. Barehu calls the con The sections that precede it in the Pesukey Dezimrah, have brought ind they could reach the mutual com prayer. The emotional stirring and earlier sections now become focuse the Shema and its blessings and th	e morning service, dividuals gradually nection needed for heightened awaren d in the tighter into	Birhot Hashahar and closer together until joining together in ess brought by these
COMMENTARY. The first major then We wonder at the order, the comp by our own smallness, we are non	lexity, the vastness	of our world. Struck t up in the grace of
having a home amidst the splendo sense of smallness give way to the world.	or that is nature. C	
sense of smallness give way to th	or that is nature. C	gift of life in this
sense of smallness give way to th	or that is nature. C nankfulness for the	e gift of life in this D.A.T.
sense of smallness give way to the world.	or that is nature. C nankfulness for the	e gift of life in this D.A.T.

/423175t קריאת שמע וברכותיה When a minyan is present, the Barehu is said. The congregation rises and faces the ark. It is customary to bow. The reader chants the first line, and the congregation responds with the בַּרְכוּ אֶת יהוה הַמִבֹרָד: ברוד יהוה המברד לעוי Barehu et adonay hamvorah. Baruh adonay hamvorah le'olam va'ed. יוצר בּרוּה אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵה הָעוֹלָם יוֹצֵר אור וּבוֹרֵא חֹשֵׁך עֹשֵׁה שלום ובורא את־הכל: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam yotzer or uvorey hosheh oseh shalom uvorey et hakol. On Festivals that fall on weekdays, continue on page 263.

Many contemporary Jews are reciting berahot/blessings in ways that reflect their theological outlooks and ethical concerns. At any place where a blessing occurs in the liturgy, the following elements can be combined to create alternative formulas for berahot. This can be done by selecting one phrase from each group to form the introductory clause.

I	Baruḥ atah adonay	בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה	Blessed are you Adonay
	Beruhah at yah	בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה	Blessed are you Yah
	Nevareh et	נְכָרֵדְ אֶת	Let us bless
II	eloheynu	אָלהַינוּ	our God
	hashehinah	השכינה	Sheḥinah
	eyn haḥayim	ציז החיים	Source of Life
III	meleh ha'olam	מֶֿלֶך הָעוֹלָם	Sovereign of all worlds
	hey ha'olamim	חֵי הָעוֹלָמִים	Life of all the worlds
	ruah ha'olam	רֿוּחַ הָעוֹלָם	Spirit of the world
	17750		

247 / BAREHU

Т

1

1 T

T Т

1

1

1

T

T

1

Т

T

Т

1

T

Т

1 Т

Т

I

second.

ועד:

Let all beings acknowledge you, all cry praise to you, and all declare: There is none as holy as THE ONE! Let all beings hold you in the highest reverence, you, the fashioner of all. The God Т who opens up each day the doors and gateways of the East, who 1 bursts open the windows of the heavens' dome, bringing forth the sunlight from its place and moonlight from its seat of rest, providing light for the entire world and for its creatures-all of 1 whom divinity, in boundless love, brought into being. Bringer of light, with tender care, upon the earth and its inhabitants, in Т goodness you renew each day perpetually Creation's wondrous work. 1 KAVANAH. God appears here as "cosmic housekeeper" pulling up the windowshades, opening the doors to the morning light, revealing creative possibilities within each day. When we bring a sense of the holy to even the most mundane tasks, we become able to share consciously in the endless perpetual renewal of Creation's wondrous work. May we remain open to the creative sparks we find in those we encounter, in the world around 1 us, and within ourselves. R.S. COMMENTARY. A sense of God's excesses seems to characterize this out-T burst of hymns in praise of the creator of the cosmic lights. The verses seem also to reflect a sense of divine energy overflowing through the world, filling the Universe with limitless luminosity. To proclaim this plenitude is a special human privilege, made possible for many of us by these radiant words of prayer. E.G. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 248 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

1

1

Т

1

T

1

Т

Т

1

image of a God who opens up each day the gateways of the East. This image of a God who opens the doorway of the East and bursts through the heavenly windows so that light might shine into our world is one of our tradition's most powerful. Since ancient times, light has been a metaphor for divinity. Light is the most subtle of substances. It bathes us in its glow and nourishes our existence in ways we can hardly articulate. God is the light-source toward which we humans stretch in constant reach. We are sustained by God's light.

wondrous work. Rabbi Bunam taught, "The Holy One created the world in a state of beginning. The universe is always in an uncompleted state, in the form of its beginning. It is not like a vessel at which the master works until it is finished; it requires continuous labor and unceasing renewal by creative forces. Were there a second's pause by these forces, the universe would return to primeval chaos."

249 / YOTZER/GOD IN NATURE

L

You are the world's sole sovereign, dwelling in the highest heights before the dawn of time, praised and magnified and held in awe since the primordial days. God of the world, in your abundant mercy care for us. Source of our strength, our fortress rock, our shield of help, the shelter over us! None like you exists, no God apart from you. Beside you there is nothing. Who resembles you? None like you exists, ETERNAL ONE, our God, within this world, no God apart from you, our sovereign, in any future world. Beside you, our redeeming power, there is nothing in the days to come. None resembles you, our saving force, throughout all lifetimes and all worlds. / limot hamashiah / in the days to come. This phrase literally means "in the days of the messiah", but it is more accurately understood as "messianic days." We do not refer here to an anointed individual, but rather to the peace and harmony toward which we strive. D.A.T. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 250

T

1

1

I

Т

1

|

T

1

Т

D.A.T.

והמפאר והמתנשא מימות לבדו המרומם מאז המשבח אלהי עולם בּרחמיהָ הרבּים רחם עלינוּ אדון עוּנוּ צוּר :0' מִשְּגַבַּנוּ מַגֵן יִשְׁעַנוּ מִשְּגַב בַּעַדְנוּ: אֵין כִּעַרְכָּך וְאֵין זוּלָתֵּך אָפָס בַּלְתַד וּמִי דוֹמֵה לַדְ: אֵין כָּעַרְכָּד יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ בָּעוֹלָם הַזֵּה וְאֵין זוּלַתִּה מַלִבֵּנוּ לִחַיֵּי הָעוֹלָם הַבָּא: אָפָס בִּלְתָך גּוּאֲלֵנוּ לִימות הַמָּשִיחַ ואין דומה־לך מושיענו לחַיי עולמים. לחיי העולם הבא / lehayey ha'olam haba / in any future world. Traditionally these words were understood as referring to life after death or the world messianically transformed. However, "the future world" can refer to the world that we are moving toward as a result of increasing scientific knowledge and technological sophistication. We affirm that the divine unity that underlies all of Creation is the basis upon which all our increasing knowledge rests. This section of the service, which celebrates creation, is an affirmation of the

divine unity that underlies it. From our perspective any future world

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

T

1

1

T

1

Т

1

Т

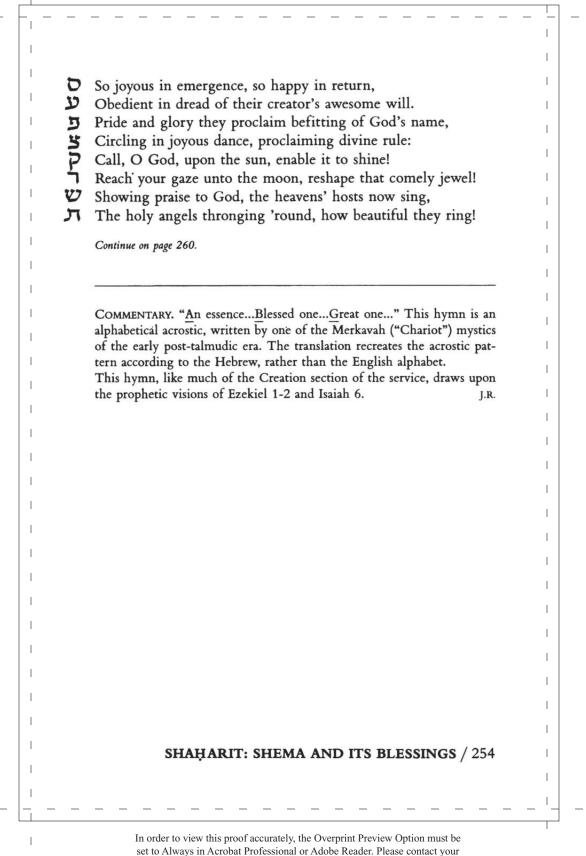
I

251 / YOTZER/GOD IN NATURE

should still pay homage to that divine unity.

Continue with El Adon (below) or Ha'aderet Veha'emunah (page 256). This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. Т X An essence reigns supreme above all created beings, **D** Blessed one, whom everyone with breath of life must bless, Т 3 Great one, whose abundant goodness fills the world, Т T Discerning one, whose knowledge fills all space and I emptiness. How proudly does God shine above the holy beings! 1 O, beautiful in glory! O, chariot divine! T 7 Zealous in your merit, your justice fills the throne, T Heaven's love and tender care the glory ever shines. The lights our God created are filled with every good, You, O God, have fashioned them with knowledge and with Т care, > Kindling amid their heart your awesome might and Т power, Leaving them to govern night and day forevermore. D Magnificent your brightness, your beams so radiant, Т 3 Now all is luminescent, all space they now do fill. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 252 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Continue with El Adon (below) or Ha'aderet Veha'emunah (page 257). Transliteration can be found on page 255. T בָּרוּה וּמְבֹרָה בְּפִי כֵּל־נִשָּׁמָה: אל אַרוֹן עַל כַּל־הַמַּעַשִים Т גַּדְלוֹ וְטוּבוֹ מָלֵא עוֹלָם דעת ותבונה סבבים אתו: 1 דקמתגאה על חיות הקרש ונהדר בכבור על־הַמֵּרְכָּבָה: T הַזֹסֶר וְרַחֲמִים לִפְנֵי כְבוֹדוֹ: ז כוּת וּמִישור לְפְנֵי כִסְאוֹ T יִצְרֵם בְּרַעֵת בִּבִינָה וּבְהַשְּׁכֵּל: כזובים מאורות שברא אלהינו T לְהִיוֹת מוֹשְׁלִים בְּקֶׁרֶב תֵּבֵל: כֿחַ וּגְבוּרָה נָתַן בָּהֵם 1 נַאָה זִיוָם בְּכָל־הָעוֹלָם: 1 כן לאים זיו ומפיקים נגה T עשים באימה רצון קונם: שמחים בִּצֵאתָם וְשָׁשִׁים בְּכֹאָם ש T צהַלָה וְרִנָּה לְזֵכֶר מַלְכוּתו: פאר וכבוד נותנים לשמו T רָאָה וְהָתְקִיז צוּרַת הַלְבָנָה: קרָא לַשֶּׁמֶש וַיִּזְרַח אור 1 שַ בַח נוֹתִנִים לוֹ כֵּל־צָבָא מַרוֹם Т דּנָפְאַרֵת וּגִדְלָה שְׁרָפִים וָאוֹפַנִּים וְחֵיוֹת הַלְּדֵש: 1 Continue on page 261. 1 T Т 1 1 Т T T 1 1 T 253 / YOTZER: EL ADON Т 1



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

El adon al kol hama'asim Baruh umvorah befi kol neshamah. Godlo vetuvo maley olam da'at utvunah sovevim oto. 1 Hamitga'eh al hayot hakodesh venehdar behavod al hamerkavah. Zehut umishor lifney hiso hesed verahamim lifney hevodo. Tovim me'orot shebara yetzaram beda'at bevinah eloheynu uvhaskel. Т Ko'ah ugvurah natan bahem lihyot moshlim bekerev tevel. Mele'im ziv umfikim nogah na'eh zivam behol ha'olam. Semehim betzeytam vesasim osim be'eymah retzon konam. bevo'am 1 Pe'er vehavod notnim lishmo tzoholah verinah lezeher malhuto. Kara lashemesh vayizrah or ra'ah vehitkin tzurat 1 halevanah. Shevah notnim lo kol tzeva marom 1 Tiferet ugdulah serafim ve'ofanim vehayot hakodesh. Continue on page 260. COMMENTARY. This expansive acrostic hymn of praise is especially appro-1 priate for the Sabbath, the holy day that celebrates creation. We are reminded that we inhabit a brilliant yet orderly universe. This song sees 1 the primary substance of the universe as light emanating from divine T goodness. On Shabbat, we take the time to bask in the illumination of God's healing, loving light. S.P.W. T Т 255 / YOTZER: EL ADON In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Awesomeness, truth absolute, the life of all the worlds. Boundless knowledge, blessing all, 1 the life of all the worlds. Great in eminence, greatness itself, the life of all the worlds. Divine in knowledge, speech divine, 1 the life of all the worlds. Heaven's splendor, beauty's height, Т the life of all the worlds. Wisdom's summit, world's first being, the life of all the worlds. Zeal of purity, zealous in light, 1 the life of all the worlds. Hand of power, holding might, the life of all the worlds. T Truth's array, absence of taint, the life of all the worlds. Unity, and awesome yoke, 1 the life of all the worlds, T COMMENTARY. This is an ancient hymn originally used in the Rosh Hasha-1 nah morning service. It may be sung to any of several tunes used for Adon Olam or El Adon. This simple list of attributes for "the life of all the 1 worlds" harks back to the most primitive forms of religious poetry. Fol-Т lowing a double acrostic pattern-here repeated in the English translation-the author calls forth the qualities we associate with God. T "Do you want to know the One we worship?" the poet seems to say. "Then know all these qualities, for it is in them that God, 'the life of all Т the worlds', may be said to dwell." The poem may thus be seen as an early expression of predicate theology, a way of approaching a definition of God by listing the qualities we associate with divinity. A.G. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 256 Т

Job Name: --

למים: האדרת והאמונה והברכה הביבה T למים: הגאוה והגר 1 צולמים: הַדַּעָה וְהַדְּבּוּר 1 צולמים: ההוד וההדר I. I למים: הוצר והותיקות T צולמים: הזה והזהר צולמים: החיל והחסו L 1 מים: הטכס והטהר 1 עולמים: -היחוד והיראה I Ha'aderet veha'emunah lehay olamim T Habinah vehaberahah lehay olamim I. I Haga'avah vehagedulah lehay olamim Hade'ah vehadibur I lehay olamim Hahod vehehadar lehay olamim T Hava'ad vehavatikut lehay olamim 1 Hazoh vehazohar lehay olamim Hahavil vehahosen 1 lehay olamim Hatehes vehatohar lehay olamim I Hayihud vehayirah lehay olamim T T 1 COMMENTARY. This hymn, which, like the preceding one, is a classic text T of Merkavah mysticism, seems to depict the choruses of praise sung by the T angels to God. Like its predecessor, the song is an alphabetical acrostic; in the translation, the initial letter or sound of each line corresponds to a I letter of the Hebrew alphabet, and is also echoed later in the line. J.R. I T 1 I T 257 / YOTZER: HA'ADERET VEHA'EMUNAH T I

Job Name: --

/423175t

Crown of glory, light to come, the life of all the worlds. Lesson, and enlivening, T the life of all the worlds. 1 Majesty of rule and might, 1 the life of all the worlds. I New in beauty, never-ending, life of all the worlds, Sublime, exalted, seated high, T the life of all the worlds. T Overwhelming, one most humble, life of all the worlds. 1 Power to save, in power proud, I the life of all the worlds. T Splendor bright and steady justice, the life of all the worlds. T Quest and call, holy quintessence, 1 life of all the worlds. Т Rejoicing song, subject revered, 1 the life of all the worlds. Song of the world, subject of praise, the life of all the worlds. T Theme of all talk, the one, sublime, Т the life of all the worlds. 1 Continue on page 260. 1 1 T 1 SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 258 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

/423175t

Job Name: --

למים: מים: למים: למים: למים: למים: למים: למים: מים: למים: צולמים:

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

T הפתר והפבוד קח והלבּוּב T הַמְּלוּכַה וְהַמֵּמְשֵׁלָה Т הנוי והנצח T הסגוי והשגב Т הַעֹז וְהַעַנֵוָה T הפרות והפאר הצבי והצרק I הקריאה והקרשה 1 הַרֹז וָהַרוֹמֵמוֹת I השיר והשבח T הַתִּהַלָּה וְהַתִּפְאֵׁרֵת I. I Haketer vehakavod lehay olamim 1 Halekah vehalibuv lehay olamim Hameluhah vehamemshalah lehay olamim T Hanoy vehanetzah lehay olamim Hasiguwi vehasegev lehay olamim I Ha'oz veha'anavah lehay olamim I Hapedut vehape'er L lehay olamim T Hatzevi vehatzedek lehay olamim Hakeri'ah vehakedushah lehay olamim 1 Haron veharomemot lehay olamim I L Hashir vehashevah lehay olamim Т Hatehilah vehatiferet lehay olamim L Continue on page 261. I I T 1 I 259 / YOTZER: HA'ADERET VEHA'EMUNAH T

Praises to God, who rested from all labors of Creation! On the seventh day did God ascend, returning to the throne of glory. With splendor God adorned the day of rest, calling Shabbat a time of pleasure. This is the distinction of the seventh day, for on it the divine one ceased from all creation's work. The seventh day itself offers its praise, calling out "a psalm of the Shabbat: It is good to give thanks to THE ETERNAL ... " Therefore, let all God's creatures offer laudatory blessing! Praise, appreciation, and greatness may they give to God, the sovereign creator of all things, who in great holiness has given an inheritance of rest unto the people Israel, upon Shabbat, the holy day. May your name, DEAR ONE, our God, be declared holy; and your memory, our sovereign, be magnified both in the skies above and on the earth below. Be blessed, redeeming power, in celebration of your handiwork, and for the luminaries that you made. Let all declare your greatness! Continue on page 264.

1

1

1

Т

1

Т

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 260

אשר שבת מכל־המַעשים בַּיּוֹם הַשָּׁבִיעִי הָתָעַלָּה וְיַשָּׁב לאל צַל־כָּפֵא כְבוֹרוֹ: תִּפְאֶׁרֶת עָטָה לְיוֹם הַמְנוּחָה עֹֹנֶג קָרָא לְיוֹם הַשֵּׁבָּת: T זֵה שֶׁבַח שֵׁלַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי שֵׁבּוֹ שָׁבַת אֵל מִבֶּל־מְלַאכְתוֹ וְיוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי Т מְשַׁבֵּּחַ וְאוֹמֵר מִזְמוֹר שִׁיר לְיוֹם הַשַּׁבָּת טוֹב לְהֹדוֹת לֵיהוה: לְפִיכָדְ 1 יִפַאַרוּ וִיבַרְכוּ לָאֵל כֵּל־יִצוּרָיו שֵׁבַח יִקָר וּגִדְלָה יִתְנוּ לָאֵל מֶלֶך 1 יוֹצֵר כֹּל הַמֵּנְחִיל מְנוּחֵה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׁרָאֵל בְּקָרָשָׁתוֹ בִּיוֹם שֲבַּת קְׁרָשׁ: T ממעל בשמים יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ יִתְקַדַּשׁ ווִכִרָדָ מַלְכֵּנוּ יִתְפָּאֵר שמה Т על־שבח מושיענו יק מתחת: תתברך מעשה האר 1 וְעַל־מְאוֹרֵי אוֹר שֶׁעָשִֿיתָ יְפָאֲרוּהָ סֵֿלָה: 1 Continue on page 265. I T T 1 Т 1 1 T Т 1 1 Т T 1 I 1 1 I 261 / YOTZER/GOD IN NATURE Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

On Festivals occurring on weekdays:

1

1

Т

1

T

1

T

You who in your mercy give light to the earth and its inhabitants, and in your goodness do perpetually renew each day Creation's wondrous work, how great your deeds, ETERNAL ONE! In wisdom you have made them all. The earth is filled with your accomplishments. You are the world's sole sovereign, dwelling in the highest heights before the dawn of time, praised and magnified and held in awe from days of old. God of the world, in your abundant mercy, care for us. Source of our strength, our stronghold rock, our shield of help, the fortress over us! All-powerful and blessed, great in discernment, you have prepared and wrought the sunlight's healing rays; true good you have created; luminaries you have made, in honor of your name, surrounding for divine omnipotence; your principal celestial ones, quaking in holiness, revere the shaker of the heavens, to eternity. They tell of divine glory and the holiness of God. Be blessed, redeeming power, in celebration of your handiwork, and for the luminaries that you made. Let all declare your greatness!

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 262

On Festivals occurring on weekdays:	
טובו מחדש בכלייום תמיד	הַמֵאִיר לָאָָרֵץ וְלַדֶּרִים עָלֶיהָ בְּרַחֲמִים וּבְי
	מַצַשָּׁה־בָרֵאשִׁית: מָה־רַבּוּ מַצַשָּׁידּ יהוה
	האָרָץ קניַנִיף: הַמְּלֵך הַמִרוֹמֵם לְבָד
	וְהַמְתִנַשֵּׁא מִימות עוֹלָם אֵלהֵי עוֹלָם ב
	אַרון עָזֵנוּ צור מִשְּגַבְּנוּ מָגֵן יִשְׁעָנוּ מִשְ
	דַעָה הֵכִין וּפָעַל זְהָרֵי חַמָּה טוב יָצַר
	סְבִיבוֹת עָזּוֹ פִּנּוֹת צְבָאָיו קְרוֹשִׁים רוֹ
זִינוּ עַל־שֶׁבַּח מַעֲשָׂה יָדֶֿיוּ	כְּבוֹד־אֵל וּקְרָשֶׁתוֹ: *תִּתְבָּרַדְ יהוה אֵלוֹ
	וְעַל־מְאוֹרֵי אוֹר שֶׁעָשִֿיתָ יְפָאֲרוּדָ פֶֿלָה:
	rsion of the Yotzer became a part of this
indicate the location of the ac	oth Hebrew and English, bold letters here crostic. D.A.T
263 / YOTZER/GOD IN	NATURE

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

On both Shabbat and Festivals continue here.

Т

Т

1

T

Т

1

May you be blessed, our rock, our sovereign, our champion, creator of the holy beings, and let your name be praised eternally, majestic one, the fashioner of ministering angels. All of them are standing in the heavens' highest realms, and giving voice, in awestruck unison, to words of the living God, the sovereign of all worlds. All of them adored, all brilliant in light, all great and mighty—all of them perform, in awe and dread, the will of their creator. And all open their mouths in holiness and purity. With song and melody, they bless, they praise, they magnify, they raise aloft, and sanctify, and proclaim sovereign:

COMMENTARY. This passage pictures an angelic chorus singing God's praises. In Jewish tradition, angels have had a long and varied history—messengers warning Abraham of Sodom's destruction, the heavenly choir of Isaiah, the Talmud's host of heavenly functionaries, the impersonal forces of medieval philosophy, the presences of the Kabbalists. The tradition leaves ample room for each generation to understand angels as it will, whether as natural forces or revealing moments in our lives, the divine in the people we meet, or manifestations of the goodness in our world or in the inner workings of the human heart. D.A.T.

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 264

On both Shabbat and Festivals continue here. תִּתִבַּרֵף צוּרֵכוּ מַלְכֵּנוּ וְגוּאַלֵנוּ בּוֹרֵא קִרוֹשִים יִשְׁתַבָּח שָׁמָד לַעֵר T מַלְפֵּנוּ יוֹצֵר מִשְּׁרִתִים וַאֲשֵׁר מִשְּׁרְתֵיו כָּלָם עוֹמִדִים בְּרוּם עוֹלָם 1 וּמַשָּׁמִיעִים בִּיָרָאָה יַֿחֵר בִּקוֹל דְּבְרֵי אֵלהִים חֵיִים וּמֵלֵך עוֹלָם *כִּלָם 1 אַהוּבִים כַּלָם בִּרוּרִים כַּלָם גִּבּוֹרִים וְכַלָם עֹשִׁים בִּאֵימָה וּבִיִרָאָה רָצוֹן I וכלם פותחים את־פיהם קונם שים ים ומפאו ומשבחים Т 1 Who are holy beings? 1 They are beloved, clear of mind and courageous. T Their will and God's are one. Raising their voices in constant gratitude I they marvel at every detail of life, 1 Granting each other loving permission to be exactly who they are. When we listen for their sweet voices, we can hear the echo within our own souls. S.P.W. 1 T Т 1 T Т 1 1 265 / YOTZER/GOD IN NATURE Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

The name of God, the regal, grand, and awesome one! Holy is God! And all of them receive upon themselves, from each to each, the 1 yoke of heaven's rule, and lovingly they give to one another the permission to declare their maker holy. In an ecstasy of spirit, with pure speech and holy melody, all of them respond in awe as one, and cry: "Holy, holy, holy is THE RULER of the Multitudes of Heaven. The whole world overflows with divine glory! Т The angels of the chariot and holy creatures of the heavens, in great quaking, rise to face the seraphim. And, facing them, they sing in praise, and cry: "Blessed be the glory of THE ONE, wherever God may dwell!" NOTE. Several forms of kedushah exist in our liturgy. Here we have the Kedushah Diyeshivah, which we recite without standing. We remember that, according to the Bible, the angels proclaim God's holiness, but we do not yet rise to do so ourselves. Proclaiming the holiness of the divine unity takes more preparation and concentration. We strive to be ready to move from remembering to proclaiming when we recite the Kedushah of T the Amidah. D.A.T. Literally, the fullness of the earth is God's glory. In this we recognize that there are barren places and empty lives. When we 1 turn despair to hope, cry out for justice, pursue peace, we fill the earth with what is holy, and then the fullness of the earth is God's glory. S.E.S. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 266

Job Name:		/423175t
-----------	--	----------

אֶת שֵׁם הָאֵל הַאֶּלֶך הַגָּרוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא קָרוֹש הוּא *וְכָלָם מְקַבְּלִים עֲלֵיהֶם עֹל מַלְכוּת שְׁמַׁיִם זֶה מִזֶּה וְנוֹתְנִים בְּאַהֲכָה רְשׁוּת זֶה לְזֶה לְהַקְרִיש לְיוֹצְרָם בְּנַׁחֵת רֿוּחַ בְּשָׁפָה בְרוּרָה וּבִנְעִימָה קָרֻשָּׁה כָּלָם בְּאָחָר עוֹנִים וְאוֹמְרִים בְּיִרְאָה: **עַרוֹל עַרוֹע עַרוֹלי בַר הָא**ָרָי בְּוֹרוּ יהוה צְבָאוֹת מְלֹא כֵל הָאָרֶץ בְּבוֹרוֹ: *וְהָאוֹפַנִּים וְחֵיּוֹת הַלֹּדֶשׁ בְּלַעֵשׁ גָּרוֹל מִתְנַשְּׁאִים לְעַמַת שְׂרָפִים

לְעָמֶתָם מְשֵׁבְּחִים וְאוֹמְרִים:

בָּרוּך כִבוֹד יהוה מִמְקוֹמוֹ:

Kadosh kadosh kadosh adonay tzeva'ot melo hol ha'aretz kevodo.

Baruh kevod adonay mimekomo.

Т

1

1

I

|

1

T

|

1

1

T

Т

Т

1

Т

T

|

Т

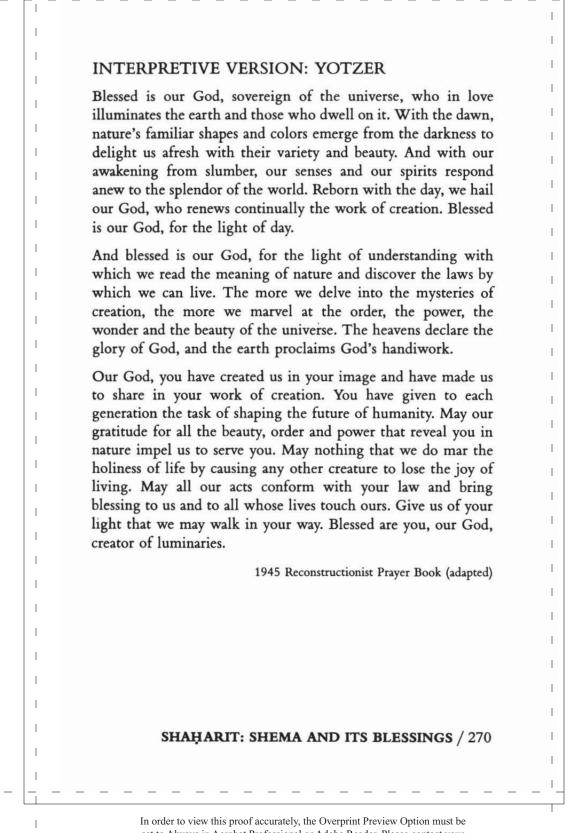
I

ינותנים באהבה / and lovingly they give to one another the permission. Here our text follows the Sephardic version by adding the word *be'ahavah* (in love). It is only in our love for one another that we are truly capable of granting to each other "permission" to pray. A community of Jews who stand together in real prayer must be one where each individual is known and cared for as a person. Only when such love exists among us are we a community whose members can truly "grant permission" to one another to seek or to sanctify God.

267 / YOTZER/KEDUSHAH DIYESHIVAH

To blessed God they offer melodies. To the sovereign and enduring God they utter songs, and make their praises heard, for God alone is holy and revered, enactor of all mighty deeds, T the fashioner of all new things, the seeder of all righteousness, 1 the grower of all saving acts, creator of all healing, awesome in 1 praises, source of every wonder, who renews each day, with 1 constant good, Creation's work-as it is said: "The maker of the skies' great lights, whose love is everlasting!" Let a new light shine forever upon Zion. Soon, may everyone Т of us be worthy of its light. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, the shaper of the heavens' lights. 1 Every day, Creation is renewed. Wake up and see unfolding T In the spreading light of dawn, 1 The world and all it contains Coming into being, new, fresh, Filled with divine goodness 1 And love. Every day, Creation is renewed. Reflected in the great lights T We see a new day, One precious day, Т Eternity. S.P.W. 1 SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 268 Т

/423175t Job Name: --בַרוּה נַעַימות יָהֶגוּ לַמַּלֵה אֵל חֵי וְקַיֵם וְמִירוֹת יֹאמֵרוּ לאל וְתִשְׁבָּחוֹת יֵשְׁמִיעוּ כִּי הוּא לְבַדּוֹ מָרוֹם וְקָדוֹש פּוֹעֵל גְּבוֹרוֹת עוֹשֶׁה Т חֲדָשות זוֹרַעַ צְדָקות מַצְמִיחַ יְשוּעות בּוֹרֵא רְפּוּאות נוֹרָא תְהִלּוֹת 1 אַרוֹן הַנִּפְלַאוֹת הַמְחֵדָשׁ בִּטוּבוֹ בְּכֵל יוֹם תַּמִיד מַצַשָּה בְרֵאשִׁית 1 כַּאַמוּר: לְעַשָּׁה אוֹרִים גִּדלִים כִּי לְעוֹלֵם חֵסִדו: I אור חַדַש עַל צִיוֹן תַאִיר וְנִזְפֵה כַלַּנוּ בִּמְהֵרָה לָאוֹרוֹ: בָּרוּה אַתָּה* יהוה יוצר הַמָּאוֹרוֹת: T Or hadash al tziyon ta'ir venizkeh hulanu bimherah le'oro. Baruh atah adonay yotzer hame'orot. Т T T T לעשה...חסדו / The...everlasting (Psalm 136:7). 1 1 1 T Т 1 1 1 T T 1 1 1 269 / YOTZER/GOD IN NATURE Т 1



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

INTERPRETIVE VERSION: AHAVAH RABAH Abounding is the love that God has shown the house of Israel 1 in giving us the Torah. Through Torah we have come to know the power of righteousness. Truly your word has been our life 1 and the length of our days, enabling us to outlive powerful 1 nations that have sought to enslave or destroy us. For it has taught us to put our trust not in force and violence, in aggression and domination, but in justice and truth, in kindness and compassion. Torah has helped curb in us the lust and greed, Т vindictiveness and cruelty that mar human life. It has filled us with a yearning for a world permeated with love, in which people live in peace and security, in mutual loyalty and friendship. It has inspired us with the faith that the ultimate 1 destiny of humanity is to achieve the triumph of righteousness. Therefore we will not despair even in life's darkest moments, for we possess in Torah the token of God's love. May our hearts be ever open to love! With grateful awareness of all the kindness and good will in the world, let us reach out to others. Then, whatever befalls us in life, we shall not feel forlorn or forsaken. May you never withdraw your love from us! Blessed are you, our God, who has shown eternal love to the people of Israel. 1945 Reconstructionist Prayer Book (adapted) 271 / INTERPRETIVE VERSIONS Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

For additional readings see pages 780-784.

With an abounding love, you love us, NURTURER, our God; with great compassion do you care for us. Our source, our sovereign, just as our ancestors placed their trust in you, and you imparted to them laws of life, so be gracious to us, too, and teach us. Our fount, our loving parent, caring one, be merciful with us, and place into our hearts ability to understand, to see, to hear, to learn, to teach, to keep, to do, and to uphold with love all that we study of your Torah.

With an abounding love, you love us. Ahavah Rabah may be called the quintessentially Jewish prayer. In boundless love for Israel, God gives the greatest gift imaginable: teachings that will help us to live. What more could we want from the loving parent, combining attributes of both father and mother, who here becomes the compassionate teacher, sharing the gift of true knowledge with children who have become disciples? We pray that we may have the open and understanding heart to receive these teachings, to make them real by our deeds, and to pass them on to others. This is our response to God's love: a commitment to study, to live the life of Torah, and to carry it forward to future generations. A.G.

you imparted to them laws of life. This second berahah prior to the Shema moves us from the cosmic realm of God as experienced in nature to the particular Jewish experience of God, as transmitted through our culture. Our Torah records those laws of life that reflect our people's collective experience of God.

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 272

I.

אַהֲבָה רַבָּה אֲהַבְּתָּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ חֶמְלָה גְדוֹלָה וִיתֵרָה חָמָּלְתָּ עָלֵינוּ: אָבִינוּ מַלְפֵׁנוּ פַעֲכוּר אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאָמּוֹתֵינוּ שֶׁבָּטְחוּ בְדָ וַתְּלַמְּדֵם חֻפֵּי חַיִּים כֵּן תְחֲבֵּנוּ וּתְלַמְּדֵנוּ: אָבִינוּ הָאָב הָרַחֲמָז הַמְרַחֵם רַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְתֵז בְּלְבֵנוּ לְהָבִיז וּלְהַשְׁכִּיל לִשְׁמֹעַ לְלְמֹד וּלְלַמֵּד לִשְׁמֹר וְלַעַשוֹת וּלִקַיֵּם אֵת כֵּל דִבְרֵי תַלְמוּד תּוֹרָתֵד בָּאַהַבָה: →

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

Т

T

1

1

1

T

Т

1

Т

Ahavah rabah ahav<u>ta</u>nu adonay elo<u>hey</u>nu hemlah gedolah viterah ham<u>al</u>ta aleynu. Avinu malkenu ba'avur avo<u>tey</u>nu ve'imo<u>tey</u>nu shebatehu veha vatelamdem hukey hayim ken teho<u>n</u>enu utelam<u>d</u>enu. Avinu ha'av harahaman hamrahem rahem aleynu veten beli<u>b</u>enu lehavin ulhaskil lish<u>mo</u>'a lilmod ulelamed lishmor vela'asot ulkayem et kol divrey talmud tora<u>t</u>eha be'ahavah.

COMMENTARY. In the preceding pages (246-270) we offered an extended blessing for Creation. We accepted our creatureliness, our place in nature. Now we shift to concern with what gives our creaturely lives transcendent meaning.

We learn of our own significance through the love that is freely offered to us first by parents and later by others as well. We learn our ultimate worth in this love, which is rooted in the divine love. This is truly essential teaching! This love teaches us what to do with our lives, how to serve others, how to do the divine bidding. Thus loving and learning are inseparable parts of our tie to the divine.

harahaman hamrahem rahem / loving...caring...be merciful. These three consecutive words are based on the same root הרחם which is related to the Hebrew word *rehem* womb. J.R.

273 / AHAVAH RABAH/LOVE AND TORAH

Enlighten us with your Torah, cause our hearts to cling to your mitzvot. Make our hearts one, to love your name and be in awe of it. Keep us from shame, and from humiliation, and from stumbling, today and always. For we have trusted in your holy, great, and awesome name. May we be glad, rejoicing in your saving power, and may you reunite our people from all corners of the earth, leading us proudly independent to our land. For you are the redeeming God and have brought us near to your great name, to offer thanks to you, and lovingly declare your unity. Blessed are you, ABUNDANT ONE, who lovingly cares for your people Israel. KAVANAH. In gathering together the four corners of the tallit, we gather our scattered thoughts and focus on unity-uniting our people, uniting the disparate elements of our lives, uniting with the oneness that links all that is. This inner unity is the place out of which our hearts speak the Shema. D.A.T. SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 274

1

1

1

Т

1

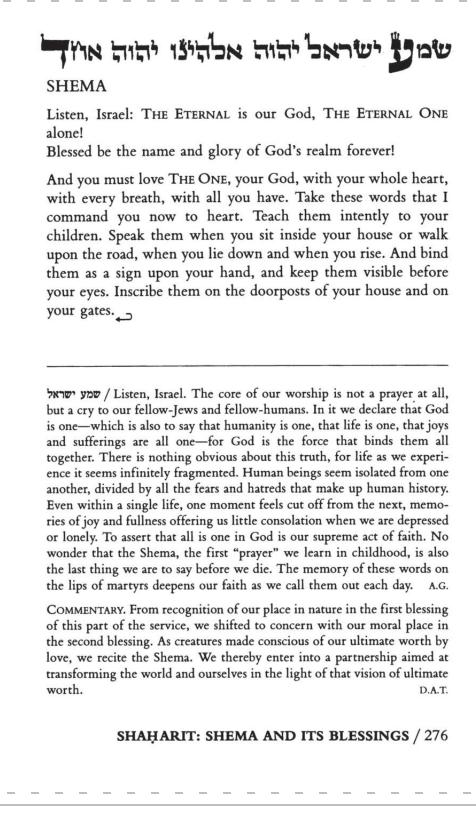
T

Т

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. 1

וְהַאֶר עֵינֵינוּ בְּתוֹרָתֵׁה וְדַבֵּק לְבֵּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֵׁיה וְיַחֵר לְבָבֵנוּ לִאַהַבָה וּליראה את שמק ולא נַבוש ולא נַכַּלָם וָלא נָכַּשָׁל לְעוֹלָם וַעָר: Т בשם קַרְשָׁך הַגַּרוֹל וְהַנּוֹרָא בַּטַׁחְנוּ: נַגִילָה וְנִשְׁמְחָה בִּישׁוּעָתֵׁדָ: כי 1 *וַהַבִיאֵנוּ לְשַׁלוֹם מֵאָרְבַּע כַּנִפוֹת הַאָּרֵץ וְתוֹלִיכֵנוּ קוֹמְמִיוּת לְאַרְצֵׁנוּ: T כִּי אֵל פּועל יִשוּעות אַֿתַה: וְקֵרַבְתַּנוּ לְשָׁמְדָ הַגָּרוֹל סַלַה בַּאַמֵת: T לְהוֹדוֹת לְדָ וּלְיַחֵדְהָ בְּאַהֵבָה: בָּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה אוֹהֵב עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל: I. Т Veha'er eyneynu betorateha vedabek libenu bemitzvoteha 1 veyahed levavenu le'ahavah ulyirah et shemeha. Velo nevosh 1 velo nikalem velo nikashel le'olam va'ed. Ki veshem kodsheha hagadol vehanora batahnu. Nagilah venismehah bishu'ateha. T T T 1 NOTE. Jews traditionally have gathered in the four tzitziyot at the corners of their tallitot when they reach vehavi'enu / reunite. The tzitziyot are then held throughout the Shema. 1 T Т 1 Т 1 275 / AHAVAH RABAH/LOVE AND TORAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



Т

T

T

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

שַׁמַע יִשְׁרָאֵל יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ יהוה ו אֲחַר: בּרוּך שֶׁם כּבוֹד מַלְכוּתוֹ לְעוֹלֵם וַעֵּד: 1 ּוִאָהַבְּתָּ אֵת יהוה אֱלֹהֵיךַ בְּכֵל־לְבָבְךַ וּכְכֵל־נַפִּשְׁךַ וּבְכֵל־מָאוִדְךַ: 1 ְוְהֶיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵׁלֶה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְךָ הַיִּוֹם עַל־לְבָבֶךַ: Т I וְשִׁנַּנְתָם לְכָגֶיך וְדִבּרָתֶ בֶּם בְּשִׁכְתְך בְּבֵיתֶׁךַ וּכְלֶכְתְךָ בַדֶּרֶך וּכְשֶׁכְבָּך וּכְקוּמֶך: וּקִשְׁרְתָם לְאוֹת עַל־יַדְך וְהָיוּ לְטֹטָפֹת בֵּין צינֶיך: וּכְתַכְתָם עַל־מְזָזוֹת בֵּיתֶך וּכִשְׁעָרֶיך: Т 1 Shema yisra'el adonay eloheynu adonay ehad. Baruh shem kevod malhuto le'olam va'ed. 1 Ve'ahavta et adonay eloheha behol levaveha uvhol nafsheha uvhol me'odeha. 1 Vehayu hadevarim ha'eleh asher anohi metzaveha hayom al levaveha, Т Veshinantam levaneha vedibarta bam beshivteha beveyteha uvlehteha vadereh uvshohbeha 1 uvkumeha. Ukshartam le'ot al yadeha vehayu letotafot beyn eyneha. T Uhtavtam al mezuzot beyteha uvishareha. Т 1 GUIDED MEDITATION: Think of someone who loves you. Feel his or her presence. Take a deep breath and open up to the love that is coming to 1 you. Focus on that feeling of love. L.W.K. T And you must love. You shall love your God intellectually, emotionally and with all your deeds. Whatever you love most in these ways is your god. For the Jewish people, the deepest love should be for freedom, Т justice and peace. M.M.K./M.S. עמע...ובשעריך / Listen... gates (Deuteronomy 6:4-9). 277 / SHEMA Т

/423175t Job Name: --

l		
	For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical selection beginning on page 282, then continue with the third paragraph, page 284.	
	BIBLICAL SELECTION I	
	It came to pass, and will again,	
	that if you truly listen to the voice of THE ETERNAL ONE, your God,	
	being sure to do whatever has been asked of you today,	
	THE ONE, your God, will make of you a model	
	for all nations of the earth,	
	and there will come upon you all these blessings,	
	as you listen to the call of THE ABUNDANT ONE, your God: Blessed be you in the city,	
	blessed be you upon the field.	
	Blessed be the fruit of your womb,	
	the fruit of your land, the fruit of your cattle,	
	the calving of your oxen, and the lambing of your sheep.	
	Blessed be your basket and your kneading-trough. Blessed be you when you come home,	
	and blessed be you when you go forth.	
	See, I have placed in front of you today	
	both life and good, both death and ill,	
	commanding you today to love THE BOUNDLESS ONE, your God,	
	to walk in ways I have ordained, keeping the commandments, laws, and judgments,	
	so that you survive and multiply.	
	THE BOUNTIFUL, your God, will bless you	
	on the land you are about to enter and inherit.	
	SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 278	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

ּבְּאֶךָ וּבָרוּךָ אַתָּה בְּצֵאתֶךַ:

beginning on page 283, then continue with the third paragraph, page 285. BIBLICAL SELECTION I נְהָיָה אִם־שָׁמְוֹעַ תִּשְׁמַע בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךָ לִשְׁמְר לְעֲשוֹת אֶת־ בַּל־מִצְוֹתִיו אֲשֶׁר אָנכִי מְצַוּךָ הַיוֹם וּנְתָנְך יהוָה אֱלֹהֶירָ עֶלְיוֹן עַל בַּל־גּוֹיִי הָאֶרָץ: וּכָאוּ עָלֶיך בַּל־הַבְּרָכוֹת הָאֶלֶה וְהִשִּׁיגֶך כִּי תִשְׁמַע בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֱלֹהֶיךַ: בָּרִוּך אַתָּה בָּעִיר וּכָרוּך אַתָּה בַּשָׁדֶה: בָּרְוּך אָתֶה בָּעִיר וּכָרוּך שָׁגָר

For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical selection

ְרְאֵׁה נָתַמִי לְפָנֶידָ הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַחַיִּים וְאֶת־הַטֵּוֹב וְאֶת־הַמֶּוֶת וְאֶת־ הָרָע: אֲשֶׁר אָנכִי מְצַוְדֵ הַיּוֹם לְאַהַבָּה אֶת־יהוָה אֱלהֶידָ לָלֶכֶת בְּרְכָיו וְלִשְׁמִר מִצְוֹתֵיו וְחַקֹתֶיו וּמִשְׁפָּטֵיו וְחָיִיתָ וְרָבִיתָ וּבִרְכְרַ יהוה אֵלהֵידַ בָּאַרֵץ אֵשֶׁר־אַתָּה כָא־שָׁמֵה לְרִשְׁתָה: ---

אַלַפֶּיך וְעַשְׁתְרוֹת צֹאנֶך: בָּרִוּך טַיְאָך וּמִשְׁאַרְתֶך: בָּרָוּך

COMMENTARY. The traditional wording of Biblical Selection II presents detailed bountiful or devastating consequences of Israel's collective relationship to the mitzvot. That biblical section (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers a supernatural theology that many contemporary Jews find difficult. The biblical selection on this page (Deuteronomy 28:1-6, 30:15-19) was included in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur. It begins by encouraging observance in the same language, but concentrates on the positive ways in which observance of mitzvot focuses our attention on God's presence as perceived through productivity and the pursuit of abundant life. S.S.

DERASH. A person must acquire a religious faith, not by being reasoned to about God, but by experiencing God's power in making life worthwhile.

M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

279 / SHEMA

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

1

Т

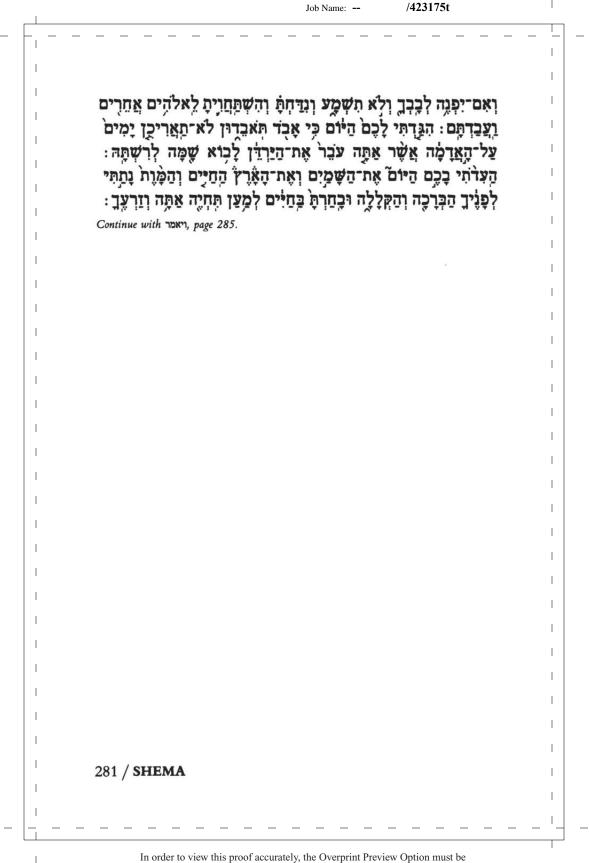
T

1

Т

But if your heart should turn away, and you not heed, and go astray, and you submit to other gods and serve them, 1 I declare to you today that you shall be 1 destroyed completely; you shall not live out 1 a great expanse of days upon the land that you now cross the Jordan to possess. I I call as witnesses concerning you both heaven and earth, both life and death, T that I have placed in front of you a blessing and a curse. 1 Choose life, that you may live, 1 you and your seed! I Continue on page 284. 1 1 1 1 SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 280 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



BIBLICAL SELECTION II

And if you truly listen to my bidding, as I bid you now—loving THE FOUNT OF LIFE, your God, and serving God with all your heart, with every breath—then I will give you rain upon your land in its appointed time, the early rain and later rain, so you may gather in your corn, your wine and oil. And I will give you grass upon your field to feed your animals, and you will eat and be content. Beware, then, lest your heart be led astray, and you go off and worship other gods, and you submit to them, so that the anger of THE MIGHTY ONE should burn against you, and seal up the heavens so no rain would fall, so that the ground would not give forth her produce, and you be forced to leave the good land I am giving you.

So place these words upon your heart, into your lifebreath. Bind them as a sign upon your hand, and let them rest before your eyes. Teach them to your children, speaking of them when you sit at home, and when you walk upon the road, when you lie down, and when you rise. Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates—so that your days and your children's days be many on the land THE FAITHFUL ONE promised to give your ancestors, as long as heaven rests above the earth.

Continue on page 284.

DERASH. The traditional second paragraph of the Shema (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers an account of the natural process by which the blessings of God themselves lead to pride, self-satisfaction, and ingratitude on the part of those who receive them. Ironically, the more we are blessed, so it seems, the less grateful and aware of blessing we become. It is when we are most sated, Scripture warns us, that we should be most careful. Fullness can lead to ingratitude, and ingratitude to idolatry—primarily in the form of worship of our own accomplishments. Then, indeed, "the heavens might close up and no rain fall." For, once we begin to worship our achievements, we will never find satisfaction.

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 282

BIBLICAL SELECTION II

T

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

1

1

T

T

1

I

|

Т

1

אל־מצותי תשמער אם־שמע מצוה בכל לבבכם אלהיכם היום לאהבה את־יהוה עבדו אתכם ירה נפשכם : בעתו מטר ונתתי לבהמתך עשב בשדך דגנך ותירשך ויצהרך: ונתתי ראספת לברכם ושָּבָעָתָ: הְשַּמְרו וסרתם יפתה לַכָּם 19 ואכלת ועבדמם אלהים אחרים והשפחויתם להם: וחרה אף־יהוה בּכָם ועצר את־השׁמִים ולא־יִהְיֵה מַטֵּר וְהָאָדַמָה לֹא תְתָּן אֶת־ יבוּלָה וַאַכַדתּם מָהָרָה מֵעַל הָאַרָץ הַטּבָה אַשֶׁר יהוה נֹתָן לַכָם: ושַׁמְהֵם אֶת־דְּבָרַי אֶלֵה עַל־לְבַבְכֵם ועַל־נַפִּשָׁכֵם וּקַשַׁרָהֵם אֹתָם לְאוֹת עַל־יָדְכֶם וְהֵיוּ לְטוֹטַפֹּת בֵּין עֵינֵיכֵם: וְלְמֵּדְתֵּם אֹתָם אֶת־ לְדַבֶּר בָּם בְּשְׁבְתָך בְּבֵיתֶׁך וּבְלֶכְתָך בַדֶּרֶך וּבְשָׁכִבְּך בניכם וּבְקוּמֵך: וּכְתַבְתָּם עַל־מְזוּזוֹת בֵּיתֶך וּבִשְׁעָרֶיך: לְמַעַן יִרְבֵּו יְמֵיכֵם וְיְמֵי בְנֵיכֵם עַל הַאָּדַמָה אָשֶׁר נְשָׁבַע יהוה לאבתיכם לַתָּת לָהֶם כִּימֵי הַשָּׁמֵיִם עַל־הָאָרָץ:

Continue with ויאמר, page 285.

COMMENTARY. What human action could result in the destruction of the rains, the onset of crop failure and famine? Abuse of the eco-system upon which our very lives depend. And how could such an event occur? When we lose sight of our place in the world and the wondrous gift in all that is. The traditional second paragraph of the Shema was replaced by another biblical selection in earlier Reconstructionist liturgy because the traditional paragraph was understood as literal reward and punishment. However, today in the light of our awareness of the human abuse of the environment, we recognize that often this reward and punishment rest in our own hands. This ancient and yet vital message of the Torah urges us to choose life.

283 / SHEMA

THE BOUNDLESS ONE told Moses: Speak to the Israelites—tell them to make themselves *tzitzit* upon the corners of their clothes, throughout their generations. Have them place upon the corner *tzitzit* a twine of royal blue. This is your *tzitzit*. Look at it and remember all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. And do them, so you won't go off after the lusts of your heart or after what catches your eye, so that you remember to do all my mitzvot and be holy for your God. I am THE FAITHFUL ONE, your God, who brought you from Mitzrayim to be for you a God. I am THE INFINITE, your God.

1

Т

א א למען תוכרו / so that you remember. The *tzitzit*, like all the forms of religion, are there as reminders for us as we go about our daily lives. All of us have had moments when we most became ourselves, liberated from the bonds holding us back, or when we discovered those great inner truths that lend meaning to our lives. But such moments are forgotten, covered over by the petty angers and frustrations of daily living, by the hard shell we think we need about us to protect our most precious feelings.

Our tradition calls upon us to bring such moments back to mind and make them part of our worship. Our own innermost liberation is our "coming out of Egypt"; our own moment of deepest truth is our "standing before Sinai". Let us remember these as we look at our *tzitzit*, and join them to the ancient memories of our people.

DERASH. The four *tzitziyot* represent the four corners of the world. The divine presence spans the entire area from one corner of the world to the other. So too are the inescapable moral obligations which extend throughout our lives no matter where we are.

SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 284

L

ויאמר יהוה אל־משה לֵאמר: דַבֶּר אָל־בָּנֵי יִשָּׁרָאָל ואָמַרָהָ אַלַהֶם וְעֵשׁוּ לַהֵם צִיצָת עַל־כַּוְפֵי כָגְדֵיהֵם לְדוֹתֵם וְנַתִנוּ עַל־ צִיצָת הַכָּנָף פְּתִיל מְכֵלֶת: וְהָיָה לָכֶם לְצִיצָת וּרְאִיתֶם אֹתו הזכרהם את־כל־מצות יהוה ועשיתם אתם ולא תתורו אחרי לְבָבְכֵם וָאַחֵרִי עֵינֵיכֵם אַשֶׁר־אַתֵּם זֹנִים אַחֲרֵיהֵם: לְמַעַן תִזְכָּרוּ וַצַשִׁיתֵם אָת־כֵּל־מִצוֹתֵי וְהִיִיתֵם קִדשִׁים לֵאלהֵיכֵם: אֵנִי יהוה אַלהַיכָם אַשָּׁר הוֹצַאתִי אָתְכָם מֵאָרָץ מִצְרִים לְהִיוֹת לָכָם לאלהים אַנִי יהוה אֵלהֵיכֵם: *יהוה אלהיכם Vayomer adonay el moshe leymor. Daber el beney visra'el ve'amarta aleyhem ve'asu lahem tzitzit al kanfey vigdeyhem. ledorotam venatenu al tzitzit hakanaf petil tehelet. Vehayah lahem letzitzit uritem oto uzhartem et kol mitzvot adonay va'asitem otam velo taturu aharey levavehem ve'aharey eyneyhem asher atem zonim ahareyhem. Lema'an tizkeru va'asitem et kol mitzvotay vihe-yitem kedoshim leyloheyhem. Ani adonay eloheyhem asher hotzeyti ethem me'eretz mitzrayim lihyot lahem leylohim ani adonay eloheyhem. Adonay eloheyhem emet. THE BOUNDLESS ONE ... God (Numbers 15:37-41) / THE BOUNDLESS ONE ... אלהיכם

285 / SHEMA

T

1

|

Т

|

T

T

Т

1

T

|

|

Т

1

Т

Job Name: --

_

_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

_

_

_

_

EMET VEYATZIV / TRUE AND ESTABLISHED	
The traditional Ge'ulah is found on this page; an interpretive version can be found on pa 76. For additional readings see pages 748, 767-771 and 800.	ige
True, and established, and correct,	
enduring and straightforward,	
steadfast, good, and beautiful	
one fundamental principle shall be-	
as for our ancestors, for us,	
and for the generations after us,	
and for all the generations that the seed of Israel,	
your servants, shall exist—	
the truth for early eras and for later ones,	
a thing most excellent and real,	
forever and as long as time endures,	
a true and faithful law that cannot pass away.	
The truth that you are THE ETERNAL ONE,	
our God, our ancients' God,	
our sovereign one, our ancients' sovereign one,	
our champion, our ancients' champion,	
our rock, the rock of our salvation,	
our redeemer and our rescuer,	
your name has always been,	
there is no God but you.	
Help of our ancestors you have always been,	
shield and savior to their children after them,	
in each and every generation.	
In heaven's heights your dwelling sits,	
but your judgments and your justice	
fill the farthest reaches of the earth.	
Happy is the one who pays heed to your mitzvot,	
who takes your Torah and your word to heart!	
True it is that you are sovereign to your people,	
and a mighty ruler who is quick to plead their cause.	
-	
SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 28	6

Job Nar

76. אמת ויציב

Т

1

1

Т

1

Т T

T

Т

1

T

1

1

T

1

The traditional Ge'ulah is found on this page; an interpretive version can be found on page

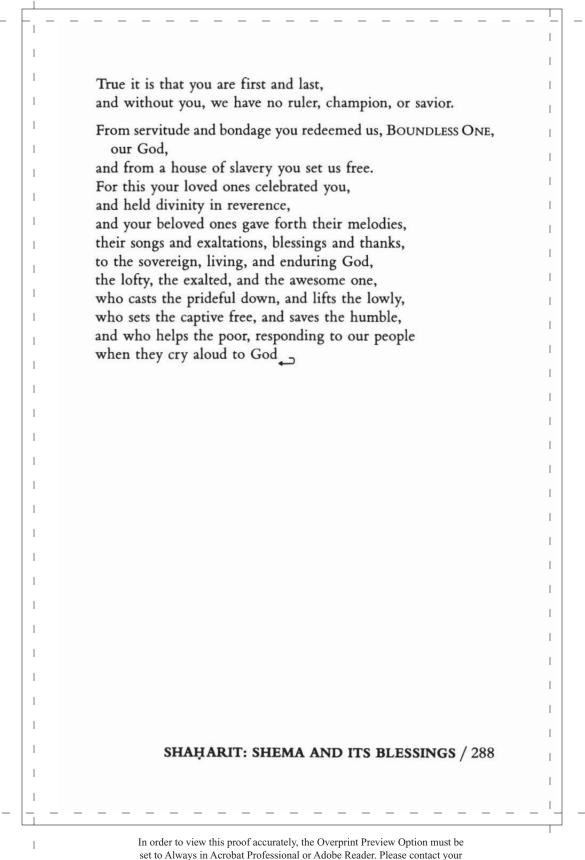
ויציב ונכוז וקים וישר ונאמן וטוב ויפה הדבר הזה: דוסא יעל אַבוֹתֵינוּ ועל אָמוֹתֵינוּ ועַלִינוּ ועל בַּנֵינוּ ועל דּוֹרוֹתֵינוּ ועַל כַּל־דּוֹרוֹת זְרַע יִשָּׁרָאָל עַבַרַיִהָּ:

על הראשונים ועל האחרונים דבר טוב וקים לעולם ועד אמת ואמונה חק ולא יעבור: *אמת שאתה הוא יהוה אלהינו ואלהי אבותינו ואמותינו מַלְכַּנוּ מֶלֶך אַבוֹתִינוּ גּוֹאַלְנוּ גוֹאָל צוּרַנוּ צוּר ישוּעַתַנוּ פּוֹדָנוּ וּמַצִילֵנוּ מַעוֹלָם הוּא שְׁמֵה: אֶין אֵלהִים זוּלתק:

עַזָרַת אַבוֹתֵינוּ וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ אַתָּה הוּא מֵעוֹלָם מָגָן וּמוֹשָּׁיעַ לְבְנֵיהֵם אַחַרֵיהֵם בְּכֵל דֹר וַדֹר: בִּרוּם עוֹלָם מוֹשָׁבֵׁדְ וּמִשְׁפַּטֵׁידְ וָצִרְקָתָדְ עֵר אַפַּסֵי־אַביז: אַשְׁבֵי אִיש שֵׁיִשְׁמַע לִמְצוֹתֵיהָ וְתוֹרַתָהְ וּדְבַרָה יַשִּים עַל לְבּוֹ: אֵמֶת אֲתֵה הוּא אֲדוֹן לְעַמֵּך וּמֵלֶך גְּבּוֹר לָרִיב רִיבָם: →

DERASH. Emet Veyatziv is an affirmation of the Shema. We join the last words of the Shema to אמת as a statement of our ongoing commitment to their truth. Both אמת / truth and אמן / Amen are derived from a root meaning "strong" or "firm". It has also been noted that the three letters of אמת span the Hebrew alphabet; they are its beginning, middle, and end. In contrast, the letters of שקר / lie are all huddled together in a single corner of the alphabet. Truth is broad and all-encompassing; we have to expand our minds in order to embrace it. Lies, like gossip and malicious talk, bring out the narrowness within us. Let us commit ourselves, in affirming the Shema, to breadth of vision and the ongoing search for truth. L.W.K./A.G.

287 / EMET VEYATZIV/REDEMPTION



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

יה אין לנו מלה אתה הוא ראשון ואתה הוא אחרון ומבלעו אמת ומושיע: גואל ממצרים פריתנו: עַל־זֹאת שַׁבָּחוּ אֲהוּבִים וְרוֹמִמוּ אֵל: וְנֵתְנוּ יְדִידִים זְמִירוֹת שִׁירוֹת ותשבחות ברכות והודאות למלך אל חי וקים: רם וְנוֹרָא מֲשָׁפִּיל גַּאִים וּמֵגִבְּיהַ שְׁפַלִים מוֹצִיא אַסִירִים וּפוֹדָה עַנַוִים ועוזר דלים ועונה לעמו בעת שועם אליו:-COMMENTARY. The sequence of this part of the service moves from Creation (Yotzer) to love and revelation (Ahavah Rabah), to affirmation of our commitment (Shema) and now to redemption. In this way the idea is expressed that redemption becomes possible only if we participate in making it happen. The symbol of redemption in the mythic life of the Jewish people is the crossing of the Sea. In the rabbinic imagination, the ancient Israelites slog through mud up to their knees, their waists, even their chests. It falls to us to continue the task of redemption-to face the contemporary morass and find the resolve to wade through it with waves threatening to submerge us on either hand. We wade toward a future that at our darkest moments seems but a dim hope. The hint of the Promised Land is in our loving moments. We join in singing what the Israelites proclaimed after they had successfully crossed the Sea and find in their redemption the strength to seek our own. This struggle carries us into the Amidah, a prayer of becoming, of transformation, of divine-human partnership that brings grace into our lives and into our world. D.A.T. 289 / EMET VEYATZIV/REDEMPTION

1

Т

1

1

T

Т

1

T

Т

1

T

Т

1

Т

T

Т

1

Т

1

Job Name:		
-----------	--	--

/423175t

_

_

Give praises
to the highest God! Blessed is God, the one to bless!
So Moses, Miriam, and the Israelites came forth with
song to you,
in boundless happiness, and they all cried:
"Who among the mighty can compare
to you, Eternal One?
Who can compare to you,
adorned in holiness,
awesome in praises,
acting wondrously!"
A new song did the redeemed ones sing out to your name,
beside the Sea.
Together, all of them gave thanks, declared your sovereignty,
and said:
"THE HOLY ONE will reign forever!"
Rock of Israel, rise up to the help of Israel,
redeem, according to your word, Judah and Israel.
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, the champion of Israel.
On Shabbat, continue with the Amidah on the next page. For the Festival Amidah turn to page 326.
GUIDED MEDITATION. The astounding moment of awe and thanksgiving
experienced by the Israelites upon the crossing of the Red Sea has parallels
in all of our lives. We have all had difficult crossings, experiences that we
struggled through in spite of the pain they caused us. Thus completion
afforded us a sublime sense of inner joy and peace. Take a moment to recall
one of those times. Allow the feelings of celebration to envelop you. Hold on to those feelings as you recite the <i>Mi Hamohah</i> . D.B.
on to those feelings as you recite the Mi Hamohah. D.B.
SHAHARIT: SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS / 290
-

אַקלות לָאָל עֵלִיוֹן בַּרוּהָ הוּא וּמִבוֹרָהְ מֹשֶה וּמִרְיֵם וּבָנֵי יִשְׂרַ* לִדְּ עֵנוּ שִׁירֵה בִּשִׂמְחַה רַבַּה וָאַמְרוּ כַלַם: כמכה באלם יהוה מי כמכה נאדר בקרש נורא תהלת צשה־פּלא: שירה חַדַשָּה שִׁבָּחוּ גָאוּלִים לְשָׁמָדָ עַל־שָּׁפַת הַיֵּם: זַחַר כַּלָם הוֹדוּ וִהְמְלִיכוּ וָאָמְרוּ: יהוה ימלך לעלם וער: צוּר ישראל לּוּמָה בָּעַזָרֵת יִשְׁרָאֵל: וּפְּדָה כָנָאָמָׁד יְהוּדָה וִישְׁרָאֵל: גאַלַנוּ יהוה צָבַאות שָמו קרוש ישראל: ברוך אַתַה יהוה גַאַל יִשְׁרָאָל: Mosheh umiriam uvney yisra'el leha anu shirah besimhah rabah ve'ameru hulam. Mi hamohah ba'elim adonay. Mi kamohah nedar bakodesh nora tehilot osey feleh. Shirah hadashah shibehu ge'ulim leshimeha al sefat hayam. Yahad kulam hodu vehimlihu ve'ameru. Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. Tzur yisra'el kumah be'ezrat yisra'el. Ufdey hinumeha yehudah veyisrael. Go'aleynu adonay tzeva'ot shemo kedosh yisra'el. Baruh atah adonay ga'al yisra'el. On Shabbat, continue with the Amidah on the next page. For the Festival Amidah turn to page 327. DERASH. Rabbi Judah said: [At the sea] each tribe said to the other, "You go into the sea first!" As they stood there bickering, Nahshon ben Aminadav jumped into the water. God said to Moses, who had been praying, "My friend is drowning-and you pray!" "What can I do?" Moses asked. God responded, "Speak to the people of Israel and tell them to go! Raise your staff " TALMUD SOTAH 37A DERASH. Most congregations stand at tzur yisra'el rather than waiting for the blessing. Thus we are already on our feet when we request that God arise. We cannot ask God to rise up to help Israel unless we have done so ourselves. E.M. 291 / EMET VEYATZIV/REDEMPTION

1

1

T

1

T

Т

1

-

1

_

/423175t

Ι

INTRODUCTION TO THE AMIDAH
Dear God, Open the blocked passageways to you, The congealed places.
Roll away the heavy stone from the well as your servant Jacob did when he beheld his beloved Rachel.
Help us open the doors of trust that have been jammed with hurt and rejection.
As you open the blossoms in spring, Even as you open the heavens in storm, Open us—to feel your great, awesome, wonderful presence.
1 Sheila Peltz Weinberg
This Shiviti is built around the liturgical themes of creation, revelation, and redemption. The vertical oval is associated with women's procreative power, which echoes divine creation. The overall shape of the Shiviti is inspired by Eastern meditation mandalas, which often include a circular image of the rose or lotus. The opening flower is meant to suggest the gradual revelation of the perfection and mystery of creation. To the open- ing petals seven gateways are added. There is one for each of the patriarchs and matriarchs to remind us that each person finds his or her own path to God. No two journeys are alike.
At the heart of the <i>Shiviti</i> is the Tetragrammaton, which is the most holy name of God. It is surrounded by petal/archways with other names of the Divine. A second tetragrammaton crowns the <i>Shiviti</i> , with Jerusalem, a symbol of redemption, rising from the top.
Betsy Platkin Teutsch



AMIDAH FOR SHABB	AT MORNING
Amidah can be found on page 730. The beginning with three short steps forward	Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short he Armidah is traditionally recited while standing, and bowing, left and right, a reminder of our entry readings see pages 737-738, 740-748, 752-759.
Open my lips, BELOVED ON	Ε,
and let my mouth declare ye	our praise.
1. AVOT VE'IMOT / A	NCESTORS
Blessed are you, THE ANC ancestors,	IENT ONE, our God, God of our
God of Abraham	God of Sarah
God of Isaac	God of Rebekah
God of Jacob	God of Rachel
	and God of Leah;
ceded it and yet gives birth to a by our ancestors yet give rise to COMMENTARY. Throughout the munal prayer has led to variation the attitudes and beliefs of differ pursuit of meaningful prayer fo changes have been introduced in two of the seven <i>berahot</i> which <i>berahah</i> has been expanded to inco archs as exemplars of God's press examples of healing forces and acknowledges God as the power to	centuries the pursuit of meaningful com- ns in the Amidah. These variations reflect rent prayer communities. In the ongoing r a Reconstructionist prayer community, to this Amidah, most notably in the first comprise the Shabbat Amidah. The first clude the matriarchs along with the patri- ence in human lives. By concentrating on life-sustaining rains, the second berahah that sustains life. The traditional emphasis dead has been replaced here by a celebra-
	shabbat shaharit / 294

_

_

/423175t Job Name: --עמידה Т The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short 1 Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing, left and right, a reminder of our entry T into the divine presence. T אַרֹנֵי שְׁפַתֵי תִפְתַח וּפִי יַגִּיד תִהַלְתָה: אָבות וְאִמּות Т 1 בּרוּך אַתה יהוה אַלהֿינוּ ואלהי אַבוֹתִינוּ ואַמּוֹתִינוּ 1 אלהי שרה אלהי אברהם 1 אֵלהֵי רִבְקָה אלהי יצחק אלהי רחל אלהי יעקב T ואלהי לאה: → 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu Т elohey avraham elohey sarah 1 elohey yitzhak elohey rivkah elohey ya'akov elohey rahel veylohey le'ah T Т T KAVANAH. The opening of the Amidah calls to mind previous generations, near as well as distant. Take a few moments to think about your parents, 1 your grandparents, other relatives about whom you may have heard stories. Т What is your connection with them? L.B. T אדוני...תהלתך / Open...praise (Psalm 51:17). I 1 1 T 295 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, imparting deeds of kindness, begetter of all; Т mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors, bringing, with love, redemption to their children's children 1 for the sake of the divine name. 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: (Remember us for life, our sovereign, who wishes us to live, and write us in the Book of Life, Т for your sake, ever-living God.) Regal One, our help, salvation, and protector: Blessed are you, KIND ONE, 1 the shield of Abraham and help of Sarah. 1 mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors. The Hebrew phrase can also be translated, "who remembers the love of parents." The legacy each generation gives to its children inevitably contains within it pain and hurt, a sense of inadequacy and of task unfulfilled. Some children are hurt when parents are taken from them too early, others by T parents who did not know how to show their love. We say that God "remembers the love of parents;" God is the one who sees to it that the love as well is remembered, even when parents are unable to transmit it. 1 DANIEL KAMESAR SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 296 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

הגדול הגבור והנורא אל עליון גומל חסדים טובים וקונה האל הכל וזוכר חסדי אבות ואמות ומביא גאלה לבני בניהם למען 1 שמו 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: 1 (זַכַרָּנוּ לְחַיִּים מֵלֵך חַפַץ בַּחַיִּים וְכֵּתְבָּנוּ בְּסַפֵר הַחַיִּים לְמַצַנִד אֱלֹהִים 1 היים:) Т ומושיע אתה יהוה מגן אברהם ועזרת ומגן: ברוד 1 Ha'el hagadol hagibor vehanora el elyon gomel hasadim tovim vekoney hakol vezoher hasdey avot ve'imot umevi ge'ulah livney veneyhem lema'an shemo be'ahavah. 1 (Zohrenu lehayim meleh hafetz bahayim vehotvenu besefer hahayim lema'aneha elohim hayim.) Meleh ozer umoshi'a umagen. Baruh atah adonay magen avraham ve'ezrat sarah. COMMENTARY. This version of the first berahah in the Amidah includes the matriarchs as well as the patriarchs. The phrase "help of Sarah," ezrat sarah, comes from a Hebrew root (עוד) which can mean either "save" or "be strong". This parallels the meaning of magen / shield. The biblical text says that Abraham experienced God as a shield and that Sarah experienced God T as a helper. Their experience and the example of their lives can enrich our own. Just as Abraham and Sarah found the strength to face the unknown physical and spiritual dangers of their journey, so we seek to find the cour-T age and inspiration to meet the challenges of our time. R.S. 1 297 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

/423175t

2. GEVUROT / DIVINE POWER You are forever powerful, ALMIGHTY ONE, Т abundant in your saving acts. 1 In summer: You send down the dew. 1 In winter: You cause the wind to blow and rain to fall. I In loyalty you sustain the living, nurturing the life of every living thing, Т upholding those who fall, 1 healing the sick, freeing the captive, and remaining faithful to all life 1 held dormant in the earth. I Who can compare to you, almighty God, T who can resemble you, the source of life and death, T who makes salvation grow? On Shabbat Shuvah add: (Who can compare to you, source of all mercy, Т remembering all creatures mercifully, decreeing life!) 1 Faithful are you in giving life to every living thing. Blessed are you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, T who gives and renews life. Т When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 302. 1 1 SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 298 Т

/423175t Job Name: --גבורות 1 אַתַה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלַם אֲרֹנֵי רֵב לְהוֹשָּׁיעֵ: מוריד הטל: In summer: 1 משיב הרוח ומוריד הגשם: In winter: 1 מכלכל חיים בחסר מחיה כל חי ברחמים רבים סומה נופלים ורופא חולים ומתיר אסורים ומקים אמונתו לישני עפר: מי כמוד T בַּעַל גִבוּרוֹת וּמִי דוֹמֵה לַך מֵלֵך מֵמִית וּמִחַיֵה וּמַצָמִיחַ יָשוּעָה: 1 Atah gibor le'olam adonay rav lehoshi'a. 1 In summer: Morid hatal. In winter: Mashiv haru'ah umorid hagashem. T Mehalkel hayim behesed mehayey kol hay berahamim rabim T someh noflim verofey holim umatir asurim umkayem emunato 1 lisheney afar. Mi hamoha ba'al gevurot umi domeh lah meleh memit umhayeh umatzmi'ah yeshu'ah. 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: (מִי כָמוֹך אַב הָרַחֲמִים זוֹכֵר יִצוּרָיו לְחַיִּים בְּרַחֲמִים:) T וְנַאַמֵן אַתָּה לְהַחֵיוֹת כֵּל חֵי: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה מְחַיֵה כֵּל חִי: ---Т T (Mi hamoha av harahamim zoher yetzurav lehayim 1 berahamim.) Т Vene'eman atah lehahayot kol hay. Baruh atah adonay mehayey T kol hay. When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 303. T 1 299 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т 1

1		
I	3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM / HALLOWING GOD'S NAME	
1	Recited when praying silently:	
	Holy are you. Your name is holy. And all holy beings hail you each day. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God.	
	(On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: the holy sovereign.)	
1	Continue on page 306.	
1		
I		
l		
I		
1		
I		
I		
I		
I	SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 300	
- <u> </u>		_

ן קרשת השם
Recited when praying silently:
אַתָּה קָרוֹש וְשִׁמְדּ קָרוֹש וּקְרוֹשִׁים בְּכָל יוֹם יְהַלְלֿוּדּ ថ្ਰּֿלָה: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה הָאַל הַקָּרוֹש:
(On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: הַבְּאָלֶך הַקָּרוֹש)
Continue on page 307.
KAVANAH. You are eternal, the life of all that lives, the love in all that loves. You animate lifeless matter. You are the courage of those who con- quer adversity. You are in the health of those who overcome sickness. You are the hope of those who now sleep in the dust. Yet you are more than all these, O master of life and death and salvation. You are holy, and those who strive after holiness worship you. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)
301 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

/423175t Job Name: --The following is chanted when the Amidah is recited aloud. We sanctify your name throughout this world, 1 as it is sanctified in the heavens above, 1 as it is written by your prophet: 1 "And each celestial being calls to another, and exclaims I Holy, holy, holy is THE RULER of the Multitudes of Heaven! All the world is filled with divine glory!" And then, with quaking noises, Т so overwhelming in their power, 1 they raise up their voices, rise to face the seraphim, 1 and, facing them, they say: "Blessed is the glory of THE HOLY ONE, T wherever God may dwell!" 1 1 DERASH. Holiness is the manner in which we react to persons, objects, places and events which we regard as indispensable to human welfare and self-realization. M.M.K. T וקרא...כבודו / And...glory! (Isaiah 6:3). Т Blessed...dwell! (Ezekiel 3:12). 1 SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 302 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

The following is chanted when the Amidah is recited aloud.
נְקַדֵּשׁ אֶת־שִׁמְדּ בָּעוֹלָם כְּשֵׁם שֶׁמַקְדִּישִׁים אוֹתוֹ בִּשְׁמֵי מָרוֹם: כַּכָּתוּב עַל־יַד נְבִיאֶֿד וְקָרָא זֶה אֶל־זֶה וְאָמֵר:
קַדוֹש קַדוֹש קַדוֹש
יהוה צְּבָאוֹת מְלֹא כֵל־הָאֶָׁרֶץ כְּבוֹדוֹ: אָז בְּקוֹל רַעַשׁ גָּדוֹל אַדִּיר וְחָזָק מַשְׁמִיעִים קוֹל מִתְנַשְׂאִים לְעָמַת שְׁרָפִים לְעָמָּתָם בָּרוּדְ יֹאמֵׁרוּ:
בָּרוּך כְּבוֹד־יהוה מִמְקוֹמוֹ: →
Nekadesh et shimeḥa ba'olam keshem shemakdishim oto bishmey marom kakatuv al yad nevi'eຼha vekara zeh el zeh ve'amar: Kadosh kadosh kadosh adonay tzeva'ot melo ḥol ha'aṟretz kevodo. Az bekol ṟa'ash gadol adir veḥazak mashmi'im kol mitnasim le'umat serafim le'umatam baruḥ yomeṟu: Baruḥ kevod adonay mimekomo
303 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

Job Name: --

/423175t

And from your dwelling-place, our sovereign appear, Т and reign among us, for we wait for you. 1 When will you reign in Zion? 1 Soon, and in our lifetime, 1 may you come to dwell eternally! May your greatness and your holiness be realized in Jerusalem, your city, Т from one generation to the next, and throughout all eternities. 1 And may our eyes behold your realm, as has been prophesied in songs about your power: 1 "May THE ETERNAL reign forever, your God, O Zion, from one generation to the next. T Halleluyah!" From one generation to the next may we declare your greatness, 1 and for all eternities may we affirm your holiness, And may your praise, our God, never be absent from our mouths, now and forever. For you are a great and holy God. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God. T (On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: the holy sovereign.) ימלך...הללויה / May...Halleluyah! (Psalm 146:10). DERASH. This prayer affirms that God will appear, "from your dwelling-T place "Where is God's place? God is called Makom, Place itself. We affirm, then, the possibility of God's emergence from God's very self. Some of the rabbis also understood a spark of the divine to be present in I everything. To appear "from your dwelling place" thus could also mean that we hope to see that which is godly within each thing. Together these 1 interpretations suggest that we pray that God emerge out of the divine spark in each thing in order to manifest that this world is God's Place. S.P.W. SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 304

מִמְקוֹמְד מֵלְכֵּנוּ תוֹפִיעַ וְתִמְלוֹך עַלֵּינוּ כִּי מְחֵכִּים אֲנַחָנוּ לָדְ: מָתַי תִּמְלוּך בִּצִיּוֹז בְּקַרוֹב בְּיַמֵּינוּ לְעוֹלָם וָעֵר תִּשְׁכּוֹן: תִתְגַּדַל וְתִתְקַדַש 1 בְּתוֹך יְרוּשֵׁלַיִם עִירָה לְדוֹר וַדוֹר וּלְגַצַח נְצַחִים: וְעֵינֵינוּ תִרְאֵינָה 1 מַלְכוּתֵׁךּ כַּדָּבָר הָאָמוּר בִּשִירֵי עַזֵּדִּ: 1 יַמַלֹדְ יהוה לְעוֹלֵם אֵלהַיָך צִיוֹן לְדֹר וַדֹר הַלָלוּיָה: 1 לְרוֹר וֲרוֹר נֵגִיד גַּרְלֵה וּלְנֵצֵח נְצָחִים קָרָשָׁתָה נֵקִדִּיש וְשָׁרְחֵה אלהינו מפינו לא יַמוּש לְעוֹלָם וַעָר כִּי אָל מֵלֶך גָרוֹל וְקָרוֹש אָתַה: T ברוּך אַתַה יהוה הַאֵל הַקָּרוֹש: ---1 (On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: 'הַמָּלֶך הַקָּרוֹשׁ:) 1 Mimekomeha malkenu tofi'a vetimloh aleynu ki mehakim anahnu lah. Matay timloh betziyon bekarov beyameynu le'olam T va'ed tishkon. Titgadal vetitkadash betoh yerushalayim ireha ledor vador ulnetzah netzahim. Ve'eyneynu tirenah malhuteha 1 kadavar ha'amur beshirey uzeha: T adonay le'olam Yimloh elohayih tziyon ledor vador 1 halleluyah. Ledor vador nagid godleha ulnetzah netzahim Kedushateha nakdish veshivhaha eloheynu mipinu lo yamush T le'olam va'ed ki el meleh gadol vekadosh atah. Т Baruh atah adonay ha'el hakadosh. T (Baruh atah adonay hameleh hakadosh.) 1 1 T Т 305 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM / THE DAY'S HOLINESS Happy are we, 1 how fortunate our lot, 1 how pleasing is our destiny, how lovely our inheritance! Happy are we to be at rest upon the seventh day, and thus is written in your Torah: Let Israel's descendants keep Shabbat, enacting the Shabbat throughout their generations as an everlasting covenant. Between me and everyone of Israel 1 shall it be a sign eternally, for in six days did THE CREATOR make the heavens and the earth, and on the seventh day God ceased, and drew a breath of rest. Т COMMENTARY. Kedushat Hayom in Shabbat Shaharit traditionally begins with Yismah Moshe, a paragraph describing Moses with head aglow bringing the Ten Commandments down from Mt. Sinai. It is omitted here 1 because the sharpness of the imagery suggests a literal belief in the Sinai event rather than an affirmation of its mythic truth. In its place "Ashreynu / Happy are we" evokes the special nature of the joyous Jewish heritage of which Shabbat is so integral a part. D.A.T. T KAVANAH. Consider your own creative power. Think about the work you have done in the week that has passed, and feel your own pride and pleasure in that work. Then, try to set your work aside. Try not to think about Т the work ahead next week. Rather, take a few long, deep breaths, slow down, and enjoy the chance for rest that Shabbat brings. L.B. SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 306

קָרֻשֵׁת הַיּוֹם אַשְּרִינוּ מֵה טוֹב חֵלְקֵנוּ וּמֵה נַעָים גוֹרַלְנוּ וּמֵה יָפָה יְרָשֶׁתְנוּ: אַשְר שאַנֿחנוּ שוּבִתִים בַּשָּׁבִיעִי: וְכֵן כַּתוּב בִּתוֹרֵתֶה: ושמרוּ בני־יִשְׁרַאֵל אֶת־הַשְּׁבָּת לַעֲשוֹת אֶת־הַשְּבָת לְדֹרֹתֵם בִּרִית עוֹלָם: בֵּינִי וּבֵין בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל אוֹת הֵיא לְעוֹלָם כִּי־שָׁשָׁת יֵמִים עָשָּה יהוה אֶת־הַשְּׁמֵים וְאֶת־הַאָּרֵץ וּבַיּוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי שְׁבַת וַיִּנַפַּשׁ: → Ashreynu mah tov helkenu umah na'im goralenu umah yafah yerushatenu. Veshameru veney yisra'el et hashabbat la'asot et hashabbat ledorotam berit olam. Beyni uveyn beney yisra'el ot hi le'olam ki sheshet yamim asah adonay et hashamayim ve'et ha'aretz uvayom hashevi'i shavat vayinafash. Let...rest (Exodus 31:16-17). ושמרו...וינפש The Sabbath is the signature of the Creator. The world is still being created-through billions of years of evolution, emerging differentiation, ascending complexities-and then a pause. In this rest, we, human beings experience our relation with the whole. The seventh day is a day of completion. We delight in the goodness of the universe and our belonging to it. How important in our world of manic work and scarce rest, to restore Shabbat to its centrality and to allow its holy message to permeate the other six days. S.P.W everlasting covenant. The concept of covenant is the central, ברית עולם organizing relationship which binds the Jewish people to the Jewish faith and Jewish fate. The idea of covenant connotes that steadfast devotion (hesed) to all that God would want for us and demand of us. Shabbat is an eternal sign of this eternal covenantal relationship between us and

307 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

Т

T

Т

1

1

1

T

Т

God.

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

R.S.A.

b Name: /4	2
------------	---

3175t Jo Those who keep Shabbat enjoy your realm, they call Shabbat the summit of delight. Т A people that observes the holy seventh day enjoys abundant goodness and delight. 1 The seventh day you favored and made holy, 1 you have called it the most loved of days, I a sign you made of it eternally, in memory of Creation's works and days. Т DERASH. To rest on Shabbat is to step back from the act of creation and 1 thereby to gain perspective on it. For one day we stop building and polluting, using and wasting. This aspect of Shabbat, which emphasizes appreciation for the beauty of the world as it is, should encourage us to strengthen T our commitment to preserve natural resources all the other days of the week. D.A.T. NOTE. Our tradition tells us that the seventh day was ordained as Shabbat from the day of creation. Yet here it is we who make the seventh day "a 1 delight." The world has always been, but we transform it by the value we place on it. D.A.T. T 1 SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 308

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

Job Name: --

/423175t ישמחו במלכותה שומרי שבת וקוראי ענג: עם מקדשי כלם ת בּוֹ וקדשתו: חמדת ימים ישבעו ויתענגו מטובד: והשביעי אותו קראת זכר למעשה בראשי Yismehu bemalhuteha shomrey shabbat vekorey oneg. Am mekadeshey shevi'i kulam yisbe'u veyitanegu mituveha. Vehashevi'i ratzita bo vekidashto. Hemdat yamim oto karata zeher lema'asey vereyshit. NOTE. Yismehu was traditionally located in the Shabbat Musaf Amidah. This beloved song of Shabbat is placed here in the Shaharit Amidah, as this prayerbook does not contain a separate Musaf service. D.A.T. לשומרי שבת וקוראי ענג / Those who keep Shabbat enjoy your realm. In addition to "remembering" (Exodus 20:8) and "keeping" (Deuteronomy 5:12) the Shabbat, we are also told to "honor and rejoice" in it (Isaiah 58:13). It would be well if our observance of Shabbat led us to the experience of honor and delight. While the rabbis spoke of oneg shabbat, Sabbath delight, as referring to bodily pleasures such as eating well, Isaiah spoke of oneg shabbat in connection with his vision for a socially just world. There are spiritual as well as physical delights of Shabbat to be nurtured and enjoyed. R.S.A. 309 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

1

1 1

T

T

T

T

T

1

Т

1

T

T 1

Т

1

Т

1

On Shabbat Rosh Hodesh continue in the middle of the page. Our God, our ancients' God, 1 take pleasure in our rest. 1 Enable us to realize holiness through your mitzvot, give us our portion in your Torah, let us enjoy the good things of your world, I and gladden us with your salvation. Refine our hearts to serve you honestly. Т DEAR ONE, our God, help us to perpetuate your holy Shabbat with love and joy. Let all Israel, and all who treat your name as holy, rest upon this day. 1 Blessed are you, SACRED ONE, source of the holiness of Shabbat. 1 On Shabbat Rosh Hodesh substitute: Our God, our ancients' God, Т take pleasure in our rest and bring renewal to us 1 on this day of Shabbat, with this coming of the New Moon. T May it be for goodness and for blessing, for joy and for happiness, for healing and for rest, for sustenance and for support, for life and for peace, 1 for forgiveness, pardon, and atonement between us and any we have wronged. For you have brought your people Israel close to your service, and made known to them the holiness of your Shabbat, T and fixed their practice of celebrating Rosh Hodesh. Blessed are you, WISE ONE, Т who sanctifies Shabbat, Israel, and the renewal of the moon. SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 310 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

On Shabbat Rosh Hodesh continue at the bottom of the page. אלהינו ואלהי אבותינו ואמותינו רצה במנוחתנו קדשנו במצותיד 1 ותן חלקנו בתורתה שַבְּעַנו מְטוּבָר וְשַמְחֵנו בִּישוּעֲתָך וְטַהֵר לְבֵּנוּ 1 לעַבדָּך בָּאַמַת: וְהַנָחִילֵנוּ יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ בָּאַהַבָה וּבְרַצוֹן שָׁבָּת קַרְשָׁדִי 1 וְיַנֿוּחוּ בַה כֵּל יִשְׁרָאֵל מְקַדְשֵׁי שְׁמֵׁךּ: בָּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה מִקַדֵש הַשְּבַת: Eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu Т retzey vimnuhatenu. Kadeshenu bemitzvoteha veten helkenu betorateha. 1 Sabe'enu mituveha 1 vesamehenu bishu'ateha T vetaher libenu le'ovdeha be'emet. T Vehanhilenu adonay eloheynu be'ahavah uvratzon shabbat kodsheha. veyanuhu vah kol yisra'el mekadeshey shemeha. Baruh atah adonay mekadesh hashabbat. On Shabbat Rosh Hodesh substitute: אלהינו ואלהי אכותינו ואמותינו רצה כמנוחתנו: וחדש עלינו ביום T הַשַּבָּת הַזֶּה אֶת־הַחֹֹדֶש הַזֶּה לְטוֹבָה וְלִבְרָכָה לְשָׁשוֹן וּלִשִׂמְחָה לִישוּעָה וּלְנָחַמָה לְפַרְנָסָה וּלְכַלְכָּלָה לְחַיִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם לְמָחִילֵת חֵטָא ולסליחת עון וּלְכַפַּרַת פַשע: כִּי אֵת־עַמָּד יִשְׁרָאֵל קַרָבְתָ לַעַבוּדָתֶׁד ושבת קרשה להם הודעת וחקי ראשי חדשים להם קבעת: ברוה אתה יהוה מקדש השבת וישראל וראשי חדשים: ---Т 311 / SHABBAT AMIDAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

- -

_ _ _

_ _

/423175t

_ _ _

Ι

Ũ

L

_

5. AVODAH / WORSHIP	
Take pleasure, GRACIOUS ONE, our God,	
in Israel your people;	
lovingly accept their fervent prayer. May Israel's worship always be acceptable to you.	
(When Shabbat coincides with a Rosh Hodesh or Festival, add:	
Our God, our ancients' God, may our prayer arise and come to you,	
and be beheld, and be acceptable.	
Let it be heard, acted upon, remembered	
-the memory of us and all our needs,	
the memory of our ancestors,	
the memory of messianic hopes,	
the memory of Jerusalem your holy city, and the memory of all your kin, the house of Israel,	
all surviving in your presence.	
Act for goodness and grace, for love and care,	
for life, well-being, and peace, on this day of	
On Rosh Hodesh: the new moon.	
On Pesah: the festival of matzot.	
On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot.	
Remember us this day,	
ALL-KNOWING ONE, our God, for goodness.	
Favor us this day with blessing.	
Preserve us this day for life.	
With your redeeming, nurturing word,	
be kind and generous. Act tenderly on our behalf,	
and grant us victory over all our trials. Truly, our eyes are turned toward you,	
for you are a providing God,	
gracious and merciful are you.)	
SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 312	

e: /423175t	
-------------	--

I

Ι

_

_

_

Job

_

אַבוֹדָה [5
רְצֵה יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ בְּעַמְדּ יִשְׂרָאֵל וְלַהַב תְּפִלָּתָם בְּאַהֲכָה תְּקַבֵּל בְּרָצוֹז וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹז תָמִיד צֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַבֶּׂד:
When Shabbat coincides with a Rosh Hodesh or Festival, add: (אֱלֹהֵׁינוּ וַאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ יַעֲלֶה וְיָבוֹא וְיַגִּיעַ וְיֵרָאֶה וְיֵרָצֶה וְיִשְׁמַע וְיִפְּקֵד וְיִזְכֵר זִכְרוֹזֵנוּ וּפִקְרוֹנֵנוּ וְזִכְרוֹז אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵינוּ וְזִכְרוֹז יְמוֹת הַמֶּשְׁׁיחַ וְזִכְרוֹז יְרוּשָׁלַיִם אָיר קָרְשֶׁד וְזִכְרוֹז כֵּל עַמְּה בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל לְפָנֻׁיִהְ לִפְלֵיטָה וּלְטוּבָה לְחֵז וּלְחֶׁסֶר וּלְרַחֲמִים לְחַיִּים וּלְשָׁלוּם בְּיוֹם
On Rosh Hodesh: ראש הַחֿורָש הַזֶּה On Pesah הַג הַמַצות הַזֶּה סג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזֶּה
זַכְבַׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ בּּוֹ לְטוּבָה: וּפַּקְדֵׁנוּ לִבְרָכָה וְהוּשִׁיעֵׁנוּ בוּ לְחַיִּים: וּבִדְבַר יְשׁוּעָה וְרַחֲמִים חוּס וְחֲנֵּנוּ וְרַחֵם עָלֵׁינוּ וְהוּשִׁיעֵׁנוּ כִּי אֵלֶׁיהָ עֵינֵּינוּ כִּי אֵל מֶֻׁלֶה חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָׁתָּה:) →
313 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

Job Name: --

/423175t

And may our eyes behold your homecoming, with merciful intent, to Zion. T Blessed are you, THE FAITHFUL ONE, who brings your presence home to Zion. 1 6. HODA'AH / THANKS 1 1 We give thanks to you that you are THE ALL-MERCIFUL, our God, God of our ancestors, today and always. Т A firm, enduring source of life, a shield to us in time of trial, you are ever there, from age to age. 1 We acknowledge you, declare your praise, 1 and thank you for our lives T entrusted to your hand, T our souls placed in your care, for your miracles that greet us every day, 1 and for your wonders and the good things Т that are with us every hour, 1 morning, noon, and night. Good One, whose kindness never stops, Kind One, whose loving acts have never failed T -always have we placed our hope in you. 1 SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 314 1

ותחזינה עינינו בשובה לציון ברחמים: ברוף אתה יהוה המחזיר שכינתו לציון: T 1 הודאה 1 מוֹדִים אַנַֿחָנוּ לַךְ שֵׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אַלהַינוּ וַאלהֵי אַבוֹתֿינוּ I וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ לְעוֹלֵם וַעֵר צוּר חַיֵּינוּ מֵגָן יָשָׁעָנוּ אַתָּה הוּא לְדוֹר וַדוֹר: נוֹדָה לְהָ וּנְסַפֵּר תִהלַתֵּה עֵל חַיינוּ הַמְסוּרִים בִּיָדָה וְעָל נִשְׁמוֹתֵׁינוּ T הַפִּקוּדות לָד וְעַל נִסֶּיד שֶׁבְּכֵל יום עִמְנוּ וְעַל נִפְלְאוֹתֶיד וְטוֹבוֹתֵׁיד 1 שַׁבְּכַל־עֵת עָרֵב וַבְּקָר וְצֵהַרִיִם: הַטּוֹב כִּי לֹא כַלוּ רַחַמֵּידָ וָהַמְרָחָם 1 כִּי לֹא תַמוּ חֵסַרֵֿיוּד מֵעוֹלַם קוֹּינוּ לַדְ: → 1 T T 1 DERASH. This prayer helps us to get in touch with our gratitude for the extraordinary, yet often overlooked daily workings of the world and through them to recognize the insignificance of our own roles, to feel 1 humble. In becoming aware of our smallness, we become able to grasp our relatedness to the All. This in turn makes it possible to overcome the loneliness of claiming we have all the answers and the anxiety of always need-T ing to be in control. At these moments the pain of our unfulfilled needs is swept away in the wondrous goodness we feel in the world about us. Т We give thanks. S.P.W. 1 T Т 1 315 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

_

_

I

_

_ _ _ _

for heroic acts, for saving deeds, for consolations, all of which you have enacted for our ancestors
at this time of year in days gone by
-as in the days of Matthew, son of Yohanan,
Hasmonean High Priest, and Matthew's sons:
a wicked Hellenistic government arose
against your people Israel, forcing them to shun your Torah and to leave off from the laws your will ordained.
And you, in your abundant mercy,
stood up for Israel in their hour of distress.
You pressed their claim, exacted justice for them.
You delivered armed might to the weak, the many to the power of the few,
the wicked to the power of the just,
the vicious to the power of those occupied with Torah.
You made known your name that day,
and made it holy in your world.
And for your people Israel you enacted great deliverance,
as in our own time. Afterward,
your children came into your Temple's inner room. They cleared your sanctuary, purified your holy place,
kindled lights inside your holy courtyards,
and established these eight days of Hanukah,
for giving thanks and praise to your great name.)
For all these things, your name be blessed
and raised in honor always, sovereign of ours, forever.
(On Shabbat Shuvah add: And write down for a good life all the people
of your covenant.)
Let all of life acknowledge you! May all beings
praise your name in truth, O God, our rescue and our aid.
Blessed are you, THE GRACIOUS ONE,
whose name is good, and to whom all thanks are due.
SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 316

Ι

		I
	On Hanukah add:	I
ות וְעַל הַגָּחָמוֹת	עַל הַגָּסִים וְעַל הַפָּרְקָז וְעַל הַגְּבוּרוֹת וְעַל הַתְּשוּע)	I
וּתִּתְיָּהוּ בֶּן יוֹחָנָן	שֶׁעָשִׁיתָ לַאֲבוֹתֵֿינוּ בַּיָּמִים הָהֵם בַּזְמַן הַזֶּה: בִּימֵי מַ	I
ּרְשָׁעָה עַל עַמְד	כֹּהֵז גָּרוֹל חַשְׁמוֹנַאי וּבָנָיו כְּשֶׁעָמְדָה מַלְכוּת יָוָז הָ	I
	יִשְׁרָאֵל לְהַשְׁכִּיחָם תּוֹרָתֶֿה וּלְהַעַֻּבִירָם מֵחָפֵּי רְצַוֹבֶּה	I
	הָרַבִּים עָמַדְתָּ לְהֶם בְּעֵת צָרָתָם רַּבְתָּ אֶת רִיבָם דַּנְתָ	I
	גִּבּוֹרִים בְּיַד חַלָּשִׁים וְרַבִּים בְּיַד מְעַטִּים וּרְשָׁעִים בְּיַ	
	בְּיַד עוֹסְקֵי תוֹרָתֶה: וּלְדָּ עָשִּׁיתָ שֵׁם גָּרוֹל וְקָרוֹש	
	יִשְׂרָאֵל עֲשִׂיתָ הְשׁוּעָה גְּדוֹלָה וּפָּרְקָן כְּהַיּוֹם הַזֶּה	1
	בְנָּיִהְ לִדְבִיר בֵּיתֶׁהְ וּפִּנּוּ אֶת הֵיכָלֶהְ וְטִהֲרוּ אֶת מִ יבות בבערות בבאת ובבעי שמוות ומי ביבב אלי	1
5805000005.	נֵרוֹת בְּחַצְרוֹת קַדְשֶּׂׂד וְקָבְעוּ שְׁמוֹנַת יְמֵי חֲנָכָּה אֵׁלּוּ לשמה הורולי)	
	לְשָׁמְדּ הַגָּרוֹל:)	
		1
וּלָם וָעֶר:	וְעַל כָּלֶם יִתְבָּרַה וְיִתְרוּמַם שִׁמְה מַלְבֵּנוּ תָּמִיד לְע	I
(On Shab	של אויים טובים בַּל־בְּנֵי בְרִיתֶֿף: bbat Shuvah add: וּכְתֹב לְחַיִים טוֹבִים בַּל־בָּנֵי	
ע האל ישועתנו	וְכֹל הַחַיִּים יוֹדֿוּהָ פֶֿלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שְׁמְהָ בֶּאֱמֶח	I
	וְעָזְרָתֵׁנוּ סֶֿלָה: בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה הַטּוֹב שִׁמְף וּלְף נָ	I
		I
		I
		I
		I
		I
		1
317 / SHABBA	т амідан	
517 / 5111001		i
		I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Ι

Job Name:	 /423175t

L

	FORMA FOR DELOF
7. BIRKAT HASHALOM / BI	LESSING FOR PEACE
The following paragraph is said only when the con	gregation recites aloud together.
Our God, our ancients' God,	
bless us with the threefold blessing	
poken from the mouth of Aaron a	nu mis sons, as is said.
May THE ETERNAL bless you and protect you.	Let it be God's will!
May THE ETERNAL'S face give light	
to you, and show you favor.	Let it be God's will!
May THE ETERNAL'S face be lifted toward you, and bestow upon you	ı
peace.	Let it be God's will!
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly descendants of the <i>kohanim</i> . In some cong	gregations the sheliah tzibur (serv-
	regations the <i>sheliah tzibur</i> (serv- congregation responds with " <i>Ken</i> ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. Ing is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He
descendants of the <i>kohanim</i> . In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the <i>c</i> <i>vehi ratzon</i> ." In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bless COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of N blessing was pronounced in the synagog ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those we	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. ag is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their
descendants of the kohanim. In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the o vehi ratzon." In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bless COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of M blessing was pronounced in the synagog ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those were heighbors and all are under the sheltering bless each other. It is now an established p	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken and recite the blessing together. and recite the blessing together. ag is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their ng wings of the Shehinah as we part of Canadian Reconstruction-
descendants of the kohanim. In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the o <i>vehi ratzon.</i> " In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bless COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of N blessing was pronounced in the synagog ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those we heighbors and all are under the sheltering bless each other. It is now an established st practice.	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. In is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their ng wings of the Sheḥinah as we part of Canadian Reconstruction- E.M.
descendants of the kohanim. In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the o vehi ratzon." In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bless COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of M blessing was pronounced in the synagog ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those were heighbors and all are under the sheltering bless each other. It is now an established p	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. In is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their ng wings of the Sheḥinah as we part of Canadian Reconstruction- E.M.
descendants of the kohanim. In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the o <i>vehi ratzon.</i> " In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bless COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of N blessing was pronounced in the synagog ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those we neighbors and all are under the sheltering bless each other. It is now an established st practice.	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. In is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their ng wings of the Sheḥinah as we part of Canadian Reconstruction- E.M.
descendants of the kohanim. In some cong ce leader) recites the blessing, and the o vehi ratzon." In other communities all the wrap arms and tallitot around each other Another way to enact the Priestly Blessin to a neighbor and recite the first half of e responds with the second half of the bles COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of M blessing was pronounced in the synagoge ered under the sheltering wings of their recognized this "as a reconstruction of the modified that custom so that those were heighbors and all are under the sheltering st practice. Maypeace. (Numbers 6:24	regations the sheliah tzibur (serv- congregation responds with "Ken ne members of the congregation and recite the blessing together. In is for each congregant to turn each blessing, while the neighbor ssing. MICHAEL M. COHEN Montreal noticed that when this ue of Pisa, all the children gath- fathers' tallitot to receive it. He e ancient priestly ceremony." He aring a tallit share it with their ng wings of the Sheḥinah as we part of Canadian Reconstruction- E.M.



Grant peace, goodness and blessing in the world, grace, love, and mercy over us and over all your people Israel. T Bless us, source of being, all of us, as one 1 amid your light, 1 for by your light, I WISE ONE, our God, you give to us Torah of life, and love of kindness, justice, blessing, mercy, life, and peace. Т So may it be a good thing in your eyes, 1 to bless your people Israel, and all peoples, with abundant strength and peace. 1 1 (On Shabbat Shuvah add: In the book of life, blessing, and peace, and proper sustenance, may we be remembered and inscribed, 1 we and all your people, the house of Israel, for a good life and for peace.) Т Blessed are you, COMPASSIONATE ONE, maker of peace. 1 The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back. T KAVANAH. Try to imagine a time of true peace and tranquility, and think 1 about your part in helping this time to come about. What can you do? What can you commit to? How will you be a peacemaker? L.B. 1 1 SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 320 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

שִּׁים שַׁלוֹם טוֹבָה וּבְרָכָה בָּעוֹלָם חֵז וָחֵׁסֵר וְרַחֲמִים עַלֵּינוּ וְעַל כַּל־יִשְׁרַאֵל עַמֵּה: בָּרְכֵּנוּ אַבְֿינוּ כִּאֲנוּ כָּאָחֵד בָּאוֹר פַּנֵיה: כִּי בָאוֹר Т פַגַיף נַתַּתַ לְּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ תּוֹרֵת חַיִים וְאָהַבַת חֵסָר וּצְרֵקָה וּבָרָכָה 1 וְרַחֵמִים וְחַיִּים וְשֵׁלוֹם: וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֵׁיִה לְבָרֵהְ אֵת עֵמְה יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאֵת 1 כל העמים ברב עז ושלום: T On Shabbat Shuvah add: (בִּסֵפֵר חַיִּים בְּרָכָה וִשָּׁלוֹם וּפַרְנַסָה טוֹבָה נְזַכֵר וְנְכַּתֵב לְפַגֵּיהָ אַנַּחְנוּ T וְכַל־עַמִּה בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל לְחַיִים טוֹבִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם:) בַּרוּך אַתַה יהוה עושה הַשָּלום: 1 1 Sim shalom tovah uvrahah ba'olam hen vahesed verahamim T aleynu ve'al kol yisrael ameha. Barehenu avinu kulanu ke'ehad T be'or paneha. Ki ve'or paneha natata lanu adonay eloheynu torat hayim ve'ahavat hesed utzedakah uvrahah verahamim vehayim 1 veshalom. Vetov be'eyneha levareh et ameha yisra'el ve'et kol Т ha'amim berov oz veshalom. 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: (Besefer havim berahah veshalom ufarnasah tovah nizaher T venikatev lefaneha anahnu vehol ameha beyt yisra'el lehayim tovim ulshalom.) Т Baruh atah adonay osey hashalom. 1 The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back. T Т 321 / SHABBAT AMIDAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

/423175t

RIBONO SHEL OLAM / CONCLUDING MEDITATION Т Sovereign of the universe, 1 fulfill my heart's petitions for the good. Let me be worthy to perform your will with a whole heart. 1 Deliver me from the inclination to do evil, I and give me my portion in your Torah. May I merit, with all Israel, your people, Т that your Presence dwell upon us. Make evident among us the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and strength, 1 the spirit of knowledge and the awe of THE CREATOR. May divine love surround the one who trusts in THE ETERNAL. 1 May my words of prayer, and my heart's meditation be seen favorably, PRECIOUS ONE, my rock, my champion. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, T and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. On Rosh Hodesh, Hanukah and Hol Hamo'ed continue with Hallel, page 356. Otherwise turn to page 380. SHABBAT SHAHARIT / 322 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

רבּונו של עולם רְבּוּנוּ שֵׁל עוֹלָם מֵלֵּא מִשְׁאַלוֹת לְבִּי לְטוֹבָה וְזֵבֶּנִי לַעֲשוֹת רְצוֹנְה בְּלֵבַב שָׁלֵם: מַלְטֵׁנִי מְיֵצֵר הָרַע וְתֵן חֵלָקִי בְּתוֹרַתֵּה: זַבֵּינִי עָם בֵּל ישראל עַמֵּך שַתּשָרה שָׁכִינַתָּך עַלֵינוּ וְהופַע עַלֵינוּ רוּחַ חַכִמָה וּבִינֵה רוּחֵ עֵצֵה וּגְבוּרֵה רוּחַ דְּעַת וְיָרָאָת יהוה: וְהַבּּוֹּטֵׁחַ בַּיהוה הֵסֵר יָסוֹבְבַנוּ. יְהֵיוּ לְרַצוֹן אָמֶרֵי פִי וְהָגִיוֹן לְבָּי לְפַנִידְ יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאַלִי: עושה שַלום בִּמְרוֹמֵיו הוּא יַעֲשָה שַלום עַלֵּינוּ וִעָל בֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וִעַל כל יושבי תבל ואמרו אמן: On Rosh Hodesh, Hanukah and Hol Hamo'ed continue with Hallel, page 357. Otherwise turn to page 381. shehinateha / your Presence. This term is one of the most frequent שכינתך ways of speaking of God in rabbinic and mystical tradition. The term derives from Exodus 25:8: "And I shall dwell in their midst" (veshahanti betoham). God's Presence coming to dwell in the Tabernacle was believed to be the normal outcome of the priestly sacrificial labors. When Israel's Second Temple was destroyed, the belief arose that God continues to dwell among Israelites during study and prayer. "If two sit and there are words of Torah between them, the Shehinah dwells with them. (Pirkey Avot 3:3). J.R. יהיו...גאלי / May...champion (Psalm 19:15). 323 / CONCLUDING MEDITATION

Т

Т

Т

1

Т

T

|

T

|

Т

1

T

Т

T

1

|

Т

1

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

MEDITATION BEFORE TEFILAT GESHEM Geshem is recited aloud as part of the Amidah on Shemini Atzeret. In the land of Israel, Shemini Atzeret marks the beginning of 1 the rainy season. This outpouring drenches the parched earth, filling streams and lakes and preparing the ground for the fertile season to come. With a whole year's crops depending upon the rainfall, our ancestors prayed for water-a salvation symbol in our tradition. Т For us the rain speaks primarily of natural forces-forces beyond our control that provide the water we drink. We tamper with them at our own risk. Our prayers for rain contain a plea that 1 we respect natural resources rather than pollute them. Our world's salvation and our heart's salvation here are intertwined. 1 David A. Teutsch Continue on page 326. T COMMENTARY. The prayers for rain and dew have traditionally been recited as part of the Musaf Amidah. They mark the days on which we begin to add the prayers for rain and dew respectively to the Amidah each day. Since 1 this siddur has a combined Shaharit and Musaf Amidah, Geshem and Tal are found here. D.A.T. FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 324 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --

MEDITATION BEFORE TEFILAT TAL Tal is recited aloud as part of the Amidah on the first day of Pesah. In the Land of Israel, Pesah marks the beginning of the dry season, during which there is no rainfall until after Sukkot. Then vegetation would shrivel up and the land would soon revert to desert, were it not for the dew that forms as mist on the hilltops and descends into the valleys during that season. That is why our ancestors then prayed for dew. For us the dew seems part of the promise of spring, of the renewal of nature and of human nature, of the conquest not only of the physical desert, but of the arid regions of the human 1958 Reconstructionist Festival Prayerbook Continue on page 326. COMMENTARY. We now know that irrigation was widespread in the ancient Near East. The water drawing ceremony that describes the water

poured by the priests flowing from the temple through the gates and on out through Jerusalem to the thirsty fields of the south is a ritualization of irrigation. Water is exclusively the bountiful gift of God when rain falls or a spring flows, but well water comes only through adding human effort. Our prayers for rain and dew not only heighten our consciousness of our dependence on the cycles of nature. Since ancient times they have also reminded us that we are responsible for drawing, distributing and protecting these precious living waters. E.M.

325 / TAL AND GESHEM

Т

1

T

1

heart.

MORNING FESTIVAL AMIDAH
This Amidah is recited on the first and last days of Pesah, Shavuot, Sukkot and Shemini Atzeret. When the first part of the Amidah is chanted aloud on the first day of Pesah, it includes Tal, the prayer for dew; on Shemini Atzeret, Geshem, the prayer for rain. On Hol Hamo'ed, the Shabbat Amidah (page 292) or weekday Amidah is said. Geshem and Tal are recited aloud. Some congregations open the ark. The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence. For additional readings, see pages 747-748, 752-759, 781, 808-809, 811-812.
When I call the name of THE ETERNAL ONE,
declare the greatness of our God!
1. AVOT VE'IMOT / ANCESTORS
Blessed are you THE ANCIENT ONE our God, God of our ancestors, God of Abraham God of Sarah God of Isaac God of Rebekah God of Jacob God of Rachel and God of Leah;
great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, imparting deeds of kindness, begetter of all; mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors, bringing with love, redemption to their children's children for the sake of the divine name.
Regal One, our help, salvation and protector:
Blessed are you, KIND ONE shield of Abraham and help of Sarah.
כילאלהינו / WhenGod! (Deuteronomy 32:3).
FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 326

_

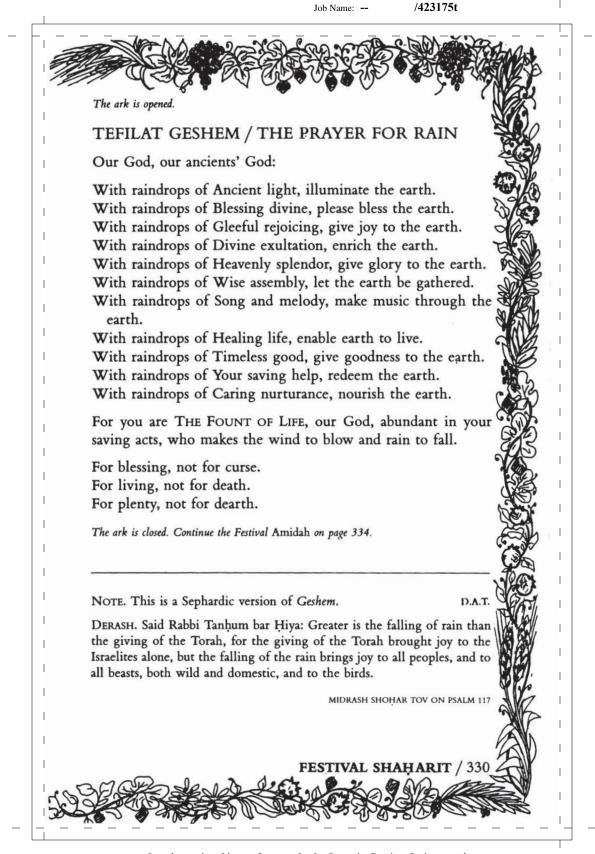
This Amidah is recited on the first and last days of Pesah, Shavuot, Sukkot and Shemini Т Atzeret. When the first part of the Amidah is chanted aloud on the first day of Pesah, it includes Tal, the prayer for dew; on Shemini Atzeret, Geshem, the prayer for rain. On 1 Hol Hamo'ed, the Shabbat Amidah (page 292) or Weekday Amidah is said. Geshem and Tal are recited aloud. Some congregations open the ark. The traditional Amidah follows 1 here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward 1 and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence. Т כי שם יהוה אקרא הבו גדל לאלהינו אָבוֹת וְאָמוֹת בַרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אַלהינוּ ואלהי אָבוֹתִינוּ ואַמוֹתינוּ אלהי שרה אלהי אברהם אלהי רבקה אלהי רחל אלהי יעקב ואלהי לאה: הָאָל הַגַּרוֹל הַגְּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא אֵל עֵלְיוֹן גוֹמֵל חַסַרִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנָה הַכּּל וְזוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וִאָמּוֹת וּמֵבִיא גָאָלָה לְבָנֵי בְנֵיהֵם לְמַעָן Т שִׁמוֹ בְּאַהַבָה: מֶלֶך עוֹזֵר וּמוֹשִׁיעַ וּמָגָן: בַּרוּך אַתַה יהוה מֵגָן אַבִרָהָם ועזרת שרה: → Т Baruh atah adonay eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu elohey avraham elohey sarah elohey rivkah elohey yitzhak Т elohey rahel elohey ya'akov veylohey le'ah Ha'el hagadol hagibor vehanora el elyon gomel hasadim tovim vekoney hakol vezoher hasdey avot ve'imot umevi ge'ulah livney veneyhem lema'an shemo be'ahavah. Meleh ozer umoshi'a umagen. Baruh atah adonay magen avraham ve'ezrat sarah. 327 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH

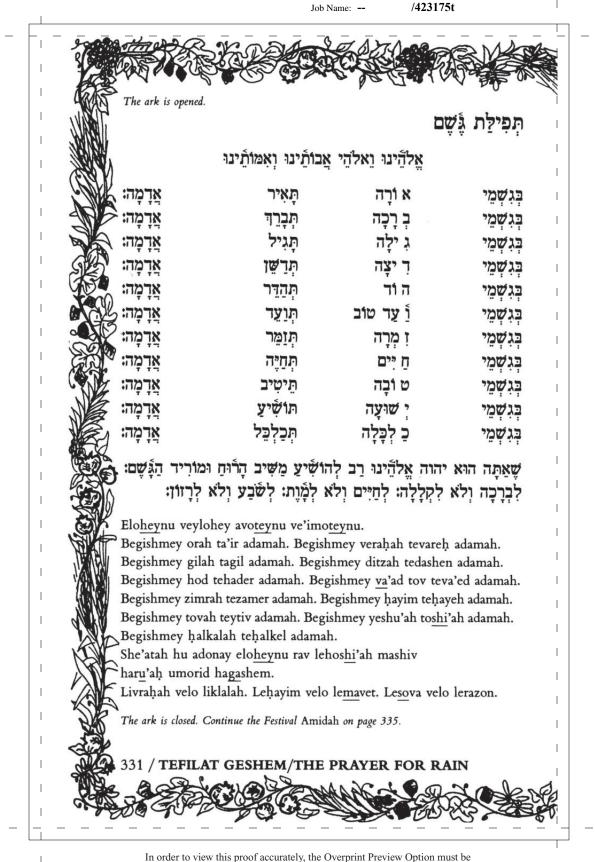
_		_
	2. GEVUROT / DIVINE POWER	
	You are forever powerful, ALMIGHTY ONE, abundant in your saving acts.	
	On the first day of Pesah when the Amidah is chanted aloud, turn to Tefilat Tal, page 332. On Shemini Atzeret when the Amidah is chanted aloud, turn to Tefilat Geshem, page 330. Otherwise continue below:	
	You send down the dew.	
	Continue on page 334.	
	Commue on page 354.	
	FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 328	
_		_

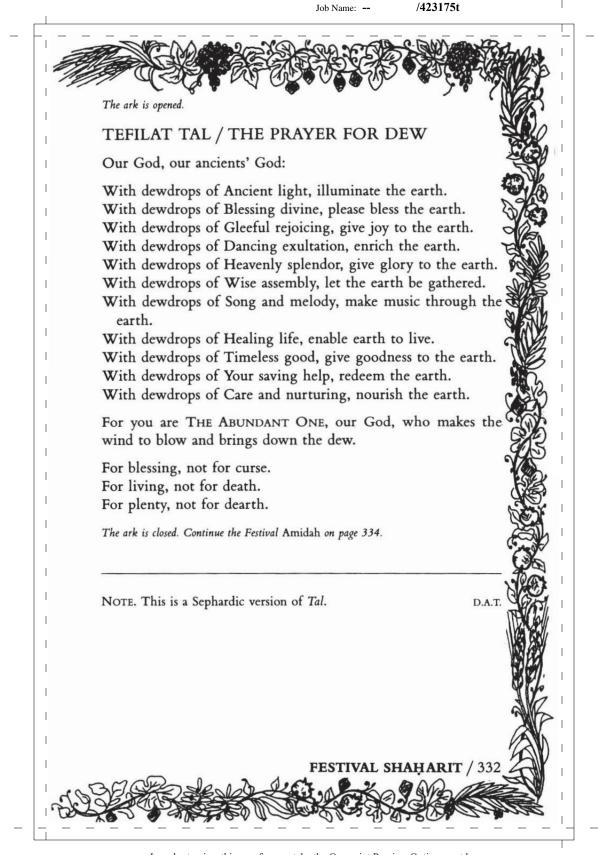
set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

	_
\leq	
<u>ן גבורות (כ</u>	
אַתֶּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלָם אֲדֹנָי רַב לְהוֹשִׁׁיעַ:	
Atah gibor le'olam adonay rav lehoshi'a.	
On the first day of Pesah when the Amidah is chanted aloud, turn to Tefilat Tal, page 333. On Shemini Atzeret when the Amidah is chanted aloud, turn to Tefilat Geshem, page 331. Otherwise continue below:	
מוּרִיד הַשָּׁל	
Morid hatal	
Continue on page 335.	
329 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH	
	_

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.







/423175t Job Name: --The ark is opened. תפילת טל אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתֵינוּ ואָמּוֹתֵינוּ אדמז 1 תרשן L ה ור תהדר תוער ו עד טוב תזמר ז מרה תחיה ח יים תיטיב ט ובה תושיע י שועה תכלפל אַרַמָה: שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מַשִּׁיב הָרוּחַ וּמוֹרִיד הַטָּל: לברכה ולא לקללה: לחַיים ולא למות: לשבע ולא לרוון: Eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu. Betaleley orah ta'ir adamah. Betaleley verahah tevareh adamah. Betaleley gilah tagil adamah. Betaleley ditzah tedashen adamah. Betaleley hod tehader adamah. Betaleley va'ad tov teva'ed adamah. Betaleley zimrah tezamer adamah. Betaleley hayim tehayeh adamah. Betaleley tovah teytiv adamah. Betaleley yeshu'ah toshi'ah adamah. Betaleley halkalah tehalkel adamah. She'atah hu adonay eloheynu mashiv haru'ah umorid hatal. Livrahah velo liklalah. Lehayim velo lemavet. Lesova velo lerazon. The ark is closed. Continue the Festival Amidah on page 335. 1 333 / TEFILAT TAL/THE PRAYER FOR DEW 1

In loyalty you sustain the living, nurturing the life of every living thing, upholding those who fall, 1 healing the sick, freeing the captive, 1 and remaining faithful to all life 1 held dormant in the earth. 1 Who can compare to you, almighty God, who can resemble you, the source of life and death, who makes salvation grow? Т Faithful are you in giving life to every living thing. Blessed are you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, who gives and renews life. 1 When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 336. 3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM / 1 HALLOWING GOD'S NAME Recited when praying silently: Holy are you. Your name is holy. And all holy beings hail you each day. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God. T Continue on page 340. 1 COMMENTARY. For the sake of brevity, this siddur omits the traditional second Amidah recited on Shabbat and Festivals. This Musaf (additional) Amidah, which emphasizes the additional sacrifices offered on Shabbat and 1 Festivals during the time of the first and second Temple, had its own Kedushah. In order to avoid losing the words and melody of the Musaf Kedushah, it has been incorporated here into the Shaharit Festival Amidah. Hoshanot are traditionally recited on Sukkot after the reader's repetition of Т the Musaf Amidah. Because the Musaf and Shaharit Amidot have been combined into a single unit in this siddur, most congregations chant the Hoshanot as part of the service for taking out the Torah. D.A.T. FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 334

מכלכל חיים בחסד מחיה כל חי ברחמים רבים סומד נופלים ורופא חולים ומהיר אסורים ומקים אמונתו לישני עפר: מי כַמוֹד בַּעַל גִבוּרוֹת וּמִי דֿוֹמֶה לַך מֵלֶך מֵמִית וּמְחֵיֵה וּמַצִמִיחַ יִשוּעָה: וְנָאַמֵן אַתָּה לְהַחֵיוֹת כֵּל חֵי: בַּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה מְחַיָּה כֵּל חֵי: Mehalkel hayim behesed mehayey kol hay berahamim rabim someh noflim verofey holim umatir asurim umkayem emunato lisheney afar. Mi hamoha ba'al gevurot umi domeh lah meleh memit umhayeh umatzmi'ah yeshu'ah. Vene'eman atah lehahayot kol hay. Baruh atah adonay mehayey kol hay. When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 337. ן קָרָשַׁת הַשֵּׁם <u>(</u> Recited when praying silently: אַתָּה קָרוֹש וְשִׁמְדּ קָרוֹש וּקְרוֹשִׁים בְּכֵל יוֹם יְהַלְלוּהָ סֶּלָה: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה הַאָל הַקַּרוֹש: Continue on page 341.

Job Name: --

T

1

|

Т

|

T

T

T

|

1

T

Т

|

Т

1

Т

I

/423175t

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

335 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH

The following is chanted when the Amidah is recited aloud.
We exalt you and declare you holy, according to the mystery of the murmurings of the holy seraphim, who declare the holiness of your Name, as it is written by your prophets. "And each celestial being calls to another and exclaims: Holy, holy, holy is THE CREATOR of the Multitudes of Heaven! All the world is filled with divine glory!"
God's glory fills the world, as the ministering angels ask, one to another, "What place could contain God's holiness?" And they are answered with a blessing: "Blessed is the glory of THE OMNIPRESENT, wherever God may dwell!"
And from God's place, God mercifully turns bestowing graciousness upon the people who declare the oneness of the divine name evening and morning, each day continually, as twice a day they say, with love: "Shema!" "Listen, Israel: THE ETERNAL is our God, THE ETERNAL ONE alone!"
אוקראכבודו / Andglory! (Isaiah 6:3). ברוךממקומו / Blesseddwell! (Ezekiel 3:12). אחר / Listenalone! (Deuteronomy 6:4).
FESTIVAL SHAḤARIT / 336

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

The following is chanted when	the Amidah is recited aloud.
	נַאַרִיצְּדּ וְנַקְדִּישְׁדּ כְּסוֹד שִּׁיחַ שַּׁרְפֵי לֶּדֶשׁ הַ כַּכָּתוּב עַל יַד נְבִיאָֿדִּ: וְקָרָא זֶה אֶל זֶה וְאָמַו
1	קדוש קדוש קדוש
	יהוה צָבָאוֹת מְלֹא כֵל הָאָֹרָץ כְּבוֹדו: כְּבוֹדוֹ מָלֵא עוֹלָם מְשָׁרְתָיו שּוֹאֲלִים זֶה כָּ לְעָמָּתָם בְּרוּה יֹאמֵׁרוּ: בְּרוּה כְּבוֹד יהוה מִמְקוֹמו: מִמְקוֹמו הוּא יַפֶּן בְּרַחֲמִים וְיָחֹן עַם הַמְיַחֲדִים יוֹם תָמִיד פַּעַמַׁיִם בְּאַהֲבָה שְׁמַע אוֹמְרִים: שָׁמַע יִשְׁרַאֵל יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ יהוה אֵתָר: →
zeh el zeh ve'amar: Kadosh kadosh kado kevodo. Kevodo maley olam m kevodo le'umatam ban Baruḥ kevod adonay n Mimekomo hu yifen shemo erev vavoker shema omrim	lisheḥa kesod <u>si</u> 'aḥ sarfey <u>ko</u> desh a ba <u>ko</u> desh kakatuv al yad nevi'eḥa vekara osh adonay tzeva'ot melo ḥol ha'aretz nesharetav sho'alim zeh lazeh ayey mekom ruḥ yo <u>me</u> ru:
337 / FESTIVAL AM	IDAH

Job Name: --

/423175t

This is our God. This is our source. Т This is our sovereign. This is our saving power. 1 And this one, mercifully, 1 shall declare a second time, for every living being to hear, confirming God's divinity for you: "I am the OMNIPRESENT ONE, your God!" Т O, mighty one, our mighty one, THE SOVEREIGN who watches over us, how mighty is your name throughout the earth! 1 The time shall come that GOD will reign throughout the earth. On that day shall THE FOUNT OF LIFE be one, 1 the divine name be one. And as is written in your sacred words of psalm: "May THE ETERNAL reign forever, your God, O Zion, from one generation to the next. Halleluyah!" From one generation to the next may we declare your greatness, T and for all eternities may we affirm your holiness, And may your praise, our God, 1 never be absent from our mouths now and forever. For you are a great and holy God. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God. אני...אלהיכם / I...God! (Numbers 15:41). ימלך...הללויה / May...Halleluyah! (Psalm 146:10). FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 338 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

הוא אַלהינוּ הוּא אַבינוּ הוּא מַלְכֵּנוּ הוּא מושיעַנוּ וְהוּא יָשׁמיעַנוּ בּרַחַמֵיו שֵׁנִית לְעֵינֵי כַּל חַי: לְהִיוֹת לָכֵם לֵאלֹהִים Т אַנִי יהוה אֱלהֵיכֶם: 1 אַדִּיר אַדִּירֵנוּ יהוה אַרנֿינוּ מָה אַדִיר שָמָד בְּכַל הַאָּרֵץ: וְהַיָה יהוה 1 לְמֵּלֵך עַל כֵּל הָאָרֵץ בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא יִהְיֶה יהוה אֶחָר אחר: I ובדברי קדשך כתוב לאמר: Т יַמָלֹדְ יהוה לְעוֹלֵם אֱלהֵיִדְ צִיּוֹן לְדֹר וָדֹר הַלְלוּיָה: לְדוֹר וָדוֹר נַגִּיד גַּרְלֵּך וּלְגַצַח נִצַחִים קָרָשָׁתִה נַקִדִיש וְשָׁבְחֵה אֱלהֵינוּ מִפִּינוּ לֹא 1 יַמוּש לִעוֹלֵם וַעֵר כִּי אֵל מֶלֶך גַּרוֹל וָקָרוֹש אָתַה: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה 1 האל הקרוש: → T T Hu eloheynu hu avinu hu malkeynu hu moshi'eynu vehu yashmi'enu berahamav shenit le'eyney kol hay lihyot lahem 1 leylohim ani adonay eloheyhem. Т Adir adirenu adonay adoneynu mah adir shimeha behol ha'aretz 1 vehayah adonay lemeleh al kol ha'aretz bayom hahu yihyeh adonay ehad ushemo ehad. Uvdivrey kodsheha katuv lemor. T Yimloh adonay le'olam elohayih tziyon ledor vador halleluyah. Ledor vador nagid godleha ulnetzah netzahim kedushateha T nakdish veshivhaha eloheynu mipinu lo yamush le'olam va'ed ki el meleh gadol vekadosh atah. 1 Baruh atah adonay ha'el hakadosh. 1 T Т 1 339 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM / THE DAY'S HOLINESS On Shabbat add the words in brackets. You have loved us, and have taken pleasure in us, 1 and have made us holy with your mitzvot, and you have brought us, sovereign one, near to your service, and have called us to the shelter of your great and holy name and you have given us, ALMIGHTY ONE, our God, in love Т (the Shabbatot for rest), the Festivals for happiness, the holidays and seasons for rejoicing, this day of (the Shabbat, and of): On Pesah: the festival of matzot, time of our freedom 1 On Shavuot: the festival of weeks, time of the giving of our Torah On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot, time of our happiness On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: the eighth day of festivity, time of 1 our happiness (with love), a holy convocation, a remembrance of the going-out from Egypt. FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 340 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

קרשת היום On Shabbat add the words in brackets. 1 אתה אהבתנו ורצית בנו וקדשתנו נמצותיה וקרבתנו מלכנו 1 לַעַבוֹרַתֵּד. וִשְׁמִד הַגַּרוֹל וְהַקַּרוֹש עַלֵינוּ קַרָאת: וַתִּתֵן לַנוּ יהוה 1 אַלהֿינוּ בּאַהַכָה (שַּבָּתוֹת לִמְנוּחָה וּ) מוֹצָדִים לְשָּׁמְחָה חַגִּים וּזְמַגִּים 1 לִשַׁשוֹן אֶת־יוֹם (הַשֵּׁבַּת הַזֶּה וָאֶת־יוֹם) Т Atah ahavtanu veratzita vanu vekidashtanu bemitzvoteha vekeravtanu malkenu la'avodateha veshimeha hagadol 1 vehakadosh aleynu karata. 1 Vatiten lanu adonay eloheynu T be'ahavah (shabbatot limnuhah u) mo'adim lesimhah hagim uzmanim lesason et yom (hashabbat hazeh ve'et yom) T חג המצות הזה זמן חרותנו On Pesah: hag hamatzot hazeh zeman heruteynu חג השבעות הזה זמן מתן תורתנו On Shavuot: hag hashavu'ot hazeh zeman matan toratenu T חג הַסּכּוֹת הַזֵּה זִמַן שְׁמְחָתֵנוּ On Sukkot: hag hasukot hazeh zeman simhatenu 1 On Shemini Atzeret/Simhat Torah: הַשָּׁמִרָנוֹ שָׁמְחָתנוּ הַאַצֶרת הַזָּה זְמָן שָׁמְחָתנוּ hashemini hag ha'atzeret hazeh zeman simhatenu 1 T (באהבה) מקרא קרש זכר ליציאת מצרים: (be'ahavah) mikra kodesh zeher litzi'at mitzrayim. 1 341 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH Т

Our God, our ancients' God, may our prayer arise and come to you, and be beheld, and be acceptable. Let it be heard, acted upon, remembered-the memory of us and all our needs, the 1 memory of our ancestors, the memory of messianic hopes, the memory of Jerusalem your holy city, and the memory of all your kin, the house of Israel, all surviving in your presence. Act for goodness and grace, for love and care; for life, well-being and peace, on this day of On Pesah: the festival of matzot. Т On Shavuot: the festival of shavuot. On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot. On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: the eighth day of festivity. 1 Remember us this day, ALL-KNOWING ONE, our God, for goodness. Favor us this day with blessing. Preserve us this day for life. With your redeeming nurturing word, be kind and generous. Act tenderly on our behalf, and grant us victory over all our trials. Truly, our eyes turn toward you, for you are a providing God; gracious and merciful are you. Our God, our ancients' God; May it be your will that a heavenly inspiration be awakened in us on this holy day T to rebuild the Land of Israel, to renew it and to make it holy for your service, and may peace prevail there as well as freedom, justice, and the rule of Law, as it is written by your prophet: "Truly, Torah shall go forth from Zion, and the word of the ETERNAL from Jerusalem!" And it is said: "Let none do harm, let none destroy, throughout my holy mountain, Т for the earth is filled with knowledge of the OMNIPRESENT, as the waters fill the sea." FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 342

אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתֵינוּ ואָמּוֹתֵינוּ יַעַלֵה ויָבוֹא ויָגִיעַ ויִראָה ויִרצָה וִישַמַע וִיפָּקָר וְיָזַכָר זְכָרוֹגַנוּ וּפְקָרוֹגַנוּ ווִזְכָרוֹן אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וָאָמוֹתֵׁינוּ T וְזִכְרוֹן יְמוֹת הַמֵּשִּׁיחַ וְזִכְרוֹן יְרוּשָׁלַיִם אָיר קַדְשֶׁה וְזִכְרוֹן כֵּל עַמָּהָ 1 בֵּית יִשְׁרַאֵל לִפַּגֵׁיהָ לִפְלֵיטָה וּלְטוֹבָה לְחֵז וּלְחֵמֶר וּלְרַחֲמִים לְחַיִים 1 וּלְשֵׁלוֹם בִּיוֹם T On Pesah T חג המצות הזה Т On Shavuot: T חַג הַשָּׁבַעוֹת הַזֵּה 1 1 On Sukkot: חג הסכות הזה T I. T On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: T השמיני תג העצרת הזה זַכַרְנוּ יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ בּוֹ לְטוֹבָה: וּפַקָרְנוּ לְבָרָכָה וְהוֹשִׁיעָנוּ בוֹ לְחַיִים: 1 וּבִרְבַר יִשוּעָה וְרַחֵמִים חוּס וְחֵגֵּנוּ וְרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְהוּשִׁיעֵׁנוּ כִּי אֱלֵידָ Т צֵינֵינוּ כִּי אֵל מֵלֵך חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אַתָּה: T אַלהֿינוּ וַאלהֵי אַבוֹתֵֿינוּ וָאָמּוֹתֵֿינוּ יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְפָנֶיךּ שֶׁיֵעֶרֶה עָלֵינוּ T רוּחַ מִמֵּרוֹם בַּיּוֹם הַקַּרוֹש הַזֵּה לְכוֹנֵן אֶתאָרֵץ יִשְׁרָאֵל לְחַדֵּש וּלְקַדָּש T אותה לַעַבוֹרַתֵּה וִשָּׁכַן בָּאָָרֵץ שָׁלוֹם הֹפֵש צֶׁדֶק וּמִשְׁפָּט כַּכָּתוּב Т עלייד נביאה: כּי מִצִיוֹן הַצֵא תוֹרָה וּדְבָר־יהוה מִירוּשָׁלָיִם: וְנָאֵמֵר T לא־ירֿעוּ ולא־ישחֿיתוּ בַּכַל־הַר קַדָשִי כִּי מַרָאָה הָאָרֵץ דְּעָה אָת־ T יהוה כּמּים לים מכסים: → I Т כי...ירושלים / Truly... Jerusalem (Isaiah 2:3). Т לא...מכסים / Let... sea (Isaiah 11:9). 1 343 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH Т L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

And place over us, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the blessing of your Festivals, T for life, for peace, for happiness, and for rejoicing, 1 as you have desired and promised to bless us. 1 (Our God, our ancients' God, 1 take pleasure in our rest,) enable us to realize holiness through your mitzvot, give us our portion in your Torah, Т let us enjoy the good things of your world, and gladden us with your salvation. Refine our hearts to serve you honestly, 1 and help us to perpetuate, DEAR ONE, our God, 1 (with love and with desire,) with happiness and joy, T (the Shabbat and) your holy Festivals, 1 and let all Israel, Т and all who treat your name as holy, 1 rejoice in you. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, source of the holiness of (the Shabbat, and of) T Israel and the Festivals. 1 FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 344 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

T וְהַשְּׁיאֵׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ אֱת בִּרְכַּת מוֹעֲדֵׁידְ לְחַיִים וּלְשֵׁלוֹם לְשִׁמְחֵה T רַצִּית ואַמַרָהָ לְבָרְכֵנוּ (אֵלהֵינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וּלִשְׁשוֹן כַּאַשֶׁר I וּאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ רְצֵה בִמְנוּחָתֵׁנוּ) קַדְּשֵׂנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֵיךּ וְתֵז חֵלְקֵׁנוּ בְּתוֹרָתֵׁך 1 לעבדה באמת שַׁבְּעַנוּ מִטּוּבֵה וְשַׁמְחַנוּ בִּישוּעַתָּה וְטָהֵר לְבֵּנוּ T וְהַנְחִילֵגוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ (בְּאַהֵבָה וּבְרָצוֹן) בְּשִׂמְחָה וּבְשָׁשוֹן (שֵׁבַּת T שָּׁה וִישְמחוּ בְה יִשְׁרָאֵל מְקַדְשֵׁי שְׁמֶה: בָּרוּה אַתָּה יהוה ו)מועדי קד T מִקַדֵּשׁ (הַשֶּׁבָּת וִ)יִשְׂרָאֵל וְהַזְּמַנִּים: ← I 1 I T Т T I T 1 1 T T T T T 345 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

5. AVODAH / WORSHIP

1

1

Т

1

1

T

1

Take pleasure GRACIOUS ONE, our God, in Israel your people; lovingly accept their fervent prayer. May Israel's worship always be acceptable to you.

And may our eyes behold your homecoming, with merciful intent, to Zion. Blessed are you, THE FAITHFUL ONE, who brings your presence home to Zion.

6. HODA'AH / THANKS

We give thanks to you that you are THE ALL-MERCIFUL, our God, God of our ancestors, today and always. A firm, enduring source of life, a shield to us in time of trial, you are ever there, from age to age. We acknowledge you, declare your praise, and thank you for our lives entrusted to your hand, our souls placed in your care, for your miracles that greet us every day, and for your wonders and the good things that are with us every hour, morning, noon, and night. Good One, whose kindness never stops, Kind One, whose loving acts have never failed—always have we placed our hope in you.

For all these things, your name be blessed and raised in honor always, sovereign of ours, forever.

Let all of life acknowledge you! May all beings praise your name in truth, O God, our rescue and our aid. Blessed are you, THE GRACIOUS ONE, whose name is good, to whom all thanks are due.

FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 346

אַבוֹרָה אַבוֹרָה רְצֵה יהוה אֶלהֵׁינוּ בְּעַמְד יִשְׂרָאֵל וְלַהַב תְּפִלָתָם בְּאַהֵבָה תְּקַבֵּל Т בּרָצוֹן וּתָהִי לְרָצוֹן תָּמִיד עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַבֶּוּד: Т Т וְתֶחֱזֶׁינָה אֵינֵׁינוּ בְּשוּבְהָ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים: בְּרוּה אַתָּה יהוה הַמַּחֲזִיר 1 שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן: T Т הוֹדָאָה מוּדִים אַנַֿחָנוּ לָךּ שֵׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ Т וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד צוּר חַזֵּינוּ מָגֵן יִשְׁעֵׁנוּ אַהָּה הוּא לְדוֹר וְדוֹר: Т נוֹדֶה לְדָ וּנְסַפֵּר תְהַלֶּעֶד עַל חַיֵּינוּ הַמְּסוּרִים בְּיָדֶד וְעַל נִשְׁמוֹּתֵׁינוּ Т הַפְּקוּדוֹת לָך וְעַל נִסֶּׁיך שֶׁבְּכֵל יוֹם עִמְנוּ וְעַל נִפְלְאוֹתֶׁיך וְטוֹבוֹתֶׁיך T שֶׁבְּכֵל־צֵת עֶֿרֶב וְבֹּקֶר וְצֵהְרַיִם: הַטּוֹב כִּי לֹא כָלוּ רַחֲמֶׁידּ וְהַמְרַחֵם I כִּי לֹא תַֿמוּ חֲסָדֻֿידָ מֵעוֹלָם קוִּינוּ לָדִי 1 וְעַל כָּלָם יִתְבָּרַה וְיִתְרוֹמֵם שִׁמְה מַלְבֵּנוּ תָּמִיד לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד: 1 וְכֹל הַחַיִּים יוֹדוּהָ פֶֿלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שִׁמְהָ בֶּאֱמֶת הָאֵל יְשוּעָתֵגוּ I וְעֵזְרַתֵּנוּ סֵׁלָה: בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה הַטּוֹב שְׁמְהָ וּלְהָ נָאֶה לְהוֹרוֹת: ---T 1 Т T T I 1 1 347 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH Т L 1

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. L

7. BIRKAT HASHALOM / BLESSING FOR PEA	CE
The following paragraph is said only when the congregation recites aloud together.	
Our God, our ancients' God,	
bless us with the threefold blessing	
spoken from the mouth of Aaron and his sons, as is said: May THE ETERNAL bless you	
and protect you. Let it be God's	will!
May THE ETERNAL'S face give light	
to you, and show you favor. Let it be God's	s will!
May THE ETERNAL'S face be lifted toward you, and bestow upon you	
peace. Let it be God's	will!
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the	
	r (serv- n "Ken egation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the <i>kohanim</i> . In some congregations the <i>shelia tzibur</i> ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with <i>yehi ratzon</i> ." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant t to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. C COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive	(serv- b "Ken ggation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this in gath- it. He
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant t to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. C COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with	r (serv- h "Ken gation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this n gath- it. He y." He n their
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant to to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. C COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Shehinah	r (serv- egation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this a gath- it. He y." He a their as we
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant t to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. C COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with	r (serv- egation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this a gath- it. He y." He a their as we
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant t to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. C COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Sheḥinah bless each other. It is now an established part of Canadian Reconstru	(serv- b "Ken gation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this i gath- it. He y." He i their as we action-
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant to to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. CO COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Shehinah bless each other. It is now an established part of Canadian Reconstru- ist practice.	(serv- b "Ken gation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this i gath- it. He y." He i their as we action-
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant to to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. CO COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Shehinah bless each other. It is now an established part of Canadian Reconstru- ist practice.	(serv- b "Ken gation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this i gath- it. He y." He i their as we action-
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the neitresponds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Sheḥinah bless each other. It is now an established part of Canadian Reconstruist practice.	(serv- egation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this a gath- it. He y." He a their as we action- E.M.
COMMENTARY. Traditionally the Priestly Blessing was done by the descendants of the kohanim. In some congregations the sheliah tzibur ice leader) recites the blessing, and the congregation responds with yehi ratzon." In other communities all the members of the congre wrap arms and tallitot around each other and recite the blessing tog Another way to enact the Priestly Blessing is for each congregant to to a neighbor and recite the first half of each blessing, while the nei responds with the second half of the blessing. MICHAEL M. CO COMMENTARY. Rabbi Lavy Becker of Montreal noticed that whe blessing was pronounced in the synagogue of Pisa, all the children ered under the sheltering wings of their fathers' tallitot to receive recognized this "as a reconstruction of the ancient priestly ceremony modified that custom so that those wearing a tallit share it with neighbors and all are under the sheltering wings of the Shehinah bless each other. It is now an established part of Canadian Reconstru- ist practice.	(serv- egation gether. to turn ighbor COHEN en this a gath- it. He y." He a their as we action- E.M.



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Grant peace, goodness and blessing in the world, grace, love, and mercy T over us and over all your people Israel. Bless us, source of being, all of us, as one 1 amid your light, 1 for by your light, I WISE ONE, our God, you give to us Torah of life, and love of kindness, justice, blessing, mercy, life, and peace. T So may it be a good thing in your eyes, 1 to bless your people Israel, and all peoples, 1 with abundant strength and peace. T Blessed are you, COMPASSIONATE ONE, maker of peace. T The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back. When reading T silently, continue on page 352. Continue on page 356 for Hallel. When Sukkot falls on weekdays, Hallel is preceded by 1 blessing the lulav, page 354. Т 1 KAVANAH. Try to imagine a time of true peace and tranquility, and think about your part in helping this time to come about. What can you do? T What can you commit to? How will you be a peacemaker? L.B. Т 1 1 FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 350 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1 set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

שים שלום טובה וברכה בעולם הן והסר ורחמים עלינו ועל כַּל־יִשְׁרַאֵל עַמֵּה: כַּרְכֵּנוּ אַבְֿינוּ כַּאֲנוּ כָאָחָד בָּאוֹר פַּנֵיה: כִּי בָאוֹר T פַּגַיף נַתַֿתַ לַּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ תּוֹרַת חַיִים ואַהַכָת חֵסֵר וּצָרָקָה וּבִרָכָה 1 ורחמים וחיים ושלום: וטוב בּעֵינֵיה לְכָרֵה אֵת־עַמָּה יִשְׁרָאֵל 1 וָאֵת־כֵּל־הַעַמִים בִּרֹב־עֹז וְשֵׁלוֹם: בַּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה עוֹשֵה הַשֵּׁלוֹם: T Sim shalom tovah uvrahah ba'olam hen vahesed verahamim T aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ameha. Barehenu avinu kulanu ke'ehad be'or paneha. Ki ve'or paneha natata lanu adonay eloheynu torat T hayim ve'ahavat hesed utzedakah uverahah verahamim vehayim 1 veshalom. Vetov be'eyneyha levareh et ameha yisra'el ve'et kol T ha'amim berov oz veshalom. Baruh atah adonay osey hashalom. T The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back. When reading I silently, continue on page 353. Continue on page 357 for Hallel. When Sukkot falls on weekdays, Hallel is preceded by T blessing the lulav, page 355. 1 T Т 1 T Т T 351 / FESTIVAL AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

Job Name: --

/423175t

RIBONO SHEL OLAM / CONCLUDING MEDITATION 1 Sovereign of the universe, 1 fulfill my heart's petitions for the good. Let me be worthy to perform your will with a whole heart. 1 Deliver me from the inclination to do evil, I and give me my portion in your Torah. May I merit, with all Israel, your people, Т that your Presence dwell upon us. Make evident among us 1 the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and strength, 1 the spirit of knowledge and the awe of THE CREATOR. May divine love surround the one who trusts in THE ETERNAL. 1 May my words of prayer, and my heart's meditation be seen favorably, PRECIOUS ONE, 1 my rock, my champion. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, T and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. 1 FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 352 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T רַבּוֹנוֹ שֵׁל עוֹלַם רְבּוֹנוֹ שֵׁל עוֹלָם מֵלֵּא מִשְׁאֵלוֹת לִבִּי לְטוֹכָה וְזַבּּנִי לַעֲשוֹת רְצוֹנְה T בּלַבָב שָּׁלֵם: מַלְשֵׁנִי מְיֵצֵר הָרָע וְתֵז חֵלְקִי בִּתוּרָתֵה: זַפֵּנִי אָם כֵּל T ישראל עמד שתשרה שכינתד עלינו והופע עלינו לוח חכמה Т וּבִינָה רוּחַ עָצָה וּגְבוּרָה רֿוּחַ דְּעָת וְיָרָאָת יהוה: T וְהַבּוֹשֵׁת בַּיהוה הַסֵר יְסוּבְבַנּוּ. T יִהְיוּ לְרָצוֹן אִמְרֵי פִּי וְהֶגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָָנֶיהָ יהוה צוּרִי וְגוֹאֲלִי: T T עושה שַלום בִּמְרומיו הוּא יַצַשָּה שָלום עַלֵּינוּ וְעַל בֶּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל T כַּל יוֹשָׁבֵי תֵבַל וָאָמָרוּ אַמֵז: 1 T T shehinateha / your Presence. This term is one of the most frequent שכינתך 1 ways of speaking of God in rabbinic and mystical tradition. The term derives from Exodus 25:8: "And I shall dwell in their midst" (veshahanti betoham). God's Presence coming to dwell in the Tabernacle was believed 1 to be the normal outcome of the priestly sacrificial labors. When Israel's Second Temple was destroyed, the belief arose that God continues to T dwell among Israelites during study and prayer. "If two sit and there 1 are words of Torah between them, the Shehinah dwells with them" (Pirkey Avot 3:3). Т J.R. T 1 Т T Т 1 1 353 / CONCLUDING MEDITATION Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

> set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

NETILAT LULAV / WAVING THE LULAV The lulav is held in the right hand, the etrog in the left. The blessing is recited with the stem of the etrog held down and with the two hands together. Then the etrog is turned right side up, arms are extended, and the lulav and etrog are shaken in all four directions as well as up and down. This is done each day of Sukkot except for Shabbat. Here I stand, ready in body and mind to fulfill the mitzvah of the Four Species of the Tree, as it is written in the Torah: "You shall take up for yourselves upon the first day [of Sukkot] the ornamental fruit, the fronds of date palms, sprig of myrtle tree, and willows of the stream." And as I wave them, may a wealth of blessings and of holy thoughts pour forth upon me. May you bring us near to you in perfect oneness, and spread over us the shelter of your peace, and may the pleasure of THE MERCIFUL, our God, dwell over us. And may you make secure for us the labor of our hands, the labor of our hands ensure. Blessed is THE ONE, eternally. Amen! Amen! Blessed are you, ABUNDANT ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to take and wave the lulav. On the first day that the lulav is shaken each year, add: Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who gave us life, and kept us strong, and brought us to this time. Biblical references include Leviticus 23:40; Psalms 90:17, 89:53. COMMENTARY. Lulav literally means "palm branch," but by custom we call by the name lulav the Sukkot cluster of palm, myrtle, and water willow because of the palm branch's prominence. We shake the lulav in all four directions as well as up and down to indicate that the divine presence knows no barriers of time or space. Traditionally, blessing precedes action. After the blessing the etrog is returned to its natural position with the stem down. So are we challenged to find the natural balance in our lives. D.A.T. FESTIVAL SHAHARIT / 354 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Т

Т

1

1

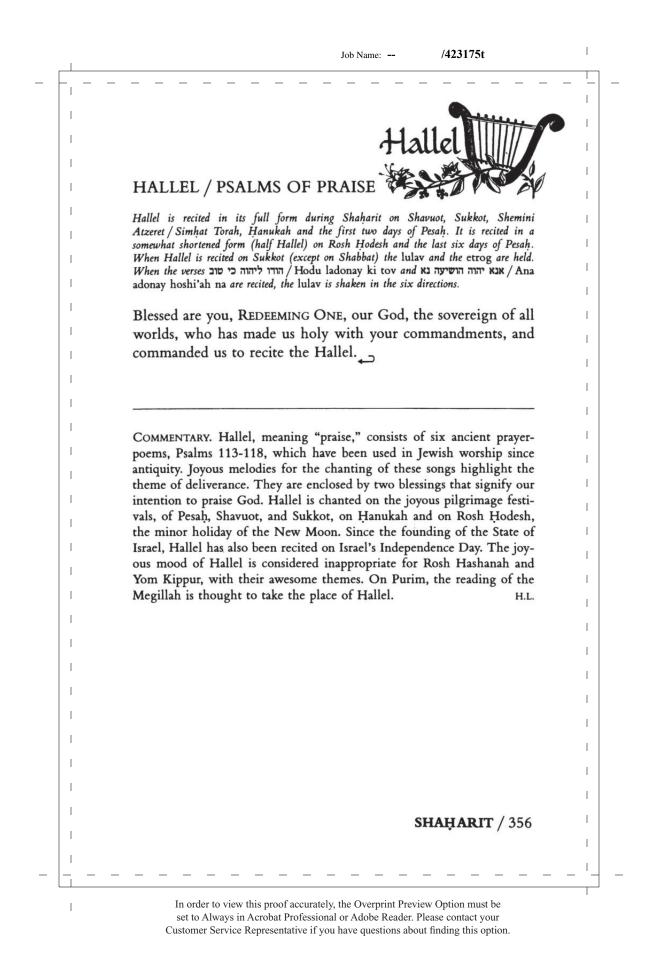
Т

T

Т

Т מוּכַן וּמִזַמֵּן לְקַיֵּם מִצְוַת אַרְבָּעָה מִינִים כַּכַּתוּב בַּתּוֹרָה: Т וּלַקַחַתֵּם לַכֵם בַּיּוֹם הַרָאשוֹן פּּרִי עֵץ הַדֵר כַּפּוֹת תַמַרִים וַעַנַף עַץ ברכות שפע עבת וערבי נַחַל: וּבָנַעַנוּעִי אוֹתֵם יֲשָׁפּיעַ עַלִי 1 וּמחשבות קרושות וקרבנו אַלֵיך בּיחוּד שֵׁלָם וּפְרוֹש עַלֵינוּ סַכַּת 1 שלומד ויהי נעם יהוה אלהינו עלינו ומעשה ידינו כוננה עלינו וּמַעשה יַדִינוּ כּוֹנְנֶהוּ: בַּרוּך יהוה לְעוֹלֵם אָמֵן וָאָמֵן: Т בּרוּה אַתֵּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵה הַעוֹלָם אֲשֵׁר קִדְשָּׁנוּ בִּמִצְוֹתֵיו וִצְוַנוּ T צל נטילת לוּלב: 1 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher kideshanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu al netilat lulav. 1 On the first day that the lulav is shaken each year, add: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵך הָעוֹלָם שהחינו וקימנו והגיענו לזמן הזה: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam sheheheyanu T vekiyemanu vehigi'anu lazeman hazeh. 1 DERASH. The willow has no smell or taste; the myrtle has smell but not taste; the palm, taste but not smell; the etrog, both smell and taste. In the 1 lulav all are united, each is necessary; even the lowliest is required to bring Т out the worth of all. T The sight and smell of these four species help us celebrate the bounteous diversity of nature and remind us that we are responsible for preserving the conditions that make their growth possible. Human life requires the I flourishing of trees: the divine presence in the interdependence of species. We hold these diverse species together as a reminder that the diversity in the world comprises the elements of its unity. So can we discover the unity 1 in human life. D.A.T. I 355 / NETILAT LULAV/WAVING THE LULAV In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



/423175t



|

1

Ĩ

T

1

1

1

1

T

Т

1

1

Т

Hallel is recited in its full form during Shaharit on Shavuot, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah, Hanukah and the first two days of Pesah. It is recited in a somewhat shortened form (half Hallel) on Rosh Hodesh and the last six days of Pesah. When Hallel is recited on Sukkot (except on Shabbat) the lulav and the etrog are held. When the verses אנא יהוה הושיעה נא hodu ladonay ki tov and ki con const. Ana adonay hoshi'ah na are recited, the lulav is shaken in the six directions.

בְּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינו מֶֿלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשְׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוְּנוּ לְקִרוּ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵינו מֶֿלֶדְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשְׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוְּנוּ לְקִרֹא אֵת הַהַלֵּל: →

Baruh atah adonay elo<u>hey</u>nu <u>me</u>leh ha'olam asher kide<u>sha</u>nu bemitzvotav vetzivanu likro et hahalel.

COMMENTARY. More than any other series of Jewish prayers, chanting the Hallel psalms marks the cycles of the Jewish year. We sing Hallel at each new moon (when the Jewish month begins), and on each day of the three pilgrimage festivals. Just as the singing of Hallel reminds us of the inevitable return of joyous times, so does its theme of one "delivered from the ropes of death" (Psalm 116) or released "from my distress" (Psalm 118) remind us even when we are in the midst of pain, sorrow, and despair that joyous moments will surely return.



Halleluyah! Cry praise, all you who serve THE OMNIPRESENT,
praise the name of THE ETERNAL!
Let the name of THE INCOMPARABLE be blessed, henceforth and for eternity!
From east to west, sunrise to sunset, hailed in every place: the name of GOD!
Raised up above all nations is THE SOVEREIGN ONE, above even the heavens is God's glory!
Who is like THE BOUNDLESS ONE, our God? Enthroned on high,
who gazes down on all, in heaven and on earth,
who raises from the dust the poor, from ash-heaps lifts aloft the needy,
placing them beside the privileged, together with the privileged of the nation,
turning the childless household into a home rejoicing in its children Halleluyah!
Psalm 113
SHAĻARIT / 358

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Т L 1 T T הַלְלוּ אֶת־שֵׁם יהוה: עַכְדֵי יהוה הקקו מֵעַתָּה וְעַר־עוֹלָם: יְהִי שֵׁם יהוה מְבֹרָד L 1 מְהָלָל שֵׁם יהוה: מִמִזְרַח־שֶׁׁמֶש עַד־מְבוֹאוֹ L L I צַל הַשָּׁמַיִם כְּבוֹדוֹ: רָם עַל־כָּל־גּוֹיִם יהוה L I הַמַּגְבִּיהִי לְשָּׁבֶת: מִי כַּיהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ L 1 בַּשְׁמַיִם וּבָאָָרֶז: הַמַּשְׁפִּילִי לִרְאוֹת T I מֵאַשְׁפֹּת יָרִים אֶבְיוֹן: מְקִימִי מֵעָפָר דָּל L L צם נִדִיבֵי עַמּו: * לְהוֹשִׁיבִי אָם־נְדִיבִים L מוֹשִׁיבִי עֵקֶֿרֶת הַבַּיִת אַם־הַבָּנִים שְׂמֵחָה L I L L I L I L I Т 359 T L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

When Israel went forth out of Egypt, House of Jacob from the people of a foreign tongue, Т Judah became God's holy place, 1 Israel became God's seat of rule. 1 The Sea beheld and fled, 1 the Jordan turned, reversed its flow. The mountains danced about like rams, Т the hills, like flocks of lambs. What's wrong with you, O Sea, that you should flee? 1 And you, O Jordan, that you turn around? 1 You mountains, why do you rejoice like rams, you hills, like flocks of lambs? T Tremble, earth, before the mighty one, before the God of Jacob, 1 Т who turns the rock into a pool of water, the flint into a bubbling fount! 1 Psalm 114 T 1 KAVANAH. Why does Hallel contain psalms written both in the first person singular and in the plural? To help us keep alive both a personal relationship to God and a collective one. We cannot legitimately say, "We praise 1 you," unless each of us is included in the we. Otherwise, the ritual of T collective praise becomes an empty formality, not a true expression of community. H.L. COMMENTARY. This psalm juxtaposes two crossings of water-that of the Т Reed Sea and, forty years later, of the Jordan. The repetition of the final miracle of the Exodus at the time of the initial entry to Canaan connects those two events and suggests that the second is the fulfillment of the first. H.L. SHAHARIT / 360 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

בֵּית יַצַקֹב מֵעַם לֹעַז: בצאת ישראל ממצרים T ישראל ממשלותיו: היתה יהודה לקדשו 1 1 הירדן יסב לאחור: הַיָּם רָאָה וַיַּנֹס I גְּכַעוֹת כְּכַנֵי־צֹאן: ההרים רקרו כאילים T הַיַּרְדֵּז תִּסֹב לְאָחוֹר: מה־קה הים כי תנוס 1 T גָּכַעוֹת כָּבְנֵי־צֹאן: ההרים תרקדו כאילים T I מלפני אלוה יעקב: מִלְפְנֵי אֲרוֹן חוּלִי אָרי 1 1 חַלַמִיש לְמַעִינוֹ־מַֿיִם: -ההפכי הצור אנסימים L 1 Betzeyt yisra'el mimitzrayim beyt ya'akov me'am lo'ez. 1 Hayetah yehudah lekodsho yisra'el mamshelotav. I Hayam ra'ah vayanos hayarden yisov le'ahor. T Heharim rakedu he'eylim geva'ot kivney tzon. T Ma leha hayam ki tanus hayarden tisov le'ahor. Heharim tirkedu he'eylim geva'ot kivney tzon. I Mi lifney adon huli aretz milifney eloah ya'akov. Т Hahofhi hatzur agam <u>ma</u>yim halamish lemayno <u>ma</u>yim. T 1 I 1 1 1 361 Т L

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

On Rosh Hodesh and the last six days of Pesah, continue with, "The Redeeming One" in the middle of page 364. Т Not for us, ETERNAL ONE; no, not for us, 1 but for your name: Bring forth a glorious event, attesting to your love and to your truth! 1 1 Why should unbelievers say, "Where is their God?" when our God is over us, and doing all according to desire! Т Their preoccupations are with silverwork and gold, with works of human hands. They have a mouth, but they can't speak. They have eyes, but they can't see. 1 They have ears, but they can't hear. They have a nose, but they can't smell. 1 They have their hands, but they can't feel. They have their feet, but they can't walk. They have nothing in their throats to say. 1 T Their preoccupations. Many translators have followed earlier עצביהם / Their preoccupations. commentators in rendering עצביהם as their "fingers." The goal of these commentators was to emphasize the foolishness of idolators. A careful 1 grammatical examination of the text indicates that while the traditional translation may have been emotionally satisfying to downtrodden generations, its exaggerated emphasis on the worthlessness of idols does not exist 1 in the original text. Preoccupation with "silver and gold" still prevents many of us from keeping in sight the sources of transcendent value in our T lives. D.A.T. Т **SHAHARIT** / 362 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

On Rosh Hodesh and the last six days of Pesaḥ, page 365.	continue with יהוה זְכָרָנוּ in the middle of
פִּי־לְשִׁמְדּ תֵּן כָּבוֹד	לא לְנוּ יהוה לא לְנוּ
	עַל־חַסְדְהַ עַל־אֲמִתֶֿה:
אַיֵּה־נָא אֱלֹהֵיהֶם:	לַמָּה יֹאמִרוּ הַגּוֹיִם
כּל אֲשֶׁר־חָפֵץ עָשָה:	ואלהֿינוּ בַשְּׂמַיִם
מַעַשָּה יְדֵי אָדָם:	אַצַבֵּיהֶם כֶּׁסֶר וְזָהָב
צֵינַֿיִם לָהֶם וְלֹא יִרְאוּ:	פָּה־לָהֶם וְלֹא יְדַבַּרוּ
אַף לָהֶם וְלֹא יְרִיחוּז:	אַזְגַיִם לָהֶם וְלֹא יִשְׁמְׁעוּ
רַגְלֵיהֶם וְלֹא יְהַלֵּכוּ	יְדֵיהֶם וְלֹא יְמִישׁוּז
	לא יֵהָגוּ בִּגְרוֹנָם: →
DERASH. According to legend it was on from Egypt that the Israelites crossed the drowned. The midrash says that when t God cried out, "My children have drow history, Jews have shortened Hallel on reminder that our joy must be dimmed the losses of our enemies. / They have a mouthThis passa ture, such as Deuteronomy 4:28, Psalm that debunk idolatry as the worship of in remarkably establish an equivalence betw its worshipper: all three are "lifeless," in	sea in triumph and the Egyptians the angels celebrated this victory, ned in the sea!" Throughout our in the last six days of Pesah as a in the face of any sorrow—even D.A.T. age calls to mind others in Scrip- a 135:15-18, and Isaiah 44:9-20, manimate objects. The verses here ween the idol itself, its maker, and a body or in spirit. Only worship
of the Creator of all life can put us in tou enabling us to sense and to affirm our al	uch with the mystery of life, thus

—

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

All that they make is just like them, and all who trust in them. 1 Let Israel trust in THE ETERNAL ONE, 1 who is their help and sheltering place. Let the House of Aaron trust in THE COMPASSIONATE, 1 who is their help and sheltering place. I Let all who fear THE MIGHTY ONE trust in THE FOUNT OF LIFE, who is their help and sheltering place. Psalm 115:1-11 Т THE REDEEMING ONE who has remembered us will bless us allwill bless the House of Israel, will bless the House of Aaron, 1 will bless the ones in awe of THE DIVINE, young and old alike. THE ABUNDANT ONE will add to you, to you and to your children. Blessed are you to your CREATOR, to the maker of the heavens and the earth. The skies are heaven, they belong to GOD, the earth God gave for human life. The dead cannot say "Halleluyah," none who have descended into stillness. But we, the living, bless Yah's name, today and forever, Halleluyah! Psalm 115:12-19 COMMENTARY. This psalm calls on Israel, the House of Aaron, and those "who fear" to trust in God. The psalmist looks forward to God's blessing flowing upon those same three groups of people. Rashi comments that "all who fear THE MIGHTY ONE" indicates the converts who have chosen Judaism. Franz Rosenzweig interprets Psalm 115 as a comment on all peo-Т ple who trust in God and keep up a never-ending song of praise. This psalm, claims Rosenzweig, expresses our hope for a world redeemed from division. H.L. SHAHARIT / 364 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

כל אשר־בּטח בּהם: כמוהם יהיו עשיהם T צורם ומגנם הוא: ישראל בטח ביהוה 1 עזרם ומגנם הוא: 1 בית אַהַרן בַּטָחוּ בַּיהוה I עזרם ומגנם הוא: יראי יהוה בּטחו בַּיהוה T יהוה זְכַרַנוּ יְבָרֵדְ 1 1 יברה את־בּית אהרון: יברד את בית ישראל 1 T הקטנים עם־הגרלים: יבָרֵהְ יִרְאֵי יהוה L T 1 צַלֵיכֵם וְצַל־בְּנֵיכֵם: יסף יהוה עליכם Т עשה שמים וארץ: ברוכים אתם ליהוה 1 וְהָאָֹרֶץ נְתַן לְבְנֵי־אָדָם: השמים שמים ליהוה T ולא כל־ירדי דומה: לא הַמֵּתִים יְהַלְלוּ־יָה T T מעתה ועד־עולם או ואנחנו נברך יה 1 Adonay zeharanu yevareh. Yevareh et beyt yisra'el yevareh et beyt aharon. T Yevareh yirey adonay haketanim im hagedolim. T Yosef adonay aleyhem aleyhem ve'al beneyhem. 1 Beruhim atem ladonay oseh shamayim va'aretz. I Hashamayim shamayim ladonay veha'aretz natan livney adam. Lo hametim yehalelu yah velo kol yordey dumah. 1 Va'anahnu nevareh yah me'atah ve'ad olam 1 Halleluyah. I 365 / H Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

 /423175t

I

On Rosh Hodesh and the last six days of Pesah omit this page. My love abounds, for GOD has heard

And in the name of THE REDEEMI "I pray, ETERNAL ONE, deliver me	
Gracious is THE FOUNT OF MERCY Our God is one who acts in tende THE COMPASSIONATE protects thos I who feel so destitute, I, too, rec Return, my soul, to your tranquili for THE REDEEMER has been gener	erness. he wandering in confusion, heive God's help. hty,
Truly, you released my soul from	death,
my eye from tears, my foot from	stumbling!
I walk about before THE OMNIPRE to the world of life I have returne	
I am full of faith! For once I cried "How very desolate am I!"	1,
Once, in my alarm, I said, "How false is everyone!"	
	Psalm 116:1-11
COMMENTARY. Even though the speaker her soul remains troubled: "Return, my the speaker's song of thanksgiving li vulnerability.	soul, to your tranquility." Under
	SHAHARIT / 366

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. L

L

Т

-- /423175t

I.

L

L

L

T

T

L

L

L

L

L

L

L

L

L

L

T

L

Job Name:	Job Name:	
-----------	-----------	--

On Rosh Hodesh and the last six days of Pesah om	it this page.
אֶת־קוֹלִי תַּחֲנוּנָי:	אָהַבְהִי כִּי־יִשְׁמַע יהוה
וּבְיָמַי אֶקְרָא:	כִּי־הָשָּה אַזְנו לִי
וּמְצָרֵי שְׁאוֹל מְצָאֿוּנִי	אֲפָפֿוּנִי חֶרְלֵי־מָׂוֶת
וּז אֶמְצָא: אָֿנָא יהוה מַלְטָה נַפְשִׁי:	צָרָה וְיָג וּכְשֵׁם־יהוה אֶקְרָא

Т

T

T

1

T

I

1

I

I

Т

I

I

1

T

I

חַנּוּז יהוה וְצַדִּיק וַאלהֵינוּ מְרַחֵם:

שֹׁמֵר פְּתָאִים יהוה שֿמֵר פְּתָאִים יהוה שֿוּבִי נַפְשִׁי לִמְנוּחָזְיָכִי כִּי יהוה גָּמַל עֶלָיְכִי:

כִּי חִלַּצְתָ נַפְשִׁי מְמֶוֶת אֶת־עֵינִי מִז־דִּמְעָה
 אֶת־רַגְלִי מְדָחִי:
 אֶתְהַלֵּךְ לִפְנֵי יהוה
 בְּאַרְצוֹת הַחַיִּים:

ד הָאֱמַׁנְתִּי כִּי אֲדַבֵּר אֲנִי עָנִֿיתִי מְאֹד:

אַני אָמַרְתִּי בְחֵפְזִי בְּלֹ־הָאָדָם כֹּזֵב: →



And now, what shall I give back to GOD?—
for all God's bounties are upon me!
Salvation's cup I raise, and in the name of THE ETERNAL, I call out.
My vow to THE REDEEMER I repay— here, I pray, before all those assembled here!
THE MERCIFUL does not regard as trivial the death of those who care for God.
Now, ABUNDANT ONE, I am your servant.
I, your servant, child of your servant, I whose fetters you have opened up.
To you I make my offering of thanks, and in the name of THE REDEEMER I call out. My vow to THE ETERNAL I repay— here, I pray, before all those assembled here in courtyards of the House of GOD, amid Jerusalem's most hallowed inner halls: Halleluyah!
Psalm 116:12-19
SHAḤARIT / 368

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

כֵּל־תַּגְמוּלוֹהִי עָלָי:

וּבְשֵׁם יהוה אֵקָרָא:

נֶגְדָה־נָּא לְכָל־עַמּו:

הַמָּוְתָה לַחֲסִידָיו:

כִּי־אֲנִי עַבְדֶּרָ

פּתַֿחָתַ לְמוֹסֵׁרָי:

וּבְשֵׁם יהוה אֵקָרָא:

ינְדָרַי לַיהוה אֲשָׁלֵם *

בְּחַצְרוֹת בֵּית יהוה

Ana adonay ki ani avdeha Ani avdeha ben amateha Pitahta lemoseray.

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

מה־אַשִיב לַיהוה

T

L

L

L

L

L

I.

L

L

L

כּוס־יִשוּעות אֶשָּא

נְדָרַי לַיהוה אֲשָׁלֵם

יַקָר בְּעֵינֵי יהוה

אָנָה יהוה

אַנִי־עַכִדָּךּ בֶּן־אַמָתָד

לְדְ־אֶזְבַּח זֶבַח תּוֹדָה

נֶגְדָה־נָּא לְכֵל־עַמּוֹ:

בּתוֹכֵׁכִי יִרוּשָׁלָיִם

369 / 1

T

T T.

L T

L

L

T

L L

L

T

1 I I

T

I

Т T L T I T 1 1

1

Praise The Omnipresent, al	and the same second s
all peoples, sing the praise of	
For God's love overpowers	
the truth of THE ETERNAL is	s torever.
Halleluyah!	
	Psalm 117
Give thanks to THE ETERNA	who is good
whose love is everlasting!	L, WILO 15 good,
č	
Let Israelites declare today,	
God's love is everlasting!	
Let the House of Aaron say,	
God's love is everlasting!	
Let those in awe of GOD de	clare
God's love is everlasting!	
ب ہ	
	Psalm 118:1-4
	the shortest psalm in the Book of Psalms
	universalism is rooted, the psalm testifies, e we know God through the divine rela-
	urge all other nations to come to a similar
awareness of God. We urge then	m to do what we do in Hallel, to praise
the Eternal.	H.L.
	SHAḤARIT / 370
	5

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

שַׁבְּחֿוּהוּ כֵּל־הָאָמִים	הַלְלוּ אֶת־יהוה כֵּל־גּוּיִם
וֶאֱמֶת־יהוה לְעוּלָם	פִי גָבַר עָלֵינוּ חַסְדּוֹ פּי גָבַר עָלֵינוּ
111	הללו
Halelu et adonay kol goyim shabe Ki gavar a <u>ley</u> nu ḥasdo ve'emet ado Halleluyah.	
כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּו:	הוֹדוּ לַיהוה כִּי טוֹב
כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּו:	יאמַר נָא יִשְׂרָאֵל
פִּי לְעוּלָם חַסְדּוֹ:	יֹאמְרוּ נָא בֵית אַהֲרֹן
ּכִּי לְעוּלָם חַסְדּוּ:→	יאמְרוּ נָא יִרְאֵי יהוה
Hodu ladonay ki tov	Ki le'olam ḥasdo.
Yomar na yisra'el Yomru na veyt aharon	Ki le'olam ḥasdo. Ki le'olam ḥasdo.
Yomru na yirey adonay	Ki le'olam hasdo.
371 / Hallel	

Job Name: --

/423175t

From my distress, I cried out: "Yah!" Yah answered, bringing great release. Т THE ONE is with me; I shall have no fear. 1 What can a human being do to me? 1 THE ONE is with me, bringing help. I gaze triumphantly upon my foes. 1 To trust in THE INVINCIBLE is good, and surer than a trust in human power. Т To trust in THE INVISIBLE is good, and surer than a trust in human benefactors. All nations have surrounded me, but with God's name I cut them off. They surrounded me; yes, they surrounded me, but with God's name I cut them off. They surrounded me like swarming bees. Like a brushfire, they were quenched, 1 and with God's name I cut them off. You pushed me down, pushed me to fall, but THE REDEEMER has brought help to me. T My strength, my song, is Yah, who was for me a source of help. 1 COMMENTARY. From my distress, I cried out: "Yah!" The divine name "Yah," a shortened form of the name YHWH, occurs frequently in biblical poetry, and, unlike the unvocalized Tetragrammaton (whose pronunciation is considered taboo), is pronounced as written. It also appears in the Т common psalmodic exclamation "Halleluyah!" (literally, "Praise Yah!") and is frequently an element in Hebrew personal names-for example, Isaiah (Hebrew Yishayahu, "Yah's help"), Uriah ("Yah's light"), Nehemiah ("Yah's consolation"). J.R. SHAHARIT / 372 Т

 /423175t

במרחב יה: ענני 2 קראתי מן־המצר 1 יהוה לִי לא אִירַא מַה־יַּעַשָּה לִי אָרָם: 1 1 וַאֲנִי אֶרְאָה בִשֹּנָאָי: יהוה לִי בִּעוֹרֵי I. I מבטח בארם: טוב לַחַסוֹת בַּיהוה L T מִבְּטֹחַ בְּנִדִיבִים: טוב לַחֵסוֹת בַּיהוה 1 1 בשם יהוה כִּי אַמִילַם: כל־גוים סבבוני 1 T בשם יהוה כי אמילם: סבּוּנִי גַם־סְבַבוּנִי T 1 סַבּּוּנִי כִדְבוֹרִים דֹעַכוּ כְּאֵש קוֹצִים Т 1 בשם יהוה כי אמילם: דַחה רְחִיתַנִי לְנָפּּל ויהוה עַזַרַנִי: T ויהי־לי לישוּעה: → Т צזי וזמרת יה T Min hametzar karati yah anani vamerhav yah. Adonay li lo ira ma ya'aseh li adam. I Adonay li be'ozray va'ani ereh vesonay. T Tov lahasot badonay mibeto'ah ba'adam. T Tov lahasot badonay mibeto'ah bindivim. Kol goyim sevavuni beshem adonay ki amilam. 1 Sabuni gam sevavuni beshem adonay ki amilam. I Sabuni hidvorim do'ahu ke'esh kotzim 1 beshem adonay ki amilam. 1 Daho dehitani linpol vadonay azarani. Ozi vezimrat yah vayhi li lishu'ah. I 373 / Halle Т L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

The sound of song rejoicing in God's help resounds amid the tents of all the just: "THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand delivers strength! T THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand is lifted up, 1 THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand delivers strength!" I shall not die, but I shall live, and I shall tell the acts of Yah. I truly have been tried by Yah, but I was never given up to die. Open to me, O you gateways of justice, Yes, let me come in, and give thanks unto Yah! 1 This is the gateway to ONE EVERLASTING, let all who are righteous come in. 1 COMMENTARY. פתחו לי שערי-צדק / Open to me, O you gateways of justice. These words suggest several different meanings. Open up the gates of righteousness for me-either because I am one of the righteous and deserve to gain entrance or because I hope to receive charity through the right-T eousness of others. Or perhaps, "open up the gates of righteousness to me," that I too may learn to open up my heart, thus becoming one of the righteous. 1 The welcoming gesture of opening the gates leads to greater justice in our world. Those who pass through the gates of righteousness and open them to others enter God's gateway to sing Yah's praises among a community of the righteous. R.S. T Т SHAHARIT / 374 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Ι

	בְּאָהֲלֵי צַדִּיקִים	קול רַבָּה וִיִשוּעָה
	יְמִין יהוה רוֹמֵמָה	יְמִין יהוה עֹׁשָׂה חָֿיִל:
	יָשָה הָֿיל:	יְמִיז יהוה ל
	וַאָסַפַּר מַעֲשֵׂי יָהּ:	לא אָמוּת כִּי־אֶחְיֶה
	וְלַמְּוֶת לֹא נְתָנְֿנִי:	יַסֹר יִסְרַנִּי יֶּה
	אָבא־בָם אוֹדֶה יָהּ:	פּּתְחּוּ־לִי שַׁעֲרֵי־צֶֿדֶק
	בו:→	זֶה־הַשַּׁעַר לַיהוה
Lo amut Yasor yis Pitḥu li s	lonay <u>o</u> sah <u>h</u> ayil. ki ehyeh va'asaper ma'asey e <u>ra</u> ni yah vela <u>ma</u> vet lo neta <u>r</u> sha'arey <u>tze</u> dek <u>a</u> vo vam ode n <u>a</u> 'ar ladonay tzadikim yavo'u	nani. h yah.
keystone. The every person rence for the because its these rejections and the these rejection of the second	CARY. <i>Rosh pinah</i> not only refers The psalmist is pointing out that on has a place among God's wor the workers building a wall to re- sides were not straight. The arch ts with slanted sides could be for d central stone of the arch.	we must see that every nation, nders. It was a common occur- ject a stone for the foundation hitect would know that among

_

_

_

I give thanks to you, for you have answered me, and have been to me a source of help.
The stone rejected by the builders, has become this place's founding stone.
From THE BOUNTIFUL this thing has come, something wonderful, before our very eyes.
This very day, THE MIGHTY ONE has acted. Let us celebrate it, and express our joy.
Responsively I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, send us your help!
I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, send us your help!
I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, help us prevail!
I pray, Abundant One, help us prevail!
COMMENTARY. The mood of the lines, "I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, send us your help / I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, help us prevail" does not correspond with the jubilance of the victory parade dramatized in this psalm. The rest of the psalm is rich with praise; only here do we find the urgency and terseness of petition. This petition reveals the essence of a relationship with God. Just as God's mitzvot speak to us in the imperative, "Do thisdon't do this," so we acknowledge the closeness of our relationship by also speaking to God in the imperative: "Send ushelp us." If we cannot speak of our most basic needs in prayer, when can we speak of them? H.L.
SHAӊARIT / 376

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

Each verse is chanted twice: לישוּעה: אורק כי ותה T 1 הַיָּתָה לְרֹאשׁ פּנַה: אָכַן מַאָסוּ הַבּוֹנִים 1 I. I הִיא נִפְלַאת בְּעֵינֵינוּ: מַאָת יהוה הַיָּתָה זֹאת T נַגִֿילָה וְנִשְׂמְחָה בו: זה-היום עשה יהוה L T Each verse is chanted twice: 1 Odeha ki anitani vatehi li lishu'ah. I Even ma'asu habonim hayetah lerosh pinah. Me'et adonay hayetah zot hi niflat be'eyneynu. T Zeh hayom asah adonay nagilah venismeha vo. I 1 Responsively Т אַנַא יהוה הוֹשִׁיעָה נַא 1 אַנַא יהוה הוֹשִּׁיעָה נַא 1 אָנָא יהוה הַצְלִיחָה נָא ↔ אָנָא יהוה הַצְלִיחָה נָא: T T Ana adonay hoshi'ah na T Ana adonay hoshi'ah na 1 Ana adonay hatzliḥah na Ana adonay hatzlihah na. Т T 1 T 1 1 1 377 / Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

/423175t Job Name: --Blessed all those who come in THIS ONE's namewe bless you in the OMNIPRESENT's house. Т Divine is THE ETERNAL ONE, who gives us light. 1 Adorn the festive place with leafy boughs, up to the corners of the altar shrine. 1 I You are my God; to you I offer thanksmy God, whom I revere. Т Give thanks to THE ETERNAL, who is good, whose love is everlasting. 1 Psalm 118:5-29 1 1 Let all your works give praise to you, MAJESTIC ONE, our God, 1 and all who care for you, all the righteous who enact your will. Let all the House of Israel, your people, with rejoicing offer thanks, and bless, and praise, and magnify, and raise up, and T revere, and declare holy, and enthrone your name, our sovereign, for to you all thanks are fitting, and to your name it is so pleasing to sing praise. For from everlasting to everlasting, you 1 are God. Blessed are you, ABUNDANT ONE, the sovereign addressed in every praise. Т SHAHARIT / 378 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

 /423175t

Name:		

Job

בַרַכְנוּכֶם מִבֵּית יהוה:	בָּרוּך הַבָּא בְּשֵׁם יהוה
אָסְרוּ־חֵג בַּעֲבֹתִים	אַל יהוה וַיָּאֵר לְׁנוּ
ת הַמִּזְבַּׁחַ:	עַר־קַרְנוֹ
אֶלֹהַי אֲרוֹמְמֶׁהָ:	אַלִי אַתָּה וְאוֹדֶׂרְ
כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ:	הוֹדוּ לַיהוה כִּי־טוֹב
Baruḥ haba beshem adonay beraḥnuḥem mibeyt adonay. El adonay vaya'er <u>la</u> nu isru ḥag ba'avotim ad karnot han Eli atah ve'o <u>de</u> ka elohay arome <u>n</u> Hodu ladonay ki tov ki le'olam	neka.
ּוּדְ וַחֲסִידֻּׁיוּדְ צַדִּיּאִים עוּשֵׁי רְצוֹנֶֿדָ וּ וִיבָרְכוּ וִישַׁבְּחוּ וִיפָאֲרוּ וִירוֹמְמוּ שִמְדְ מַלְפֵּנוּ *כִּי לְדָ טוּב לְהוּדוֹת עוּלָם אַתָּה אֵל: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה	וְכֵל עַמְד בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בְּרִנָּה יוֹד וְיַעֲרִיצוּ וְיַקְדִּישׁוּ וְיַמְלִיכוּ אֶת שְ
379 / Hallel	

KADDISH TITKABAL / KADDISH FOR THE COMPLETION OF PRAYER Т Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that 1 was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the 1 house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed forever and as long as worlds endure. 1 Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On 1 Shabbat Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. 1 And may the prayer and supplication of the whole house of Israel be acceptable to their creator in the heavens. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. On Simhat Torah continue with the Hakafot, page 654. SHAHARIT / 380

/423175t Job Name: --

קַדִּישׁ תִּתְקַבַּל
יִתְגַּדַּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיחְ מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוּן וּכְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי רְכָל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל בַּעַגָלָא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: יְהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרֵף לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיֶּא: יִתְבָּרַף וְיִשְׁתַבַּח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה וְיִתְבַלֵּל שְׁמֵה דְּקָרְשָּׁא בְּרִיהַ הוּא לְעַׁלָּא (לְעַׁלָא :On Shabbat Shuvah add) מִן בָּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא
אַשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֲמָתָא דַאַמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאָמְרוּ אָמֵן:
ּתִּתְקַבּּל צְּלוּתְהוּז וּבָעוּתְהוּז דְּכָל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל קָדָם אֲבוּהוּז דִּי בִשְׁמַיָּא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז: יְהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִז שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עֻלֵּינוּ וְעַל כֵּל יִשְׁרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמַז עוּשָה שָׁלום בִּמְרוּמִיו הוּא יַעֲשָּה שָׁלום עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַז כֵּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבַל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:
Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom a <u>ley</u> nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.
On Simhat Torah continue with the Hakafot, page 655.
381 / KADDISH TITKABAL

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

Job Name:	
-----------	--

/423175t

HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH / THE TORAH SERVICE There is none like you among the powerful, ETERNAL ONE, and there are no deeds like your deeds. Your realm embraces all the worlds, your reign encompasses all generations. I THE ETERNAL ONE reigns! THE ETERNAL ONE has always reigned! Т THE ETERNAL ONE shall reign beyond all time. THE ETERNAL ONE gives strength to our people. May THE ETERNAL ONE bless our people with enduring peace. Source of all mercy, 1 deal kindly and in good will with Zion. Rebuild the walls of Jerusalem, For in you alone we place our trust, God, sovereign, high and revered, the life of all the worlds. 1 COMMENTARY. We approach the Torah slowly. First we open the ark so that the Torah is visible. We look at the Torah but refrain from touching. Next, the Torah is removed from the ark and held by the service leader. Later the Torah is carried through the congregation, and everyone can 1 touch the Torah. This demonstrates that the Torah is not the property of those leading the services; the Torah belongs to the Jewish community. Finally, the coverings of the Torah scroll are removed, allowing us a privileged intimacy with the words we hear. T In the words of the Torah we hear our ancestors' experience of the divine. We communicate with generations past and, perhaps on occasion, we hear Torah as the voice of God refracted through human speech. D.F. Т SHAHARIT / 382 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

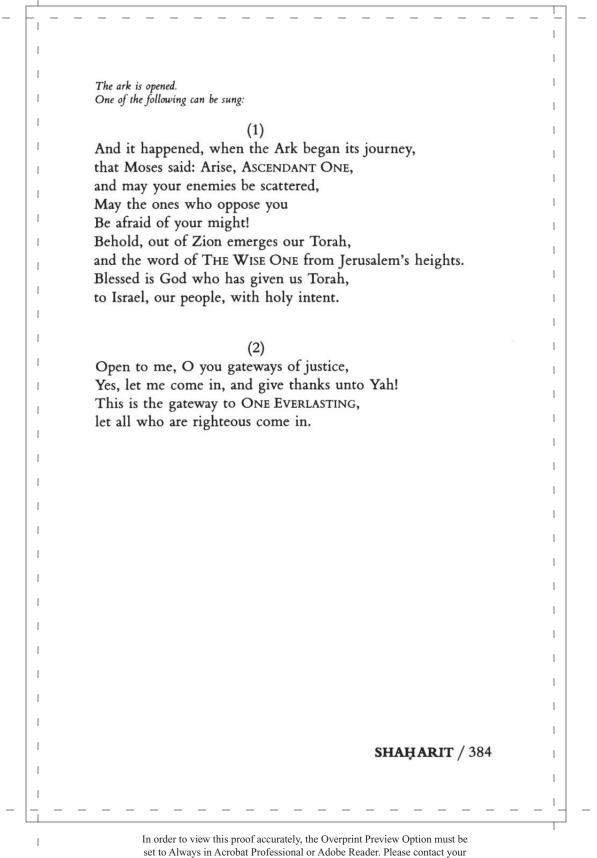
set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

הוצאת ספר תורה אין כַּמוּד בַאַלהִים יהוה ואין כַּמַעַשֿיד: מַלְכוּתָה מַלְכוּת כֵּל־עֹלַמִים וּמַמִשָּׁלְתָה בְּכֵל הוֹר וַדוֹר: יהוה מַלֵּך יהוה מַלַך יהוה יִמָלֹך לְעוֹלֵם וַעֵר: יהוה עז לְעַמּו יְהֵן יהוה יְבָרֶךְ אֶת־עַמּו בָשָּׁלוֹם: אַב הָרַחֲמִים הֵאָׁיבָה בִרְצוֹנְהָ אֶת־צִיּוֹז הִבְנָה חוֹמוֹת יִרוּשֶׁלַיִם: Т כּי בַךּ לְבַר בַּטַחַנוּ מַלַךְ אָל רַם וְנָשָּׁא אָדוֹן עוּלָמים: Eyn kamoha va'elohim adonay ve'eyn kema'aseha. Malhuteha malhut kol olamim umemshalteha behol dor vador. 1 Adonay meleh adonay malah adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. T Adonay oz le'amo yiten adonay yevareh et amo vashalom. 1 Av harahamim hetivah virtzoneha et tziyon tivneh homot verushalayim. Ki veha levad batahnu meleh el ram venisa adon olamim. Т אין...ירושלים / There is none...Jerusalem. This section of the service is com-T posed of sections from Psalms 86, 145, 29, and 51. THE ETERNAL ONE reigns...shall reign beyond all / יהוה מלך ...ימלך לעולם וער 1 time. The assertion of God's sovereignty is a challenge to human beings-it is we who are called upon to crown God. In declaring God's sovereignty, we dedicate the daily deeds of our lives to making the earth a divine realm. T D.E. תבנה חומות ירושלים / Rebuild the walls of Jerusalem. How different these words must have sounded before there was a sovereign living state of Т Israel! No longer do we merely dream of a distant rebuilding. The walls are rising before our eyes. Like our ancestors, we must now be concerned with building both the earthly Jerusalem and the heavenly Jerusalem. D.E. 383 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --The ark is opened. One of the following can be sung: T (1) בנסע הארון ואאמר משה קומה יהוה ויפצו איביה וינסו T 1 מפניה: I ון הַצָא תוֹרָה וּדְבַר יהוה מִירוּשַלַיִם: בַרוּך שַנַתו תורה לְעַמוֹ יִשְׁרָאֵל בְּקָדָשָׁתוֹ: I. T Vayhi binso'a ha'aron vayomer mosheh kumah adonay veyafutzu 1 oyveha veyanusu mesaneha mipaneha. 1 Ki mitziyon tetzey torah udvar adonay mirushalayim. T Baruh shenatan torah le'amo yisra'el bikdushato. T (2)T פּתְחוּ־לִי שַׁעֲרֵי־צֶֿדֶק אָבֹא בָם אוֹדֶה יָה: 1 זֶה הַשֻּׁעַר לַיהוה צַדִּיקִים יָבֿאוּ בו: Т 1 Pithu li sha'aray tzedek avo vam odeh yah. Zeh hasha'ar ladonay tzadikim yavo'u vo. T T T ריהי...מפניך / And...might! (Numbers 10:35). 1 כי...ירושלים / Behold...Jerusalem's heights (Isaiah 2:3). Т T T 1 1 I 385 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. One of the following can be recited:

Т

Т

(1)

Blessed is the name of the ruler of the universe! Blessed is your crown and glory! May your desire be toward your people Israel always. And may you show your right hand's help to them amid the house where your holiness is found. And may you bring to us some of the goodness of your light, and receive our prayer with kindness. In no human benefactor do I place my trust, and on no lesser power do I rely—only on the God of all the heavens, who is the one true God, whose Torah is truth, and whose prophets are true, who is abundant in deeds of goodness and truth.

In you, alone I place my trust, and to your holy, precious name I call out praises. May it be your will that you open my heart through your Torah. May you fulfill the yearnings of my heart, and the hearts of all your people Israel, for goodness, for life, and for enduring peace.

בריך...ולשלם / Blessed...peace (Zohar Vayakel). The Torah service fuses the two great mountains of Jewish life, Sinai and Zion. The ark that houses the Torah scrolls reminds us of the ark that contained the tablets of law in the Temple on Mount Zion, and the garments covering the Torah use symbols from the garments worn by the priests. Hearing the Torah reading places us at Mount Sinai, where tradition has it that we first heard God speak to us. Now, as we hear the Torah read, we attempt to hear God again.

Sinai, where tradition says we received the Ten Commandments, points to our obligations; Zion, where the Temple stood, points to our undying messianic hope to create a better world. Our hope gives us the strength to carry out our obligations. The obligations, which can lead us to a life of holiness, give us reason to hope. D.E.

SHAHARIT / 386

One of the following can be recited:
(1)
בְּרִיהְ שְׁמֵה דְמֶרֵא עֶלְמָא: בְּרִיהְ כִּתְרָהְ וְאַתְרָה: יְהֵא רְעוּתָה עִם עַמָּה
יִשְׁרָאֵל לְעָלַם וּפָרְקַז יְמִינָה אַחֲזֵי לְעַמָּה בְּבֵית מִקּדְשָׁה וּלְאַמְטוּיֵא
לָנָא מִטּוּב נְהוֹרָ הַ וּ לְקַבֵּל צְלוֹתָֿנָא בְּרַחֲמִין:
לָא עַל אֱנָש רָהֵֿיצְנָא וְלָא עַל בַּר אֱלָהִין סָמֵֿיכְנָא אֶלָא בָּאֱלָהָא
רִשְׁמַיָּא דְּהוּא אֱלָהָא קְשׁוֹט וְאוֹרַיְתֵהּ קְשׁוֹט וּנְבִיאֿוֹהִי קְשׁוֹט וּמַסְגַא
לְמֶעְבַּד טָבְוָז וּקְשׁוֹט:
בּה אֲנָא רָחֵץ וְלִשְׁמֵה קַדִּישָׁא יַקּירָא אֲנָא אָמַר תִּשְׁבְּחָז: יְהֵא רַעָּוָא ברגיב ברבר לבי בעינרעי ירשלים משעליי בלבי בעי
קַדָמָה דְּתִפְתַּח לִבִּי בְּאוֹרַיְתָא וְתַשְׁלִים מִשְׁאֲלִיז דְּלִבִּי וְלִבָּא רְכַל־עַמֵּה יִשְׂרַאָל לְטֵב וּלִחֵיָּין וִלִשְׁלַם:
ן עַר עַּטָּוּי : אָיָן אַי יָשָר וּין טָייָד וּיִז אָיָם.
Bey ana raḥetz velishmey kadisha yakira ana amar tushbeḥan.
Yehey ra'ava kodamah detiftah libi be'orayta
vetashlim mishalin delibi veliba dehol amah yisra'el
letav ulehayin velishlam.
DERASH. The Torah may still be considered as a divine revelation in the sense that it testifies to the reality of God as the spirit that promotes right-
eousness in the worldWe affirm that the Torah reveals God, not that
God revealed the Torah. We assume that the process by which the Torah actually came into being is divine in the sense that it is a manifestation of
the will to salvation or life abundant. The doctrines and laws of other civil- izations being part of the same process, also are divine. M.M.K.
DERASH. How do we take refuge in God? By acting godly, by becoming
humanly holy, by carrying out the mitzvot of compassion that push back
the divisions of humankind and make for one family, one world. R.M.S.
107 / HOTZALAT CEEFS TOR AN MUSIC TOR AN OPPING
387 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

(2)

Transmit to us, WISE ONE, our God, our ancients' God, your Torah's words, into our mouths, and to the mouths of all your kin, the house of Israel. May we, and our children, and all the children of your people, the house of Israel, all of us, be knowers of your name and learners of your Torah, for its sake alone.

1

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

May it be your will, ETERNAL ONE, our God, God of our ancestors, that you enable us to grow accustomed to your Torah and to cling to your mitzvot. And do not let us fall into the hands of sin, nor of transgression, nor temptation, nor of any shameful deed. May you keep us far from evil inclination, from the urging to do evil, and from hatred of our fellow creatures. Incline us and attach us to the good. Give us, today and every day, occasion to be gracious, kind, and merciful, both in your eyes and in the eyes of all who may behold us. Bestow upon us many opportunities to act lovingly and for the good. Amen.

SHAHARIT / 388

(2)הַעַרֵב־נָא יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ אֶת־דִּבְרֵי תוֹרָתְדָ בְּפִינוּ וּבְפִי עַמְדָ בֵּית Т יִשְּׁרָאֵל וְנִהְיֶה אֲנַׁחְנוּ וְצֶאֱצָאֵינוּ וְצֵאֵצָאֵי עַמִּדְ בֵּית ישראל כלנו 1 יוּדְעֵי שָׁמֵה וְלוֹמְדֵי תוֹרָתֶה לִשְׁמָה: 1 יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְפָנֻֿיִהּ יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שֶׁתַּרְגִּילֵֿנוּ 1 בְּתוּרָתֶּה וְתַרְבִּיקֵׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶׁיה וְאַל הְבִיאֵׁנוּ לֹא לִיבֵי חֵטְא וְלֹא לִיבֵי עַבַרָה וִלֹא לִידֵי גִסָּיוֹן וְלֹא לִידֵי בִזָּיוֹן וְתַרְחִילֵגוּ מְיֶצֶר הָרָע מְפָּגַע T רָע וּמִשָּׁנְאַת הַבְּרִיּוֹת וְתַרְבִּיֹלֵנוּ בְּיָצֶר הַטּוֹב וְתִתְנֵנוּ הַיּוֹם וּבְכֵל־יוֹם לְחֵז וּלְחֵסֵר וּלְרַחֲמִים בְּעֵינֵׁיהּ וּבְעֵינֵי כֵל־רוּאֵׁינוּ וְתִגְמְלֵנוּ חֲסָדִים 1 טוֹבִים אַמֵן: 1 T T 1 Т 1 T 1 1 T Т 389 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE Т 1

Job Name: --

1

/423175t

The testimony of THE ONE is true, it makes wise the simp The precepts of THE ONE are sure, they make the heart rejor The mitzvah of THE ONE is clear, it gives light to the eye Fear of THE ONE is pure, it stands eternally. The judgments of THE ONE are true, together they are jus When a festival occurs on a weekday, recite: ADONAY ADONAY, God loving and gracious, patient, and abundant in kindness and truth, keeping kindness for a thousand ages, forgiving sin and rebellion and transgression, making pure! And as for me, my prayer is for you, GENTLE ONE, may it be for you a time of desire, O God, in the abundance of your love, respond to me in truth with your help.	ice. s.
The judgments of THE ONE are true, together they are just When a festival occurs on a weekday, recite: ADONAY ADONAY, God loving and gracious, patient, and abundant in kindness and truth, keeping kindness for a thousand ages, forgiving sin and rebellion and transgression, making pure! And as for me, my prayer is for you, GENTLE ONE, may it be for you a time of desire, O God, in the abundance of your love, respond to me in truth with your help.	it.
ADONAY ADONAY, God loving and gracious, patient, and abundant in kindness and truth, keeping kindness for a thousand ages, forgiving sin and rebellion and transgression, making pure! And as for me, my prayer is for you, GENTLE ONE, may it be for you a time of desire, O God, in the abundance of your love, respond to me in truth with your help.	
patient, and abundant in kindness and truth, keeping kindness for a thousand ages, forgiving sin and rebellion and transgression, making pure! And as for me, my prayer is for you, GENTLE ONE, may it be for you a time of desire, O God, in the abundance of your love, respond to me in truth with your help.	
may it be for you a time of desire, O God, in the abundance of your love, respond to me in truth with your help.	
NOTE. תורת יהוהצרקו יחדיו / The Torahtogether they are	
(Psalm 19:8-10).	just
ארחהונקה / ADONAYpure! It is customary to recite Exodus 34:6-7 or tivals. Kabbalists beginning with Isaac Luria (sixteenth-century S understood these verses to contain the thirteen attributes of God. Rec the attributes on the Festivals celebrates God's presence as vividly er enced in the joyous observance of the holiday.	Safed) citing

/423175t Job Name: --(3)משיבת נפש: תורת יהוה תמימה T מחכימת פתי: עדות יהוה נאמנה 1 משמחי לב: ישרים יהוה פקודי 1 מאירת עינים: מצות יהוה ברה I עומדת לעד: יהוה מהורה יראת צרקו יחדיו: יהוה אמת T T Torat adonay temimah meshivat nafesh. Edut adonay ne'emanah mahkimat peti. Т Pikudey adonay yesharim mesamehey lev. I Mitzvat adonay barah me'irat eynayim. T Yirat adonay tehorah omedet la'ad. T Mishpetey adonay emet tzadeku yahdav. 1 1 When a festival occurs on a weekday, recite: 1 יהוה יהוה אל רחום וחנון ארך אפים ורב חסר ואמת נצר חסר לַאַלַפִּים נֹשָא עַוֹן וַפָּשָע וְחַשָּאָה וְנַקָה: T תִפְלַתִי לִדְּ יהוה עֵת רַצוֹן אֵלהִים בְּרַב־חַסְדָּדְ עַנִגִי בָּאָמֵת ואני Т ישעה: T 1 Adonay adonay el rahum vehanun ereh apayim verav hesed ve'emet notzer hesed la'alafim nosey avon vafesha vehata'ah T venakey. T Va'ani tefilati leha adonay et ratzon elohim berov hasdeha aneni 1 be'emet yisheha I 1 1 1 391 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE Т I

The leader takes out the Torah and recites each line, followed by the congregation:	
Listen, Israel: THE ETERNAL is our God, THE ETERNAL is one!	
One is our God, great is our sovereign,	
holy (On Shabbat Shuvah add: and awesome) is God's name.	
The leader faces the ark, bows and says:	
Declare with me the greatness of THE INFINITE,	
together let us raise God's name.	
On Sukkot the Hoshanot, page 646, may be recited here. The leader carries the Torah around the room as the leader and congregation sing:	
To you, Eternal One, is all majesty,	
and might and splendor, and eternity, and power!	
For everything that is, in the heavens and the earth,	
is yours, Almighty ONE, as is all sovereignty,	
and highest eminence above all beings.	
Exalt THE MIGHTY ONE our God	
Bow down before God's footstool	
God is holy!	
Exalt the name of THE INEFFABLE	
Bow down before God's holy mount	
For holy is The Awesome One, our God!	
גרלויחרו / Declarename (Psalm 34:4). לךלראש / To youbeings (I Chronicles 29:11).	
רוממואלהינו (Exaltour God! (Psalm 99:5 and 9).	
להדם רגליו / before God's footstool. According to tradition, in the Jerusa-	
lem Temple there were two cherubim whose wings joined to form a seat.	
In other ancient Near Eastern temples, an idol was seated in such a chair.	
In Jerusalem, the chair remained empty with the ark below. The ark was	
seen as God's footstool, and the Temple as God's entry point into the	
world. We hope our worship brings God into the world. D.E.	
SHAḤARIT / 392	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --

The leader takes out the Torah and recites each line, followed by the congregation:
שָׁמַע יִשְׁרָאֵל יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ יהוה אֶחָר:
Shema yisra'el adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu adonay eḥad.
אֶחָר אֱלהֵינוּ גָּרוֹל אֲרוֹנֵינוּ קָרוֹש (וְנוֹרָא) שְׁמוּ:
Eḥad elo <u>hey</u> nu gadol ado <u>ney</u> nu kadosh (venora) shemo.
The leader faces the ark, bows and says:
גַּדְּלוּ לַיהוה אָתִי וּנְרוֹמְמָה שְׁמוֹ יַחְדָּו: Gadelu ladonay iti unromemah shemo yaḥdav.
On Sukkot the Hoshanot, page 647, may be recited here. The leader carries the Torah around the room as the leader and congregation sing:
לְדּ יהוה הַגְּדָלָה וְהַגְּבוּרָה וְהַתִּפְאֶׁרֶת וְהַנּּצַח וְהַהוֹד כִּי כֹל בַּשְּׁמַׁיִם וּכָאָָרָץ לְדָ יהוה הַמַּמְלָכָה וְהַמִּתְנַשֵּׁא לְכֹל לְרֹאש: רוֹמְמוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וְהִשְׁתַחֵוּוּ לַהֲרֹם רַגְלָיו קָרוֹש הוּא:
רוֹמְמוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וְהִשְׁתַּחֲווּ לְהַר קָּדְשׁוֹ כִּי קָרוֹשׁ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ:
Leḥa adonay hagedulah vehagevurah vehatiferet veha <u>ne</u> tzaḥ vehahod ki ḥol basha <u>ma</u> yim uva'aretz leḥa adonay hamamlaḥah vehamitnasey leḥol lerosh. Romemu adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu vehishtaḥavu lahadom raglav kadosh hu.
Romemu adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu vehishtaḥavu lehar kodsho ki kadosh adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu.
393 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE

_

_

/423175t Job Name: --

		_
I		
1		
	The Torah is placed on the reading table and opened. The gabay says:	
I	May God help, protect, and save	
1	all who seek refuge in God's shelter,	
	and let us say: Amen.	
	Let everyone declare the greatness of our God,	
l	let all give honor to the Torah.	
I		
	May arise,	
1	as first (second, third,seventh) one called up to the Torah.	
I	Blessed is the one who has given Torah to the people Israel!	
I		
	COMMENTARY. The public reading of the Torah is a form of ritualized study designed to actively engage the participants. During the Torah read-	
	ing, one person reads from the scroll. There are also two gabayim. One	
I	gabay assigns the Torah honors, calls people up to the Torah, and recites	
	additional prayers, including the misheberah prayers. The second gabay fol-	
	lows the Torah reading closely and corrects errors.	
	Traditionally, seven adult Jews were called on Shabbat morning, six on Yom Kippur, five on Pilgrimage Festivals and Rosh Hashanah, four on	
	Rosh Hodesh and three on weekdays, Hanukah and Shabbat afternoon.	
1	On days when the Haftarah is chanted, an additional aliyah, known as the	
I	maftir, is given to the person who reads the Haftarah. In many contempo-	
	rary synagogues, there are fewer <i>aliyot</i> on Shabbat and holidays. D.A.T.	
ļ		
1		
I		
I		
1		
I		
I		
I		
I		
	SHAḤARIT / 394	
I		
		_

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T /423175t Job Name: --T The Torah is placed on the reading table and opened. The gabay says: T וְיַצֵזוֹר וְיָגֵן וְיוֹשִּׁיעַ לְכֹל הַחוֹסִים בּוֹ וְנֹאמַר אָמֵן: הַכּּל הָבוּ גֹדֶל לֵאלהֵינוּ וּתְנוּ כָבוֹד לַתּוֹרָה: T. T L יַצַמוֹד/הַצַמוֹד/יַצַמְדוּ _____ בֶּז/בַּת _ T L [הַרָאשׁוֹנָה, הַשֵּׁנִית, הַשְּׁלִישִׁית, הָרִבִיעִית, הַחַמִישִׁ I T הַשְּׁבִיאָית, הוֹסַפָּה] בּרוּדְ שֶׁנָּתָז תּוֹרָה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל בִּקְדָשֶׁתוֹ: ----I T T L L T T. T T T 1 T L T I T T. I 1 395 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE T L

Job Name: --

/423175t

Congregation and gabay continue:

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

Т

And you who cling to THE ETERNAL ONE your God, are all alive today!

COMMENTARY. The *aliyah* is the public enactment of an individual's commitment to Judaism, reiterated in the words of the hallowed formula. It is an enactment of belonging and an enactment of belief.

The aliyah is always a numinous moment when the experience of divinity is strong. Even though this numinous quality often is dimmed by repetition or by our increased informality, we still experience the power of standing on the bimah before the Torah ark, ner tamid (eternal light), Jewish officiants, and fellow Jews. The act links us in the living moment to the mythic event of God's calling the Jewish people at Sinai, as well as to all other moments of calling in Jewish and human experience. When we chant new words, rather than the words of the tradition, we are doing more than merely changing a formula of words; we are enacting our own calling to a new and no longer traditional way of being Jewish. Whereas saying asher bahar banu links us to the biblical drama at Sinai, chanting asher kervanu links us both to that drama and to the Reconstructionist movement's root metaphor of Judaism as an evolving religious civilization.

ROBIN GOLDBERG

אתם הדבקים...דיום / And you who cling...today. The people to whom this verse was originally spoken (Deuteronomy 4:4) live on through their place in the chain of tradition. We touch the past by bringing the ancient words to life. And when future generations recite this verse, we, who have kept the chain alive, will be present. You who cleave to Adonay your God, you are *all* alive today.

COMMENTARY. The 1945 Reconstructionist Prayerbook eliminated all references to Jewish chosenness for both ideological and moral reasons. Chosenness posits a God who chooses, and it supports claims of national superiority. Thus, that prayerbook's Torah blessings replace bahar banu mikol ha'amim / who has chosen us from all the peoples, with asher kervanu la'avodato / who has drawn us to your service. This prayerbook follows the 1945 version but provides alternatives in the commentary on the facing page.

SHAHARIT / 396

/423175t Job Name: --Congregation and gabay continue: וְאַתֵּם הַדְּבֵקִים בַּיהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם חַיִּים כָּלְכֶם הַיּוֹם: Ve'atem hadevekim badonay eloheyhem hayim kulehem hayom. The last part of the blessing preceding the Torah reading has been the subject of considerable discussion. Below are several current variants. You can use these by selecting one from section I, one from II, and then III: Т I. בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵך הָעוֹלָם Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, sovereign of all worlds 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam בַּרוּך אַתַה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ חֵי הַעוֹלַמִים Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, 1 Baruh atah adonay eloheynu hey our God, life of all the worlds ha'olamim Let us bless the source of life נברך את עין החיים Nevareh et eyn hahayim II. T אַשֶּׁר קֶרְבָנוּ לַעֲבוּדָתוֹ וְנֶתֶן־לָנוּ who has drawn us to your service, and given us your Torah. את־תורתו. asher kervanu la'avodato venatan 1 lanu et torato. בַּגוּ מִפֵּל הַעַמִים וְגַֿתַן לָנוּ who has singled us out from all the peoples and given us your את תורתו asher bahar banu mikol ha'amim Torah. venatan lanu et torato. Т III. בַּרוּף אַתַּה יהוה נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, Baruh atah adonay noten hatorah giver of the Torah. 397 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE

_

_

_ _

—

—	—	—	—

/423175t

I

_

_ _ <u>|</u>____

Those who receive an aliyah to the Torah say the following blessing:
Bless The Infinite, the blessed One!
Congregation:
Blessed is THE INFINITE, the blessed One, now and forever!
The response of the congregation is repeated, and the blessing continued as follows:
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of a worlds, who has drawn us to your service, and has given us yo Torah. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who gives the Torah.
After the section of the Torah is read, the following blessing is recited:
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of a worlds, who has given us a Torah of truth, and planted in o midst eternal life. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who gives the Torah.
DERASH. Aliyah is ascent. We ascend to the Torah to acknowledge that we choose to live under laws and principles. We ascend to the Torah to affirm that we are part of a people and a sto that is much greater than ourselves. We ascend to the Torah to represent those who remain below. We ascend to the Torah to risk receiving an honor, to risk being know and seen, to risk being at Sinai again. We ascend to the Torah with slow steps, or in haste, with enthusiasm reluctance, in awe or in fear, in hope and in love. S.P.

Job Name:		/423175t
-----------	--	----------

_ _

ברכות התורה

Those who receive an aliyah to the Torah say the following blessing:

Т

Т

Т

Т

Т

T

1

1

1

T

Т

Т

1

1

Т

1

1

בָּרְכוּ אֶת יהוה הַמְבֹרָה:

Barehu et adonay hamvorah.

Congregation:

בָּרוּך יהוה הַמְבֹרָך לְעוֹלָם וָעֶר:

Baruh adonay hamvorah le'olam va'ed.

The response of the congregation is repeated, and the blessing continued as follows (for alternative versions, see page 397):

ַבְּרוּהְ אַהֶּה יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ כֶּׁלֶהְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קֵרְבָנוּ לַעֲבוֹדָתוּ וְנַֿתַן־לַנוּ אֶת־תּוֹרָתוֹ: בָּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה:

Baruḥ atah adonay elo<u>hey</u>nu <u>me</u>leḥ ha'olam asher ker<u>va</u>nu la'avodato ve<u>na</u>tan <u>la</u>nu et torato. Baruḥ atah adonay noten hatorah.

After the section of the Torah is read, the following blessing is recited:

בָּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ מֶֿלֶךְ הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר נְֿתַן־לְנוּ תּוֹרַת אֱמֶת וְחַיֵּי עוֹלָם נְטַע בְּתוֹבֵׁנוּ: בָּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה:

Baruḥ atah adonay elo<u>hey</u>nu <u>me</u>leḥ ha'olam asher <u>na</u>tan <u>la</u>nu torat emet veḥayey olam nata beto<u>ḥey</u>nu. Baruḥ atah adonay noten hatorah.

COMMENTARY. The blessing over the Torah recalls the *Barehu*, the call to worship, the beginning of the morning service recited only in the presence of the minyan, ten adult Jews. The blessing encircles the Torah reading in a familiar liturgical pattern of blessing and study. Through blessing, study, and community we manifest God, Torah and Israel. S.P.W.

399 / BIRHOT HATORAH/TORAH BLESSINGS

Job Name:		
-----------	--	--

/423175t

BIRKAT HAGOMEL / BLESSING FOR DELIVERANCE AND GOOD FORTUNE If the person called up to the Torah has recently escaped danger or returned safely from a journey, he or she recites as follows: Blessed are you, ABUNDANT ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who bestows good things on one in debt to you, and who has granted me all good. Congregational response to one who offers this blessing: Amen. And may the one who has bestowed upon you good, continue to bestow upon you good. Let it be so! Misheberah prayers can be inserted here: Individual misheberah, page 684; for those who are ill, pages 685, 686; newborn child, page 691; birthday, page 687; bar/bat mitzvah, page 688; aufruf, page 689; anniversary, page 690; trip to Israel, page 693; aliyah to Israel, page 692. Other misheberah prayers can be created by adapting the individual misheberah form. For additional readings see pages 785-786. COMMENTARY. Misheberah prayers announce to the whole community individual times of joy and need. When birkat hagomel or a misheberah is recited, it is customary to contribute to tzedakah. Often this offering is directed to the synagogue. On happy occasions this serves as an offering of thanksgiving. A misheberah in the form of petition, such as a prayer for healing, was traditionally offered in the hope that a good deed would encourage divine intervention. More recently the act of tzedakah has been understood as a tangible way of expressing gratitude for the support and good wishes of the community. Just as the community supports the individual in times of need, so does the community depend upon the support of each individual. D.A.T. SHAHARIT / 400

T

Т

	בּּרְכַּת הַגוֹמֵל
	called up to the Torah has recently escaped danger or returned safely from a or she recites as follows:
ם טובות	בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶּׁלֶף הָעוּלָם הַגּוּמֵל לְחַיָּבִיו שֶׁגְמָלַנִי כֵּל טוֹב:
	ah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam hagomel leḥayavim egema <u>la</u> ni kol tov.
Congregation	al response to a man who offers this blessing:
	אָמֵן. מִי שֶׁגְמָלְדּ טוֹב הוּא יִגְמֵלְדּ כֵּל טוֹב סֶֿלָה:
Amen. N	li shegemaleha tov hu yigmolha kol tov <u>se</u> lah.
Congregation	al response to a woman who offers this blessing:
	אָמֵן. מִי שֶׁגְמָלֵף טוב הוּא יִגְמְלֵף כֵּל טוב סָֿלָה:
Amen. N	li shegemaleh tov hu yigmeleh kol tov <u>se</u> lah.
communit illness or t cess can b lized. Mos tion in tin	ax. At the mysterious edges of life we seek the embrace of our y past and present. Hence individuals marking recovery from he birth of a child are blessed before the open Torah. This pro- uild community as news is communicated and support mobi- t significantly it counteracts the devastating possibility of isola- nes of vulnerability. The practice gives voice to gratitude and a forum where it can be shared and transformed into connected- hith. S.P.W.
401 / BII	RӉOT HATORAH/TORAH BLESSINGS



COLLECTIVE BLESSING FOR THOSE WHO HAVE RECEIVED ALIYOT

1

1

1

I

Т

1

1

I

1

1

1

1

1

I

May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless all those here who have risen today to the honor of the Omnipresent, and to the honor of the Torah, and to the honor of Shabbat (on a festival: to honor the Festival). And by this merit, may they be granted life and kept from all trouble and affliction, and from every harm or sickness, and may they find blessing and success in all their labors (on a festival: and may they be worthy to ascend as pilgrims on this day), along with all of Israel, all their brothers and their sisters, and let us say: Amen.





Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --

_

HAT	ZI KADDISH / SHORT KADDISH	
from two	Kaddish is recited at the conclusion of the Torah reading. On days when portions o Torah scrolls are read, both scrolls are placed on the reading table after the reading e first scroll. Hatzi Kaddish is then recited.	
was c in you	Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that reated as God willed. May God complete the holy realm ur own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.	
	ation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long rlds endure.	
honor blesse <i>Shabbat</i>	May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in c, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the d name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (On Shuvah add: by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and lations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.	
	1	
	SHAḤARIT / 404	

חֲצִי קַרִישׁ
Hatzi Kaddish is recited at the conclusion of the Torah reading. On days when portions from two Torah scrolls are read, both scrolls are placed on the reading table after the reading from the first scroll. Hatzi Kaddish is then recited.
יִתְגַּדַּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיוָ מַלְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכֵל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל בַּעֻגָלָא וּבִזְמַן קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:
יְהֵא שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא מְבָרַךּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא:
יִתְבָּרַהּ וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח וְיִתְפָּאַר וְיִתְרֹמַם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדַּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה וְיִתְהַלַּל שְׁמֵה דְּקָדְשָׁא בְּרִיהָ הוּא לְעֵׁלָּא (לְעֵׁלָּא) מִז כֵּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא תַּשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַּאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
405 / HATZI KADDISH/SHORT KADDISH

The Torah is lifted, and one of the followin	ng is recited:
This is the Torah.	
It is a Tree of Life to those w	
Those who uphold it may be	counted fortunate!
	~~
This is the Torah which Mose Israel,	es placed before the children of
	ONE, and by the hand of Moses.
On days when portions from two Torah scr After that, the second scroll is lifted as indu	rolls are read, the second reading takes place here. icated above.
hi / It is a tree of life in place of <i>ash</i> Moses placed before the children of concerned that it be made clear that they did not believe that it was give rent Reconstructionists believe the self-evident and have returned to the mythic imagery. Both options are hythic imagery / It is a Tree of Life. The	tructionist Prayerbook puts <i>Etz ḥayim</i> <i>her sam moshe lifney beney yisra'el</i> / which of Israel. Earlier Reconstructionists were t while affirming the holiness of Torah, en to Moses at Mount Sinai. Many cur- evolutionary nature of the Torah to be the traditional line for the sake of its rich included here. D.A.T. the book of Genesis tells us that the tree the Torah is our tree of life; it is our way D.E.
	SHAḤARIT / 406

_

_

1	
	The Torah is lifted, and one of the following is recited:
	וְזֹאת הַתּוֹרָה עֵץ חַיִּים הִיא לַמַּחֲזִיקִים בָּהּ וְתֹמְכֶֿיהָ מְאָשֶׁר:
	Vezot hatorah etz ḥayim hi lamaḥazikim bah vetom <u>ḥe</u> ha me'ushar.
I	~~ ⊃
 	וְזֹאת הַתּוֹרָה אֲשֶׁר שָּׁם מֹשֶה לִפְּנֵי בְּנֵי יִשְּׁרָאֵל עַל פִּי יהוה בְּיַד מֹשֶה:
	Vezot hatorah asher sam mosheh lifney beney yisra'el al pi adonay beyad mosheh.
	On days when portions from two Torah scrolls are read, the second reading takes place here. After that, the second scroll is lifted as indicated above.
 	עקמאשר / Itfortunate! (Proverbs 3:18). דואתישראל / ThisIsrael (Deuteronomy 4:44). עלמשה / byMoses (Numbers 9:23).
I I	
l I	
l I	407 / LIFTING THE TORAH
I	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

BIRHOT HAFTARAH / HAFTARAH BLESSINGS Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has called upon the righteous prophets and desired their words, spoken in truth. Blessed are you, WISE ONE, who takes pleasure in the Torah, and in Moses, servant of God, and in the prophets of truth and justice. 1 The Haftarah is chanted and then the following blessings are said: Т Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, the rock of all the worlds, the righteous one throughout all generations, the faithful God, whose word is deed, who speaks and fulfills, whose words are truth and justice. 1 Faithful are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, and faithful are your words; not a single word of yours is unfulfilled, for you are a 1 sovereign God, faithful and merciful. Blessed are you ETERNAL ONE, the God faithful in all your words. Be merciful to Zion, which is the house of life to us, and be a 1 help to Israel, your people, soon and in our days. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who gives joy to Zion through her children. T ולעמך ישראל תושיע / be a help to Israel your people. The traditional phrase here, aluvat nefesh / cast down soul, reflected the Jewish people's exile from their land. With the establishment of the State of Israel, we are no T longer "cast down". This fundamental change in Jewish life is reflected in the revised language here. D.A.T. Т SHAHARIT / 408 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: /42

ברכות הפטרה Т אַתּה יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ מֱלֶך הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר בָּחַר בִּנְבִיאִים טוֹבִים ברוק בתורה ים באמת: ברוף אתה יהוה הבוחר ורצה בדבריהם הנאמר 1 האמת וצרק: וּבִמֹשֵה עַבִדּוֹ וּבִנְבִיאֵי 1 The Haftarah is chanted and then the following blessings are said: בּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵך הַעוֹלֵם צוּר כַּל הַעוֹלַמִים צַדִּיק בְּכַל Т הַדּוֹרוֹת הַאֵל הַנָּאַמַן הַאוֹמֵר וִעוֹשָה הַמִרַבֵּר וּמְקַיֵם שֶׁבֶּל דְּבָרָיו 1 אמת וצרק: 1 נאַמָן אַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ ונאַמַנִים דְּבַרִיף וְדַבַר אַחַר מִדְבַרִיף 1 אַתור לא ישוב רֵיקָם כִּי אָל מֶלֶך נָאַמָן וְרָחַמָן אָתָה: בַּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה האל הנאמן בכל דבריו: T רַחֵם עַל צִיּוֹן כִּי הִיא בֵּית חַיֵּינוּ וּלְעַמָּה יִשְׂרָאֵל תּוֹשִׁיעַ בָּמְהֵרָה בְיַמֵּינוּ: בַּרוּך אֲתַה יהוה מִשְׂמֵח צִיוֹן בִּבַנֵיהֵ: → COMMENTARY. Most liturgists agree that the practice of reciting a Haftarah, T generally a selection from the prophets, probably developed during a time when public reading of the Torah was banned. A selection roughly paral-L leling a major theme from the week's Torah portion was therefore 1 selected. When public reading of the Torah became possible again, the popular custom of chanting the Haftarah continued. The Haftarah is 1 usually chanted, utilizing a trop or cantillation system that has numerous Т variations. In modern times the bar / bat mitzvah has often taken T on this responsibility as a sign of committed membership in the adult community. D.A.T. Т 409 / BIRHOT HAFTARAH/HAFTARAH BLESSINGS In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

Give us joy ETERNAL ONE, our God, in Elijah, your prophet and your servant. Soon may redemption come and give joy to our hearts. May God turn the hearts of the parents to their children, and the hearts of the children to their parents. And may your house be called a house of prayer for all peoples. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who brings an everlasting peace.

On Festivals continue on page 412.

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

|

Т

I

For the Torah, and for worship, and for the prophets, and for this day of Shabbat, which you have given us, ETERNAL ONE, our God, for holiness and for rest, for honor and for splendor—for everything, WISE ONE, our God, we offer thanks to you, and bless you. May your name be blessed continually by every living being, forever and eternally. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, source of the holiness of Shabbat.

SHAHARIT / 410

שַּׁמְחֵנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ בִּאֵלִיָּהוּ הַנָּבִיא עַבְדֶּך בִּמְהֵרָה יָבוֹא וְיָגֵל לְבֵּנוּ: והשיב לֵב אֲבוֹת עֵל בָּנִים וְלֵב בָּנִים עֵל אֲבוֹתָם וּבֵיתָה בֵּית תִּפִלָה יקרא לכל הַעַמִּים: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה מֵבִיא שַלום לַעַד: On Festivals continue on page 413. על הַתּוֹרָה וִעָל הַעָכוֹדָה וִעָל הַנָּבְיאִים וִעָל יוֹם הַשְּׁבַּת הַזָּה שֵׁנַתְׁתַ לַכוּ יהוה אַלהֵינוּ לִקִרְשֵׁה וִלְמִנוּחֵה לְכֵבוֹר וּלְתִפְאַׁרֵת: עֵל הַכּל יהוה אַלהַינוּ אַנַחָנוּ מוּדִים לֵך וּמְבָרָכִים אוֹתַדְ: יִתְבָּרָד שמף בפי Т כַּל חֵי הַמִיד לְעוֹלָם וַעָד: בַּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה מִקַדֵּש הַשְּבַּת: Give us joy. The traditional Haftarah blessing contains references שמחינו to the reestablishment of the rule of the Davidic dynasty. This understand-1 ing of a messianic reappearance of hereditary kingship has been rejected by Reconstructionist thought on both moral and theological grounds. Nonetheless the messianic hope for a world redeemed remains in our thoughts as the ultimate achievement towards which humanity should Т strive. The version of the Haftarah blessing included here eliminates the Davidic references and the hopes for a literal messiah that they invoke. In their place are Malachi 3:24 and a slightly altered version of Isaiah 56:7. The T vision in Malachi, which is the Haftarah for Shabbat Hagadol, sees Elijah coming to herald messianic days, turning the hearts of parents and children toward each other. The task of redemption can be completed when 1 all of us open our hearts to our families, to our communities, and to all the inhabitants of our world. Then our world will truly have become a house of prayer for all peoples, bringing the peace for which we all hope. D.A.T. T 411 / BIRHOT HAFTARAH/HAFTARAH BLESSINGS In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t Job Name: --On Festivals: For the Torah and for worship, and for the prophets (On Shabbat 1 add: and for this day of Shabbat), and for this day of 1 On Pesah: the festival of matzot 1 On Shavuot: the festival of Shavuot On Sukkot: the festival of Sukkot I On Shemini Atzeret: the eighth day of festivity which you have given us, ETERNAL ONE, our God, (On Shabbat add: Т for holiness and for rest), for happiness and joy, for honor and for splendor-for everything, WISE ONE, our God, we offer 1 thanks to you and bless you. May your name be blessed 1 continually by every living being, forever and eternally. Blessed I are you, ETERNAL ONE, source of the holiness T (On Shabbat add: of Shabbat,) of the people Israel and their festive times. T 1 Т 1 T 1 1 SHAHARIT / 412 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

			_
I			
	On Festivals:		
	אִים (וְעַל יוֹם הַשֵּׁבָּת הַזֶּה)	צַל הַתּוֹרָה וְעַל הָצַבוּדָה וְעַל הַנְּבִי	
		וְצֵל יוֹם	
	On Pesah:	חַג הַמַּצוֹת הַזָּה	
	On Shavuot:	חַג הַשָּׁבוּעוֹת הַזֶּה	
	On Sukkot:	תַג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזֶּה	
	On Shemini Atzeret:	הַשְׁמִינִי חַג הָעֲצֶׁרֶת הַזֶּה	
	ה ולמנוחה) לששוו ולשמחה	שֶׁנְתַׁתָּ לְּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ (לִקְרָשְׁ	
1		לְכָבּוֹד וּלְתִפְאָׁרֶת: עַל הַכּּל יהוה אֱל	
1		אוֹתָה: יִתְבָּרַה שִׁמְה בְּפִי כֵּל חֵי תָמִי	
I		מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְהַזְמַנִּים: מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשַּׁבָּת וְ)	
· I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
Ι			
I			
I			
Ι			
I	413 / BIRḤOT HAFTARAH	HAFTARAH BLESSINGS	
I			

/423175t Job Name: --BLESSING FOR BAR / BAT MITZVAH May you live to see your world fulfilled, may you be our link to future worlds, and may your hope encompass all the generations yet to be. May your heart conceive with understanding, may your mouth speak wisdom, and your tongue be stirred with sounds of joy. May your gaze be straight and sure, your eyes be lit with Torah's lamp, your face aglow with heaven's radiance, your lips expressing words of knowledge, and your inner self alive with righteousness. And may you always rush in eagerness to hear the words of One more ancient than all time. Talmud Berahot 17A

1

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

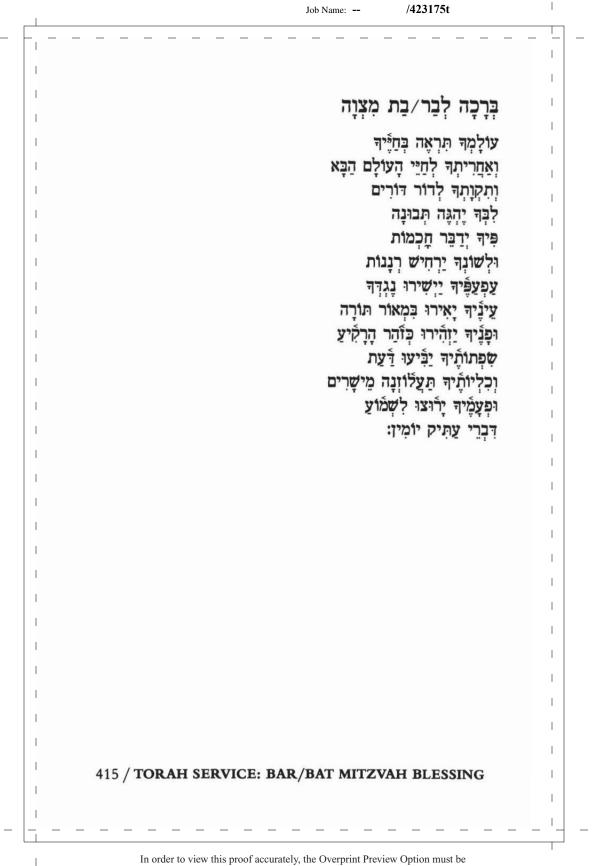
1

1

I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

SHAHARIT / 414



TEFILAH LAKEHILAH / BLESSING FOR THE CONGREGATION

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

1

|

T

1

May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless this entire holy community, along with other holy communities—them, and their sons and daughters, and all that belongs to them. All those who set apart houses of assembly for prayer, and those who come into their midst to pray, and those who study Torah for the sake of teaching it to young and old, and those who provide light for the lamps, and wine for Kiddush and Havdalah, and food for guests, and donations for the poor, and all those who faithfully are occupied with the needs of the community, and with the building up of the Land of Israel—may the blessed Holy One provide them their reward, and turn away from them every sickness, and heal their bodies, and pardon them their failures. May God send blessing and success in all their efforts, along with all Israel, their kin. And let us say: Amen.

SHAHARIT / 416

-	2	-1	-1	
- 71	הק	7	נפּלָה	•
		F. 1		• '

מִי שֶׁבֵּרַהְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהֶם יִצְּחָק וְיַצֵּקֹב וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָׁרָה רִבְקָה רָחֵל וְלֵאָה הוּא יְבָרֵהְ אֶת־בָּל־הַשָּׁהָל הַשָּׁרוֹשׁ הַזָּה עָם בָּל־קְהִלּוֹת הַלֹּדֶשׁ הם וּבְנֵיהֶם וּבְנוֹתֵיהֶם וְכֹל אֲשֶׁר לָהֶם וּמִי שֶׁמְיַחֲדִים בָּתֵּי כְנָסִיּוֹת לְתְפִלָּה וּמִי שֶׁבָּאִים בְּתוֹכָם לְהִתְפַּלֵל וּמִי שֶׁמְוֹמְדִים תּוֹרָה לְלַמְדָה לְתְפִלָּה וּמִי שֶׁבָּאִים בְּתוֹכָם לְהִתְפַּלֵל וּמִי שֶׁמְוֹמְדִים תּוֹרָה לְלַמְדָה לְמְפַנִּים וּגְדּוֹלִים וּמִי שֶׁבּוֹתְנִים נֵר לַמָּאוֹר וְיַיון לְמִדּוּשׁ וּלְהַבְדָּלָה וּפַת לָאוֹרְחִים וּצְדָקָה לְעַנִיּים וְכַל־מִי שָׁעוֹסְקִים בְּצָרְכֵי צְבּוּר וּפַת לָאוֹרְחִים וּצְדָקָה לְעַנִיּים וְכַלּמִי שָׁעוֹסְקִים בְּצָרְכֵי צָבּוּר וּמַת לָאוֹרְחִים וּצְדָקָה לְעַנִיּים וְכַל־מִי שָׁעוֹסְקִים בְּצַרְכֵי צְבּוּר וּמַת לָאוֹרְחִים וּצְדָקָה לְעַנִיּה הָאיים בְּרוּהָ הוּא יְשַׁלֵם שְׁכָרָם וְיָסִיר וּמַהם בָּל־מַחֲלָה וְיִרָפָּא לְכֵל־גּוּפָם וְיִסְלַח לְכֵל־אוֹנָם וְיִסְלָח בְּרָכָה וְהַצְלָחָה בְּכָל־מַעֲשָׁה יְדִיהָם עָם כָּלִישָׁרָאַל אַחֵיהָם וְנָאמַר אָמֵז:

Т

1

1

I

T

Т

T

Т

T

|

1

1

| | |

T

Т

|

Т

I

DERASH. The religious community is based not so much on common ideas as on common interests, experiences, hopes and fears; it is a community of the heart rather than of the mind.

417 / TORAH SERVICE: BLESSING FOR THE CONGREGATION

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I.

L

Job Name: --

/423175t

TEFILAH LAMEMSHALAH / PRAYER FOR THE COUNTRY

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Sovereign of the universe, mercifully receive our prayer for our land and its government. Let your blessing pour out on this land and on all officials of this country who are occupied, in good faith, with the public needs. Instruct them from your Torah's laws, enable them to understand your principles of justice, so that peace and tranquility, happiness and freedom, might never turn away from our land. Please, WISE ONE, God of the lifebreath of all flesh, waken your spirit within all inhabitants of our land, and plant among the peoples of different nationalities and faiths who dwell here, love and brotherhood, peace and friendship. Uproot from their hearts all hatred and enmity, all jealousy and vying for supremacy. Fulfill the yearning of all the people of our country to speak proudly in its honor. Fulfill their desire to see it become a light to all nations. Therefore, may it be your will, that our land should be a blessing to all inhabitants of the globe. Cause to dwell among all peoples friendship and freedom. And soon fulfill the vision of your prophet: "Nation shall not lift up sword against nation. Let them learn no longer ways of war." And let us say: Amen.

SHAHARIT / 418

L

הְפִּלָּה לַמֶּמְשָׁלָה
רִבּוֹן הָעוֹלָם קַבֶּל נָא בְּרַחֲמִים אֵת־תִּפִלַתֵׁנוּ בְּעָד אַרְצֶׁנוּ וּמֵמִשֵׁלְתָה
הַרֵק אֶת־בְּרָכָתָדָּ עַל הָאָרֵץ הַזֹּאַת וְעַל כֵּל שַׂרֵי הַמִּדִינָה הַזֹּאַת
הַעוֹסְקִים בְּצֵרְכֵי צְבּוּר בֶּאֱמוּנָה: הוֹרֵם מֵחֻפֵּי תוֹרָתֶׁך הַבִינֵם מִשְׁפָּטֵי
צִרְקֵׁך לְמַעַן לֹא יָסֿוּרוּ מֵאַרְצֵׁנוּ שָׁלוֹם וְשֵׁלְוָה אֹשֵׁר וָחֿפֵש כֵּל־הַיָּמִים:
אָנָא יהוה אֱלהֵי הָרוּחות לְכֵל־בָּשָּׁר הַעַרָה רוּחֲדָ עַל כֵּל־תּוֹשְׁבֵי
אַרְצַׁנוּ וְטַע בֵּין בְּנֵי הָאָמות וְהָאֱמוּנוֹת הַשּוֹנוֹת הַשּוֹכְנִים בָּה אַהֲכָה
וְאַחֲוָה שֶׁלוֹם וְרֵעוּת וַצֵּקֹר מִלְבָּם כֵּל שִּנְאָה וְאֵיבָה הִנְאָה וְתַחֲרוּת
לְמַלֹאוֹת מַשָּא־נֶֿפָש בָּנֻֿיהָ הַמִתְפָאֲרִים בִּכְבוֹדָהּ וְהַמִּשְׁתּוֹקְקִים
לִרְאוֹתָהּ אוֹר לְכֵל־הַגוּיִם:
וְכֵן יְהִי רָצוֹן מִלְפָנֶֿיהָ שֶׁתְהֵא אַרְצֵׁנוּ בְּרָכָה לְכָל־יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל וְתַשְׁרָה
בּינֵיהֶם רֵעוּת וְחֵרוּת וְקַיֵּם בִּמְהֵרָה חֲזוֹן נְבִיאֶׁידָ לֹא יִשָּׂא גוּי אֶל־גּוי
תֶּרֶב וְלֹא־יִלְמְדוּ עוֹד מִלְחָמָה וְנֹאמֵר אָמֵן:
What do I desire for my country? How do I vision the land I love?
לאמלחמה / Nationwar (Isaiah 2:4).
What do I desire for my country? How do I vision the land I love? Let it be a land where knowledge is free,
Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads
이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이 이
Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high,Where words come out from the depth of truth,Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow
Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high,Where words come out from the depth of truth,Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls;Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection,
Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high,Where words come out from the depth of truth,Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls;Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection,Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action,
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action, Into that heaven of freedom let my country awake.
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action,
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action, Into that heaven of freedom let my country awake.
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action, Into that heaven of freedom let my country awake.
 Where the mind is without fear, and men and women hold their heads high, Where words come out from the depth of truth, Where the world has not been broken up into fragments by narrow domestic walls; Where tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection, Where the clear stream of reason has not lost its way in the dreamy desert sand of dead habit, Where the mind is led forward into ever-widening thought and action, Into that heaven of freedom let my country awake. RABINDRANATH TAGORE (ADAPTED)



TEFILAH LIMDINAT YISRA'EL / PRAYER FOR THE STATE OF ISRAEL

Rock and champion of Israel, please bless the state of Israel, first fruit of the flourishing of our redemption. Guard it in the abundance of your love. Spread over it the shelter of your peace. Send forth your light and truth to those who lead and judge it, and to those who hold elective office. Establish in them, through your presence, wise counsel, that they might walk in the way of justice, freedom, and integrity. Strengthen the hands of those who guard our holy land. Let them inherit salvation and life. And give peace to the land, and perpetual joy to its inhabitants. Appoint for a blessing all our kindred of the house of Israel in all the lands of their dispersion. Plant in their hearts a love of Zion. And for all our people everywhere, may God be with them, and may they have the opportunity to go up to the land. Cause your spirit's influence to emanate upon all dwellers of our holy land. Remove from their midst hatred and enmity, jealousy and wickedness. Plant in their hearts love and kinship, peace and friendship. And soon fulfill the vision of your prophet: "Nation shall not lift up sword against nation. Let them learn no longer ways of war."

And let us say: Amen.

Т

1

1

Т

T

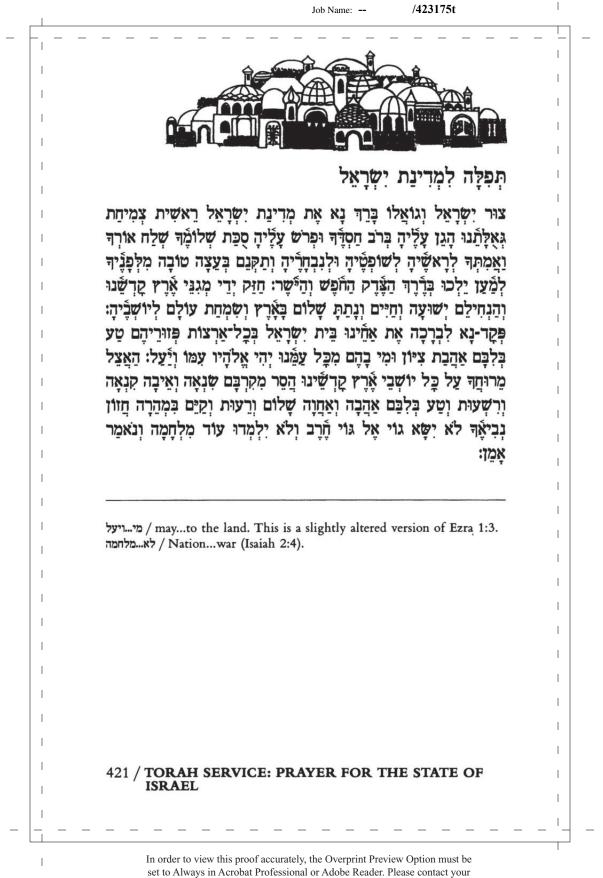
Т

1

|

Т

SHAHARIT / 420



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

A PRAYER FOR PEACE

1

1

I

Т

|

T

Т

T

1

May it be your will, ETERNAL ONE, our God, God of our ancestors, that wars and bloodshed be abolished from the world, and bring into the world a great and wonderful and lasting peace. And let no nation lift a sword against a nation—let them learn no more the ways of war!

Let all who dwell on earth simply acknowledge the truth of truths: that we have not come into this world for the sake of quarreling and war, nor for the sake of hatred, jealousy, anger, or bloodshed; rather, we have come into this world only to know you—may you be blessed eternally!

Therefore, have mercy on us, and fulfill among us what is written in your Scripture: "I shall give peace upon the earth, and you shall lie down with none to make you afraid. I shall abolish from the earth the predatory beast. The sword shall never come upon your land. Justice shall roll down like the waters, and righteousness like a mighty stream. For the earth shall be filled with knowledge of THE OMNIPRESENT, as the waters fill the seas."



SHAHARIT / 422

Job Name:	 /423175t
voo roume.	/

Ι

_

	אַפִּלָה לְשָׁלוֹם
וה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וַאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שֶׁתְּבַטֵּל מִים מִז הָעוּלָם וְתַמְשִׁידְ שָׁלוֹם גָּדוֹל וְנִפְּלָא אֶל גּוּי הֶֿרֶב וְלֹא יִלְמְדוּ עוֹד מִלְחָמָה:	אַלְחָמוֹת וּשְׁפִּיכוּת דָ
וּשְׁבֵי תֵבַל הָאֱמֶת לַאֲמִיתּוּ אֲשֶׁר לֹא בָֿאנוּ לָזֶה וּמַחֲלֹּשֶׁת וְלֹא בִּשְׁבִיל שִּׁנְאָה וְקִנְאָה וְקִנְתוּר אנוּ לָעוּלָם כְּדֵי לְהַכִּיר אוֹתְדּ תִּתְבָּרַדְּ לָנֶֿצַח:	זעוּלָם בִּשְׁבִיל רִיב
יקַיַם בְּנוּ מִקְרָא שֶׁכָּתוּב: וְנָתַתִּי שָׁלום בָּאָָרָץ וְהִשְׁבַּתִי חַיָּה רָעָה מִז הָאָָרָץ וְחֶׁרָב לֹא תַעֲבֹר מִשְׁפָּט וּצְדָקָה כְּנַֿחַל אֵיתָז: כִּי מָלְאָה הָאָָׁרֶץ לַיָּם מְכַסִּים:	ישְׁכַבְתֶּם וְאֵיז מַחֲרִיד
Attribute	ed to Naḥman of Bratzlav
אלחמה / And let war (Isaiah 2:4). ונתתיבארצכם / I shall land (Leviticus 26:6). ויגלאיתן / Justice stream (Amos 5:24). רימכסים / For the earth seas (Isaiah 11:9).	
423 / TORAH SERVICE: PRAYER FOR	PEACE

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

SEDER BIRKAT HAHODESH / BLESSING OF THE NEW MONTH

1

Т

1

1

1

T

1

On the Shabbat before Rosh Hodesh, the Torah is lifted and the following is said:

May it be your will, ETERNAL ONE, our God, God of our ancestors, that you renew for us this month, for goodness and for blessing. May you give to us long life, a life of peace, a life of goodness, a life of blessing, a life of nourishment and sustenance. May it be a life of bodily health, a life in which is found awe for the divine, a life in which we have a love of Torah and fear of heaven, a life free of disgrace and shame, a life of happiness and honor, a life of integrity and discernment, intelligence and knowledge, a life in which our heart's petitions are fulfilled for goodness. Amen.

COMMENTARY. There is a tradition that each Rosh Hodesh is a tradition that each Rosh Hodesh is a "ל" ("little Yom Kippur." About two hundred years ago the simple announcement of the time of the new moon was amplified to the Blessing of the New Month to include that point of view. That is why petitionary phrases appear in the *berahah* despite the fact that such petitions are not normally allowed on Shabbat.

SHAHARIT / 424

On the Shabbat before Rosh Hodesh, the Torah is lifted and the following is said: Т יהי רצון מלפניה יהוה אלהינו ואלהי אבותינו ואמותינו שתחדש 1 עַלַינוּ אֶת־הַחֹרֵש הַזָּה לְטוֹבָה וִלְבְרַכָה וְתָתֶּן־לְנוּ חַיִים אָרְכִּים חַיִים 1 שַׁלוֹם חַיִּים שֵׁל־טוֹבָה חַיִּים שֵׁל־בָּרַכָה חַיִּים שֵׁל מַזוֹן וּפָרָנַסָה. 1 חיים של־חלוץ עצמות חיים שיש בהם אהבה ויראת שמים חיים בהם בושה וכלמה חיים של אשר וכבוד חיים שיש בהם Т וּתְבוּנֵה וְהַשְּׁכֵּל וְדֵעָה חֵיִים שֵׁימֵלָאוּ מִשָּאַלוֹת לְבֵּנוּ לְטוֹבָה 1 COMMENTARY. The Hebrew calendar is based upon the lunar month, 1 which is 29 1/2 days long. Thus Hebrew months are sometimes twentynine and sometimes thirty days. Rosh Hodesh always occurs on the first day of the month. When a month has thirty days, the next Rosh Hodesh Т begins on the thirtieth day of the month and lasts two days. Thus Rosh 1 Hodesh can last either one day or two. To keep the planting cycles and the holidays in the right place relative to the seasons of the year, a complex system of leap months was instituted in a nineteen-year cycle. This keeps T the Jewish year in harmony with both the lunar calendar and the solar year, an arrangement that has been in effect since the days of the early rabbis. D.A.T. 1 COMMENTARY. Women have held on to Rosh Hodesh as a women's holy day for two millenia. Traditionally women did no work on Rosh Hodesh, but instead met together for mutual sharing and support and gave immedi-Т ate and direct tzedakah, especially to those neglected by formal institutions. T In recent years, women's Rosh Hodesh celebrations have blossomed. E.M. Т 425 / TORAH SERVICE: BLESSING OF THE NEW MONTH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

May the one who wrought miracles for our ancestors and redeemed them from servitude to freedom, continue to redeem us, and speedily unite our dispersed kin from the four corners T of the earth. Let all Israel be committed to one another. Amen. 1 The beginning of the month of ... [name of month] will fall 1 upon...[the day of the week]. May it come to us and to all Israel 1 for goodness. Let the blessed Holy One renew this month for us and for all T who dwell on earth, for life and for peace, for joy and for T happiness, for salvation and for rest. And let us say: Amen. 1 T 1 T 1 1 SHAHARIT / 426 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

_

	ינוּ וּלְאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ וְגָאַל אוֹתָ וִיקַבַּץ נִדְּחֵׁינוּ מֵאַרְבַּע כַּו	הוא יִגְאַל אוֹתָנוּ בְּקָרוֹב
		ּבָל־יִשְׂרָאַל וְנֹאמַר אָמַז :
	ם הַבָּא עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כַ	
	הוּא עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יו	
חָמָה וְנאמַר אָמֵן:	שִׁמְחָה אָמֵן: לִישׁוּעָה וּלְנָו	יּרְשָּׁרום אָמֵז: רְשָׁשוּז וּרְ
The names of the Hebreu	v months are as follows:	
תּשְׁרֵי/Tishrey	אַבַט / Shevat	סִיוָן / Sivan
חָשְׁרָן / Heshvan	אָדָר / Adar	קמרז / Tamuz
אָקאָר Kislev	וָנִיסָן/Nisan	אָר / Av
Tevet / טַבָּת	אָיָר / Iyar	/Elul
427 / TORAH SE	RVICE: BLESSING OF	THE NEW MONTH

Happy are they who dwell within your house, may they continue to give praise to you. Happy is the people for whom life is thus, 1 happy is the people with THE EVERLASTING for its God! A Psalm of David X All exaltations do I raise to you, my sovereign God, and I give blessing to your name, forever and eternally. ב Blessings do I offer you each day, I hail your name, forever and eternally. ス Great is THE ETERNAL, to be praised emphatically, because God's greatness has no measure. T Declaring praises for your deeds one era to the next, 1 people describe your mighty acts. Theaven's glorious splendor is my song, words of your miracles I eagerly pour forth. 1 Wondrous are your powers-people tell of them, and your magnificence do I recount. T Signs of your abundant goodness they express, Т and in your justice they rejoice. Π How gracious and how merciful is THE ABUNDANT ONE, slow to anger, great in love. υ To all God's creatures, goodness flows, on all creation, divine love. Your creatures all give thanks to you, your fervent ones bless you emphatically. אשרי...סלה / Happy...you (Psalm 84:5). אשרי...אלהין / Happy...God (Psalm 144:15). 1 SHAHARIT / 428 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

עור יה? העם שיהוה אלהיו: שפכה לו Т תִּהַלָּה לְדַוִר Т לעולם ועד: ואברכה שמק ארוממק אלהי המלף Т ואהללה שמף לעולם וער: בכל־יום אברכך Ĩ ולגדלתו אין חקר: נדול יהוה ומהלל מאר וּגבוּרֹתֿיִהָּ יֹגַּיִדוּ: לרור ישבח מעשיה קור Т ודברי נפלאתיף אשיחה: הדר כבוד הודף 1 וגדלתה אספרנה: ועזויז נוראותיק יאמרו וצרקתה ירננה: זכר רב־טוּבָד יַבּּיעוּ 1 ארך אפים וגדל הסד: חנון ורחום יהוה ורחמיו על־כּל־מעשיו: טוב־יהוה לכּל T יוֹדֿוּהָ יהוה כַּל־מַעַשֿיה וחסידיק יברכוּכה: → 1 Ashrey yoshvey veyteha od yehaleluha selah. Т Ashrey ha'am shekahah lo ashrey ha'am she'adonay elohav. 1 Tehilah ledavid. Aromimeha elohay hameleh va'avarehah shimeha le'olam va'ed. Behol yom avareheka va'ahalela shimeha le'olam va'ed. T Gadol adonay umhulal me'od veligdulato eyn heker. T Dor ledor yeshabah ma'aseha ugvuroteha yagidu. T Hadar kevod hodeha vedivrey nifle'oteha asihah. Ve'ezuz noroteha yomeru ugdulateha asaperenah. Ĩ Zeher rav tuveha yabi'u vetzidkateha yeranenu. T Hanun verahum adonay ereh apayim ugdol hased. T Tov adonay lakol verahamav al kol ma'asav. Yoduha adonay kol ma'aseha vehasideha yevarehuhah. 1 I COMMENTARY. Psalm 145 is an alphabetical acrostic. The translation 1 roughly preserves the sound of the Hebrew initials of each line. The line 1 for the letter nun is missing from this psalm, for unknown reasons. J.R. I 429 / TORAH SERVICE: ASHREY 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Calling out the glory of your sovereignty,
of your magnificence they speak,
> Letting all people know your mighty acts,
and of your sovereignty's glory and splendor.
D May your sovereignty last all eternities, your dominion for era after era.
Strong support to all who fall,
GOD raises up the humble and the lame.
Il hopeful gazes turn toward you,
as you give sustenance in its appointed time.
D Providing with your open hand,
you satisfy desire in all life.
3 So just is God in every way,
so loving amid all the divine deeds.
Close by is God to all who call, to all who call to God in truth.
 Responding to the yearning of all those who fear,
God hears their cry and comes to rescue them.
Showing care to all who love God, THE ETERNAL
brings destruction to all evildoers.
π The praise of THE ALL-KNOWING does my mouth declare,
and all flesh give blessing to God's holy name, unto
eternity.
Psalm 145
And as for us, we bless the name of Yah,
from now until the end of time. Halleluyah!
ואנחנוהללויה / AndHalleluyah! (Psalm 115:18).
SHAḤARIT / 430

כבוד מלכותה יאמרו וגבורתק מלכותו: וכבוד הדר להודיע לבני האדם גבורתיו 1 וממשלתה בכל דור ודור: מַלְכוּתָדָ מַלְכוּת פַּל־עַלַמִים 1 וזוקף לכל־הכפופים: סומד יהוה לכל-הַנֹפּלִים Т ואתה נותו־להם את־אכלם בּעַתו: עיני כל אליה ישברו I ומשביע לכל־חי רצון: פותח את־ירָק וחסיד בכל־מעשיו: צדיק יהוה בכל־דרכיו Т יקראהו באמת: אשר קרוב יהוה לכל־קראיו צתם ישמע ויושיעם: רצון יראיו יעשה 1 ישמיד: שעים שומר יהוה את־כַּל־אהביו ואת כּק 1 פי *תהלת יהוה ידבר בשו ויברף כּּל לעולם ועד: T מֱעַתֵּה וִעֲד־עוֹלַם הַלְלוּיַה: ואנחנו נברך יה 1 1 Kevod malhuteha yomeru ugevurateha yedaberu. Lehodi'a livney ha'adam gevurotav uhvod hadar malhuto. 1 Malhuteha malhut kol olamim umemshalteha behol dor vador. Someh adonay lehol hanofelim vezokef lehol hakefufim. T Eyney hol eleha yesaberu ve'atah noten lahem et ohlam be'ito. Т Pote'ah et yadeha umasbi'a lehol hay ratzon. 1 Tzadik adonay behol derahav vehasid behol ma'asav. 1 Karov adonay lehol korav lehol asher yikra'uhu ve'emet. Т Retzon yere'av ya'aseh ve'et shavatam yishma veyoshi'em. Shomer adonay et kol ohavav ve'et kol harsha'im yashmid. T Tehilat adonay yedaber pi vivareh kol basar shem kodsho le'olam va'ed. Т Va'anahnu nevareh yah me'atah ve'ad olam halleluyah. 1 Т I 431 / TORAH SERVICE: ASHREY Т

<text><section-header><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></section-header></text>	-		-
On Sukkot some continue with the Hoshanot (page 646). HAHNASAT SEFER TORAH / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK Let all bless the name of THE ETERNAL, for it alone is to be exalted. God's splendor dwells on earth and in the heavens, God has lifted up our people's strength. Praise to all God's fervent ones, to the children of Israel, people near to God. Halleluyah! The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.			
<section-header><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></section-header>			
for it alone is to be exalted. God's splendor dwells on earth and in the heavens, God has lifted up our people's strength. Praise to all God's fervent ones, to the children of Israel, people near to God. Halleluyah! The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.			
God has lifted up our people's strength. Praise to all God's fervent ones, to the children of Israel, people near to God. Halleluyah! The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.		and the second	
Halleluyah! The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.		God has lifted up our people's strength.	
place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.			
		The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 441.	
SHAHARIT / 432		SHAḤARIT / 432	

Job Name:	 /423175t

On Shemini Atzeret, the last day of Pesah and Shavuot, Yizkor (page 630) is said here. On Sukkot some continue with the Hoshanot (page 647). הַכְּבָטַת סַפָּר תּוֹרָה יְהַלְלוּ אֶת־שַׁם יהוה פִּייּדִשְּגֶּב שְׁמו לְבַדּוֹ יְהַלְלוּ אֶת־שַׁם יהוה פִּייּדִשְּגֶב שְׁמו לְבַדּוֹ הַוֹרו עַל־אֶׁרָץ וְשָׁכֻֿיִם וַפַּרָם כָּרָן לְעַמו תְּהָלֶה לְבַל־חֵסִידִיו לִרְבַי הַוֹרו עַל־אָרָק וווין לָבָרי יִשְׁרָאַל עַם קְרוֹבו הַלֵלוּיָה: Yehalelu et shem adonay ki nisgav shemo levado. Hodo al eretz veshamayim vayarem keren le'amo tehilah leḥol ḥasidav livney yisra'el am kerovo halleluyah. The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Ḥayim Hi, page 441.

T

1

|

|

1

T

T

|

1

|

T

Т

|

Т

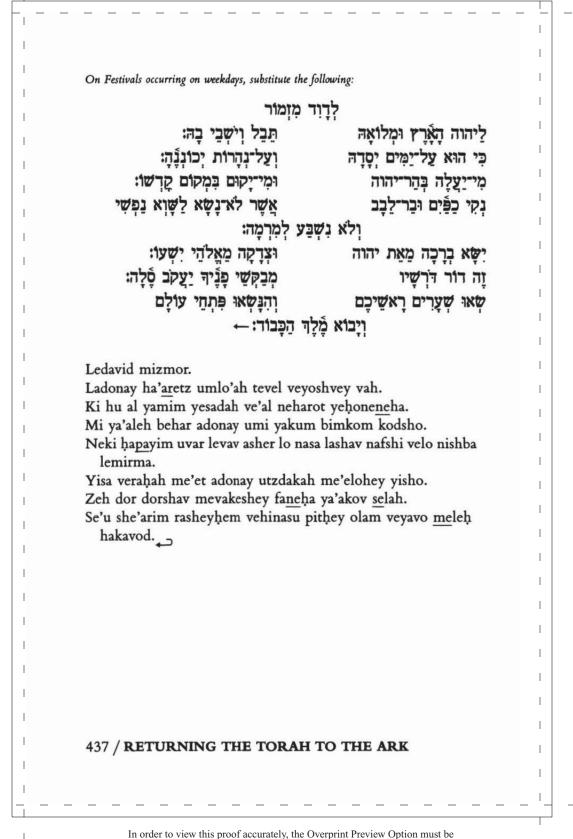
1

433 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK

On Shabbat it is customary to chant Psalm 29 here. Some congregations sing Psalm 150 (page 853). Others sing such songs as Yisra'el Ve'orayta (page 545), or Yevareheha (page 665). On Festivals Psalm 24 (page 436) is chanted. A psalm of David: Give to THE ONE WHO IS, you so-called gods, give to THE INDIVISIBLE glory and strength! Give to THE UNSEEN ONE the glory of the divine Name, worship THE ANCIENT ONE with holy ornament. The voice of THE UNENDING on the waters, God in full Glory thundering, THE ONE WHO CALLS over many waters, yes the voice of THE REVEALED ONE in full strength, voice of THE TRUTHFUL in full beauty, voice of THE ETERNAL ONE breaking the cedars, THE ALL-KNOWING smashing the cedars of Lebanon, making them skip about like calves, yes, Lebanon and Sirion, like offspring of the wild ox. The voice of THE JUST ONE hewing flames of fire, the voice of THE ANOINTER making the desert writhe, of THE REVIVER, giving birthpangs to the wastelands of Kadesh, the voice of THE CREATOR, convulsing all the deer, stripping the forests, while amid God's palace all declare: "The Glory!" THE REDEEMER, prevailing at the Sea, THE PRESENCE, presiding for the world, THE WANDERER, imparting strength to Israel, GIVER OF WORDS, blessing the people in their peace. Т Psalm 29 Continue on page 440. SHAHARIT / 434

On Shabbat it is customary to chant Psalm 29 here. Some congregations sing Psalm 150 (page 853). Others sing such songs as Yisra'el Ve'orayta (page 545), or Yevareheha (page 665). On Festivals Psalm 24 (page 437) is chanted. 1 מזמור לדוד 1 הבוּ לִיהוה כַּבוֹר וַעוֹ: הבוּ ליהוה בּני אלים הִשְּׁתֵּחֵוּ לֵיהוה בְּהַרְרַת־לְרֵש: הבו ליהוה כבור שמו 1 אל הכבוד הרעים קול יהוה על־המים יהוה על־מים רבּים: Т קול יהוה בהרר: יהוה בכח וישבר יהוה את־ארזי הלבנון: יהוה שבר ארזים לבנון ושריון כמו בוראמים: וירקידם כמו עגל 1 קול יהוה חצב להבות אש: יחיל יהוה מדבר קרש: קול יהוה יחיל מרבּר 1 ויחשף יערות קול יהוה יחולל אילות וּבָהֵיכַלוֹ כַּלּוֹ אוֹמֵר כַּבוֹד: 1 וּשב יהוה מֵלֶך לְעוּלָם: יהוה למבוּל ישב 1 יהוה יברך את עמו בשלום: יהוה עז לעמו יתן Mizmor ledavid. T Havu ladonay beney elim havu ladonay kavod va'oz. Havu ladonay kevod shemo hishtahavu ladonay behadrat Т kodesh. 1 Kol adonay al hamayim el hakavod hirim adonay al mayim rabim. 1 Kol adonay bako'ah kol adonay behadar. Kol adonay shover arazim vayshaber adonay et arzey Т halevanon. T Vayarkidem kemo egel levanon vesiryon kemo ven re'emim. Kol adonay hotzev lahavot esh. Kol adonay yahil midbar yahil adonay midbar kadesh. Kol adonay yeholel ayalot vayehesof ye'arot uveheyhalo kulo 1 omer kavod. Adonay lamabul yashav vayeshev adonay meleh le'olam. 1 Adonay oz le'amo yiten adonay yevareh et amo vashalom. 435 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK Т

On Festivals occurring on weekdays, substitute the following: Т The world belongs to GOD in all its fullness, the earth, and all who dwell on it, for God has founded it upon the waters, on the torrents. God established it. Who can ascend the mount of THE ETERNAL? Who rises to the holy place of God? The one whose hands are clean, whose heart is pure, Т whose soul has not been vainly self-excusing, the one who never swore deceitfully. That person reaps a blessing from THE ALL-KNOWING ONE, 1 justice from the God of help. For many generations now, the family of Jacob has sought your presence. 1 You city gates, open your bolts, eternal gates, be lifted up, and let the sovereign of glory come! Whose soul has not been vainly self-excusing. Literally, "who has not lifted up the soul in vain." The psalm turns on repetitions of the key verb, "lift up," playing on its many meanings. Compare: "That person reaps [literally, lifts 1 up] a blessing ... You city gates, open [literally, lift up] your gates, etc." The pilgrim, ascending the steep slopes toward the Temple Mount, contemplates, through this interplay of associations, the fundamental act of pilgrimage: an offering-up to God. LR. NOTE. This psalm asks and answers several questions, suggesting that it was sung antiphonally in ancient times with the congregation singing the responses. D.A.T. SHAHARIT / 436



/423175t Job Name: --T Who is the sovereign of glory? THE MAGNIFICENT, so powerful and mighty! THE ETERNAL ONE, a champion in battle! T You city gates, open your bolts, Т eternal gates, be lifted up, T and let the sovereign of glory come! Who is this one, the sovereign of glory? I THE RULER of the Multitudes of Heaven, the sovereign of glory. Psalm 24 1 1 I T I 1 Т 1 T Т 1 1 Т T T 1 1 1 SHAHARIT / 438 Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

			_
I		I	
I		I	
I	מִי זֶה מֶלֵך הַכָּבוֹר יהוה עִזּוּז וְגִבּוֹר	I	
I	יָּה טֶּאָר טַבָּרוּ עַבָּרוּ יהוה גִּבּוֹר מִלְחָמָה:	I	
I		I	
I	שְׁאוּ שְׁעָרִים רָאשֵׁיכֶם וּשְׂאוּ פִּתְחֵי עוֹלָם וְיָבוֹא מֶׁלֶך הַכָּבוֹר:	1	
I	ַיְרָבוּא בֶּעָוּי חַבָּבוּין. מִי הוּא זֵה מֶּלֶך הַכָּבוֹר יהוה צְבָאוֹת הוּא	I	
I	בִּי ווּא וֶוּ בֶּיֶוּ וַבְּבוּר מֵלֵך הַכָּבוּר מֻלָה:	I	
I		1	
I	Mi zeh <u>me</u> leḥ hakavod adonay izuz vegibor adonay gibor	I	
I	milḥamah.	I	
I	Se'u she'arim rasheyḥem use'u pitḥey olam veyavo <u>me</u> leḥ hakavod.	I	
I	Mi hu zeh <u>me</u> leḥ hakavod adonay tzeva'ot hu <u>me</u> leḥ hakavod	I	
I	<u>se</u> lah.	1	
I		1	
I		1	
I		1	
I		1	
I		1	
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I		1	
I			
I			
I			
I			
I			
I	439 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK		

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

/423175t

Job Name: --

/423175t Job Name: --

The ark is opened and the Torah placed i	inside.
And when the Ark was set a	
For it is a precious teaching 1 my Torah: Don't abandon it!	
It is a Tree of Life to those t all who uphold it may be co	
Its ways are ways of pleasants and all its paths are peace.	ness,
Return us, PRECIOUS ONE, le Renew our days, as you have	
The ark is closed.	
COMMENTARY. Renew our days as We may read: Renew our days as when we were Revive us with the wonder of you with the enthusiasm of our you Help us to recover something of t that knew you in the desert and trembled at the foot of the Grant us, once again, the sacred v and the courage of new beginn Do not return us to days past:	e young. ar world, ath. the child within mountain. rision ings.
Renew our days as when we were	e young. S.E.S.
	SHAḤARIT / 440

The ark is opene	d and the Torah placed inside		
		•	וּבְנַחֹה יֹאמַר שוּּבָ בי בובר מייר יבר
			כִּי לֻֿקַח טוֹב נְתַֿחָ היייייייי
			עֵץ־חַיִּים הִיא לַמַּ דְּרַכֵּיהַ דַּרְכֵי־נֿעַם
			וְּוְבֶיּהָ וַיְבֵי בעַם הַשִׁיבֵּנוּ יהוה אֵלֵי
	ש ְיָבֵי בוּי שְּׁכֻוֹוֶ ם ּ י	ןי וְבָּשוּבָּוו <u>ו</u> וֹיי	וויא ברי יווו אָי
Etz ḥayim h	i lamaḥazikim bah v	etom <u>h</u> eha me'	ushar.
	arhey <u>no</u> 'am vehol ne		
Hashi <u>ve</u> nu a ke <u>ke</u> dem.	donay e <u>ley</u> ḥa vena <u>sh</u> i	uva ḥadesh ya	meynu
The ark is closed.			
3. The second se			
	AndIsrael (Numbers 10):36).	
	it (Proverbs 4:2). fortunate (Proverbs 3:18).	
It / דרכיהשלום	speace (Proverbs 3:17)	•	
	Returnold (Lamentatio		
	is a Tree of Life. At the len access to the mysterio		
	et over the generations		
	. The Torah is handed o enerations in a common		
	ch the survival of civili he Tree of Life.	zation depends.	
compared to th	he free of Life.		J.R.
441 / RETU	RNING THE TORA	H TO THE A	RK

EYN KEYLOHEYNU / NONE IS LIKE OUR GOD

None is like our God, none like our provider, none like our sovereign, none like our redeemer!

Who is like our God? Who, like our provider? Who, like our sovereign? Who, like our redeemer?

Т

1

1

T

T

Т

We give thanks to our God, thanks to our provider, thanks to our sovereign, thanks to our redeemer. Blessed is our God, blessed our provider, blessed our sovereign, blessed our redeemer.

You are our God, you are our provider, you are our sovereign, you are our redeemer.

NOTE. Traditional siddurim place an additional (Musaf) Amidah after returning the Torah to the ark. The Musaf Amidah corresponds to the additional sacrifice that was offered in the Temple on Shabbat and Festivals. Because Reconstructionists do not anticipate or hope for the rebuilding of the Temple, we do not feel a strong need to retain its liturgical rhythms or emphasis on animal sacrifice. This siddur therefore omits the Musaf Amidah for the sake of brevity. Yismehu, a joyfully sung part of the Musaf Amidah, is included in the Shaharit Amidah here (page 309). For a shortened form of Musaf, some communities chant Magen Avot (page 111), often including the Musaf Kedushah, which this siddur incorporates into the Festival Shaharit Amidah, pages 336-339 (omitting the two lines beginning adir adirenu, page 339). Many congregations recite poetry in the place of the Musaf Amidah as well. Those wishing to recite a full Musaf Amidah may use the separate booklet prepared for that purpose or turn back to the Shabbat Amidah found on pages 294-323, omitting page 307 or replacing it with a reading from pages 734-739. On Festivals, the Festival Amidah on pages 326-353 can be repeated for Musaf. If this is done, the Kedushah on pages 302-305 should be used during Shaharit, and the Kedushah on pages 336-339 should be used during Musaf.

SHAHARIT / 442

/423175t Job Name: --

באלהֵינוּ	איז (
אלהֵינוּ אֵין כַּאדוֹנַינוּ אֵין כְּמַלְכֵּנוּ אֵין כְמוֹשִׁיעָׁנוּ:	
זלהַינוּ מִי כַאדוֹגַינוּ מִי כְמַלְבֵּנוּ מִי כְמוֹשִׁיעָֿנוּ:	
לֵאלהֵֿינוּ נוֹדָה לַארוֹגַֿינוּ נוֹדָה לְמַלְפֵֿנוּ נוֹדָה לְמוֹשִׁיעֵֿנוּ:	
אֶלהֵֿינוּ בָּרוּף אֲדוֹנַינוּ בָּרוּף מַלְפֵֿנוּ בָּרוּף מוֹשִׁיעֵׁנוּ:	בָּרוּדָ
הוא אֱלהֵינוּ אַתָּה הוּא אֲרוֹגַינוּ אַתָּה הוּא מַלְפֵֿנוּ אַתָּה הוּא	אַתָּה
צַׁבר:	מושי
Eyn keyloheynu eyn kadoneynu eyn kemalkeynu eyn	
kemoshi'eynu.	
Mi heyloheynu mi hadoneynu mi hemalkeynu mi	
hemoshi'eynu.	1.1
Nodeh leylo <u>hey</u> nu nodeh lado <u>ney</u> nu nodeh lemal <u>key</u> nu no lemoshi'eynu.	odeh
Baruh eloheynu baruh adoneynu baruh malkeynu baruh	
moshi'eynu	
Atah hu elo <u>hey</u> nu atah hu ado <u>ney</u> nu atah hu mal <u>key</u> nu atah moshi'eynu.	hu
mosin <u>ey</u> nd.	
NOTE. Many prayer books carry an additional line, זוא שהקטירו	
"אבותינו לפניך את־קטרת הסמים." You are the one to whom our and offered spices" in the Temple. That line is omitted here partly to r	
the rhythm and shape of the original composition and partly becau	
nostalgic reference to Temple worship implies a longing fo	
reinstitution of sacrifices that we do not share.	D.A.T.
443 / EYN KEYLOHEYNU	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

ALEYNU
We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "bend the knee." For an alternative version see page 126. For additional readings see pages 737-739, 748, 772-774, 776-777,
803-804.
Choose one of the following:
It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all,
to declare the greatness of the author of Creation,
who gave us teachings of truth
and planted eternal life within us.
~~ ℃
It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all,
to declare the greatness of the author of Creation,
who created heaven's heights and spread out its expanse,
who laid the earth's foundation and brought forth its offspring,
giving life to all its peoples,
the breath of life to all who walk about.
COMMENTARY. This siddur offers several versions of the Aleynu. The first,
which appeared in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur, emphasizes that the
gift of God's Torah or teaching demands our committed response. The
second version, based on Isaiah 42:5 and fit into the <i>Aleynu</i> by Rabbi Max D. Klein, emphasizes that our obligation to God flows from our role as part
of Creation. The traditional Aleynu that appears below the line has troubled
Reconstructionist Jews because it implies the inferiority of other faiths and peoples. D.A.T.
SHAḤARIT / 444

	~
	עָלַיבוּ
We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow a	t korim. Choose one of the following.
Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol	עַלַינוּ לִשָּבַּחַ לַאַרוּן הַכּּל
latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit	לָתֵת גְּדָלָה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית
shenatan lanu torat emet	שֶׁנְֿתַן לְנוּ תּוֹרַת אֱמֶת
veḥayey olam nata betoḥenu.	וְחַיֵּי עוֹלָם נְטַע בְּתוֹבֵׁנוּ:
	Continue on page 447.
Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol	
latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit.	
bore hasha <u>may</u> im venoteyhem	בּוֹרֵא הַשָּׁמַיִם וְנוֹטֵיהָם
roka ha'aretz vetze'etza'eha	רקע הָאָרָץ וְצָאֲצָאָיהָ
noten neshamah la'am a <u>le</u> ha veru'aḥ laholeḥim ba.	נֹתֵן נְשָׁמָה לָעָם עָלֶיהָ וִרֿוּחַ לַהֹלְכִים בַּה:
	nă e stut în l
	Continue on page 447.
עֶלַינוּ לְשַבַּחַ לַאֲדוֹז הַכּל לָתַת גְּדָלָה לְיוֹצֵר בְּרֵאשִׁית שָׁלֹא עָשָׁנוּ כְּגויֵי הָאֲרָצוֹת וְלֹא שָׂמְנוּ כְּמִשְׁפְּחוֹת הָאֲדָמָה שָׁלֹא שָם חָלְלַנוּ כָּהָם וְגוֹרָלַנוּ כְּכֵל הַמוֹנָם:	It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the great- ness of the author of Creation, who has made us different from the other nations of the earth, and situ- ated us in quite a different spot, and made our daily lot another kind
445 / ALEYNU	from theirs, and given us a destiny uncommon in this world.

And so, we bend the knee and bow, acknowledging the sovereign who rules 1 above all those who rule, the blessed Holy One, who stretched out the heavens and founded the earth, 1 whose realm embraces heaven's heights, 1 whose mighty presence stalks celestial ramparts. 1 This is our God; there is none else besides, as it is written in the Torah: "You shall know this day, and bring it home T inside your heart, that THE SUPREME ONE is God 1 in the heavens above and on the earth below. 1 There is no other God." 1 1 DERASH. Every person and people that feel they have something to live for, and that are bent on living that life in righteousness, are true witnesses Т of God. M.M.K. 1 KAVANAH. As the hand held before the eye hides the tallest mountain, so this small earthly life hides from our gaze the vast radiance and secrets of which the world is full, and if we can take life from before our eyes, as one takes away one's hand, we will see the great radiance within the T world. M.B. (ADAPTED) וידעת...עוד / You...other God (Deuteronomy 4:39). 1 SHAHARIT / 446 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

וַאַנַחִנוּ כּוֹרִעִים וּמִשְׁתַחַוִים וּמוֹדִים לִפְנֵי מֶלֵךְ מַלְכֵי הַמִּלָכִים הקרוש ברוד הוא: Т שָׁהוּא נוֹטֵה שַׁמַיִם וִיוֹסֵר אָרֵץ וּמוֹשַב יִקָרוֹ בַּשָּׁמַיִם מְמַעָל וּשָׁכִינַת 1 עזּו בְּגַבְהֵי מִרוֹמִים: הוּא אֱלהֵינוּ אֵין עוֹד: אֱמֵת מַלְבֶּנוּ אֶפָס זוּלַתו 1 כַּכַּתוּב בּתוֹרַתוֹ: וְיָדַעָת הַיּוֹם וַהַשֵּׁבֹת אֵל לְבָבֶׁך כִּי יהוה הוּא 1 הָאֶלהִים בַּשְׁמַׁיִם מִמַּעַל וְעַל הָאָָרֶץ מִהָּחַת אֵין עור: ----Т Va'anahnu korim umishtahavim umodim T lifney meleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. Shehu noteh shamayim veyosed aretz umoshav yekaro 1 bashamayim mima'al T ush-hinat uzo begovhey meromim. T Hu eloheynu eyn od. T Emet malkenu efes zulato kakatuv betorato. Veyadata hayom vahashevota el levaveha 1 ki adonay hu ha'elohim bashamayim mima'al ve'al ha'aretz Т mitahat eyn od. 1 T Т 1 Т 447 / ALEYNU In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

And so, we put our hope in you, THE EMINENCE, our God, 1 that soon we may behold the full splendor of your might, 1 and see idolatry vanish from the earth, 1 and all material gods be swept away, and the power of your rule repair the world, and all creatures of flesh call on your name, and all the wicked of the earth turn back to you. Т Let all who dwell upon the globe perceive and know that to you each knee must bend, each tongue swear oath, and let them give the glory of your name its precious due. Let all of them take upon themselves your rule. 1 Reign over them, soon and for always. For this is all your realm, throughout all worlds, across all 1 timeas it is written in your Torah: "THE ETERNAL ONE will reign now and forever." Т And it is written: THE EVERLASTING ONE will reign as sovereign over all the earth. T On that day shall THE MANY-NAMED be one, God's name be one!" 1 KAVANAH. A world of God callers is a world of truth and peace, a world where lust for power, greed, and envy-the idols of pride-is uprooted T from the individual and group psyche. S.P.W. Т SHAHARIT / 448 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

עַל כֵּן נִקַוָּה לִדְּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ לְרָאוֹת מְהֵרָה בְּתִפְאֵׁרֵת עָזֵּדְ לְהַעַבִיר גּלּוּלים מן האָרץ והאַלילים כּרוֹת יְכָּרָתוּן לְתָקָן עוֹלָם בּמַלְכוּת Т שַׁדִּי: וְכַל בְּנֵי בַשָּׁר יִקָרָאוּ בִשְׁמֵׁדָּ: לְהַפְּנוֹת אֵלֵידְ כֵּל רְשָׁעֵי אָׁרָץ: 1 יַכִּירוּ וְיֵדְעוּ כֵּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבָל כִּי לְדָ תִכְרַע כֵּל בֶּרֶד תִשָּׁבַע כֵּל־לָשוֹן: Т לפניד יהוה אַלהַינוּ יכרעוּ ויִפֿלוּ ולִכבוֹד שָׁמָד יָקָר יְהָגוּ וִיקַבּלוּ כלם את על מלכותד ותמלד עליהם מהרה לעולם וער: כי המלכות שלף היא ולעולמי עד תמלך בכבוד בַכָּתוּב בַתוֹרַתָּד: Т יהוה ימלך לעלם ועד: ונאמר: והיה יהוה למלך על כל הארץ ביום ההוא יהיה יהוה אחר ושמו אחר: Т 1 Kakatuv betorateha: Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. T Vene'emar: Vehayah adonay lemeleh al kol ha'aretz. Bayom hahu yihyeh adonay ehad ushmo ehad. T. 1 Т 1 DERASH. When senseless hatred reigns on earth and people hide their faces from one another, then heaven is forced to hide its face. But when love comes to rule the earth and people reveal their faces to one another, then T. the splendor of God will be revealed. M.B. (ADAPTED) T DERASH. It is not the seeking after God that divides but the claim to have found God and to have discovered the only proper way of obeying God T and communing with God. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) 1 יהוה...וער / THE ETERNAL ONE...forever (Exodus 15:18). Т רהיה...אחר / The Everlasting One...one (Zechariah 14:9). T Т 449 / ALEYNU In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

/423175t

INTRODUCTION TO THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

In reciting the Kaddish we affirm our awareness of holiness in our world. Much of our experience of divine goodness, grace and love has come to us through those whose lives have touched our own. (Today we remember....) We invoke the transcendent power of love and caring as we sanctify God's name.

THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796.

Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.

Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure.

Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (*On Shabbat Shuvah add:* by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.

May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen.

May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen.

NOTE. Congregations usually mention the names of congregants and their relatives who have died in the previous week before reciting the Mourner's Kaddish. In many congregations a *Yahrzeit* list is read as well. In more informal settings the leader sometimes invites those present to speak the names of those they wish to be remembered.

SHAHARIT / 450

Ι

יש יְתוֹם
It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In s congregations everyone rises.
וַיַמְלִיף אָמָה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיף
כוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכָל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּצָגָלָא וּבִזְמַן
יב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
אַ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַף לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיֶּא:
זַרַף וְיִשְׁתַּפַּח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶה
נהַלַּל שְׁמֵה דְקָדְשָׁא בְּרִי הַ הוּא
אָן כָּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא (On Shabbat Shuvah add: אְלֵאָיָא
זּבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
אַ שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:
שֶׁה שָׁלוּם בִּאֲרוֹמָיו הוּא יַצַשָּה שָׁלוּם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל
יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבַל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
<i>Reader:</i> Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma divra ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.
Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevarah le'alam ulalmey almaya
Reader: Yitbaraḥ veyishtabaḥ veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnas veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha beriḥ hu le'ēla (On Shabbat Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birḥata veshir; tushbeḥata veneḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
Yehey shelama raba min shemaya veḥayim a <u>ley</u> nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'imru amen.
Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom a <u>ley</u> nu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.
During the month of Elul, many congregations sing Ahat Sha'alti, page 832.
451 / MOURNERS' KADDISH

_

_

/423175t Job Name: --

SH	IR HAKAVOD / SONG OF GLORY
The d	ark is opened.
for My	ese melodies I sing, now weaving lines of song, only for your presence does my spirit sorely long. soul desires nothing but your hand's protective shield, know all secret paths within the mystery that is sealed.
my The	h time I speak of glory, in this world or above, heart is full of longing for your friendship and your love. erefore I only speak of you with glory-singer's tongue, orify your name with songs that those in love have sung.
8	imagine you, find names for you, yet never have known
ב	you. By hand of those who prophesied and throngs who worshipped you, you gave imagination to the glory beyond view.
ג	God's greatness now unfolding, your might beyond all needs, they found the names for telling of the power of your
Т	deeds. Denoting you with likenesses, though less than you by far, they simply have equated what you've done with who you are.
Π	Here's parable and proverb and endless visions sung,
1	and yet, beyond all imagery, behold, you are one. With age you now appear to some, to some a youngster fair,
	each person tells the whiteness or the blackness of your hair.
	SHAḤARIT / 452

שִׁיר הַכָּבוֹד
The ark is opened.
אַנִעִים זְמִירוֹת וְשִׁירִים אֵאֵרֹג כִּי אֵלֵׁידְ נַפִּשִׁי תַעַרֹג:
אַרְעִים וְכִיו ווּנ וְשִׁיוִים אָאֱוֹ ג בִּי אֵיֶיוּ בַּבְּשִׁי ווַנְצֵוּג. נַפִּשִׁי חַמְרֵה בִּצֵל יַרֵּה לָדַעַת כָּל רֵז סוּרֵּה:
נַבְשִׁי חָבְיָ ה בְּבֵּי , ֶוֶּ זְוַ עַת בְּי וָי טוּ וּי מִדֵּי דַבְּרִי בְּכָבוֹדֵׁה הוֹמֵה לִבִּי אֵל דּוֹדֵיה:
עַל כֵּן אֲדַכֵּר כְּדָ נִכְבָּדוֹת וְשִׁמְדָ אֲכַכֵּר בְּשִׁירֵי יְדִידוֹת: אתתרה ההודה ולא האומיה אהאה ארגה ולא ידיומיה:
אֲסַפְּרָה כְבוֹדְהּ וְלֹא רְאִיתִֿיהּ אֲרַמְהּ אֲכַנְּהּ וְלֹא יְדַעְתֿיהּ: בִּיַר נְבִיאֵׁיה בִּסוֹר עֵכָרֵׁיהָ הַמִּיתָ הֵדַר כִּבוֹר הוֹדֵׁהָ:
ڊِحِنْرِبَة ڊِمان کِچِنَ ۽ نَقْرَبُ نِمَنَ جِحان سَانَ». ڊِحِنْرِبَة دِنْرَشَة جِمان کِچِنَ ۽ نَقْرَبُ فِکِرْشَة:
דִּמּוּ אוֹתְהָ וְלֹא כְפִי יֶשְׁהָ וַיְשַׂוּוּהָ לְפִי מַעֲשֶׁׁיהָ: במשורות בכב מווינות בנה אחר בכל במווינית
הַמְשִׁילוּך בְּרֹב חֶזְיוֹנוֹת הַנְּךָ אֶחָד בְּכָל דִּמְיוֹנוֹת: ניבינ בב נכנב נכתרות נשייר בישרה בשורה נשירותי
עַיֶּחֶזוּ בְדּ זִקְנָה וּבַחֲרוּת וּשְׂעַר רֹאשְׁדּ בְּשִׁיבָה וְשֵׁחֲרוּת: →
CONVENTION Ship Haband attributed to the Ashkanari vistics Judah the
COMMENTARY. Shir Hakavod, attributed to the Ashkenazi pietist Judah the Hasid of Regensburg (1150-1217), is simultaneously our tradition's most
unabashedly anthropomorphic depiction of God and its most eloquent ref-
utation of a purely anthropomorphic conception of divinity. All imagery is relative, declares the poet, for it reflects only the preconceptions and
momentary passions of the tradition and the era-and yet our total fund
of imagery is precious and something to celebrate because it is ultimately the only way we mortals have to honor and glorify God. So this song is
as much a poem about the tradition as it is about God. It makes use of many key words in the Bible and the rabbinic tradition that express the
power and beauty of the divine, including: Kavod (glory, honor),
Tifarah / Tiferet (splendor, beauty), Emet (truth), Tzedek (justice), Pe'er
(glory, beauty), Kodesh (Holiness), Gedulah (greatness), Gevurah (power), Meluhah (majesty, rule), Atarah / Ateret (crown), Dodim (friendship, love)
-words that, because of their elusiveness and untranslatability, end up car-
rying us beyond imagery and beyond conventional notions of beauty. J.R.
453 / SHIR HAKAVOD/SONG OF GLORY

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

So aged when you sit as judge; but youthful when you 7 fight, 1 a warrior, with many hands, and terrors to give fright. T Here's armor of your helmet, invincibility, your outstretched arm and mighty hand insure your victory. υ The sparkling dewdrops, a head of shimmering light, your locks a darkest ebony from moisture of the night. Т You call me your reknown, for you desire me well, as you appear before me with the splendor of gazelle. 2 Crowned by the purest gold (let imagery allow), engraven there, your holy name, inscribed upon your brow. 1 Love's graciousness and honor adorn your radiance, your people are a crown to you and your magnificence. 1 D Magnificent your plaited locks, a youthful head unfurled, so absolute the blackness of your hair in ringlets curled. Now justice's abode is here, the splendor of your shrine, 3 its eminence the summit of your happiness sublime. **D** So treasured is the crown that rests within your hand, a diadem of sovereignty, a splendid royal band. **D** On you it is now borne, and with it you adorn 1 your people, now made precious with the beauty you have worn. SHAHARIT / 454 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

זִקְנָה בְּיוֹם דִּין וּבַחֲרוּת בְּיוֹם קָרָב כְּאִישׁ מִלְחָמוֹת יָדָיו לוֹ רַב: חַבַש כוֹבַע יִשוּעָה בִּרֹאשו הוּשִּׁיעָה לו יִמִינו וּוְרוֹעַ קַרָשוֹ: Т טַלְלֵי אורות ראשו נִמְלֵא קוִצוֹתֵיו רְסִיסֵי לַיְלָה: 1 יְתַפָּאָר בִּי כִי חַפַץ בִּי וְהוּא יְהְיֵה לִי לַעַטְרֵת צְבִי: 1 כָּתֵם טָהוֹר פָּז דְמוּת רֹאשׁוֹ וְחַק עַל מֵצַח כִּבוֹד שֵׁם קַרָשוֹ: 1 לחן וּלכבור צָבִי תַפָאַרָה אָמַתוֹ לוֹ עָשָׁרָה עֲטַרָה: מַחַלְפוֹת רֹאשׁוֹ כָּבִימֵי בָחוּרוֹת קָוְצוֹתֵיו הַלְהַלִים שָׁחוֹרוֹת: Т נְוָה הַצַּׁרֵק צְבִי תִפְאַרְתוֹ יַעֵלֶה נַּא עֵל רֹאש שָׁמְחַתוֹ: סָגַלַתוֹ תִּהִי בִיָדוֹ עַטֵּרֵת וּצִנִיף מְלוּכָה צִבִי תִפְאֵרֵת: - צַמוּסִים נִשָּאַם עַטָּרֵת עַנְּדֵם מֵאַשֶּר יֵקָרוּ בִעֵינֵיו כִּבְּרֵם: 1 1 COMMENTARY. "So aged when you sit as judge, but youthful when you fight"-Biblical depictions of God turned on these two fundamental ideas, 1 inherited from the pre-biblical past. During times of instability and transition, God was seen as a youthful warrior, as in the Song of the Sea (Exodus 1 15:3). But when the permanence and continuity of divine rule was being stressed, God was "an Ancient of Days" (Daniel 7:9), the aged judge presiding over the heavenly councils. J.R. T COMMENTARY. "Your people are a crown to you ... and with it you adorn Т your people." The poem turns on this paradoxical conception. Israel (and, T by implication, the world of time and space) is both the completion of divine majesty, and the lowly servant raised up to partake of divine 1 glory. J.R. T Т 455 / SHIR HAKAVOD/SONG OF GLORY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Perfection you have given me, and in it you rejoice; 5 so near you are, approaching at the calling of my voice. Т 3 So dazzlingly crimson the redness of your cloak, as you tread forth from Edom's land, in red of sunrise 1 soaked. 1 Cords of your own tefillin you showed the humble seer, I with image of THE LAWGIVER, to Moses you drew near. Rejoicing in your people, the lowly you have raised, Т enthroned amid the melodies they offer to your praise. 1 Root principal of being, Creation's word is true, 1 and may you always seek for all who seek and study you. U So set my poems before you, my multitude of songs, I my hymn I offer up to you, my joy to you belongs. The fervor of my praises, may it crown your eminence, Л 1 like incense I devote to you with prayerful intent. This lowly servant's singing, please cherish my poor lines Т like offerings and Levite songs that rose in ancient times. My blessing shall arise to you, provider whom I trust, who brings to birth, engenders all, the mighty and the just. And with this blessing may I find a sign you are content; T please take this offering to you, enjoy its spice's scent. And may my thought be pleasing, find favor in your sight; for you alone my soul has longed, you are its chief delight. The ark is closed. Т SHAHARIT / 456 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

פּאֵרוֹ עָלַי וּפְאֵרִי עָלָיו וְקָרוֹב אֵלַי בְּקָרָאִי אֵלָיו: צַח וְאָדוֹם לְלְבוּשׁוֹ אָדם פּוּרָה בְּדֵרְכוֹ בְּבוֹאוֹ מֵאֵדוֹם: T לֵשֶׁר תִּפִּלִין הֵרִאָה לֵעָנָו תִּמוּנַת יהוה לְנֵגֵר עֵינַיו: Т רוֹצֶה בְּעַמּוֹ עֲנָוִים יְפָאֵר יוֹשֵׁב תְּהִלוֹת בָּם לְהִתְפָּאֵר: Т L ראש דְּבָרְהָ אֱמֵת קוֹרֵא מֵראש דּוֹר וָדוֹר עַם דּוֹרֵשָׁהָ דִּרשׁ: T שִׁית הֲמוֹן שִׁירֵי נָא עָלֶידְ וְרִנָּתִי תִקְרַב אֵלֵידְ: T תִהַלָּתִי תִהִי לְרֹאשְׁךּ עֵטֶׁרֶת וּתִפּלָתִי תִּכּוֹן קְטֹׁרֵת: L תִיקַר שִֿירַת רַש בּעֵינֵיה כַּשִּיר יוּשַר עַל קַרְבָּנֵיה: T בּרְכָתִי תַעֲלֶה לְרֹאש מַשְׁבִּיר מְחוֹלֵל וּמוֹלִיד צַדִּיק כַּבִּיר: Т וּבְבִרְכָתִי תְנַעֲנַע לִי רֹאש וְאוֹתָה קַח לְדָ כִּבְשָׁמִים רֹאש: T. יֵעָרַב נָא שִׁיחִי עַלֵּידְ כִּי נַפִשִי תַעַרֹג אֵלֵידָ: T The ark is closed. T T 1 1 T. I T. 1 Т T. T I L 1 Т 457 / SHIR HAKAVOD/SONG OF GLORY Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

Job Name: --

/423175t

ADON OLAM / CROWN OF ALL TIME This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. 1 1 Crown of all time, the one who reigned before all mortal shape was made, and when God's will brought forth all things then was the name supreme proclaimed. And after everything is gone, Т yet One alone, awesome, will reign. God was, and is, and will remain, in splendid balance, over all. 1 1 And God is One, no second is, none can compare, or share God's place. Without beginning, without end, 1 God's is all might and royal grace. This is my God, my help who lives, 1 refuge from pain in time of trial, my banner, and my place to fly, my cup's portion when, dry, I cry. T To God's kind hand I pledge my soul each time I sleep, again to wake, and with my soul, this body, here. YAH'S love is mine; I shall not fear. T KAVANAH. God is that aspect of reality which elicits from us the best that is in us and enables us to bear the worst that can befall us. M.M.K. Т SHAHARIT / 458 1

-	/423175t

L

Job Name:	
-----------	--

אֲרוֹן עוֹלַם בְּטֶׁרֶם כֵּל יְצִיר נִבְרָא: אַדוֹן עוֹלַם אַשֶׁר מַלַד T לְעֵת נַעֲשָׂה בְחֵפִצוֹ כֹּל אַזֵי מֵלֵך שָׁמוֹ נִקָרָא: 1 T 1 ואחרי ככלות הכל I. לבדו ימלד נורא: I והוא יהיה בתפארה: והוא היה והוא הוה להמשיל לו להחבירה: והוא אחר ואין שני T בּּלִי רֵאשִׁית בּּלִי תַכִלִית וְלוֹ הַעֹז וְהַמִּשְׁרָה: 1 1 וְהוּא אֵלִי וְחֵי גּוֹאַלִי וצור חַבְלִי בְּעֵת צְרָה: T מנת כּוֹסִי בִּיוֹם אָקָרָא: והוא נסי ומנוס לי T L בּעֵת אִישֵׁן ואָעִירָה: בידו אפקיד רוחי T L יהוה לי ולא אירא: 1 ועם רוחי גויתי L L Adon olam asher malah, beterem kol yetzir nivra. 1 Le'et na'asah veheftzo kol, azay meleh shemo nikra. 1 Ve'aharey kihlot hakol, levado yimloh nora. I Vehu hayah vehu hoveh, vehu yihyeh betifarah. Vehu ehad ve'eyn sheni, lehamshil lo lehahbirah. T Beli reshit beli tahlit, velo ha'oz vehamisrah. T Vehu eli vehay go'ali, vetzur hevli be'et tzarah. 1 Vehu nisi umanos li, menat kosi beyom ekra. Beyado afkid ruhi, be'et ishan ve'a'irah. T Ve'im ruhi geviyati, adonay li velo ira. T 1 I T 1 I 459 / CONCLUDING SONGS Т L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

Job Name: --

l	YIGDAL / GREAT IS	
	This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.	
	Great is the living God,	I
	to whom we give our praise,	Ι
	who is, and whose great being is timeless, without days,	I
	The One, to whom in oneness	I
	no one can compare,	
	invisible, in unity	
	unbounded, everywhere,	
	Who has no body's form,	 ,
	has no material dress,	1
	nor can we find the likeness of God's awesome holiness,	I
	more ancient than all things	
	brought forth in creation,	
	the first of everything that is,	I
	Beginning unbegun!	I
	Behold the supreme being,	I
	whose universal power, whose greatness and whose rule	I
	all creatures shall declare,	I
	whose flow of prophecy	I
	was granted to a few,	I
	the treasured ones who stood amid	I
	God's splendor ever new.	I
		I
		I
		I
		I
	SHAHARIT / 460	
	Similar / 700	

/423175t

Job Name: --

נִמְצָא וְאֵין עֵת אֶל מְצִיאוּתו: T יגדל אלהים חי וישתבח נַעָלָם וְגַם אֵין סוֹף לְאַחְדוּתוֹ: אֶחֶר וְאֵין יַחִיד כַּיָחוּדו 1 1 לא נַעַרוּך אַלֵיו קָרָשָׁתוֹ: אין לו דמות הגוף ואינו גוף I ראשון ואין ראשית לראשיתו: קַרְמוֹז לְכֵל דָבָר אֲשֵׁר נִבְרַא Т יוֹרָה גְרָלָתוֹ וּמֵלְכוּתוֹ: הִנּוֹ אֲרוֹן עוֹלָם וְכֵל נוֹצֵר 1 → אַנשי סגלתו ותפארתו: שפע נבואתו נתנו אל 1 T Yigdal elohim hay veyishtabah, nimtza ve'eyn et el metzi'uto. Ehad ve'eyn yahid keyihudo, nelam vegam eyn sof le'ahduto. T Eyn lo demut haguf ve'eyno guf, lo na'aroh elav kedushato. T Kadmon lehol davar asher nivra, rishon ve'eyn reyshit 1 lereyshito. Hino adon olam vehol notzar, yoreh gedulato umalhuto. Shefa nevu'ato netano el, anshey segulato vetifar-to. 1 T Т NOTE. Yigdal was written by Daniel ben Judah, a fourteenth-century poet. He based it upon Maimonides' Thirteen Articles of Faith. We have T attempted to make the closing line more acceptable to the contemporary 1 worshipper by referring to the sustenance of life, rather than resurrection of the dead, as the true testimony of God's blessing. A.G. Т T Т 461 / CONCLUDING SONGS

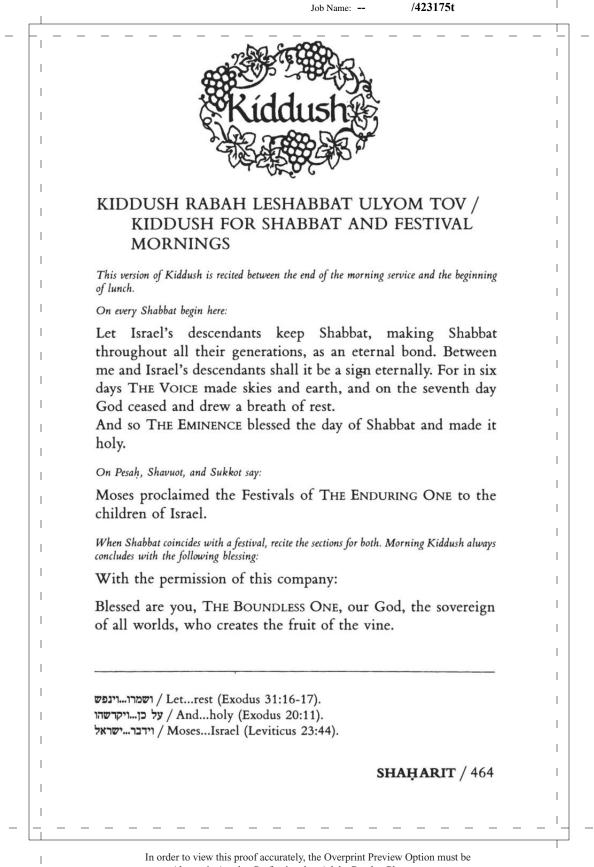
Job Name: --

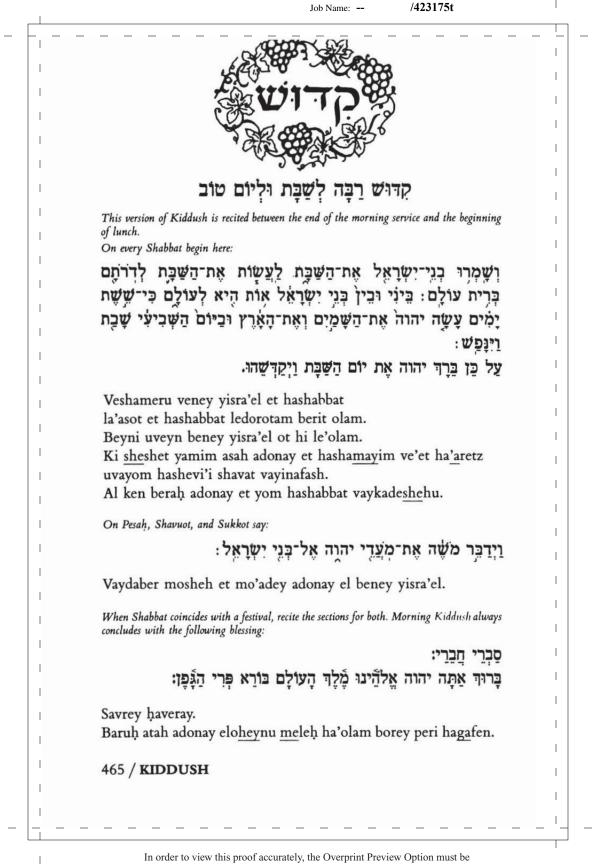
/423175t

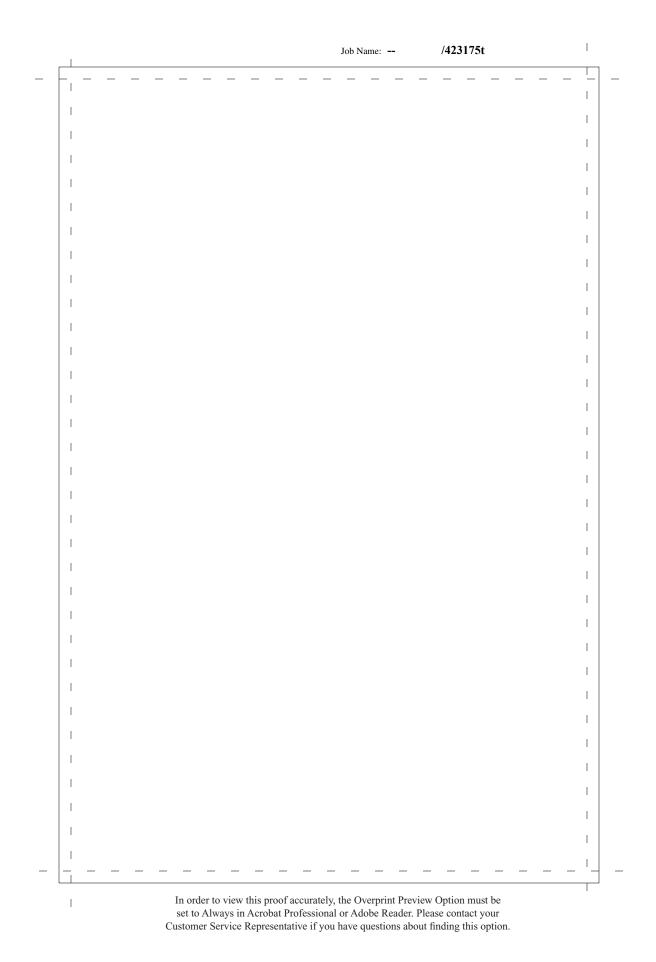
I

In Israel none arose	
as prophet like Moshe,	
a prophet who would come to see	
the "image" in the sneh.	
Torah of truth God gave	
the people Isra'el,	
by truest prophet's hand that in God's house would dwell.	
And God will never let the Torah pass away,	
its doctrine will not change,	
but through all change will stay.	
God sees and knows all things,	
and even what we hide,	
can look upon how things begin	
the end of things to find,	
Rewarding acts of love,	
when love for love we'll find,	
and paying to all wickedness	
a recompense in kind, God shall deliver all,	
upon the end of time,	
redeeming all who wait for God,	
who for salvation pine.	
God wakes all beings to life,	
abundant love shall reign,	
blessed evermore,	
the glory of God's Name!	
SHAH	ARIT / 462

נַבִיא וּמַבִּיט אָת תְמוּנַתוֹ: לא קם בּיִשָּׁרָאָל כִּמֹשֵה עוֹד תורת אמת נתן לעמו אל עַל יַד נִבִיאוֹ נֵאֵמֵן בֵּיתוֹ: T לא יחליף האל ולא ימיר דַתוֹ לְעוֹלַמִים לְזוּלַתוֹ: 1 1 מַבִּיט לְסוֹף דַּבָר בְּקַדְמַתוֹ: צופה ויודע סתרינו I. I גומל לאיש חסר כמפעלו יתן לרשע רע כרשעתו: T יִשְׁלַח לְקֵץ יָמִין גְּאָלָתוֹ לפרות מחַכֵּי קֵץ ישוּעַתו: L T ח״ים מכלכּל אל בּרֹב חסדּו ברוד עדי עד שם תהלתו: 1 L I Lo kam beyisra'el kemosheh od, navi umabit et temunato. I. Torat emet natan le'amo el, al yad nevi'o ne'eman beyto. T Lo yahalif ha'el velo yamir, dato le'olamim lezulato. I Tzofeh veyode'a setareynu, mabit lesof davar bekadmato. 1 Gomel le'ish hesed kemifalo, yiten lerasha ra kerishato. Yishlah leketz yamin ge'ulato, lifdot mehakey ketz yeshu'ato. Hayim mehalkel el berov hasdo, baruh adey ad shem tehilato. T 1 T T 1 1 Т T 1 T 1 1 I 463 / CONCLUDING SONGS Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I









Job Name:	
-----------	--

/423175t

MINHAH

Т

1

1

1

T

1

Т

Happy are they who dwell within your house, may they continue to give praise to you. Happy is the people for whom life is thus, happy is the people with THE EVERLASTING for its God! A Psalm of David N All exaltation do I raise to you, my sovereign God, and I give blessing to your name, forever and eternally. Blessings do I offer you each day, ב I hail your name, forever and eternally. Great is THE ETERNAL, to be praised emphatically, J because God's greatness has no measure. Declaring praises for your deeds one era to the next, people describe your mighty acts. T Heaven's glorious splendor is my song, words of your miracles I eagerly pour forth. 1 Wondrous are your powers-people tell of them, and your magnificence do I recount. Signs of your abundant goodness they express, Т and in your justice they rejoice. How gracious and how merciful is THE ABUNDANT ONE, Π slow to anger, great in love. υ To all God's creatures goodness flows, on all creation, divine love. Your creatures all give thanks to you, your fervent ones bless you emphatically. אשרי...סלה / Happy...you (Psalm 74:5). אשרי...אלהיו / Happy...God (Psalm 144:15). SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 468

עוד יהללוה סלה: Т העם שיהוה אלהיו: שככה לו העם 1 אשרי תִּהְלֵה לְדוֹד 1 אַכָּרְכָה שְׁמִד לְעוֹלֵם וַעֵר: ארוממה אלוהי המלה I וַאֲהַלְלֵה שִׁמְדָ לְעוֹלָם וַעֵר: בכל־יום אברכך I. נרול יהוה ומהלל מאר ולגדלתו אין חקר: Т לְדוֹר יִשְׁבַּח מַעַשִּׁיך וגבורתיק יגירו: דור 1 וִרְבְרֵי נִפְלָאֹתֵיךּ אַשֿיחה: הַדַר כִּבוֹד הוֹדַק 1 וַצַזוּז נוֹראוֹתֵיך יאמרוּ וגדלתה אספרנה: 1 וצרקתה ירננוי: זֵכֶר רַב־טוּבַך יַבּיעוּ ארך אפים וגדל חסר: חנון ורחום יהוה T וְרַחֲמָיו עַל־בָּל־מַעַשֿיו: טוב־יהוה לכּל 1 וַחֵסִידֵׁיךּ יְבָרְכֿוּכָה: → יוֹדֿוּהָ יהוה כּל־מעשֿיה Т L 1 Ashrey yoshvey veyteha od yehaleluha selah. Ashrey ha'am shekahah lo ashrey ha'am she'adonay elohav. Tehilah ledavid. T Aromimeha elohay hameleh va'avarehah shimeha le'olam va'ed. Т Behol yom avareheka va'ahalela shimeha le'olam va'ed. T Gadol adonay umhulal me'od veligdulato eyn heker. Dor ledor yeshabah ma'aseha ugvuroteha yagidu. 1 Hadar kevod hodeha vedivrey nifle'oteha asihah. Т Ve'ezuz noroteha yomeru ugduloteha asaperenah. T Zeher rav tuveha yabi'u vetzidkateha yeranenu. Hanun verahum adonay ereh apayim ugdol hased. 1 Tov adonay lakol verahamav al kol ma'asav. I Yoduḥa adonay kol ma'aseḥa veḥasideḥa yevareḥuḥah. 1 COMMENTARY. Psalm 145 is an alphabetical acrostic. The translation 1 roughly preserves the sound of the Hebrew initials of each line. The line I for the letter nun is missing from this psalm, for unknown reasons. J.R. 469 / **ASHREY** Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

/423175t Job Name: --

I		I
5	Calling out the glory of your sovereignty,	I
+ -	of your magnificence they speak,	I
<u>כ</u> ו	Letting all people know your mighty acts,	I
L .	and of your sovereignty's glory and splendor.	
<u>מ</u>	May your sovereignty last all eternities,	I
	your dominion for era after era.	Ι
0	brieng serre in mile mile	I
	GOD raises up the humble and the lame.	I
ע	1 0	I
פ	as you give sustenance in its appointed time. Providing with your open hand,	1
	you satisfy desire in all life.	
3		
-	so loving amid all the divine deeds.	I
9		
,	to all who call to God in truth.	I
_ `	Responding to the yearning of all those who fear,	
1	God hears their cry and comes to rescue them.	I
Ľ	7 Showing care to all who love God, THE ETERNAL	
	brings destruction to all evildoers.	
ר ו	The praise of THE ALL-KNOWING does my mouth declare,	
	and all flesh give blessing to God's holy name,	I
	unto eternity.	
I	Psalm 145	I
A	nd as for us, we bless the name of Yah,	
	from now until the end of time. Halleluyah!	I
		I
		I
ויה י	ואנחנוהלק / AndHalleluyah (Psalm 115:18).	
		I
I		
		I
I		I
	SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 470	I
		I
I		

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

כבוד מלכותה יאמרו וגבורתק מלכותו: וכבוד הדר להודיע לבני האדם גבורתיו 1 וּמַמִשַׁלְתָּהָ בַּכַּל־דּוֹר וַדוֹר: מַלְכוּתִדְ מַלְכוּת פַּל־עַלַמִים 1 סומד יהוה לכל-הַנֹּפְלִים וזוקף לכל־הכפופים: 1 ואַתָּה נוֹתֶדְלָהֵם אָת־אַכָלָם בָּעָתוֹ: עיני כל אליה ישברו I פּוֹתֹח אַת־יָדֵׁף ומשביע לכל־חי רצון: מעשיו: צדיק יהוה בכל־דרכיו וחסיד בּכל Т אשר יקראהו באמת: קרוב יהוה לכל־קראיו 1 נתם ישמע ויושיעם: רצון יראיו יעשה 1 שומר יהוה את-כל־אהביו ישמיד: שעים ואת 1 תְּהַלֵּת יהוה יְדַבּר פּי 10 ויברה כליבשר קד לעולם ועד: I. T מֱעַתֵּה וִעֲד־עוֹלָם הֵלְלוּיַה: ואַנָּחַנוּ נִבַרָך יָה 1 Т Kevod malhuteha yomeru ugvuroteha yedaberu. Lehodi'a livney ha'adam gevurotav uhvod hadar malhuto. 1 Malhuteha malhut kol olamim umemshalteha behol dor vador. Someh adonay lehol hanofelim vezokef lehol hakefufim. T Eyney hol eleha yesaberu ve'atah noten lahem et ohlam be'ito. T Pote'ah et yadeha umasbi'a lehol hay ratzon. 1 Tzadik adonay behol derahav vehasid behol ma'asav. 1 Karov adonay lehol korav lehol asher yikra'uhu ve'emet. Retzon yere'av ya'aseh ve'et shavatam yishma veyoshi'em. T Shomer adonay et kol ohavav ve'et kol harsha'im yashmid. T Tehilat adonay yedaber pi vivareh kol basar shem kodsho le'olam va'ed. 1 Va'anahnu nevareh yah me'atah ve'ad olam halleluyah. 1 I 471 / **ASHREY** Т

And a redeemer shall come to Zion, and to those of Jacob who return from their transgression, says THE GOD OF ISRAEL, and as for me, this shall be my covenant with them, says THE REDEEMING ONE: my spirit, which is in your midst, and my words which I have placed into your mouths shall never cease from there. nor from your seed, nor from the mouths of all born out of them, says GOD, henceforth and for eternity. And you, O God, are holy, you are enthroned amid the praises sung by Israel, as they call to one another, and declare: "Holy, holy is THE CREATOR of the Multitudes of Heaven, the world is filled to overflowing with God's glory!" And they all draw strength from one another, and declare: "Holy in the highest heavens, where God's presence dwells, holy on the earth, where all God's deeds resound, holy to eternity, through all eternities, THE CREATOR of the Multitudes of Heaven. yes, the world is overflowing with the splendor of God's light!" And a divine wind lifted me aloft; I heard a voice, speaking with great emotion: "Blessed is the glory of THE LIVING GOD, wherever God may dwell!" And the spirit lifted me; I heard behind me a great, tumultuous sound from those who sang out praises and declared: "Blessed is the precious aura of THE OMNIPRESENT, from the place where the Shehinah dwells! THE ETERNAL ONE shall reign forever, the kingdom of THE FOUNT OF LIFE shall last eternally, through all eternities!" On Festivals occurring on weekdays continue with the Festival Amidah, page 596. SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 472

וּבַא לְצִיוֹן גּוֹאֵל וּלְשָׁבֵי פַשָּׁע בְּיַעַקֹב נָאָם יהוה: וַאֲנִי זֹאת בְּרִיתִי אֹתָם אָמַר יהוה רוּחִי אֲשֶׁר עָלֵיהָ וּדְבָרַי אֲשֵׁר שַּׁמִתִי בִּפִֿיהָ לֹא יַמֿוּשוּ Т מִפּּיִד וּמִפִּי זֵרַעָד וּמִפִּי זֵׁרֵע זֵרַעָד אַמֵר יהוה מֵעַתַּה וְעַד עוּלָם: 1 וְאַתֵּה קַדוֹש יוֹשֵׁב תָּהִלּוֹת יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְקָרָא זֵה אֵל זֵה וְאָמֵר: קָדוֹש 1 קרוש קרוש יהוה צבאות מלא כל־הארץ כבורו: וּמקבּלין הֵין מן ואַמָרִין: קַדִּיש בָּשָׁמֵי מִרוֹמֵא עַלַאָה בֵּית שָׁכִינְתֵה קַדִּיש עַל עא עובר גבורתה קדיש לעלם ולעלמי עלמיא יהוה צבאות Т א כל־ארעא זיו יקרה: וַתִּשְּׁאָנִי רוּחַ וַאֲשְׁמֵע אַחַרֵי קוֹל רַעַש גַּרוֹל: בַּרוּהָ כּבוֹד יהוה ממקומו ונטלתני רוחא ושמעית בתרי קל זיע סגיא דמשבחין 1 יז: בַּרִידְ יִקָרָא דֵיהוה מֵאַתֵר בֵּיֹת שָׁכִינְתֵה: יהוה יִמְלֹדְ לְעוֹלֵם וַעָר יהוה מַלְכוּתֵה קַאֵים לְעַלֵם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָא: 1 On Festivals occurring on weekdays continue with Festival Amidah, page 597. DERASH. The covenant described in this prayer binds God to constant accessibility. Thus we have the power to make God manifest through our minds, our mouths and our shared experience. So it has been throughout our generations. In this prayer Israel enthrones God-keeps God T sovereign-through our declaration of God's holiness. The task of lighting the world with the divine splendor is one we fulfill by declaring God's praises. We thereby create the bonds that join us in holiness and make God 1 manifest in the world. It lies in the power of religious life to take ordinary individuals and join us into a holy people. This is truly a covenant-in continually making ourselves holy, we make God eternally sovereign. 1 D.A.T. T COMMENTARY. And they all draw strength ... and declare ... And a divine wind. These and the ensuing lines intersperse Hebrew and Aramaic descriptions of the same events, based on the prophetic visions of Isaiah Т 6:3, Ezekiel 3:12, and Exodus 15:18. The Aramaic paraphrases, typically, are more detailed and expansive, bordering on midrash. J.R. ובא...עולם / And...eternity (Isaiah 59:20-21). ואתה...ישראל / And you...Israel (Psalm 22:4). 1 וקרה זה ...כבורו /As they ...glory (Isaiah 6:3). 473 / UVA LETZIYON In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

/423175t HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH / THE TORAH SERVICE The ark is opened. And it happened, when the Ark began its journey, that Moses said: Arise, ASCENDANT ONE, and may your enemies be scattered, May the ones who oppose you Be afraid of your might! Behold, out of Zion emerges our Torah, and the word of THE WISE ONE from Jerusalem's heights. Blessed is God who has given us Torah, to Israel, our people, with holy intent. Blessed is the name of the ruler of the universe! Blessed is your crown and glory! May your desire be toward your people Israel always. And may you show your right hand's help to them amid the house where your holiness is found. And may you bring to us some of the goodness of your light, and receive our prayer with kindness. In no human benefactor do I place my trust, and on no lesser power do I rely-only on the God of all the heavens, who is the one true God, whose Torah is truth, and whose prophets alone are true, who is abundant in deeds of goodness In you alone I place my trust, and to your holy, precious name I call out praises. May it be your will that you open my heart through your Torah. May you fulfill the yearnings of my heart, and the hearts of all your people Israel, for goodness, for life, and for enduring peace. ויהי...מפניך / And...might (Numbers 10:35).

כי...ירושלים / Behold...heights (Isaiah 2:3).

1

Т

1

T

T

1

Т

I

Т

and truth.

SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 474

תורה Т The ark is opened. 1 בּנסֹע הארוז ויאמר משה קוּמַה יהוה וְיַפָּצוּ איבִיד וְיַנָסוּ ויהי 1 משנאיה מפניה: I ון תצא תורה ודבר יהוה מירושלים: בָּרוּך שֶׁנָתַן תּוֹרָה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאַל בַּקָּרְשָׁתוֹ: Т Vayhi binso'a ha'aron vayomer mosheh kuma adonay veyafutzu oyveha veyanusu mesaneha mipaneha. 1 Ki mitziyon tetze torah udvar adonay mirushalayim. I Baruh shenatan torah le'amo yisra'el bikdushato. T T בּרִיה שְׁמֵה דְּמֵרֵא עֵלְמֵא בִּרִיהְ כִּתְרֵהְ וְאַתְרֵהְ יְהֵא רִעוּתָהְ עָם עַמֵּהְ יִשְׁרַאֵל לְעַלֵם וּפִרְקֵן יִמִינָה אַחַוֵי לְעַמֵּה בְּבֵית מִקִּדְשָׁה וּלָאַמְטוּיֵא 1 לַנָא מְטוּב נָהוֹרֵך וּלְקַבֵּל צָלוֹתַנָא בְּרַחֵמִין: Т לַא עַל אַנַש רַחָֿיצָנָא וִלָא עַל בָּר אַלָהִין סַמַיכנָא אַלַא בָּאַלָהָא 1 רְשָׁמַיָּא דְהוּא אֵלַהֵא קשוט ואוריְתֵה קשוט וּנְבִיאוֹהִי קשוט וּמַסְגָא T למעבר טבון וקשוט: Т בֵּה אַנַא רַחֵץ וּלִשְׁמֵה קַדִּישֵׁא יַקִּירָא אַנַא אַמַר תּשִׁבָּחָן: יְהֵא רַעַוא T דתפתח לבי באוריתא ותשלים משאליו 1 צַמַּף יִשְׂרָאֵל לְטַב וּלְחַיִּין וְלִשְׁלָם: 1 Bey ana rahetz velishmey kadisha T yakira ana amar tushbehan. Yehey ra'ava kodamah detiftah libi be'orayta 1 vetashlim mishalin delibi veliba dehol amah yisra'el letav ulhayin velishlam. 1 1 475 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE 1

The leader takes out the Torah, and facing the ark, bows and says: Declare with me the greatness of THE INFINITE, together let us raise God's name. The leader carries the Torah around the room as the leader and congregation sing: To you, ETERNAL ONE, is all majesty, and might, and splendor, and eternity, and power! For everything that is, in the heavens and the earth, Т is yours, ALMIGHTY ONE, as is all sovereignty, and highest eminence above all beings. Exalt THE MIGHTY ONE, our God. Bow down before God's footstool. 1 God is holy! Exalt the name of THE INEFFABLE Bow down before God's holy mount For holy is THE AWESOME ONE, our God! The Torah is placed on the reading table and opened. The gabay says: May God help, protect, and save all who seek refuge in God's shelter, and let us say: Amen. Let everyone declare the greatness of our God, let all give honor to the Torah. May . _ arise. as first (second, third) one called up to the Torah. Blessed is the one who has given Torah to the people of Israel! Congregation and gabay continue: T And you who cling to THE ETERNAL ONE, your God, are all alive today! Т גדלו...יחרו / Declare...name (Psalm 34:4). לך...לראש / To you...beings (I Chronicles 29:1). רוממו...אלהינו / Exalt...our God (Psalm 99:5, 9). אתם...דיום / And you...today (Deuteronomy 4:4). SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 476 Т

The leader takes out the Torah, and facing the ark, bows and says: גַּדְלוּ לַיהוה אָתִי וּנָרוֹמְמֵה שָׁמוֹ יַחָדָו: Т Gadelu ladonay iti unromemah shemo yahdav. The leader carries the Torah around the room as the leader and congregation sing: לְּךָּ יהוה הַגִּדְלָה וְהַגְבוּרֵה וְהַתִּפְאָרֵת וְהַנְּצַח וְהָהוֹד כִּי כֹל בָּשְׁמִים וּבַאַרֵץ לִדּ יהוה הַמַּמְלָכָה וְהַמִּתְנַשֵּׁא לְכֹל לְרֹאש: Т רוממו יהוה אַלהֵינו וָהִשְׁתַחוו לַהֵרם רָגְלֵיו קָרוֹש הוא: רוממו יהוה אַלהינוּ וָהִשְׁתַחווּ לְהַר קַרָשוֹ כִּי קָרוֹש יהוה אַלהֿינוּ: 1 Leha adonay hagedulah vehagevurah vehatiferet vehanetzah vehahod. Ki hol bashamayim uva'ar'etz leha adonay hamamlahah vehamitnasey lehol lerosh. Romemu adonay eloheynu vehishtahavu lahadom raglav kadosh hu. Т Romemu adonay eloheynu vehishtahavu lehar kodsho ki kadosh adonay eloheynu. The Torah is placed on the reading table and opened. The gabay says: T ויצוור ויגן ויוּשיע לכל החוסים בּו ונאמר אַמן: הכל הבו גֿרל לֵאלהֵינוּ וּתִנוּ כָבוֹד לַתּוֹרָה: וַיַצַמוֹד, תַּצַמוֹד, יַצַמְדוּ 1 ַלַעַלִיָה (הַרָאשוֹנַה, הַשֶּׁנִית, הַשָּׁלִישִׁית) ____ _ בַּן/בַּת בַרוּך שַנַתַן תּוֹרָה לְעַמּוֹ יִשְׁרָאֵל בִקְרָשָׁתוֹ Congregation and gabay continue: ואתם הדבקים ביהוה אלהיכם חיים כלכם היום: Т Ve'atem hadevekim badonay eloheyhem hayim kulehem hayom. 1 477 / HOTZA'AT SEFER TORAH/THE TORAH SERVICE

Job Name:	Job Name:	
-----------	-----------	--

I I

T

/423175t

L

BIRHOT HATORAH / TORAH BLESSINGS	
Those who receive an aliyah to the Torah say the following blessing:	
Bless THE INFINITE, the blessed One!	
Congregation:	
Blessed is THE INFINITE, the blessed One, now and forever!	
The response of the congregation is repeated and the blessing continued as follows:	
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has drawn us to your service, and has given us your Torah. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who gives the Torah.	
After the section of the Torah is read, the following blessing is recited (for alternative versions, see page 397):	
Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has given us a Torah of truth, and planted in our midst eternal life. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who gives the Torah.	
The Torah is lifted, and the following is recited:	
This is the Torah. It is a Tree of Life to those who hold fast to it. Those who uphold it may be counted fortunate!	
עץמאשר / Itfortunate (Proverbs 3:18). NOTE. The Torah blessings found here are from the 1945 Reconstruction- ist Sabbath Prayerbook. Alternatives may be found on page 397.	
shabbat and festival minḥah / 478	

: /423175	t

Job Name

ברכות התורה Those who receive an aliyah to the Torah say the following blessing: בַּרַכוּ אַת יהוה הַמִבֹרָד: Congregation: בּרוּך יהוה הַמִבֹרֶךּ לְעוֹלֵם וַעֵּר: The response of the congregation is repeated, and the blessing continued, as follows: Т בּרוּדְ אתה יהוה אלהינוּ מלך העולם אשר קרבנו לעבורתו וְנַתַן־לֵנוּ אֵת־תּוֹרַתוּ: בַּרוּף אַתֵּה יהוה נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה: 1 After the section of the Torah is read, the following blessing is recited (for alternative versions, see page 397): בּרוּף אַתֵּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מַלֵף הַעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר נְֿתַן־לְנוּ תּוֹרֵת אֵמֶת וְחַיֵּי עוֹלֵם נַטַע בְּתוֹכֵֿנוּ: בַּרוּף אַתּה יהוה נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה: Barehu et adonay hamvorah Baruh adonay hamvorah le'olam va'ed. Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher kervanu la'avodato venatan lanu et torato. T Baruh atah adonay noten hatorah. Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher natan lanu torat emet vehayey olam nata betohenu Baruh atah adonay noten hatorah. The Torah is lifted and the following is recited. וזאת הַתּוֹרָה עֵץ חַיִים הִיא לַמַחַזִיקִים בַּה וִתֹמְכֿיהַ מאשר: Vezot hatorah etz hayim hi lamahazikim bah vetomheha me'ushar. 479 / BIRHOT HATORAH/TORAH BLESSINGS

ł	IAHNASAT SEFER TORAH / Returning the torah to the Ark
	et all bless the name of THE ETERNAL, or it alone is to be exalted.
P	God's splendor dwells on earth and in the heavens, God has lifted up our people's strength. raise to all God's fervent ones,
	o the children of Israel, people near to God. Ialleluyah!
T pi	he Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately ace it in the ark and continue with Etz Ḥayim Hi, page 485.
-	יהללוהללו / LetHalleluyah (Psalm 148:13-14).
	(Commerce) / Lecturalieruyari (Esanir 140.15-14).
	SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 480
_	

הַכְנָסַת סֵפֶּר תּוֹרָה
יְהַלְלוּ אֶת־שֵׁם יהוה כִּי־נִשְׂגָב שְׁמוֹ לְבַדּוֹ:
Congregation:
הוֹדוֹ עַל־אֶָׁרֶץ וְשֶׁמֻֿיִם וַיֶּׁרֶם כֻּׁרָז לְעַמּוֹ תְּהִלָּה לְכֵל־חֲסִידָיו לִבְנֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל עַם קְרוֹבוֹ הַלֲלוּיָה:
Yehalelu et shem adonay ki nisgav shemo levado. Hodo al <u>e</u> retz vesha <u>may</u> im va <u>ya</u> rem <u>ke</u> ren le'amo tehilah leḥol ḥasidav livney yisra'el am kerovo halleluyah.
The Torah is traditionally carried around the room, although some congregations immediately place it in the ark and continue with Etz Hayim Hi, page 485.
481 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK

/423175t Job Name: --

L

The world belongs to God in all its fullness,
the earth, and all who dwell on it,
for God has founded it upon the waters,
on the torrents, God established it. Who can ascend the mount of THE ETERNAL?
Who rises to the holy place of God?
The one whose hands are clean, whose heart is pure,
whose soul has not been vainly self-excusing
the one who never swore deceitfully.
That person reaps a blessing from THE ALL-KNOWING ONE,
justice from the God of help.
For many generations now,
the family of Jacob has sought your presence.
You city gates, open your bolts,
eternal gates, be lifted up,
and let the sovereign of glory come!
Who is the sovereign of glory?
THE MAGNIFICENT, so powerful and mighty! THE ETERNAL ONE, a champion in battle!
You city gates, open your bolts,
eternal gates, be lifted up,
and let the sovereign of glory come!
Who is this one, the sovereign of glory?
THE RULER of the Multitudes of Heaven,
the sovereign of glory.
Psalm 24
SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 482

לְדַוָד מִזָמוֹר ליהוה הארץ ומלואה 1 ימים יסרה הרות יכוננה: הוא על יקום במקום קרשו: עלה בהרייהוה 1 כפים ובר־לבב לא־נשא לשוא נפשו נקי 1 ולא נשבע קמרמה: שא ברכה מאת יהוה נרקה מאלהי ישעו: פניה יעקב סלה: Т זה דור דר הנָשָאוּ פּתחי עולם שערים ראשיכם ויבוא מַלַך הכּבור: יהוה עזּוּז וגבּוֹר זה מלך הכבוד 1 יהוה גּבּוֹר מלחמה: וּשָאוּ פַּתַחֵי עוֹלַם שאו שערים ראשיכם 1 ויבא מלך הכבור: יהוה צַבַאות הוא מִי הוּא זֵה מֵׁלֵך הַכָּבוֹר Т מֵלֵך הַכַּבוֹר סֵלָה: 1 Ledavid mizmor. Ladonay ha'aretz umlo'ah tevel veyoshvey vah. Ki hu al yamim yesadah ve'al neharot yehoneneha. T Mi ya'aleh behar adonay umi yakum bimkom kodsho. Т Neki hapayim uvar levav asher lo nasa lashav nafsho velo nishba 1 lemirma. Yisa verahah me'et adonay utzdakah me'elohey yisho. 1 Zeh dor dorshav mevakeshey faneha ya'akov selah. Т Se'u she'arim rasheyhem vehinasu pithey olam veyavo meleh T hakavod. Mi zeh meleh hakavod adonay izuz vegibor adonay gibor milhamah. T Se'u she'arim rasheyhem use'u pithey olam veyavo meleh hakavod. Mi hu zeh meleh hakavod adonay tzeva'ot hu meleh hakavod selah. I 483 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK Т

	1
The ark is opened and the Torah placed inside.	l
And when the Ark was set at rest, they would proclaim: Restore, ETERNAL ONE, the many thousand troops of Israel!	l I
For it is a precious teaching I have given you, my Torah: Don't abandon it!	l I
It is a Tree of Life to those that hold fast to it, all who uphold it may be counted fortunate.	
Its ways are ways of pleasantness, and all its paths are peace.	
Return us, PRECIOUS ONE, let us return! Renew'our days, as you have done of old!	
The ark is closed.	I
	I
	1
	I
	I
	I
	I
	1
	1
	I
	I
	I
SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 484	I

L

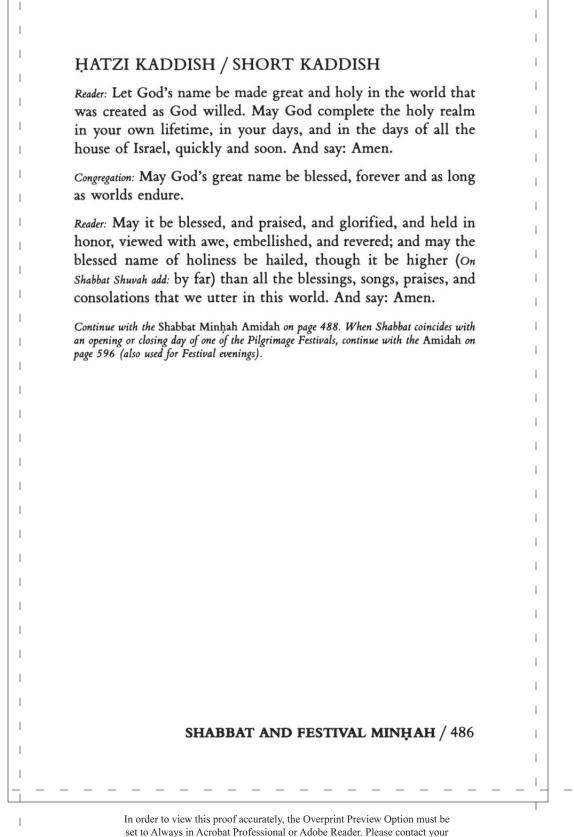
/423175t

Job Name: --

I

T

The ark is opened and the Torah placed inside.
וּבְנָחֹה יֹאמַר שוֹּבָה יהוה רִבְבוֹת אַלְפֵי יִשְׁרָאֵל:
כִּי לֵקַח טוֹב נָתַֿתִי לָכֵם תּוֹרָתִי אַל־תַּעַזֹבוּ:
עַץ־חַיִים הִיא לַמַחַזִיקִים בָּה וִתֹמְכֵׁיהָ מָאָשָׁר:
דְּרָכֵׁיהָ דַּרְכֵי־נֿעַם וְכֵל־נְתִיבוֹתֵׁיהָ שָׁלוֹם: דְּרָכֵׁיהָ דַּרְכֵי־נֿעַם וְכֵל־נְתִיבוֹתֵׁיהָ שָׁלוֹם:
ַהַשְׁיבֵּנוּ יהוה אֵלֵיהָ וּנָשֿוּבָה חַדֵּש יָמֵינוּ כְּלֵרֵם:
Etz ḥayim hi lamaḥazikim bah vetomḥeha me'ushar.
Deraheha darhey no'am vehol netivoteha shalom.
Hashi <u>ve</u> nu adonay e <u>ley</u> ḥa vena <u>shu</u> va ḥadesh ya <u>mey</u> nu kekedem.
The ark is closed.
ובנחהישראל / AndIsrael (Numbers 10:36).
ליתעובו / Forit (Proverbs 4:2).
עזייימאשר / Itfortunate (Proverbs 3:18).
דרכיהשלום / Itspeace (Proverbs 3:17). השיבנוכקרם / Returnold (Lamentations 5:21).
485 / RETURNING THE TORAH TO THE ARK



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Ι

	חער ההיזת
כִרְעוּתֵהּ וְיַמְלִידְ	יִתְגַּדַּל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא
אַל בַּעֲגָלָא וּבִזְמַז	מַלְכוּתֵהּ בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכָל בַּית יִשְׂרָ
	קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
	יְהֵא שְׁמֵהּ רַבָּא מְבָרַדְּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמֵיָא:
יִתְהַדַּר וְיִתְ עַ כָּה	יִתְבָּרָדְ וְיִשְׁתַבַּח וְיִתְפָאָר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַשָּׂא וְ
ברכתא ושירתא	וְיִתְהַלַּל שְׁמֵהּ דְּקָרְשָׁא בְּרִיךּ הוּא לְעַלָּא (לְעַלַא: habbat shuvah add: לְעַלָּא
	אַכָּזָא לְצַיָא לְצַיָא געמי מעע אין גען אין גען אין גען אין אַמָרוּ אָמַן: הַשְׁבְּחָתָא וְגָחֱמָתָא דַאֲמִירָן בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:
-	eyitkadash shemey raba
	rutey veyamlih malhutey
	omeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el n kariv ve'imru amen.
	shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey
almaya.	
	veyishtabah veyitpa'ar veyitromam vit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal
shemey dekud	
100101 (10 - 1001) - 1000 - ¹⁰	Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birḥata veshirata
tushbehata ver	neḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
	bbat Minḥah Amidah on page 489. When Shabbat coincides with ay of one of the Pilgrimage Festivals, continue with the Amidah on r Festival evenings).
487 / ӊатzi к .	ADDISH

_

_

L

Т

AMIDAH FOR SHABI The traditional Amidah follows here.	Directed meditations begin on page 725. A shor
beginning with three short steps forward	The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing d and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entr readings see pages 737-738, 747-748, 755-759.
Open my lips, BELOVED Or and let my mouth declare y	
1. AVOT VE'IMOT / A	ANCESTORS
Blessed are you, THE ANG ancestors,	CIENT ONE, our God, God of our
God of Abraham	God of Sarah
God of Isaac	God of Rebekah
God of Jacob	God of Rachel and God of Leah;
COMPARTNER Harden a	
	Prayer," is the central prayer of the worship her of reciting the <i>Tefilah</i> offer insights into
	mmunal prayer. When the <i>Tefilah</i> is recited
privately, each individual stands	(hence the name <i>Amidah</i> , "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi-
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con cates intimacy and immediacy. I	(hence the name <i>Amidah</i> , "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknow!	(hence the name <i>Amidah</i> , "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace."
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in	(hence the name <i>Amidah</i> , "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and adividual's private needs have importance
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. In communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the strue petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the <i>Amidah</i> . peliefs of different prayer comm	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and adividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean-
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the <i>Amidah</i> . peliefs of different prayer comm- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer commi- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction introduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Shi	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first beraḥah has been
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknow! The Mishnah provides the strue petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer comm- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction ntroduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Shi expanded to include the matriar	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first berahah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained cor- cates intimacy and immediacy. I communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the <i>Amidah</i> . Deliefs of different prayer comm- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction introduced into this <i>Amidah</i> , m- berahot which comprise the Sha expanded to include the matriar of God's presence in human liv- ng forces and life-sustaining ra	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and adividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first beraḥah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars es. By concentrating on examples of heal- ins, the second beraḥah acknowledges God
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer comm- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction ntroduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Shi- expanded to include the matriar of God's presence in human liv- ng forces and life-sustaining ra- us the power that sustains life.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and adividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first berahah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars es. By concentrating on examples of heal- ins, the second berahah acknowledges God The traditional emphasis on God's ability
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the strue petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer comm- ingful prayer for a Reconstruction ntroduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Sha- expanded to include the matriar of God's presence in human liv- ing forces and life-sustaining ra- as the power that sustains life.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and adividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first beraḥah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars es. By concentrating on examples of heal- ins, the second beraḥah acknowledges God
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the stru- petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer comm- ngful prayer for a Reconstruction ntroduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Shi- expanded to include the matriar of God's presence in human liv- ng forces and life-sustaining ra- us the power that sustains life.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first berahah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars es. By concentrating on examples of heal- ins, the second berahah acknowledges God The traditional emphasis on God's ability eplaced here by a celebration of God as the
privately, each individual stands addresses God in a sustained con- cates intimacy and immediacy. It communal voice: "We acknowl The Mishnah provides the strue petitions are placed. Even an in- within the communal context. Throughout the centuries the p- ed to variations in the Amidah. Deliefs of different prayer comm- ingful prayer for a Reconstruction ntroduced into this Amidah, m- berahot which comprise the Sha- expanded to include the matriar of God's presence in human liv- ing forces and life-sustaining ra- as the power that sustains life.	(hence the name Amidah, "standing") and nversational way. Calling God "you" indi- Nevertheless, the individual prays with the ledge you," "Bless us," "Grant us peace." cture within which additional prayers and ndividual's private needs have importance ursuit of meaningful communal prayer has These variations reflect the attitudes and nunities. In the ongoing pursuit of mean- onist prayer community, changes have been nost notably in the first two of the seven abbat Amidah. The first berahah has been chs along with the patriarchs as exemplars es. By concentrating on examples of heal- ins, the second berahah acknowledges God The traditional emphasis on God's ability eplaced here by a celebration of God as the

עַמִידַה
The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence.
אֲרֹנָי שְׁפָתַי הִפְהָח וּפִי יַגִּיד הְהִלְּתֶׁדּ:
אָבוֹת וְאָמּוֹת 🏹
בָּרוּף אַתַּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ
אֱלהֵי אַבְרָהָם אֱלהֵי שָׂרָה
אַלהֵי יִצָּחָק אָלהֵי רִבְקָה
אֱלהֵי יַצַקֹב אֱלהֵי רָחֵל
י נאלהי לאָה: →
Baruh atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu veylohey
avoteynu ve'imoteynu
elohey avraham elohey sarah elohey yitzhak elohey rivkah
elohey ya'akov elohey rahel
veylohey le'ah.
אדניתהלתך / Openpraise (Psalm 51:17).
COMMENTARY. A. J. Heschel has said, "The term, 'God of Abraham, Isaac,
and Jacob' is semantically different from a term such as 'the God of truth,
goodness, and beauty.' Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob do not signify ideas, principles or abstract values. Nor do they stand for teachers or thinkers,
and the term is not to be understood like that of 'the God of Kant, Hegel,
and Schelling.' Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob are not principles to be compre-
hended but lives to be continued. The life of one who joins the covenant of Abraham continues the life of Abraham, for the present is not apart
from the past. 'Abraham is still standing before God' (Genesis 18:22).
Abraham endures forever. We are Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob." In this same spirit, we are also Sarah and Rebekah, Rachel and Leah.
spirit, we are also Sarah and Rebekah, Rachel and Leah. L.W.K.
489 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, imparting deeds of kindness, begetter of all; mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors, Т bringing, with love, redemption to their children's children 1 for the sake of the divine name. (On Shabbat Shuvah, add: Remember us for life, our sovereign, who wishes us to live, Т and write us in the Book of Life, for your sake, ever-living God.) Regal One, our help, salvation, and protector: Blessed are you, KIND ONE, the shield of Abraham and the help of Sarah. 1 virat sarah. The biblical term ezer has two meanings, "rescue" (עזרת שרה and "be strong." It is commonly translated as "aid" or "help." It also has the sense of power and strength. In Deuteronomy 33:29, ezer is parallel to גאוה, majesty. Eve is described as Adam's ezer kenegdo, a power equal to him, a strength and majesty to match his. Thus magen avraham (shield of T Abraham) and ezrat sarah (help of Sarah) are parallel images of power and protection. R.S.A. KAVANAH. God is experienced as vine, helper, every time our thought of 1 God furnishes us an escape from the sense of frustration and supplies us with a feeling of permanence in the midst of universal flux. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) SHABBAT MINHAH / 490 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

הַאָל הַגָּרוֹל הַגְּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא אֵל עֵלִיוֹן גּוֹמֵל חַסָּדִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנָה הַכּּל וְזוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וְאָמּוֹת וּמֵבִיא גָאָלָה לְבְנֵי בְנֵיהֵם לְמַעָן Т שמו Т Т On Shabbat Shuvah add: (זַכַרָּנוּ לְחַיִּים מֵלֵך חַפַּץ בַחַיִּים וכַתִבָּנוּ בָּסָפֵר הַחִיִים לְמַעַנָּך אָלהִים 1 חיים:) עוזר ומושיע ומגן: ברוף אתה Т יהוה מגן אברהם ועזרת 1 שרה: -Т Ha'el hagadol hagibor vehanora el elyon gomel hasadim tovim vekoney hakol vezoher hasdey avot ve'imot umevi ge'ulah livney I veneyhem lema'an shemo be'ahavah. T (zohrenu lehayim meleh hafetz bahayim vehotvenu besefer T hahayim lema'aneha elohim hayim.) Meleh ozer umoshi'a umagen. Baruh atah adonay magen T avraham ve'ezrat sarah. T 1 Many contemporary Jews are reciting berahot / blessings in ways that reflect their theological outlooks and ethical concerns. At any place where a blessing occurs in the liturgy, the following elements can be combined T. to create alternative formulas for berahot. This can be done by selecting Т one phrase from each group to form the introductory clause. T I Baruh atah adonay Blessed are you Adonay ברוך אתה יהוה 1 Blessed are you Yah Beruhah at yah ברוכה את יה T Nevareh et Let us bless נברך את T eloheynu אלהינו our God II 1 Shehinah hashehinah השכינה I Source of Life eyn hahayim עיז החיים 1 meleh ha'olam מלך העולם Sovereign of all worlds III hey ha'olamim חי העולמים Life of all the worlds 1 I ru'ah ha'olam רוּחַ הַעוּלַם Spirit of the world 491 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т 1

Job Name: --

/423175t 2. GEVUROT / DIVINE POWER You are forever powerful, ALMIGHTY ONE, abundant in your saving acts. In summer: You send down the dew. In winter: You cause the wind to blow and rain to fall. In loyalty you sustain the living, nurturing the life of every living thing, upholding those who fall, healing the sick, freeing the captive, and remaining faithful to all life held dormant in the earth. Who can compare to you, almighty God, who can resemble you, the source of life and death, who makes salvation grow? (On Shabbat Shuvah add: Who can compare to you, source of all mercy, remembering all creatures mercifully, decreeing life!) Faithful are you in giving life to every living thing. Blessed are you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, who gives and renews life. When a minyan is present and the Amidah is chanted aloud, continue with the Kedushah, page 496. SHABBAT MINHAH / 492

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

1

1

T

1

/423175t Job Name: --גבורות לעולם ארני רב להושיע: 1 אתה גבור In summer הרוח ומוריד 1 In winter 1 מְכַלְכֵּל חֵיִים בְּחֵסֵר מְחַיֵּה כֵּל חֵי בְּרַחֲמִים רַבִּים סוֹמֵד נוֹפִלִים ורופא חולים ומתיר אסורים ומקים אמונתו לישני עפר: מי כַמוד T בּעל גבורות ומי דומה לַך מַלֵך מַמִית וּמְחַיֵה וּמַצְמִיחַ יְשוּעָה: 1 On Shabbat Shuvah add: 1 (מִי כַמוֹדָ אָב הַרַחֲמִים זוֹכֵר יִצוּרֵיו לְחַיִים בְּרַחַמִים:) 1 ונאמן אַתּה לְהַחֵיוֹת כַּל חֵי: בַּרוּך אַתּה יהוה מְחַיֵּה כֵּל חֵי: → 1 Atah gibor le'olam adonay rav lehoshi'a. In summer: Morid hatal. Т In winter: Mashiv haru'ah umorid hagashem. 1 Mehalkel hayim behesed mehayey kol hay berahamim rabim someh noflim verofey holim umatir asurim umkayem emunato lisheney afar. Mi hamoha ba'al gevurot umi domeh lah meleh T memit umhayeh umatzmi'ah yeshu'ah. T hamoha harahamim zoher yetzurav (Mi av lehayim 1 berahamim.) 1 Vene'eman atah lehahayot kol hay. Baruh atah adonay mehayey kol hay. T T When a minyan is present and the Amidah is chanted aloud, continue with the Kedushah, page 497. T 1 1 1 493 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т 1

-		
	3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM /	
	HALLOWING GOD'S NAME	
	Recited when praying silently:	
	Holy are you. Your name is holy. And all holy beings hail you each day. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God.	
	(On Shabbat Shuvah, conclude: the holy sovereign.)	
	Continue on page 498.	
	SHABBAT MINHAH / 494	
		_

/423175t Job Name: --T קָדָשַת הַשֵּׁם I. T Recited when praying silently: T אַהָּה קָרוֹש וְשִׁמְד קָרוֹש וּקְרוֹשִׁים בְּכֵל יוֹם יְהַלְלֿוּד סָּלָה: בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה הָאֵל הַקָּרוֹש: (On Shabbat Shuvah conclude: הַפָּרוֹש) T T L Continue on page 499. I 1 I T T T I T T 1 T T T T Т 495 / SHABBAT AMIDAH L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

The following is chanted when the Amidah is recited aloud. We sanctify your name throughout this world, 1 as it is sanctified in the heavens above, as it is written by your prophet: "And each celestial being calls to another, and declares: Holy, holy, holy is THE RULER of the Multitudes of Heaven! All the world is filled with divine glory!" And they are answered with a blessing: Т "Blessed is the glory of THE HOLY ONE, wherever God may dwell!" And as is written in your sacred words of psalm: "May THE ETERNAL reign forever, 1 your God, O Zion, from one generation to the next. Hallelulyah!" From one generation to the next may we declare your greatness, 1 and for all eternities may we affirm your holiness, and may your praise, our God, never be absent from our mouths, now and forever. For you are a great and holy God. Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God. (On Shabbat Shuvah, conclude: the holy sovereign.) T וקרא...כבודו / And...glory (Isaiah: 6:3). ברוך....dwell (Ezekiel 3:12). ימלך...הלליה / May...Halleluyah (Psalm 146:10). KAVANAH. Enable us, God, to behold meaning in the chaos of life about us and purpose in the chaos of life within us. Deliver us from the sense of futility in our strivings toward the light and the truth. Give us strength T to ride safely through the maelstrom of petty cares and anxieties. May we behold things in their proper proportions and see life in its wholeness and its holiness. M.M.K. SHABBAT MINHAH / 496 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

The following is chanted when the Amidah is recited aloud.
נִקַדֵשׁ אֶת שִׁמְדָּ בָּעוֹלָם כְּשֵׁם שֵׁמַּקִדִּישִׁים אוֹתוֹ בִּשְׁמֵי מֶרוֹם כַּכָּתוּב
עַל יַד נְבִיאֶֿדִּ: וְקָרָא זֶה אֶל זֶה וְאָמַר:
קַרוש קַרוש קַרוש
יהוה צְבָאוֹת מְלֹא כֵל הָאָָרֶץ כְּבוֹרוֹ:
לִעָמָתָם בֶּרוּך יֹאמֵׁרוּ:
בָּרוּה כְּבוֹד יהוה מִמְקוֹמו: וּבְדִבְרֵי קַדְשְׁהָ כָּתוּב לֵאמֹר:
ימלף יהוה לעולם אַלהַיָּה צִיוֹן לִדר וַדר הַלְלוּיָה:
לְרוֹר וָרוֹר נַגִּיד גֵּיִלֵה וּלְגֵצַח נְצָחִים קִדָשָׁתָה נַקִדִיש וִשְׁכִחַה
אַלהַינוּ מִפּינוּ לא יַמוּש לְעוּלָם וַעֵר כִּי אֵל מֵלֵך גָּרוֹל וִקָרוֹש אַתַּה: אֵלהַינוּ מִפּינוּ לא יַמוּש לְעוּלָם וַעֵר כִּי אֵל מֵלֵך גָּרוֹל וִקַרוֹש אַתַּה:
בְּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה הָאֵל הַקָּרוֹש:
On Shabbat Shuvah conclude:
(בַּרוּך אַתַה יהוה הַמֵּלֵך הַקַרוֹש:) →
Nekadesh et shimeḥa ba'olam keshem shemakdishim oto
bishmey marom kakatuv al yad nevi'eḥa: vekara zeh el zeh
ve'amar:
Kadosh kadosh kadosh adonay tzeva'ot melo hol ha'aretz
kevodo. Le'umatam baruḥ yo <u>me</u> ru: Baruḥ kevod adonay mimekomo. Uvdivrey kodsheḥa katuv
leymor: Yimloh adonay le'olam elohayih tziyon ledor vador
halleluyah.
Ledor vador nagid godleha ulnetzah netzahim
kedushateha nakdish veshivhaha elo <u>hey</u> nu mi <u>pi</u> nu lo yamush
le'olam va'ed ki el <u>me</u> leh gadol vekadosh <u>a</u> tah.
Baruḥ atah adonay ha'el hakadosh. (Baruḥ atah adonay hameleḥ hakadosh.)
(Daruș atan adona) na <u>me</u> rcș natadosni)
497 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM / THE DAY'S HOLINESS You are one. Your name is one. And who is like your people Israel, 1 a unique people on the earth? Splendor of magnificence, 1 the crown of divine help, a day of rest and holiness you gave to us, your people. T A restfulness of love and giving, a restfulness of truth and faith, a restfulness of peace and health, 1 a restfulness of calm and trust, a perfect rest, one you take pleasure in-1 so may your children recognize and know: their rest has come from you, and for their rest they sanctify your name. 1 T **SHABBAT MINHAH** / 498 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

T קִדְשֵׁת הַיּוֹם אֶחָד וְשִׁמְד אֶחָד וּמִי כְּעַמְד יִשְׁרָאֵל גּוֹי אֶחָד בָּאָֹרֵץ: תִּפְאֵׁרֵת T וַעַטַּרֵת יְשוּעַה יוֹם מִנוּחֵה וּקִרְשָּה לְעַמִּדְ נַתָּתָ: מִנוּחֵת אֲהֵבָה Т T מנוחת אמת ואמונה מנוחת שלום I שלמה שאתה רוצה בה: יַכִּירוּ בַנֵי מאתה היא מנוחה מנוחתם יקדישו את מנוחתם T L 1 1 COMMENTARY. One of the most distinguished words in the Bible is the word kadosh, a word which more than any other is representative of the T mystery and the majesty of the divine. Now what was the first holy object T in the history of the world? Was it a mountain? Was it an altar? T It is indeed a unique occasion at which the word kadosh is used for the I. first time: in the book of Genesis, at the end of the story of creation. How 1 extremely significant is the fact that it is applied to time. "And God blessed the seventh day and made it kadosh." There is no reference in the record of creation to any object in space that would be endowed with the quality 1 of kedushah, holiness. A.J.H. T Т 1 T Т 1 499 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Our God, our ancients' God, take pleasure in our rest. T Enable us to realize holiness through your mitzvot, give us our portion in your Torah, 1 let us enjoy the good things of the world, 1 and gladden us with your salvation. I Refine our hearts to serve you honestly. DEAR ONE, our God, help us to perpetuate T your holy Shabbat with love and joy. Let all Israel, 1 and all who treat your name as holy, 1 rest upon this day. Blessed are you, SACRED ONE, I source of the holiness of Shabbat. T T Т 1 1 SHABBAT MINHAH / 500 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתֵינוּ וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ רְצָה בְמְנוּחַתֵּנוּ קַדְשָׁנוּ בְּמִצוֹתֵיך וְתֵן חֵלְקַנוּ בִּתוֹרֵתֵה שַבִּעֵנוּ מִטוּבָּה וְשַמְחֵנוּ בִּישוּעָתֵה וְטַהֵר לְבֵּנוּ T לעבדה באמת: והנחילנו יהוה אַלהינו באַהַבה וברצון שַבָּת קַדשָּהי 1 שַׁמֵּד: בַּרוּד אַתַּה יהוה מִקַדָש ישראל בה כל ויבוחו מקדשי 1 השבת: ---I Eloheynu veylohey avoteynu ve'imoteynu T retzey vimnuhatenu. Kadeshenu bemitzvoteha 1 veten helkenu betorateha. 1 Sabe'enu mituveha T vesamehenu bishu'ateha vetaher libenu le'ovdeha be'emet. T Vehanhilenu adonay eloheynu I be'ahavah uvratzon shabbat kodsheha 1 veyanuhu vah kol yisra'el mekadeshey shemeha. Baruh atah adonay mekadesh hashabbat. 1 1 T Т 1 1 1 T Т 501 / SHABBAT AMIDAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

Job Name: --

- -

/423175t

_

_

5. AVODAH / WORSHIP
Take pleasure, GRACIOUS ONE, our God, in Israel, your people; lovingly accept their fervent prayer.
May Israel's worship always be acceptable to you.
(When Shabbat coincides with Rosh Hodesh or a Festival, add: Our God, our ancients' God,
may our prayer arise and come to you,
and be beheld, and be acceptable.
Let it be heard, acted upon, remembered —the memory of us and all our needs,
the memory of our ancestors,
the memory of messianic hopes,
the memory of Jerusalem your holy city, and the memory of all your kin, the house of Israel,
all surviving in your presence.
Act for goodness and grace, for love and care, for life, well-being, and peace, on this day of
On Rosh Hodesh: the new moon. On Pesah: the festival of matzot.
On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot.
ארכרון ימות משיח צרקך / the memory of messianic hopes. We assert our faith in the coming of a messianic age, a time when justice will reign and all humanity will be united in recognition of the one God. Even in our people's darkest hour, this vision of the future strengthened us as we faced both life and death. However distanced we may be from the more naive aspects of belief in the person of messiah, the vision of a transformed future remains our guide, just as we know that this vision will become reality only if our deeds reflect it. A.G.
SHABBAT MINḤAH / 502

עבורה רצה יהוה אלהינו בּעַמָּד יִשְׂרָאָל וְלָהֵב תִפּלְתם בָּאָהָבה תִקבּל בּרַצוֹן וּתִהִי לְרַצוֹן תַמִיד עַבוֹדַת יִשְׂרָאֵל עַמֵּהָ: When Shabbat coincides with Rosh Hodesh or a Festival, add: אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתֵׁינוּ ואָמּוֹתֵינוּ יַעַלָה ויִבוֹא ויַגְּיע ויִראָה ויִרצָה (אַלהַינוּ ואלהֵי אַבוֹתַינוּ וִישַמַע ויִפַּקָד ויִזַכָר זָכָרוֹנֵנוּ וּפִקָדוֹנֵנוּ ווִכָרוֹן אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ ואָמוֹתֵׁינוּ וְזַכְרוֹז יִמוֹת הַמִשְּׁיחַ וְזָכְרוֹז יִרוּשַלֵּיִם עִיר קַדְשָּׁד וְזָכָרוֹז כֵּל עַמָּד בּית יִשְּׁרָאֵל לְפָנֻֿיהָ לִפְלֵיטָה וּלְטוֹבָה לְחֵן וּלְחֶׁסֶר וּלְרַחֲמִים לְחַיִים וּלְשֵׁלוֹם בֵּיוֹם ראש החדש הזה On Rosh Hodesh: חג המצות הזה On Pesah: I. חג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזָּה On Sukkot: L דלהב תפלתם. The external mouthing of words alone cannot move us. It is the inward flame of devotion that brings our prayer close to God. Indeed, as the Hebrew phrasing vividly conveys, a passionate longing for godliness can exist among those unable to express that feeling in words. The phrase lahav tefilatam, "the flame of Israel's prayer," recalls that feeling of hitlahavut: the "in-burning" flame of passionate devotion. To attain hitlahavut in prayer is to soar with the rapturous ecstasy of divine communion, to access the infinite and be aflame with the nearness of God. A.G./M.P. 503 / SHABBAT AMIDAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

T

Т T

T

T

T

T

Т

T

T

T

1

1 1 1

T

Т

T.

1

Т

T

Т

1

Remember us this day, ALL-KNOWING ONE, our God, for goodness. T Favor us this day with blessing. Preserve us this day for life. 1 With your redeeming, nurturing word, 1 be kind and generous. Act tenderly on our behalf, 1 and grant us victory over all our trials. Truly, our eyes are turned toward you, for you are a providing God, Т gracious and merciful are you.) And may our eyes behold your homecoming, with merciful intent, to Zion. Т Blessed are you, THE FAITHFUL ONE, who brings your presence home to Zion. Т 6. HODA'AH / THANKS We give thanks to you, Т that you are THE ALL-MERCIFUL, our God, God of our ancestors, today and always. A firm, enduring source of life, a shield to us in time of trial, T you are ever there, from age to age. We acknowledge you, declare your praise, and thank you for our lives 1 entrusted to your hand, our souls placed in your care, for your miracles that greet us every day, T and for your wonders and the good things that are with us every hour, morning, noon, and night. T Good One, whose kindness never stops, Kind One, whose loving acts have never failed -always have we placed our hope in you. I SHABBAT MINHAH / 504 Т

זְכְבֵׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ בּוֹ לְטוֹבָה: וּפֵּקְתֵׁנוּ לִבְרָכָה וְהוֹשִׁיעֵׁנוּ בוֹ לְחַיִּים: וּבִדְבַר יְשׁוּעָה וְרַחֲמִים חוּס וְחֲנֵּנוּ וְרַחֵם עָלֵינוּ וְהוֹשִׁיעֵׁנוּ כִּי אֵלֶׁיִה עֵינֵׁינוּ כִּי אֵל מֶׁלֶה חַנּוּז וְרַחוּם אָׁתָּה:)

וְתֶחֱזֶׁינָה עֵינֵֿינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדָּ לְצִיּוֹז בְּרַחֲמִים: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה הַמַּחֲזִיר שָׁכִינַתוֹ לְצִיּוֹז:

הוֹדָאָה 🤅

מּוֹדִים אֲנַֿחְנוּ לָדְ שֶׁאַתָּה הוֹּא יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד צּוּר חַפִּינוּ מָגַן יִשְׁעֵׁנוּ אַתָּה הוּא לְדור וְדור: נוֹדֶה לְדָ וּנְסַפֵּר תְּהִלְּתֶׁדְ עַל חַפֵּינוּ מָגַן יִשְׁעַנוּ אַתָּה הוּא לְדור וְדור: הַפְּקוּדוֹת לְדָ וְעַל נִפְּיָה שֶׁבְּכֵל יוֹם עִמְנוּ וְעַל נִפְלְאוֹתֶׁידּ וְטוֹבוֹתֶׁידָ שֶׁבְּכֵל־עֵת עֶׁרֶב וְבַׁקֶר וְצַוְהֲלִים: הַטּוֹב כִּי לֹא כָלוּ רַחֲמֶׁידָ וְהַמְרַחֵם כִּי לֹא תַמוּ חַסַתֵּידָ מֶעוֹלֵם קָוֹּינוּ לַדְּ:→

DERASH. The insights of wonder must be constantly kept alive. Since there is a need for daily wonder, there is a need for daily worship. The sense of the "miracles which are daily with us," the sense of the "continual marvels," is the source of prayer. There is no worship, no music, no love, if we take for granted the blessings or defeats of living...The profound and perpetual awareness of the wonder of being has become a part of the religious consciousness of the Jew. A.J.H.

KAVANAH. So long as the Jewish people is linked in communion with the eternal, it can look forward to an eternal life for itself. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

KAVANAH. Gratitude is the overwhelming experience of the person of faith. Faith stimulates gratitude, and the practice of gratitude expands faith. We experience thankfulness when we know that our lives are safe within God's protection. We trust that the future is assured. We need not consume our days in fear and anxiety. We are released. We can marvel at the daily wonders. S.P.W.

505 / SHABBAT AMIDAH

Т

1

T

1

T

Т

1

_

- -

_

_ _ _ _

_

(On Hanukah add: For the miracles	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
for heroic acts, for saving deeds	
all of which you have enacted f	
at this time of year in days gon	The second se
-as in the days of Matthew, so	
Hasmonean High Priest, and M	
a wicked Hellenistic governmen	
against your people Israel, forci	
and to leave off from the laws	
And you, in your abundant mer	
stood up for Israel in their hou	
You pressed their claim, exacted	
You delivered armed might to t	
the many to the power of the f	
the wicked to the power of the	
the vicious to the power of tho	
You made known your name th	
and made it holy in your world	
And for your people Israel, you	0
as in our own time. Afterward,	
your children came into your T	
They cleared your sanctuary, pu kindled lights inside your holy	
and established these eight days	-
for giving thanks and praise to	
For these things, your name be	
and raised in honor always, sov	ereign of ours, forever.
(On Shabbat Shuvah add:	
And write down for a good life a	all the people of your covenant.)
5	
Let all of life acknowledge you	, 0
praise your name in truth, O G	
Blessed are you, THE GRACIOUS	
whose name is good, and to wh	
	SHABBAT MINHAH / 506

On Hanukah add:	
עַל הַגָּסִים וְעַל הַפָּרְקָז וְעַל הַגְּבוּרוֹת וְעַל הַתְּשוּעוֹת וְעַל הַגָּחָמוֹת)	
שֶׁעָשִיׁתָ לַאֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ פַּיָּמִים הָהֵם פַּזְמַן הַזֶּה: פִּימֵי מַתִּתְיָהוּ בֶּן יוֹחָנָן	
כּהֵן גָּרוֹל חַשְׁמוֹנַאי וּכָנָיו כְּשֶׁעָמְדָה מַלְכוּת יָוָן הָרְשָׁעָה עַל עַמְדָ	
יִשְׁרָאֵל לְהַשְׁכִּיחָם תּוֹרָעֶֿף וּלְהַצַבִירָם מֵחֻפֵּי רְצוֹגֶֿף וְאַתָּה בְּרַחֲמֶׁיף	
הָרַבִּים עָמַדְתָּ לָהֶם בְּעֵת צָרָתָם רַֿבְתָּ אֶת רִיבָם דַּנְתָּ אֶת דִּינָם מְסַרְתָ	
גִּפּוֹרִים בְּיַד חַלָּשִׁים וְרַבִּים בְּיַד מְעַטִּים וּרְשָׁעִים בְּיַד צַדִּיקִים וְזֵרִים	
בְּיַר עוֹסְמֵי תוֹרָתֶֿדּ: וּלְדּ עָשִּׁיתָ שֵׁם גָּרוֹל וְקָרוֹש בְּעוֹלָמֶׁד וּלְעַמְד	
יִשְּׁרָאֵל עָשִּׁיתָ הָשוּעָה גְּדוֹלָה וּפָּרְקָן כְּהַיּוֹם הַזֶּה: וְאָחַר כֵּן בָּאוּ	
בְנָיד לִדְבִיר בֵּיֹתֶד וּפִּנּוּ אֶת הֵיכָלֶד וְטִהֲרוּ אֶת מִקְדָּשֶׁׁד וְהִדְלִיקוּ	
נֵרוֹת בְּחַצְרוֹת קָדְשֶּׁךּ וְקָבְעוּ שְׁמוֹנַת יְמֵי חֲנָכָּה אֵׁלּוּ לְהוֹדוֹת וּלְהַלֵּל	
לְשִׁמְדּ הַגָּרוֹל:)	
וְעַל כָּלָם יִתְבָּרַהְ וְיִתְרוֹמַם שִׁמְהָ מַלְבֵּנוּ הָמִיד לְעוּלָם וָעֶר:	
(On Shabbat Shuvah add: דְרִיתֶׁד: בְרִיתֶׁד: On Shabbat Shuvah add: וּרְתֹב לְחַיִּים טוֹבִים כֵּל־בְּנֵי	
וְכֹל הַחַיִּים יוֹדֿוּהָ פֶּלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שִׁמְהָ בֶּאֲמֶת הָאֵל יְשוּעֲתֵֿנוּ	
וְעֵזְרָתֵׁנוּ סֶֿלָה: בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה הַטּוֹב שִׁמְדּ וּלְדּ נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת: →	
507 / SHABBAT AMIDAH	

_

_

_

_

7. BIRKAT HASHALOM / I	BLESSING FOR PEACE
Grant abundant peace eternally for are the sovereign source of all peac in your eyes to bless your people earth, in every time and hour, with	ce. So, may it be a good thing Israel, and all who dwell on
(On Shabbat Shuvah add: In the book proper sustenance, may we be reme all your people, the house of Isp peace.)	embered and inscribed, we and
Blessed are you, COMPASSIONATE (DNE, maker of peace.
The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing	g and taking three steps back.
את כל יושבי תבי / all who dwell on ear Amidah must conclude with a prayer for of God as the power that makes for pear who dwell on earth" proclaims that Is not for itself alone, but for all humanit how for itself alone, but for all humanit / maker of peace. This ancie in its most universal form was assigned it lays of <i>teshuvah</i> . During the year the te srael with peace." In our times, when onstant threat of global destruction, the nore universal form of the prayer throu	or peace and an acknowledgement ce. Inclusion of the words "and all rael desires the blessing of peace, y. S.S. nt version of the prayer for peace n the traditional liturgy to the ten xt read, "who blesses your people life has been transformed by the he need of the hour calls for the
CAVANAH. God is shalom, God's nam ogether by shalom.	e is shalom, everything is held ZOHAR
My God, you are <i>salam</i> peace. Peace comes from you goes back to you Let us live in peace and with peace. You are great and generous.	i. sidi sheikh muhammad al jemal
	SHABBAT MINḤAH / 508



Open my heart toward your Torah, let my spirit seek to do all that you ask of me.
Let all who bear me animosity
be brought to reconsider their ill-will.
Act for the sake of your name.
Act for the sake of your deeds.
Act for the sake of your holiness.
Act for the sake of your Torah. So that all those dear to you may find release,
let your right hand bring deliverance, and answer me.
May my words of prayer
and my heart's meditation be seen favorably,
PRECIOUS ONE, my rock, my champion.
May the one who creates harmony above
make peace for us and for all Israel,
and for all who dwell on earth.
And say: Amen.
Your righteousness endures, forever just,
your Torah, true eternally.
Your justice reaches to the highest heavens,
which you, through your great deeds, have made. Who is like you, God?
Your justness like the mighty mountain crests,
your judgments like the greatest ocean depths.
To human being and beast alike
THE FOUNT OF LIFE sends help.
Kaddish Titkabal can be found on page 624.
SHABBAT MINӉАН / 510

בר מְרְמָה וְלִמְקַלְלֵי נַפְשִׁי תִדֹם	אַלהַי נִצֹר לְשוֹנִי מֵרָע וּשְׁפָתַי מִדַ
בְּתוֹרָתֶׁרְ וּבְמִצְוֹתֶׁיךּ תִרְדֹּת נַפְשִׁי	וְנַפִּשִׁי כֶּעָפָר לַכּל תִהְיֶה: פְּתַח לִבִּי
	וְכֵל הַחוֹּשְׁבִים עָלַי רָעָה מְהַרָה הָפֵ
שֵׁה לְמַעַן קָרָשֶׁתֶֿרּ עֲשֵׁה לְמַעַן	לְמַעַן שְׁמֶֿף עֲשֵׁה לְמַעַן יְמִינֶֿף עֲ
	תּוֹרָתֶֿהּ: לְמַעַז יֵחָלְצוּן יְדִידָֿיה הוי
	אִמְרֵי פִּי וְהֶגְיוֹן לִבִּי לְפָנֻֿידִּ יהוה צ
זָרָאַל וְעַל כָּל יושְׁבֵי תֵבֵל וְאָמְרוּ	הוא יַעֲשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִי
	אָמֵז.
וְצִדְקָתְדּ אֱלֹהִים עַד מָרוֹם אֲשֶׁר	צִרְקָתְוּ צֶֿדֶק לְעוֹלָם וְתוֹרָתְוּ אֱמֶת
	עָשִּׁיתָ גְרֹלוֹת אֱלֹהִים מִי כָמוֹדָ צִיְ
	רְבָּה אָדָם וּכְהֵמָה תּוֹשְׁיעַ יהוה:
Kaddish Titkabal can be found on page 62.	5.
	meditation is based upon one of the
early prayers recorded in Talmud B The verse מינרוענגי / Some appe	eraḥot 17a. ars twice in the Bible, in Psalm 60:7
and Psalm 108:7. א היוגואלי / Maychampion (Psalm	R.S.
COMMENTARY. Act for the sake of	your name your deeds your holi-
	gs trace, in effect, the entire course of neestors of Israel knew only of God's
name and the divine promises of la	nd and posterity; then, in the Exodus
	l's deeds (literally, "right hand"), by rom slavery; later, in the days of the
desert Tabernacle, they learned of C	God's holiness and the demands placed
	ge of the Promised Land, a new gene- and on Torah from one generation to
another as a perpetual inheritance.	J.R.
NOTE: The Tzidkateḥa / Your righ of verses from Psalms: Psalm 119:1	eousness prayer is composed entirely 42; Psalm 71:19; Psalm 36:7.
511 / CONCLUDING MEDIT	ATION

ALEYNU

Т

1

1

T

1

T

We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "bend the knee." For an alternative version see page 126. For additional readings see pages 737-739, 748, 772-774, 776-777, 803-804. Choose one of the following:

It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the greatness of the author of Creation, who gave to us teachings of truth and planted eternal life within us.

3

It is up to us to offer praises to the Source of all, to declare the greatness of the author of Creation, who created heaven's heights and spread out its expanse, who laid the earth's foundation and brought forth its offspring, giving life to all its peoples, the breath of life to all who walk about.

COMMENTARY. This siddur offers several versions of the Aleynu. The first, which appeared in the 1945 Reconstructionist siddur, emphasizes that the gift of God's Torah or teaching demands our committed response. The second version, based on Isaiah 42:5 and fit into the Aleynu by Rabbi Max D. Kline, emphasizes that our obligation to God flows from our role as part of Creation. The traditional Aleynu that appears below the line has troubled Reconstructionist Jews because it implies the inferiority of other faiths and peoples.

SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 512

Job Name: /	423175t
-------------	---------

We rise for Aleynu. It is customary to bow at "korim." Choose one of the following: 1 Т עלינו לשבח לארון הכל Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol לתת גדלה ליוצר בראשית Т latet gedulah leyotzer vereyshit I. I שַנַּתַן לַנוּ תּוֹרַת אֵמֶת shenatan lanu torat emet וְחַיֵּי עוֹלָם נָטַע בּתוֹכֵֿנוּ: T vehayey olam nata betohenu. I. T L Continue on page 515. 1 1 עַלֵּינוּ לִשְּבַּחַ לַאָרון הַכּל Aleynu leshabe'ah la'adon hakol 1 לַתָּת גְּדַלָּה לִיוֹצֵר בְּרָאשִׁית latet gedulah leyotzer bereyshit T בורא השמים ונוטיהם bore hashamayim venoteyhem T roka ha'aretz vetze'etza'eyha רקע הארץ וצאצאיה 1 נשמה לעם עליה noten neshamah la'am aleyha נתן 1 ורוח להלכים בה: veru'ah laholehim bah. 1 I. Continue on page 515. T I. Т לשַבּּח לַאָרוֹן הַכּל לַתָת גְּרַלָה עלינו It is up to us to offer praises to the L Source of all, to declare the great-T בראשית שלא עשנו כגויי זיוצר ness of the author of Creation, who T הארצות ולא שַמַנוּ כִּמִשְׁפָחוֹת הַאָרַמָה has made us different from the L other nations of the earth, and situ-שַׁלֹא שַם חֵלְקָנוּ כַּהֵם וְגוֹרַלְנוּ כָּכֵל ated us in quite a different spot, and T המונם: made our daily lot another kind I. from theirs, and given us a destiny uncommon in this world. T 1 1 I 513 / ALEYNU Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

And so, we bend the knee and bow, acknowledging the sovereign who rules above all those who rule, the blessed Holy One, 1 who stretched out the heavens and founded the earth, 1 whose realm embraces heaven's heights, whose mighty presence stalks celestial ramparts. This is our God; there is none else besides, I as it is written in the Torah: "You shall know this day, and bring it home Т inside your heart, that THE SUPREME ONE is God 1 in the heavens above and on the earth below. There is no other God." 1 1 1 DERASH. Every person and people that feel they have something to live 1 for, and that are bent on living that life in righteousness, are true witnesses of God. M.M.K. 1 KAVANAH. As the hand held before the eye hides the tallest mountain, so this small earthly life hides from our gaze the vast radiance and secrets of which the world is full, and if we can take life from before our eyes, as one takes away one's hand, we will see the great radiance within the T world. M.B. (ADAPTED) וידעת...עוד / You...other God (Deuteronomy 4:39). 1 SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 514 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

הַמִּלַכִים מַלֶך מַלְכֵי ואנחנו כורעים ומשתחוים ומודים לפני הקרוש ברוך הוא: T שֶׁהוּא נוֹטֶה שְׁמַיִם וְיוֹסֵד אֶָרֶץ וּמוֹשַב יְקָרוֹ בַּשֶׁמַיִם מִמַּעַל וּשְׁכִינַת T עזּו בְּגַבְהֵי מִרוֹמִים: הוּא אֱלהֵינוּ אֵין עור: אֱמֵת מַלְבֵּנוּ אֶׁפֶס זוּלָתו Т כַּכַּתוּב בְּתוֹרַתוֹ: וְיָדַעָהַ הֵיוֹם וַהַשֶּׁבֹת אֵל לְבַבָּך כִּי יהוה הוּא I T Va'anahnu korim umishtahavim umodim lifney meleh malhey hamelahim hakadosh baruh hu. 1 Shehu noteh shamayim veyosed aretz umoshav yekaro 1 bashamayim mima'al T ush-hinat uzo begovhey meromim. Hu eloheynu eyn od. T Emet malkenu efes zulato kakatuv betorato. I Veyadata hayom vahashevota el levaveha 1 ki adonay hu ha'elohim bashamayim mima'al ve'al ha'aretz 1 mitahat eyn od. 1 T Т 1 Т 1 515 / ALEYNU Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

And so, we put our hope in you, THE EMINENCE, our God, that soon we may behold 1 the full splendor of your might, 1 and see idolatry vanish from the earth, and all material gods be swept away, and the power of your rule repair the world, and all creatures of flesh call on your name, and all the wicked of the earth turn back to you. Т Let all who dwell upon the globe perceive and know that to you each knee must bend, each tongue swear oath, and let them give the glory of your name its precious due. Let all of them take upon themselves your rule. I Reign over them, soon and for always. For this is all your realm, throughout all worlds, across all time-1 as it is written in your Torah: "THE ETERNAL ONE will reign now and forever." And it is written: THE EVERLASTING ONE will reign as sovereign over all the earth. On that day shall THE MANY-NAMED be one, T God's name be one!" 1 SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 516 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name:	 /423175t

עַל כֵּן נִקַוָּה לִדְּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ לִרָאוֹת מְהֵרָה בְּתִפְאֶׁרֶת עָזָּד לְהַעָבִיר גּלוּלים מן האָרץ והאַלִילִים כַּרוֹת יְכָּרָתוּן לְתַקּן עוֹלָם בְּמַלְכוּת Т שַׁדִּי: וְכַל בְּנֵי בַשַּׁר יְקָרָאוּ בִשְׁמֵׁהָ: לְהַפְּנוֹת אֱלֵיהָ כֵּל רְשָׁעֵי אֶׁרֵץ: Т יַפִֿירוּ וִיִדְעוּ כֵּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבָל כִּי לְהָ תִכְרַע כֵּל בְּרֵה תִשָּׁבַע כֵּל־לַשוֹן: 1 לְפַגַיק יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ יִכְרְעוּ וְיָפָּׁלוּ וְלְכָבוֹד שָׁמָד יִקָר יְהֵגוּ וִיקַבְּלוּ I. 1 כַלָּם אֶת עֹל מַלְכוּתֵּדְ וְתִמְלוֹדְ עַלֵיהֵם מְהֵרָה לְעוֹלָם וַעֵר: כִּי הַמַּלְכוּת שֵׁלָה הִיא וּלְעוֹלְמֵי עַד תִמְלֹך בְּכָבוֹד כַּכַּתוּב בַּתוֹרַתֵּה: Т יהוה יִמְלֹך לְעֹלָם וָעֵר: וְנֵאֲמֵר: וְהָיָה יהוה לְמֵּלֵך עַל כֵּל הָאָָרֵץ L T בּיּוֹם הַהוּא יִהֵיָה יהוה אֶחָר וּשָׁמוֹ אֶחָר: 1 T Kakatuv betorateha: Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. Vene'emar: Vehayah adonay lemeleh al kol ha'aretz. T Bayom hahu yihyeh adonay ehad ushmo ehad. T 1 Т יהוה...וער / THE ETERNAL ONE...forever (Exodus 15:18). 1 דהיה...אחר / THE EVERLASTING ONE...one (Zechariah 14:9). T Т 1 1 T Т 1 517 / ALEYNU Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1 set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

INTRODUCTION TO THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

In reciting the Kaddish we affirm our awareness of holiness in our world. Much of our experience of divine goodness, grace and love has come to us through those whose lives have touched our own. (Today we remember....) We invoke the transcendent power of love and caring as we sanctify God's name.

THE MOURNERS' KADDISH

1

It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises. For additional readings see pages 787-796.

Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.

Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure.

Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher (*On Shabbat Shuvah add:* by far) than all the blessings, songs, praises and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.

May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen.

May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen.

NOTE. Congregations usually mention the names of congregants and their relatives who have died in the previous week before reciting the Mourners' Kaddish. In many congregations a *Yahrzeit* list is read as well. In more informal settings the leader sometimes invites those present to speak the names of those they wish to be remembered. D.A.T.

SHABBAT AND FESTIVAL MINHAH / 518

קַדִּישׁ יָתוֹם
It is customary for mourners, and those observing Yahrzeit, to stand for Kaddish. In some congregations everyone rises.
יִתְגַדַל וְיִתְקַדַשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיהָ
מַלְכוּתֵהּ בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכֵל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעֻגָלָא וּבִזְמַן
קָרִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
יְהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַך לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא:
יִתְבָרֵה וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה
וְיִתְהַלֵּל שְׁמֵה דְּקָרְשָׁא בְּרִידְ הוּא
לְעַלָּא (לְעַלָּא: Shuvah add: מָן כָּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא (On Shabbat Shuvah add: לְעַלָּא ו
אַשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמֶתָא דַּאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז:
יְהֵא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִן שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:
עוּשֶה שָׁלום בִּמְרוֹמִיו הוּא יַצַשָּה שָׁלום עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בֶּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל
בָּל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵזָ:
<i>Reader:</i> Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma divra ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.
Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevarah le'alam ulalmey almaya. Reader: Yitbarah veyishtabah veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha berih hu le'ela (On Shabbat Shuvah add: le'ela) min kol birhata veshirata
tushbehata venehemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.
Yehey shelama raba min shemaya veḥayim aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'imru amen. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.
519 / MOURNERS' KADDISH

_

_

/423175t

1

Т

T

Т

At the end of Shabbat, a Havdalah candle is lit. A full cup of wine and spices are near at hand, and the lights are dimmed.

At the end of a festival, and at the start of Hol Hamo'ed, the candle and spices are omitted if it is not Saturday night. On a Saturday night when Sunday is a holiday, Havdalah becomes a section of the Festival Kiddush, page 626.

Elijah the prophet, come speedily to us hailing messianic days. Miriam the prophet, will dance with us at the waters of redemption.

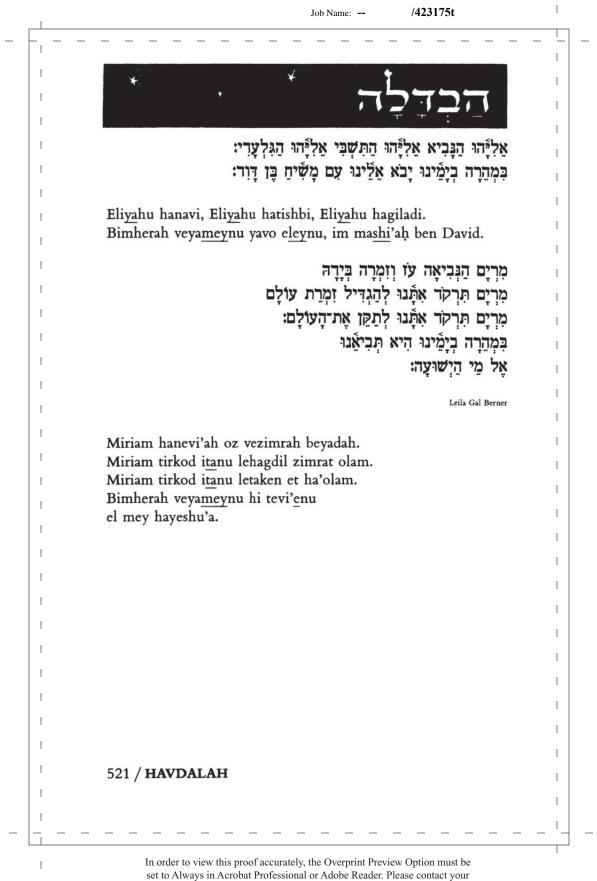
NOTE. Traditionally *Havdalah* is said after three stars appear in the sky on Saturday evening, making Shabbat about twenty-five hours long. In families that observe this tradition, younger children relish the task of finding stars.

Some sing "Eliyahu Hanavi" at the beginning of Havdalah, and some at the end. We have put it before Havdalah to set a mood of contemplation. This order builds toward the mood of jubilance expressed in "Hamavdil."

Havdalah is recited not only on Shabbat but also at the conclusion of Festivals. When Festivals end at times other than Saturday nights, Havdalah includes only two blessings—the one over wine and hamavdil. D.A.T.

COMMENTARY. As Shabbat fades, our people's centuries-old yearning for redemption is voiced through song. When we sing the traditional "Eliyahu Hanavi," we recall the saving message and leadership of Elijah the Prophet, harbinger of the messianic age. The contemporary lyrics of "Miriam Hanevi'ah" parallel the traditional, offering an inspiring leadership model. Midrash tells us that Miriam helped to bolster the Israelite women's courage in taking the risk of fleeing Egypt toward freedom. A prophet in her own right, Miriam led our people in a celebration and dance after we "took the plunge" to freedom at the Reed Sea (Exodus 15:20-21). As we strive for שיט (repair of the world) and as we pray for the coming of the messianic age, both Elijah and Miriam are inspiring prophetic figures who model leadership traits that may help to strengthen us on our journey toward redemption.

MOTZEY SHABBAT / 520



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

The wine cup is raised. Behold, my God of help, 1 in whom I trust, and tremble not. 1 Truly, my strength and melody is Yah, THE ONE, who is for me the source of help. 1 So draw, in joy, the waters I from the Fount of Help. All help belongs to You. Т Upon your people is your blessing. Let it happen! With us is THE GREAT ONE of the Multitudes of Heaven, 1 stronghold for us, the God of Jacob. Be it so! 1 O, GREAT ONE of the Multitudes of Heaven, I happy is the human being who trusts in you! T REDEEMING ONE, extend your help. Our sovereign, answer us whenever we may call. I The Jews of old had light, 1 and happiness, and joy, and love-Т may it be so for us! My Cup of Help I raise, 1 and in THE OMNIPRESENT's name I call. T Т 1 1 **MOTZEY SHABBAT / 522** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

The wine cup is raised. הנה אל ישועתי אבטח ולא אפחר כי עזי וזמרת יה יהוה ויהי לי 1 לִישוּעָה: וּשָאַבְהֵם מַיִם בִּשָשוֹן מִמַּעַיְנֵי הַיִשוּעָה: לִיהוה הַיִשוּעָה 1 על עַמָּך בְּרָכַתֶּך סֵׁלָה: יהוה צָבָאות עַמְנוּ מִשְּגָב לְנוּ אֵלהֵי יַעַקֹב 1 סַלָה: יהוה צָבַאות אַשְׁרֵי אַדָם בּטֵׁחַ בָּף: יהוה הוּשִּׁיעָה הַמֵּלֵך יַעַנַנוּ 1 ביום קראנו: ליהודים היתה אורה ושמחה וששו ויקר: כן תהיה לנו: כוס ישועות אשא וכשם יהוה אקרא: Т Hiney el yeshu'ati evtah velo efhad ki ozi vezimrat yah adonay 1 vayhi li lishu'ah. Ushavtem mayim besason mima'ayney hayshu'ah. Ladonay hayshu'ah al ameha birhateha selah. T Adonay tzeva'ot imanu misgav lanu elohey ya'akov selah. T Adonay tzeva'ot ashrey adam bote'ah bah. Adonay hoshi'ah T hameleh ya'anenu veyom korenu. Layehudim hayetah orah 1 vesimhah vesason vikar. Ken tihyeh lanu. Kos yeshu'ot esa uvshem adonay ekra. Т 1 Biblical references include Isaiah 12:2-3; Psalms 3:9, 46:12, 84:13, 20:10; T Esther 8:16; Psalm 116:13. KAVANAH. Tradition has it that the neshamah yeterah / additional soul we 1 receive at the beginning of Shabbat stays with us until Havdalah, when it departs. We do not want to lose that additional bit of soul, and therefore linger and relish the fading embers of the day. D.A.T. 1 T Т 1 523 / HAVDALAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

With the permission of this company: Blessed are you, THE BOUNDLESS ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who created the fruit of the vine. 1 1 It is the custom in some families for everyone to take a sip of the wine here. Others wait until after the final berahah / blessing. Blessed are you, REVIVER our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who creates various spices. After the blessing is said, the leader smells the spices and passes them on. Т Blessed are you, THE RADIANCE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who creates the light of fire. After reciting the blessing over fire, participants hold their hands before the candle flame so that their fingers look radiant in its light and then cast shadows on their palms. Then the 1 following blessing is said. Blessed are you, THE MANY-NAMED, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who separates between holy and ordinary, light and 1 dark, the seventh day and the six days of work. Blessed are you, THE INVISIBLE who separates the holy from the ordinary. The candle is now extinguished. Some families do this by immersing it in wine from the cup. Lights are turned on, and we continue in lively song. T COMMENTARY. While lighting candles marks both the beginning and the end of Shabbat, the Havdalah candle has a meaning different from that of the Erev Shabbat candles. Lighting this new fire signals commencement of the work week because fire is so often an instrument of labor. Every berahah / blessing must correlate to an event or action so that it is not in vain. We "use" the candlelight here to cast a shadow on our palms by lifting our curled fingers toward the light. T A time of transitions, Havdalah lends itself to comment about life cycle transitions as well. It is a wonderful place to insert parents' hopes for a bar / bat mitzvah at the transition from childhood to adolescence. Brit cer-Т emonies for new-born girls can easily be created around Havdalah. Weddings, new jobs, beginning of school and graduation are some of the occasions when people might want to add personal words to Havdalah. D.A.T. **MOTZEY SHABBAT** / 524

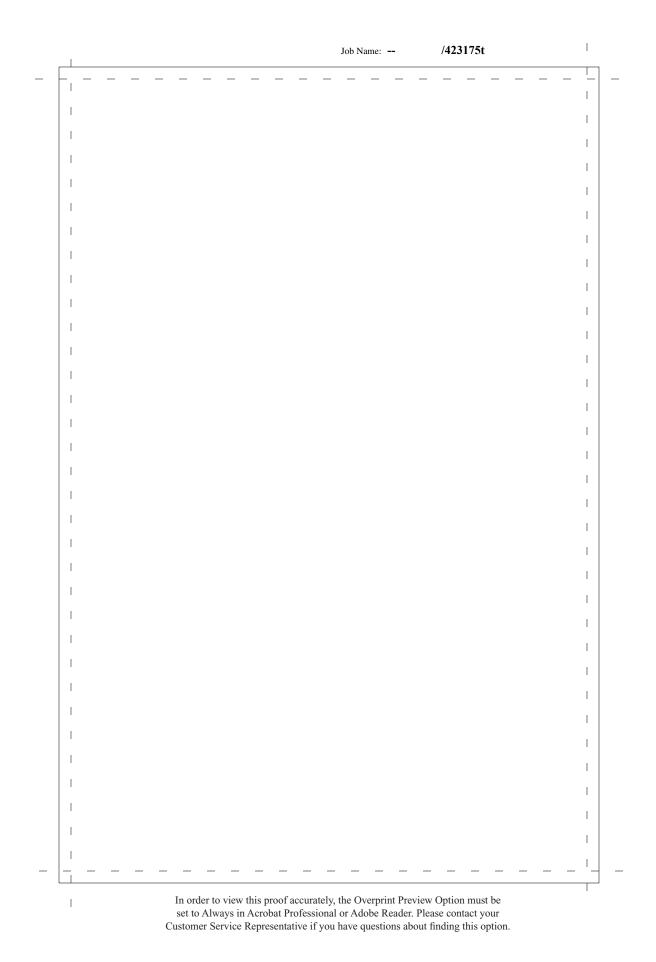
i.

_

סַבְרִי חֲבַרַי:
בְּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ מֶלֶהְ הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגְּפֶן: -
Savrey ḥaveray. Baruḥ atah adonay eloheynu meleḥ ha'olam borey peri hagafen.
It is the custom in some families for everyone to take a sip of the wine here. Others wait until after the final berahah / blessing.
בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶֿלֶך הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא מִינֵי בְשָׁמִים:
Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam borey miney vesamin.
After the blessing is said, the leader smells the spices and passes them on.
בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶֿלֶף הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא מְאוֹרֵי הָאֵשׁ:
Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam borey me'orey ha'esh.
After reciting the blessing over fire, participants hold their hands before the candle flame so that their fingers look radiant in its light and then cast shadows on their palms. Then the following blessing is said.
בַּרוּף אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵף הַעוֹלַם הַמַּבִדִּיל בֵּין לֹוֶדש לִחֹל בֵּין
אור לְחַשֶׁך בֵּין יום הַשְּׁבִיעִי לְשֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשָה: בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה
הַמַּבְדִיל בֵּין לֶדֶש לְחֹל:
Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam hamavdil beyn <u>ko</u> desh leḥol beyn or leḥosheḥ beyn yom hashevi'i le <u>she</u> shet yemey hama'aseh. Baruḥ atah adonay hamavdil beyn <u>ko</u> desh leḥol.
The candle is now extinguished. Some families do this by immersing it in wine from the cup. Lights are turned on, and we continue in lively song.
COMMENTARY. Just as we greet Shabbat with blessing, we usher it out with blessing. Candlelight and wine mark these borders. Thus we attempt to bring the flavor and insight of Shabbat into the everyday. At <i>Havdalah</i> there is the addition of spices, as if to revive our spirits flagging at the loss of Shabbat and to bear the sweet savor of Shabbat into the week. D.A.T.
525 / HAVDALAH

/423175t Job Name: --HAMAVDIL / THE ONE WHO DIVIDES This translation can be sung to the same melody as Shavu'a Tov. 1 May the one who divides 1 between holy and plain, forgive our sins, 1 and ease our pain. Posterity and plenty add to our gain, Т like seashore sands, like stars at night. The day moves on 1 like palm tree's shade, I call to God who charts the way. 1 The watchman says, "The morn has come, and soon the night, yes, soon the night." 1 Your justice strong as Mount Tabor, T My sins forgive, my faults ignore. 1 Let me be pure, like long before, My blemish fade like passing night. T NOTE. Composed by Rabbi Isaac ibn Ghayat, who lived in eleventhcentury Spain, for the conclusion of Yom Kippur, Hamavdil hails the divine Т power that allows us forgiveness, renewed vigor and redemption. A.G. אמר...לילה / The watchman...night (Isaiah 21:12). בלילה / Let...night (Psalm 90:4). 1 **MOTZEY SHABBAT / 526** Т

המב חטאתינו הוא ימחל הַמֵּבִדִּיל בֵּין לְּדֵש לְחֹל T וְכַכּוֹכַבִים בַּלְיָלָה: זרענו וכספנו ירבה כחול 1 אַקרא לַאַל עַלַי גּׂמֵר יום פּנָה כִּצֵל תֹּמֵר T אָתָא בֿקֵר וְגַם לַיִלָה: אַמַר שומר Т עַל חַטַאַי עַבֹר תַעַבֹר צַדַקַתָּהָ כָּהַר תַבוֹר ואַשְׁמוּרָה בַלַּיִלָה: כִּיוֹם אֶתְמוֹל כִּי יַצַבֹר T 1 Hamavdil beyn kodesh lehol 1 hatoteynu hu yimhol zarenu vehaspenu yarbeh kahol vehakohavim balaylah. I Yom panah ketzel tomer ekra la'el alay gomer 1 amar shomer ata voker vegam laylah. T Tzidkateha kehar tavor 1 al hata'ay avor ta'avor keyom etmol ki ya'avor T ve'ashmurah valaylah. T אבוע טוב. / Shavu'a tov. / Have a good week. T א גוטע וואך. / A gute voch. / A good week. 1 Т SHAVU'A TOV! T I בוע טוב I T 1 I 527 / HAVDALAH Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I





Job Name: --

/423175t

HADLAKAT NEROT LEHAGIM / CANDLELIGHTING FOR FESTIVALS

Candles are traditionally lit in the home. Many communities also light candles together at the beginning of the Kabbalat Hag service.

On Pesah, Shavuot and Sukkot:

1

1

Т

1

1

T

1

1

T

Т

Blessed are you, SOURCE OF LIGHT, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to kindle the (Shabbat and) festival light.

On all holidays except the conclusion of Pesah:

Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who gave us life, and kept us strong, and brought us to this time.

COMMENTARY. Since it was difficult for Babylonian Jewry to ascertain when the new moon had been sighted and the new month declared in the land of Israel, the rabbis of Babylonia were uncertain which were the correct days for observing the Festivals. To insure that the Festivals were kept on the proper days, they were lengthened to create a margin for error. Whereas in Israel Shavuot was one day, Pesah seven days, and Sukkot / Shemini Atzeret eight days, in Babylonia they became two days, eight days, and nine days. Once the dates were established by astronomical calculation and the possibility of error was eliminated, the rabbis nonetheless retained the longer holiday periods for those living outside the land of Israel to emphasize their exile. Wishing to form closer links with Israelis, hoping to strengthen holiday observance, and accepting the evolving nature of Jewish tradition, many

Jews in countries across the world have come to observe the holiday pattern of the land of Israel. This has long been the common mode among Reconstructionist congregations and havurot, a fact reflected in the structure of this prayerbook. D.A.T.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 530

2	לָדַזגינ	<u>ברות</u>	הדלקת	
On	Pesah, Shavuot and Sukkot		7	
ּנְ ר ּ	ָ קִדְּשְׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִ		בָּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ לְהַרְלִיק נֵר שֶׁל (שַׁבָּת וְ)	
			olam asher kide <u>sha</u> nu (Shabbat ve) yom tov.	
		On all holidd	nys except the conclusion of Pesah:	
בַז	נוּ וְקּיְמָנוּ וְהָגִּיעֻׁנוּ לַזְ	מָ ּלֶר הָעוּלָם שֶׁהֶח ָ	בְּרוּהָ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵֿינוּ (הַזֵּה:	
ref a b to	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative form	tlooks and ethical courgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . This	ot / blessings in ways that oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting	
ref a b to	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit	tlooks and ethical courgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . This	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting	
ref a b to	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu- e phrase from each grou Baruh atah adonay	tlooks and ethical co surgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi ap to form the intro בֶּרוּךָ אַתָּה יהוה	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting iductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay	
ref a b to one	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu- phrase from each grou Baruh atah adonay Beruhah at yah	tlooks and ethical co rurgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi up to form the intro פָרוּך אַתָּה יהוה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting oductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah	
ref a b to one I	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative form e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et	tlooks and ethical co surgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi ap to form the intro בֶּרוּךָ אַתָּה יהוה	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting iductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless	
ref a b to one	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu- e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et eloheynu	tlooks and ethical co nurgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi p to form the intro פְּרוּדָ אַתְּה יהוה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵך אֶת אֶלֹהֵינוּ	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting oductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God	
ref a b to one I	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et eloheynu hasheḥinah	tlooks and ethical co surgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi ap to form the intro בְּרוּהָ אַתָּ יָה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרַךְ אֶת אֱלְהֵׁינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting iductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Shehinah	
ref a b to one I II	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et eloheynu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim	tlooks and ethical co surgy, the following ulas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi p to form the intro בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵך אֶת אֱלֹהֵינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה עֵין הַחַיִּים	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting oductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah Source of Life	
ref a b to one I	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative form e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et elo <u>hey</u> nu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam	tlooks and ethical co nurgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi p to form the intro בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה אֶלהֵׁינו הַשְּׁכִינָה אֵל הֵינו מֵלֶך הָעוֹלָם	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting iductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Shehinah	
ref a b to one I II	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative formu e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et eloheynu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim	tlooks and ethical co surgy, the following ulas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi p to form the intro בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה נְכָרֵך אֶת אֱלֹהֵינוּ הַשְּׁכִינָה עֵין הַחַיִּים	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting ductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah Source of Life Sovereign of all worlds	
ref a b to one I II II	lect their theological ou lessing occurs in the lit create alternative forms e phrase from each grou Baruḥ atah adonay Beruḥah at yah Nevareḥ et eloheynu hasheḥinah eyn haḥayim <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam ḥey ha'olamim	tlooks and ethical co nurgy, the following alas for <i>berahot</i> . Thi p to form the intro בְּרוּכָה אַתְ יָה בְּרוֹכָה אַתְ יָה גְכָרַךְ אֶת אֶלהֵׁינוּ גַכְרָרָ אֶלהֵינוּ גַעָן הַחַיִּים מֶלֶך הָעוּלָם הַיּשְׁכִינָה הַעוּלָמִים	oncerns. At any place where elements can be combined is can be done by selecting ductory clause. Blessed are you Adonay Blessed are you Yah Let us bless our God Sheḥinah Source of Life Sovereign of all worlds Life of all the worlds Spirit of the world	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

I

_

_

KABBALAT HAG / WELCOMING THE FESTIV This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.	
How lovely are your tents, O Ya'akov,	
how fine your encampments, Yisra'el!	
And as for me, drawn by your love,	
I come into your house.	
I lay me down in a humble surrender,	
before your holy shrine in awe.	
GREAT ONE, how I love your house's site,	
adore your Glory's dwelling place.	
And as for me, I fall in prayer,	
my body I bend down,	
I greet, I bless, I bend the knee,	
before THE ONE who fashions me.	
And as for me, my prayer is for you, GENTLE ONE, may it be for you a time of desire.	
O God, in the abundance of your love,	
respond to me in truth with your help.	
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	
You shall celebrate three festivals of pilgrimage to me	
during the year:	
The Festival of Matzot you shall keep for seven days;	
as I commanded, you shall eat unleavened bread	
in the appointed month of Spring,	
for in that time you went forth out of Egypt.	
Do not appear before me empty-handed.	
The Festival of Early Harvest, for the first-fruits of your labors,	
in your seeding of the field.	
And the Festival of Gathering-In,	
at the turning of the year,	
when you shall gather in your labors from the field. Exodus	23:14-16
FESTIVAL MA'ARIV	/ 532

Job Name:		/423175t
-----------	--	----------

קבַלַת חַג מַה שֹׁבוּ אֹהַלֵּיה יַעַקֹב מִשִּׁפְנוֹתֵיה יִשְׂרָאֵל: וַאַנִי בִּרֹב חַסִדָּה אָבוֹא בַיתֵּף אֵשְׁתַחֵנה אֵל הֵיכַל קֵרְשְׁף בְּיִרְאָתֶׁף: יהוה אָתַּבְתִּי מְעוֹן בֵּיתֶּף וּמִקום מִשְׁפַן כְּבוֹדֶׂדּ וַאֲנִי אֶשְׁתַחֵוֶה וְאֶכְרָעָה אֶבְרְכָה לִפְנֵי יהוה עשי ואַנִי תִפְלַתִי לִדְ יהוה עֵת רַצוֹן אֵלהִים בְּרַב חַסְדָּדְ עַנְנִי בָּאַמֶת Mah tovu ohaleha ya'akov mishkenoteha yisra'el. Va'ani berov hasdeha avo veyteha eshtahaveh el heyhal kodsheha beyirateha. Adonay ahavti me'on beyteha umkom mishkan kevodeha. Va'ani eshtahaveh ve'ehra'ah evrehah lifney adonay osi va'ani tefilati leha adonay et ratzon elohim berov hasdeha aneni be'emet yisheha. רְגָלִים תַּחְג לְיֻ בַּשֵׁנָה: אֱת־חֵג הַמֵּצוֹת תַשָּׁמֹר שָׁבַעָת ימים צויתק למוער חדש האביב כי יבו יצאת מצות כאשר ממצרים ולא־יראו פני ריקם: וחג הקציר בכורי מעשיה אשר תזרע בשרה וחג האסף בצאת השנה באספר את מעש השרה: NOTE: The Mah Tovu prayer is composed entirely of Biblical verses: Numbers 24:5; Psalms 5:8, 95:6, 69:14. COMMENTARY. Kabbalat Hag was newly created for this siddur. Designed as the opening section during evening worship on the Pilgrimage Festivals of Pesah, Shavuot, and Sukkot, it fulfills the same function for holidays as Kabbalat Shabbat does for Friday evening. Communicating the joyous mood of the Festivals and introducing their themes is intended to add fullness to the evening service for Festivals and help to invoke their spirit. D.A.T. 533 / KABBALAT HAG

1

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

1

|

T

1

1

1

T

1

1

Т

. —	
I	
I	
I	Choose from among the following songs:
I	I lift my avec up to the hills:
I	I lift my eyes up to the hills: from where does my help come?
I	My help is from The Unseen One,
I	the maker of the heavens and the earth.
I	CNO
I	
1	Open to me, O you gateways of justice, Yes, let me come in, and give thanks unto Yah!
	This is the gateway to ONE EVERLASTING,
1	let all who are righteous come in.
1	
I	6 <b>1</b> 0
L	Behold, how fine and how pleasant
I	when families dwell together!
I.	
1	
	אשאוארץ / Iearth (Psalm 121:1-2).
	סתחובו / Openhere (Psalm 18:19-20).
	הנהיחר / Beholdtogether (Psalm 133:1-2).
1	
I	
I	
1	
1	
1	
I	
I	
I	
1	
1	DECOTINAT MANADIM / FOA
1	FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 534
1	

Job Name: --

/423175t

Choose from among the following songs: אַשא עֵינֵי אָל־הֵהָרִים Esa eynay el heharim T מאין יבוא עזרי: me'ayin yavo ezri. 1 עזרי מעם יהוה ezri me'im adonay 1 עושה שָמַים וָאָרֵץ: oseh shamayim va'aretz. I 3 Т פּתחוּ־לִי שַעַרִי־צַֿדַק Pithu li sha'arey tzedek 1 אַבֹא בַם אוֹדָה יַהּ: avo vam odeh yah. 1 זה השער ליהוה Zeh hasha'ar ladonay 1 צַדִיקִים יַבֿאו בו: tzadikim yavo'u vo. T 3 T 1 הְנָה מַה־שוֹב וּמַה־נַּעִים Hiney mah tov umah na'im שֵׁבֵת אַחִים גַּם יַחַר: shevet ahim gam yahad. Т הְנֵה מַה־שוֹב וּמַה־נַּעֵים 1 Hiney mah tov umah na'im שֶּׁכֶת אֲחָיוֹת גַּם יָֿחַר: shevet ahayot gam yahad. 1 T Т 1 1 1 T Т 1 1 535 / KABBALAT HAG Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T

Bring justice for me, God, and plead my cause against a nation without love, 1 against a person of deceit, for you are my divine stronghold. 1 Why have you abandoned me? Why do I walk about in gloom, pressed by my enemies? Send forth your light, your truth, and they shall guide me, Т they shall bring me to your holy mount, to places where your presence dwells. Yes, let me enter to the shrine of God, to the divine one, source of all my joy. 1 There shall I give thanks upon a harp, to God-my God. Why are you downcast, my soul? Why are you in a turmoil over me? Place hope in God, to whom again I shall give thanksmy help, my Presence, and my God. Psalm 43 A Song of Ascents. Hearken, all servants of GOD, let your blessings for HEAVEN resound! You who stand in GOD's House in the evenings, raise your hands toward the holy abode, and cry blessing to GOD EVERLASTING! May the CREATOR bless you from Zion, the maker of heaven and earth! Psalm 134 On Pesah, continue on the following page. On Shavuot, continue on page 542. On Sukkot, Т continue on page 546. On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah, continue on page 550. KAVANAH. Find a time when you can do with your body what Psalm 134 asks you to do: lift your hands up to God as an act of blessing. How do we bless God? By acknowledging that we are blessed. H.L. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 536

שַׁפְּטֵׁנִי אֵלהִים וָרִיבָה רִיבִי מָגוּי לא־חַסִיד מַאִיש מְרַמָה וְעַוְלָה תְפַלְטֵׁנִי: 1 כּי־אַתָּה אֱלֹהֵי מָעוּזִי לַמָה זְנַחְתַּנִי לַמַה־קֹרֵר אֵתִהַלֵּך בְּלַחֵץ אויָב: שלח־אורד ואמתד המה ינחוני 1 יביאוני אל-הר-קרשה ואל משכנותיה: ואבואה אלימובה אלהים אליאל שמחת גילי Т ואודף בכנור אלהים אלהי: מה־תשתוחחי נפשי ומהיתהמי עלי 1 הוֹחֵילִי לֵאלהִים כִּי־עוֹד אוֹדַנּוּ יְשׁוּעֹת פָּנֵי וֵאלהָי: 1 שיר המַעלות הַנָּה בַּרָכוּ אָת־יהוה כַּל־עַבָדִי יהוה T העמרים בבית־יהוה בּלִילוֹת: שָאוּ־יִדֵכֵם לְּדֵש וּבַרְכוּ אֶת־יהוה: Т יברכד יהוה מציון עשה שמים וארא: 1 On Pesah, continue on the following page. On Shavuot, continue on page 543. On Sukkot, continue on page 547. On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah, continue on page 551. T Т DERASH. All of the Pilgrimage Festivals-Pesah, Shavuot and Sukkot-contain themes of revelation and redemption, of moving from T darkness to light, from despair to hope, from despondency to joy. Psalm 43 1 which begins with a powerful sense of isolation, gloom and abandonment, shifts in mood as the psalmist begins to sense the redemptive power of the Т divine. As the psalmist experiences a rebirth of hope, the mood becomes T joyful and thankful. This psalm thus encapsulates the emotional shift we anticipate as we reencounter the three annual seasons of joy. D.A.T. 1 COMMENTARY. Moodiness, alienation, even depression are a normal part I of life to many of us. The speaker of Psalm 43 has felt totally abandoned, but offers an antidote: the belief in a higher power that hears prayer and answers. At the moment of asking the question, "Why are you downcast, 1 my soul?" the psalmist already has found an answer-hope in God. H.L. I 537 / KABBALAT HAG Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

-	
	PESAH
	Once we were slaves; now we are free.
	On this festival of freedom, we celebrate liberation's redemptive power:
	- the awakening of the earth after winter's dormancy and the
	first fragile shoots of green thrusting forth from the cold
	prison of the ground - the Hebrews' hearts awakening that led to marching out
	of slavery's shackles, and the stirrings of the human heart
	when the bells of freedom ring
	- the awakening of my own heart to how I can transform myself and my world, and the looking beyond toward a
	vision we can share—
	of liberation, of redemption, of peace.
	David A. Teutsch
	FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 538



Ι

<u>|</u>| _

	FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 540
	zen state, so do we hope that all people may leave behind the narrow places of their lives ( <i>mitzrayim</i> ) and experience the renewal of true freedom. R.S.
1	freedom during the spring season when nature bursts forth out of its fro-
	escape from Egyptian slavery. Just as the Jewish people came forth into
	of the birth of young love and the reawakening of the earth after winter's dormancy complement the account of the Jewish people's birth in the
	allegory of God's love for the people of Israel. This love is formalized in a marriage covenant at Sinai during the holiday of Shavuot. The themes
	COMMENTARY. It is customary to read <i>Shir Hashirim</i> on the holiday of Pesah. This beautiful love poetry has been traditionally understood as an
1	Continue on page 556.
	of the rams, out on a mountain cleft." Song of Songs 2:10-17
	of a gazelle, or of a young buck
	and shadows have all fled, come 'round and strike a pose, my love,
	Before the day has breathed its last
	who browses in the lotus patch.
į	"My love is mine, and I am his,
10.2	vineyard wreckers, in our fruit-filled vineyard!"
	Go catch us foxes, little foxes,
	show me your form, and let me hear your voice, for oh, how fine your form!
	in the hollow of the step's ascent,
	in the cranny of the rock,
	come out! My dove, you who are nestled
	Rise up, dear mate, my lovely one,
	The figs have livened up their hue, the vines have given forth their fruit's bouquet.
	and chortling doves are heard around our land.
	The pruning time has come,
	and blossoms have appeared upon the land.
	The rain has passed, has gone its way,
	"Rise up, dear mate, my lovely one, and come forth. Look! The chill has fled.
	My love called out to me, and said:

/423175t

עָנָה דוֹדִי וְאָמַר לֵי קוּמִי לָךָ רַעְיָתִי יָפָתָי I. וּלְכִי־לָךָ: כִּי־הַגַּה הַפְּתֶו עָבָר T הַגָּשֶׁם חָלַף הָלַךְ לוֹ: הַגִּצָּנִים נְרְאוּ כָאָרֶץ 1 עַת הַזַּמִיר הִגִּיַע וְקוֹל הַתּוֹר נִשְׁמַע בְּאַרְצֵנוּ: T. הַתְאַנָה תַנְטָה פַגִּיה I. I וְהַגְּפָנִים ו סְמָדֵר נֶתְנוּ רֵיחַ T קוּמִי לָךָ רַעְיָתֵי יָפָתִי L וּלְכִי־לְךֵ: יוֹנַתִּי T בּחַגְוֵי הַפֵּׁלַע בְּמֶתֶר הַמַּדְרֵגָה Т הַרְאָׁינִיֹ אֶת־מַרְאַיִךָ הַשְׁמִיעִינִי אֶת־קוֹלֵךָ T כּי־קוֹלֵך עַרֵב וּמַרְאֵיך נָאוֶה: T אחזוּ־לַנוּ שוּעַלִים שַעַלִים קַטַנִּים I. L מַחַבּּלִים כְּרַמִים וּכְרַמֵינוּ סְמָדֵר: 1 דּוֹדִי לִי וַאַנִי לוֹ הָרֹעֶה בַּשׁוֹשַנִים: עַד שֶׁיָפוֹחַ הַיּוֹם וְנָסוּ הַצְּלָלִים 1 סב המה-לך דודי 1 בִי או לְעַפֶר הָאַיָּלִים T י בַתָּר : 1 Ki hiney hastav avar hegeshem T halaf halah lo. T Dodi li va'ani lo haro'eh bashoshanim. T Continue on page 557. T T I T 1 Ĩ 1 541 / KABBALAT HAG: PESAH T L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Job Name: --

_

_

/423175t

Fields at harvest time. In addition, Ruth's volume Naomi, to the Jewish people and to God echoes the of the Jewish people's covenant with God at Sinai on when every Jew is a Jew by choice, Ruth's commi	tary commitment to holiday's major theme Shavuot. In our time,
COMMENTARY. It is customary to read the book of pring harvest festival, since much of the story tak	
And Ruth said: 'Do not prevail upon me to depart from you, to turn away from you —for wherever you may go, I shall go, too; wherever you may stay, I shall stay, too; your people shall be mine,	
We too seek you with trust that your light is not hidden from those who seek you with a whole hear	<b>t.</b> Chaim Stern
In every generation our people has sought y nallowed is their seeking.	ou;
Now the vision of Torah. The world at peace and growing gentler, The promise of goodness fulfilled, The loving heart, lies open to the mind.	
Now summer's prospect, the world ripening and growing softer, the promise of harvest fulfilled, the warming sun, lies before us.	
he world ripening and growing softer, he promise of harvest fulfilled,	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



I	
I	
I	
	Choose from among the following songs:
 	Israel, Torah, and the Blessed Holy One are one. Torah is light. Halleluyah!
	~~~
	Illuminate our vision with your Torah,
	and cause our hearts to cling to your mitzvot.
I	Unite our hearts to love and treat with awe your name,
I	that we may never suffer shame or know dishonor,
	that our steps may never fail., until the end of time.
I	Continue on page 556.
I	
	ישראל ואוריתא / Yisra'el ve'orayta. This song is a popular adaptation of a phrase attributed to the Zohar by the eighteenth-century Italian moralist Moshe Hayim Luzatto.
1	
I	
I	
I	
l	
I	
I	
1	
1	
1	
I	
I	
I	FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 544
1	
1	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --Choose from among the following songs: ישראל ואוריתא קדשא בריד הוא חד הוא: T תּוֹרָה אוֹרָה הַלְלוּיַה: 1 1 Yisra'el ve'orayta kudsha berih hu had hu. I Torah orah halleluyah. וְהַאֵר עֵינֵינוּ בָּתוֹרַתֶּף Veha'er eyneynu betorateha וְדַבֵּק לְבֵּנוּ בָּמִצְוֹתֵׁיך vedabek libenu bemitzvoteha 1 לבבֿנוּ לאַהַבָה ויחד veyahed levavenu le'ahavah 1 וליראה את שמק ulyirah et shemeha 1 ולא נכוש ולא נכלם velo nevosh velo nikalem T וִלֹא נְכַשֵׁל לְעוֹלֵם וַעַר: T velo nikashel le'olam va'ed. 1 Continue on page 557. Т 1 O God, Let me be willing to be a true friend. T To walk along T Without always knowing 1 The destination. Let me have enough faith 1 In your Presence To know that Т Letting go is not T Giving up-Surrender is not annihilation. 1 O God, I Help me move through the arid desert of loneliness and fear, Toward your creatures, your Creation, T Toward your outstretched arm of freedom, 1 Your protecting wing of peace. S.P.W. I 545 / KABBALAT HAG: SHAVUOT Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

1

1

Now the days grow shorter, and the warmth of summer gives way to the coolness of autumn. Soon the unfertile winter, with its fallow ground, will be with us. We are grateful for the bounty of the fall harvest—not only for its tastes and sights and smells, but also for its protection against winter's cold hunger. We celebrate the harvest's fruits for more than the pleasure they give—they recall the redemptive power in nature, the goodness of the earth, the divine presence that unifies our world and sustains our lives.

These days of the harvest festival we celebrate in *sukkot*, simple booths that remind us of our dependence on nature, on each other, and on the divine direction that speaks not only to us, but to every creature that inhabits our world. These fragile booths remind us of our need to care for our world in order to receive its bounty. In this turning of the year, we turn to each other humbled by the glory of the fruits, and rejoicing in their fullness.

As we partake of fruits that are the product of hands besides our own, we sense the outstretched hands of those who need our help. May our rejoicing in these fruits lead us to extend our helping hands.

Spread over us your shelter of peace.

David A. Teutsch

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 546



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

For everything there is a time, for every desire an opportunity, beneath the heavensa time for giving birth, a time to die, a time to plant, a time to uproot what is planted, a time to slay, a time to heal, a time to break, a time to build, a time to weep, a time to laugh, a time to mourn, a time to dance, a time for casting stones, a time to gather them, a time for embracing, and a time for holding back, a time to seek, a time to lose, 1 a time to keep, a time to throw away, a time to tear, a time to mend, a time for keeping silent, and a time to speak, 1 a time to love, a time to hate, a time for war, a time for peace. Ecclesiastes 3:1-8 Continue on page 556. COMMENTARY. Ecclesiastes is customarily read on Sukkot. Its emphasis upon the fragility and limitations of human existence makes it suited to this holiday when our vulnerability to natural forces becomes evident. As winter approaches we exchange our seemingly solid dwellings for the precariousness of temporary huts (sukkot). T The selection presented here acknowledges our human situation while providing comfort in the recognition that "a time to heal" can follow "a time to slay" and that we can, despite intervening sorrows, ultimately Т anticipate "a time of peace." Even in the harshness of winter we can foresee the return of spring as the Festival cycle continues. R.S. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 548

L /423175t Job Name: --T לַכָּל זְמָז וְצֵת לְכָל־חֵפָּץ תַּחַת הַשְּׁמֵיִם: T וצת למות צֵת לְלֶדֶת וְעֵת לַעַקוֹר נָטְוּעַ: צֵת לְטַׁעַת 1 ועת לרפוא צת להרוג L ועת לבנות: צַת לִפְרָוֹץ ועת לשחוק צַת לִבְכּוֹת T צַת סְפָוֹד וצת רקוד: L ועת כּנוס אַכָניִם עת להשליך אָבָנים L L עֵת לַחֲבוֹק ועת לרחק מחבק: T I ועת לאבר עת לבקש וצת להשליה: עת לשמור L L ועת לתפור עת לקרוע L L צת לַחַשְּוֹת ועת קדבר: L צת לאהב ועת צַת מִלְחָמָה : T. L I Continue on page 557. L I T L T. Т I 549 / KABBALAT HAG: SUKKOT L L

SHEMINI ATZERET AND SIMHAT TORAH ASHREY AYIN / CELEBRATION OF THE RAIN Happy is the eye that has beheld all this! And should our spirit not rejoice on hearing of it? Happy is the eye that has beheld the waters falling from the skies, the wind that rushes on the earth, the righteous person whispering of God who made the lightning, the people answering with words of gratitude. And should our spirit not rejoice on hearing of it? Happy is the eye that has beheld the blackness of the gathered clouds, the wind rushing about with rains of heavenly goodwill, the righteous person whispering of God who rides a chariot of clouds. "Take heart, my faithful ones, the rains are flowing in abundance!" Should our spirit not rejoice on hearing of it? Happy is the eye that has beheld the splendor of the lightning and the growl of thunder, and the righteous person whispering of God, the Rock who dwells on high, the people all assembled, sounding their pleasure like a lion at its meal. "Take heart, my faithful ones, for God has poured the rains of heavenly goodwill!" And should our spirit not rejoice on hearing of it?

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 550

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Т

-- /423175t

Job Name: --

עַצֶרֶת וִשְׂמִחַת תּוֹרַה שמיני אשרי עין Т 1 אַשָּׁרִי עַיָּזָ רָאַתָה כַּל אָלָה 1 הלא למשמע און צהלה נפשנוי 1 אשרי עין ראתה מים יורדים משחקים והרוח מרחף על פני ארקים Т וְהַצַּדִּיק מְרַחֵשׁ לָאֵל עוֹשָׂה בְרַקִים למול כַּל הַעָם אוֹמָרִים דְבַרִים מָתוּקִים 1 הַלא לִמִשְׁמַע אֹוֶן צָהֲלָה נַפְּשֵׁׁנוּ: 1 אשרי עין ראתה שחרות עבים נצבות T I. וְהַרוּחֵ מְרַחֵף בְּמֵי גֵּשֵׁם נְדַבוֹת T וְהַצַּדִּיק מְרַחֵשׁ לַאֵל רוֹכֵב עַרָבוֹת: 1 התחזקו אמונים כי זרמו מים עבות: Т הַלֹא לִמִשְׁמֵע אֹוָן צַהַלָה נַפְּשֵׁנוּ: 1 אַשָּׁרֵי עַין רַאַתָה הַדֵר בָּרָק וּרִעַמִים נוֹהִים L וְהַרוּחֵ מְרַחֵף וְכֵל הַלְבָבוֹת רוֹהִים T I. והַצַּדִיק מְרַחָש לַאָל צוּר דַר גִבֹהִים ולמול כל העם כארי על טרפו מהים: 1 התחזקו אמונים גשם נרבות הניף אלהים: 1 הלא למשמע אזן צהלה נפשנו: → 1 T I. COMMENTARY. For centuries Shemini Atzeret, "the eighth day of gather-1 ing" immediately following Sukkot, was observed for two days outside the land of Israel. The second of these two days evolved into Simhat Torah, I L which marks the end and beginning of the annual Torah reading cycle. In Т Israel, the celebration of Shemini Atzeret and Simhat Torah is now merged into a single day. Those following the holiday pattern of Israel (see Com-1 mentary on page 530) observe Simhat Torah on the eighth day. Some con-1 gregations still celebrate Simhat Torah on the ninth day. D.A.T. 551 / KABBALAT HAG: SHEMINI ATZERET/ SIMHAT TORAH Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Happy is the eye that has beheld the waters on the streets and paths, 1 the wind rushing about and nourishing all withered life, the righteous person standing with soaked head amid the rains 1 that wash away the ash and dust, and soak the hair, 1 and curl the hair in ringlets with their wealth. And should our spirit not rejoice on hearing of it? Moshe Gabay Т And all the people gathered as one person on the square before 1 Sha'ar Hamayim, and they asked Ezra the Scribe to bring the scroll of the Torah of Moses which THE ONE OF SINAI had 1 commanded Israel. And Ezra the priest brought forth the scroll before the whole community, both men and women-everyone capable of understanding what was heard-on the first day of 1 the seventh month. And they read from it upon the square 1 before Sha'ar Hamayim from daybreak until noon, in the presence of the men and women, all who understood its sense. And the ears of all the people were now concentrating on the T scroll of Torah. Nehemiah 8:1-3 1 FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 552 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



אַשְׁרֵי עַין רָאֲתָה מַיִם בְּחוּצות וּשְׁבִילִים וְהָרֹוּחַ מְרַחֵף לְדַשֵׁן בֶּל יְבוּלִים T וְהַצַּדִיק עַל רֹאשוֹ מַיִם יוֹרְדִים וְעוֹלִים Т וְזוֹרְקִים אֶת אֶפְרוֹ וְשַׁעֲרוֹתָיו טְבוּלִים Т מֵרֹב הַגְּשָׁמִים קוָצוֹתָיו תַּלְתַלִים 1 הַלֹא לִמִשְׁמַע אֹוֵן צָהַלָה נַפִּשְּׁנוּ: Т וַיָּאָסְפַּוּ כָל־הָעָם כְּאַיִש אֶחֶד אֶל־הֶרְחוֹב אֲשֶׁר לִפְנֵי שַעַר־הַמָּיִם 1 וַיֹּאמְרוֹ לְעֶזְרָא הַפּפֵׁר לְהָבִיא אֶת־סֵפֶר תּוֹרָת מֹשֶׁה אֲשֶׁר־צְוָה יהוָה T אֶת־יִשְׁרָאֵל: וַיָּבִיָא עָזְרָא הַכֹּהֵז אֶת־הַתּוֹרָה לִפְנֵי הַקָּהָל מֵאִיש T ּוְעַד־אִשָּׁה וְכָל מֵבִיָן לִשְׁמֵע בְּיָוֹם אֶחָד לַחָׂרֶש הַשְּׁבִיעִי: וַיִּקְרָא־בו Т לִפְנֵי הָרְחוֹב אֲשֶׁר לִפְנֵי שַעַר-הַפֵּׁיִם מִז־הָאוֹר עַד-מַחֲצִית הַיּוֹם נָגָר Т הָאַנָשִים וְהַנָּשִׁיָם וְהַמְבִינִיָם וְאָזְנֵי כָל־הָעָם אֶל־סֵפֶר הַתּוֹרָה: 1 T Т 1 1 Т T T 1 1 1 553 / KABBALAT HAG: SHEMINI ATZERET/ SIMHAT TORAH

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

And Nehemiah, the governor, and Ezra, priest and scribe, and the Levite commentators for the people, said: "This day is holy to THE OMNIPRESENT ONE, your God. You must neither mourn nor weep." For all the people were then weeping as they heard the Torah's words.

And they further said to them: "Go forth, and dine upon your fir est food and drink your sweetest drinks. And share your portions with whoever has nothing prepared, for today is holy to the one who watches over us. Do not be sad, for this is a joyous time to THE ETERNAL ONE, your source of strength." And the Levites comforted the people, saying: "Be calm, because this day is holy. Don't be sad." And all the people went to eat and drink, and share their portions, and to make great celebration, for they understood the words that were made known to them.

Nehemiah 8:9-12

So draw, in joy, the waters from the fount of Help.

1

1

T

1

T

COMMENTARY. המכינים את-העם / The Levite commentators for the people. Literally, "the Levites who enabled the people to understand." This provides one of our earliest descriptions of the practice of interpreting Torah publicly. Torah was almost never presented without explanation and commentary, and the venture of interpreting Torah came to be cherished as the highest expression of Jewish learning. The phrase could also mean: "The Levites who understood the people," for teachers of Torah must always know their audience.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 554

Job Name:	 /423175t

וַיאַמֶר נְחֶמְיָה הַוּא הַתִּרְשָׁתָא וְעָזְרָא הַכּהֵן הַסּפֵר וְהַלְוִים הַמְּבִינִים אַת־הָעָם לְכֵל־הָעָם הַיוֹם קִרְשִׁ־הוּא לֵיהוה אֱלֹהֵיכֶם אַל־תְתָאַבְּלָו T ואַליתִבְכָּוּ כִּי בוֹכִים כַּל־הַעָם כִּשֵׁמְעָם אֶת־דְבָרֵי הַתּוֹרָה: 1 ויאמר להם לכו אכלו משמנים ושתו ממתקים ושלחו מנות לאין 1 נַכֵּוֹן לוֹ כִּי־קָרוֹש הַיּוֹם לַאֲרֹנֵיָנוּ וְאַל־תֵּעָצֵׁבוּ כִּי־חֶדְוָת יהוָה הִיָא 1 מַעַזּכֵם: I. Т והלוים מחשים לכל־העם לאמר הסו כי היום קרש ואל־תעצבו: T כוּ כֵּל־הַעָּם לֵאֵכל וּלִשְׁתוֹת וּלִשֵׁלֵח מַנוֹת שמחה ולעשות ויל 1 גרולה כי הכינו בדברים אשר הודיעו להם: 1 Т ושאבתם מים בששון T ממעיני הישועה: 1 1 Ushavtem mayim besason mima'ayney hayshu'ah. 1 1 T אבתם...הישועה / So draw...Help (Isaiah 12:3). Т COMMENTARY. Water, which brings the soil to life, is a common symbol T of salvation. Torah, also, is pictured in Jewish tradition as a flowing fountain of living waters. In Ushavtem mayim the waters of rain and of Torah 1 join in a celebration of the sources of salvation. D.A.T. Т T 1 1 1 1 555 / KABBALAT HAG: SHEMINI ATZERET/ SIMHAT TORAH Т

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

A song of ascents. When THE REDEEMER brought about Zion's return, 1 we were like dreamers. For then our mouths were filled with song, 1 our tongues with joyous cries. 1 Then did they say among the nations, "THE GOD OF ISRAEL has done wonders for these people!" Yes, THE GOD OF ISRAEL has done wonderfully for us. Yes, we are happy now. Т Return, REDEEMER, all our captive people, like the rivers in the Negev sands. May those who sow while shedding tears, bring in their harvest with a joyous shout. 1 Now see them weeping as they walk, the seed-bag carried in their hands; 1 now hear them come with joyous song, their harvest bundles borne aloft! Psalm 126 On Shabbat, continue on the following page. On Festivals, continue on page 562. COMMENTARY. The opening verses of Psalm 126 can be translated either in past or future tense, and the ambiguity, at least in the psalm's present 1 use, is meaningful. Originally, the psalmist looked back to the time when Jews were summoned from their exile in Persia to rebuild Zion (as told in 2 Chronicles 36:22-23). But when Jews in later eras were once again dis-1 persed into other lands, the psalm became a prophecy of a future return T from exile. J.R. Т FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 556

Job Name: --

/423175t

שִׁיר הַמַּעַלות Shir hama'alot בשוב יהוה את־שִיבַת צִיוֹן beshuv adonay et shivat tziyon Т היינו כחלמים: hayinu keholmim. 1 אַז יִמֵּלֵא שַׁחוֹק פֿינוּ Az yimaley sehok pinu 1 ולשוננו רנה: ulshonenu rinah. 1 אז יאמרו בגוים Az yomeru vagoyim הגדיל יהוה לַעשות עם אָלָה: higdil adonay la'asot im eleh. T הגדיל יהוה לעשות עמנו Higdil adonay la'asot imanu 1 היינו שמחים: hayinu semehim. 1 1 שובה יהוה את־שביתנו Shuvah adonay et shevitenu כאפיקים בנגב: ka'afikim banegev. T הזרעים בּרמִעָה Hazorim bedimah ברנה יקצרו: berinah yiktzoru. Т הלוך ילך ובכה Haloh yeleh uvahoh 1 נשא משר הורע nosey mesheh hazara באייבא ברנה bo yavo verinah T נשא אלמתיו: nosey alumotav. On Shabbat, continue on the following page. On Festivals, continue on page 563. 1 1 Weeping is transformed into laughter, Т Sadness into joy, T When we turn to God. The promise is in the turning. 1 The turning up of the wrinkles around our lips and eyes, I turning around to try again, Т turning from closed to open, false to true, fearful to fearless. 1 Turning toward a wise innocence. S.P.W. 1 557 / KABBALAT HAG Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

Job Name: --

/423175t When a festival coincides with Shabbat, continue here. A psalm. A song for the day of Shabbat. It's good to offer thanks to THE CELESTIAL, to sing out to your name supreme,

to tell about your kindness in the morning, and your faithfulness at night, on ten-stringed lyre and on flute, with melodies conceived on harp, for you, GREAT ONE, elate me with your deeds, I'll sing about the actions of your hands. How great your deeds have been, SOURCE OF WONDER, your thoughts exceedingly profound. Of this the foolish person cannot know, of this the shallow cannot understand. For though the wicked multiply like weeds, and evildoers sprout up all around, it is for their destruction for all time, but you, MAJESTY, are lifted high eternally, behold your enemies, WISE ONE, behold your enemies are lost,

all evildoers shall be scattered.

1

Т

1

1

Т

You raise my horn like that of the triumphant ox; I am anointed with fresh oil. My eye shall gaze in victory on my enemies,

on all who rise against me to do harm;

my ears shall hear of their demise.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 558

When a festival coincides with Shabbat, continue here. מִזְמוֹר שִׁיר לְיוֹם הַשֵּׁבָּת: וּלְזַמֵּר לְשָׁמָדָ עֶלְיוֹן: טוב להרות ליהוה L 1 ואמונתה בלילות: להגיד בַבֿקר חַסַרָּד I I צַלֵי הָגָּיוֹן בְּכְנּוֹר: עַלֵּי־עַשור וַעַלִי־נָֿבֵל L T בִּמַעַשִּׁי יַדֵּידָ אַרַבָּן: בי שמחתני יהוה בפעלה L מָאָר עַמְקוּ מַחִשְׁבֹתֵיהָ: מַה־גַּרַלוּ מַעַשּׁידָ יהוה L I וּכְסִיל לאֹ־יָבִין אֶת־זֹאַת: אִיש־בַּעַר לא יָדַע L 1 וַיַּצִיצוּ כֵּל־פֿעַלֵי אַון בפרח רשעים כמו עשב וְאַתָּה מֵרוֹם לְעָלָם יהוה: להשמרם ערי :דער T I. כִּי־הָנֵה איִבֵּיך יֹאבֵרוּ כּי הנה איביף יהוה I L יִתְפָּרְדוּ כֵּל־פֿעַלֵי אַוַן: T L בּלֹתִי בּשמן רַעַנַן: ותרם כראים קרני L 1 בַּקַּמִים עַלַי מְרַעִים ותבט עיני בשורי L I תִּשְׁמַעְנָה אֵזְנָי: → Mizmor shir leyom hashabbat. T 1 1 T T 1 Т 559 / KABBALAT HAG: SHABBAT T L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

The righteous flourish like the palm trees, like cedars of Lebanon they grow, implanted in the house of THE ALL-KNOWING, Т amid the courtyards of our God they bear fruit. 1 In their old age, they'll put forth seed, fleshy and fresh they'll ever be, to tell the uprightness of THE MATCHLESS, my Rock, in whom no fault resides. Т Psalm 92 THE SUBLIME ONE reigns, clothed in majesty, THE LIGHT is clothed, is girded with might. 1 The world is now established, it cannot give way. 1 Your throne was long ago secured, beyond eternity are you. The rivers raise, SOURCE OF LIFE, the rivers raise a roaring sound, the floods raise up torrential waves, but louder than the sound of mighty waters, more exalted than the breakers of the sea, raised up on high are you, INEXPRESSIBLE. Your precepts have retained their truth, and holiness befits your house, T THE GRACIOUS ONE, forever. Psalm 93 Т FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 560 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

Ι

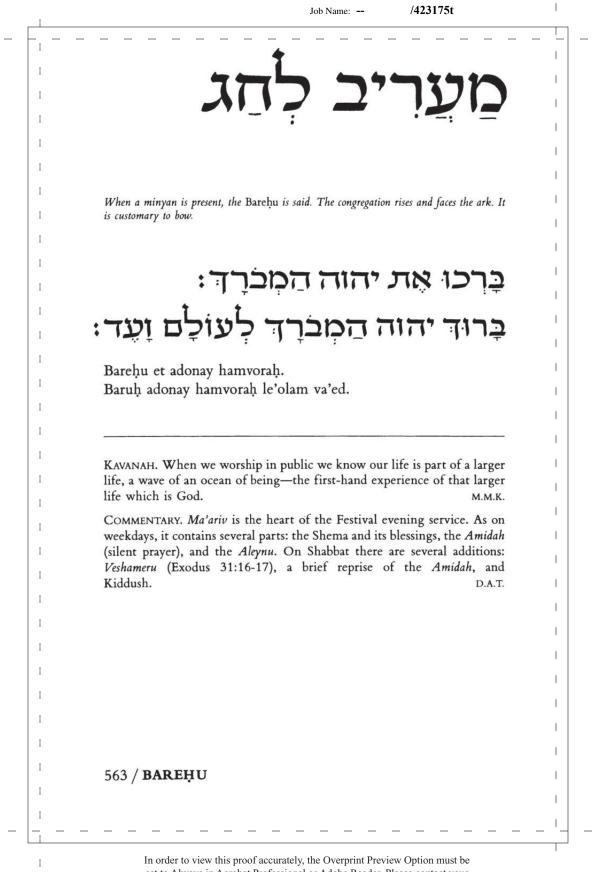
כְּאֶׁרֶז בַּלְבָנוֹז יִשְׁגָה:	צַדִּיק כַּתָּמָר יִפְרָח
בְּחַצְרוֹת אֱלֹהֵינוּ יַפְרִיחוּ:	שְׁתוּלִים בְּבֵית יהוה
דְּשֵׁנִים וְרַאֲנַגִּים יִהְיוּ:	עור יְנוּבוּן בְּשֵׁיבָה
צוּרִי וְלֹא־עַוְלֶׁתָה בּוֹ:	לְהַגִּיד כִּי־יָשֶׁר יהוה
Tzadik katamar yifraḥ, ke'erez bal	
Shetulim beveyt adonay, behatzrot	
Od yenuvun beseyvah, deshenim v Lehagid ki yashar adonay, tzuri vel	
לָבֵשׁ יהוה עֹז הִתְאַזָּר	יהוה מָלָף גַאוּת לָבֵש
	אַף־תִּכּוֹז תֵּבֵל בַּל־תִּמוֹט:
מֵעוֹלָם אֶֿתָּה:	נָכוֹן כִּסְאֲדָ מֵאָז
נָשְאוּ נְהָרוֹת קוֹלָם	נָשָאוּ נְהָרוֹת יהוה
	יִשְׂאוּ נְהָרוֹת דְּכְיָם:
אֲדִּירִים מִשְׁבְּרֵי־יָם	מִקֹּלוֹת מַֿיִם רַבִּים
	אַדִּיר בַּמָּרוֹם יהוה:
לְבֵיתְהּ נָאֲוָה־לֹּדֶשׁ	עַרֹתֶֿיָהָ נָאֶמְנוּ מְאֹד
	יהוה לְאֹרֶךּ יָמִים:
561 / KABBALAT ḤAG: SHABBA	Т

_

Ι

FESTIVAL MA'A	RIV
THE SHEMA AND ITS BLESSINGS	5
When a minyan is present, the Barehu is said. The congregati is customary to bow.	ion rises and faces the ark. It
Bless THE INFINITE, the blessed One! Blessed is THE INFINITE, the blessed One, n	ow and forever.
KAVANAH. Public worship aids us by liberating per fining walls of the individual ego. Imprisoned in a to morbid brooding. Interference with career, perso disillusionment, hurts to vanity, the fear of death dominate our attention that our minds move in a fi of ideas, which we detest but from which we see no wide world of boundless opportunities about us, w it were, to pace up and down within the narrow co But participation in public worship breaks through and lets in the light and air of the world. Instead and petty life, we now share the multitudinous life the wider horizons that now open to our ken, pers so large. Life becomes infinitely more meaningful we become aware, through our participation in pub- mon life that transcends our individual selves.	self, we easily fall prey nal disappointment and n—all these tend so to ixed and narrow system o escape. With a whole we permit our minds, as ell of their ego-prisons. In the prison of the ego of living but one small of our people. Against sonal cares do not loom and worthwhile when
FESTIV	al ma'ariv / 562

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

For additional readings see pages 754-766, 798-799.

ASHER BIDVARO / GOD IN NATURE

TRADITIONAL VERSION

Т

1

T

Т

Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, sovereign of all worlds, by whose word the evenings fall. In wisdom you open heaven's gates. With divine discernment you make seasons change, causing the times to come and go, and ordering the stars on their appointed paths through heaven's dome, all according to your will. Creator of the day and night, who rolls back light before the dark, and dark before the light, who makes day pass away and brings on night, dividing between day and night: The Leader of the Multitudes of Heaven is your name! Living and enduring God, rule over us, now and always. Blessed are you, ALMIGHTY ONE, who makes the evenings fall.

DERASH. When we are about to say: "Blessed are you, our God, sovereign of all worlds," and prepare to utter the first word "blessed," we should do so with all our strength, so that we will have no strength left to say, "are you." And this is the meaning of the verse in the Scriptures: "But they that wait for God shall exchange their strength." What we are really saying is: "Source of life, I am giving you all the strength that is within me in that very first word; now will you, in exchange, give me an abundance of new strength, so that I can go on with my prayer." M.B. (ADAPTED)

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 564

בּּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוּה אֱלֹהֵינוּ מֶׁלֶך הָעוּלָם אֲשֶׁר בִּדְבָרוֹ מַעֲרִיב עֲרָכִים בְּחֲכְמָה פּוֹתֵׁחַ שְׁעָרִים וּבִתְבוּנָה מְשַׁנָּה עִתִּים וּמַחֲלִיף אֶת הַזְּמַנִּים וּמְסַדֵּר אֶת־הַפּוֹכָבִים בְּמִשְׁמְרוֹתֵיהֶם בְּרָלִּיעַ כִּרְצוֹנו: בּוֹרֵא יוֹם וּמְסַדֵּר אֶת־הַפּוֹכָבִים בְּמִשְׁמְרוֹתֵיהֶם בְּרָלִיעַ כִּרְצוֹנו: בּוֹרֵא יוֹם וְלָיְלָה גּוֹלֵל אוֹר מִפְּנֵי חֹשֶׁדְ וְחֹשֶׁדְ מִפְּנֵי אוֹר: *וּמַעֲבִיר יוֹם וּמֵׁבִיא לְיָלָה וּמַבְדִּיל בֵּין יוֹם וּבֵין לְיָלָה יהוה צְּבָאוֹת שְׁמוֹ: אֵל חֵי וְסֵיָם תַּמִיד יִמִלֹדְ עַלֵינוּ לְעוֹלַם וַעֵּר: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה הַמַּעַרִיב עַרָבִים:

El ḥay vekayam tamid yimloḥ aleynu le'olam va'ed. Baruḥ atah adonay hama'ariv aravim.

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

1

1

1

T

Т

1

1

1

T

Т

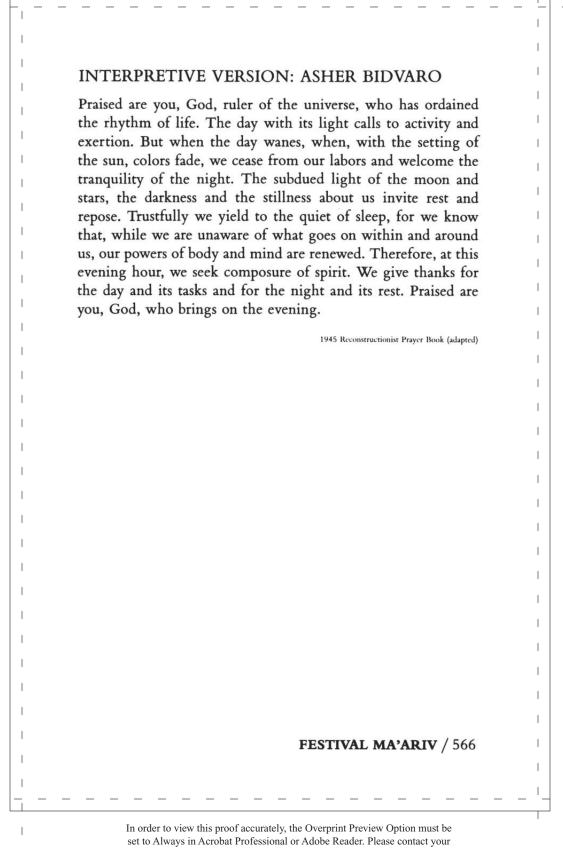
I

אשר ברברו מעריב ערבים by whose word the evenings fall. The word plays a central role in the Jewish imagination. Our liturgy fantasizes that God brings on evening each night by saying "Evening!" Thus we repeat each day the original act of Creation that took place by means of the divine word. It is only because we affirm a God who so values language that we feel ourselves able to use words in prayer. Our word, perhaps like God's, gives expression to a depth that goes beyond language, but that can be shared only though the symbolic power of speech. A.G.

COMMENTARY. The two *berahot* which precede the Shema set the stage for its evening recitation. The first *berahah* praises God for the wonders of creation that are visible at twilight: the shifting pattern of the stars, the rhythm of the seasons, the regular passage from day to night. All of these are a nightly reminder of the unchanging plan of creation.

The second *berahah* praises God, whose instruction is a special token of love for Israel. Israel responds by meditating upon God's teaching "day and night," "when we lie down and when we rise." This phrasing recalls the preceding *berahah*, adding Israel's study of Torah to the natural order: The sun sets, the stars shine, and Israel studies—as regularly as day and night. The phrase "when we lie down and when we rise" anticipates the Shema, which follows. This interplay between the *berahot* and the Shema suggests that the Shema is Israel's morning and evening Torah study. At the same time, it is Israel's declaration of the oneness of the power that makes for the natural order and for learning, for creation and human creativity.

565 / ASHER BIDVARO/GOD IN NATURE



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

INTERPRETIVE VERSION: AHAVAT OLAM We are loved by an unending love. Т We are embraced by arms that find us 1 even when we are hidden from ourselves. 1 We are touched by fingers that soothe us I even when we are too proud for soothing. We are counseled by voices that guide us even when we are too embittered to hear. Т We are loved by an unending love. 1 We are supported by hands that uplift us 1 even in the midst of a fall. T We are urged on by eyes that meet us even when we are too weak for meeting. T We are loved by an unending love. 1 Embraced, touched, soothed, and counseled ... ours are the arms, the fingers, the voices; 1 ours are the hands, the eyes, the smiles; 1 We are loved by an unending love. Blessed are you, BELOVED ONE, who loves your people Israel. T Rami M. Shapiro (adapted) Т 1 567 / AHAVAT OLAM/GOD'S LOVE IN TORAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

AHAVAT OLAM / GOD'S LOVE IN TORAH For additional readings see pages 740-753, 775-778. TRADITIONAL VERSION With everlasting love, you love the house of Israel. Torah and mitzvot, laws and justice you have taught us. And so, DEAR ONE, our God, when we lie down and when we rise, we reflect upon your laws; we take pleasure in your Torah's words and your mitzvot, now and always. Truly, they are our life, our length of days. On them we meditate by day and night. Your love will never depart from us as long as worlds endure. Blessed are you, BELOVED ONE, who loves your people Israel. KAVANAH. The שמע / Shema is wrapped in אהבה / ahavah / love. The blessing preceding the Shema concludes, "who loves your people Israel." This prayer begins "יההבת / ve'ahavta, And you must love ואהבת" First you are loved, then you respond with love. Love is central to Jewish life. Love means commitment and limitations-Torah and mitzvot. That is so both in our relationships with each other and in our relationship with God. L.W.K. DERASH. The term Shehinah implies that God is not aloof from human life with all its defeats and triumphs. God is in the very midst of life. The rabbis say that when people suffer for their sins, the Shehinah cries out. The Shehinah thus moves from Israel to all humanity. M.M.K. (ADAPTED) FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 568

Т

1

1

אהבת עולם אהבת עולם בית ישראל עמד אהבת: תורה ומצות חקים ומשפטים T אוֹתַנוּ לְמַרֶתַ: עַל כֵּן יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ בִּשְׁכְבֵנוּ וּבִקוּמֵנוּ נַשִּׁיחַ בִּחְפֵּיך 1 וְנִשְּׁמַח בִּרְבָרֵי תוֹרַתֵּׁךּ וּבִמִצִוֹתֵׁיךּ לְעוֹלָם וַעֵר כִּי הֵם חַיֵּינוּ וְאֹרֵדְ 1 יַמֵּינוּ וּבָהֶם נֵהְגֵה יוֹמֵם וַלַיִלָה: וְאַהֲבָתָדָ לֹא תַסוּר מְמֵּנוּ לְעוֹלַמִים: I ברוך אתה יהוה אוהב עמו ישראל: Т Ahavat olam beyt yisra'el ameha ahavta. Torah umitzvot hukim umishpatim otanu limadeta. 1 Al ken adonay eloheynu beshohvenu uvkumenu nasi'ah 1 behukeha venismah bedivrey torateha uvmitzvoteha le'olam va'ed ki hem hayeynu ve'oreh yameynu 1 uvahem nehgeh yomam valaylah. Ve'ahavateha lo tasur mimenu le'olamim. Baruh atah adonay ohev amo yisra'el. Т 1 T ואהבתך לא תסור. Our text follows the Sephardic version, in the declarative mode ("Your love will never depart from us.") rather than the imperative Т ("Never remove your love from us!"). Divine love is unconditional. It is 1 available to every one of us when we fashion our lives into channels to receive and share it. The Jewish people together experience that eternal 1 love as reflected in our love for the study of Torah-a wisdom lovingly received, shared, and passed on enriched by each generation. Т A.G. T Т 569 / AHAVAT OLAM/GOD'S LOVE IN TORAH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

שמע ישראכ יהוה אכהיצו יהוה איז SHEMA Listen, Israel: THE ETERNAL is our God, THE ETERNAL ONE alone! Blessed be the name and glory of God's realm, forever! And you must love THE ONE, your God, with your whole heart, with every breath, with all you have. Take these words that I command you now to heart. Teach them intently to your children. Speak them when you sit inside your house or walk upon the road, when you lie down and when you rise. And bind them as a sign upon your hand, and keep them visible before your eyes. Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates. שמע...ובשעריך / Listen...gates (Deuteronomy 6:4-9). DERASH. The Shema is called kabbalat ol malhut shamayim. We "receive upon ourselves the yoke of the sovereignty of Heaven." To proclaim God as ours and as one is to acknowledge fealty to the divine will-and the Shema is a time to listen. We listen in order to discover God's will. D.A.T. ואהבת את יהוה / love יהוה your God. Abbaye said, "Let the love of God be spread through your activities. If a person studies and helps others to do so, if one's business dealings are decent and trustworthy-what do people say? 'Happy is the one who studied Torah, and the one who teaches Torah! Have you seen the one who studied Torah? How beautiful! What a fine person!' Thus, the Torah says, 'You are my servant Israel; I will be glorified by you" (Isaiah 49:3). TALMUD YOMA 86A FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 570

|

I

Т

1

1

T

T

Т

1

Т

שמע ישראל יהוה אלהינו יהוה ו אחר: בּרוּך שם כִּבוֹד מֵלְכוּתוֹ לְעוֹלַם וַעֵּד: 1 ּוָאָהַרָּהָּ אֵת יהוה אֱלֹהֵיךַ בְּכֵל־לְכֵבְךֵ וּכְכֵל־נַפְּשְׁךָ וּכְכֵל־מְאֹדֶךַ: 1 וְהַיוּ הַדְּכֵרִים הַאָּלֵה אֲשֶׁר אַנֹכִי מְצַוּך הַיּוֹם עַל־לְכָבֶך: I וְשִׁנַּנְתֵם לְבָגֶיך וְדִבּרְתָ בָּם בְּשִׁרְתְךָ בְּבִיתֶׁךָ וּכְלֶכְתְדָ בַדֶּרָד וּבְשָׁרְבְּךָ וּבְקוּמֶך: וּקִשַּׁרְתָם לְאָוֹת עַל־יָדֶךָ וְהָיָוּ לְטְטָפָת בִּין Т צֵינֵיך: וּכְתַבְתֵּם עֵל־מָזָזוֹת בֵּיתֵך וּבִשְׁעַרִיך: 1 1 Shema yisra'el adonay eloheynu adonay ehad. Baruh shem kevod malhuto le'olam va'ed. 1 T Ve'ahavta et adonay eloheha behol levaveha uvhol nafsheha uvhol me'odeha. T Vehayu hadevarim ha'eleh asher anohi metzaveha hayom al 1 levaveha. Т Veshinantam levaneha vedibarta bam 1 beshivteha beveyteha uvlehteha vadereh uvshohbeha uvkumeha. Ukshartam le'ot al yadeha vehayu letotafot beyn eyneha. T Uhtavtam al mezuzot beyteha uvishareha. Т 1 / levaveha / your heart. The לכ / lev / heart, was seen as the source of Т emotions and intellect. Feelings and reason are complementary partners, not conflicting parts, of the human psyche. The double 2 of teaches T that a love of God must contain all dualities (e.g. the good and bad in you). L.W.K. טטפת בין עיניך. Totafot might have been pendants or forehead markings. The Torah text sees totafot as reminders of the divine will. The English 1 translation captures this figurative meaning of a visible reminder of the 1 mitzvot. D.A.T. I 571 / SHEMA Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical selection beginning on page 574, then continue with the third paragraph, page 578. 1 BIBLICAL SELECTION I It came to pass, and will again, that if you truly listen to the voice of THE ETERNAL ONE, your God, being sure to do whatever has been asked of you today, Т THE ONE, your God, will make of you a model for all nations of the earth. and there will come upon you all these blessings, as you listen to the call of THE ABUNDANT ONE, your God: 1 Blessed be you in the city, blessed be you upon the field. Blessed be the fruit of your womb, 1 the fruit of your land, the fruit of your cattle, the calving of your oxen, and the lambing of your sheep. Blessed be your basket and your kneading-trough. Blessed be you when you come home, and blessed be you when you go forth. See, I have placed in front of you today both life and good, both death and ill, commanding you today to love THE BOUNDLESS ONE, your God, to walk in ways I have ordained, keeping the commandments, laws, and judgments, so that you survive and multiply. THE BOUNTIFUL, your God, will bless you on the land you are about to enter and inherit. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 572

/423175t

Job Name: --

For the second paragraph of the Shema, read either the version below or the biblical selection beginning on page 575, then continue with the third paragraph, page 579.

BIBLICAL SELECTION I

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

Т

T

|

T

Т

1

1

T

Т

וְהָיָה אִם־שָּׁמַוֹעַ תִּשְׁמַעֹ בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֵלהֶיךָ לִשְׁמִר לְעֲשוֹת אֶת־ בְּל־מִצְוֹתִׁיו אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְדֵ הַיָּוֹם וּוְתָּנְךָ יהוָה אֱלהֶירָ עָלְיוֹן עַל בַּל־גּוֹתִי הָאָרֶץ: וּכָאוּ עָלֶידַ בַּל־הַבְּרָכוֹת הָאָלֶה וְהִשִּׁיגְדֵ כְּי תִשְׁמַע בְּקוֹל יהוָה אֶלהֵיךַ: בָּרִוּך אַתֶּה בָּעֵיר וּבָרִוּך אַתֶּה בַּשֶּׁדֶה: בַּרְוּך פְּרִי־כִטְוְדֵ, וּפְרִי אַדְמָחְדֵ וּפְרִי בְהָמְתֵּדַ שְׁגַר אַלְפֶידַ וְעַשְׁמִע בְּקוֹל יהוָת צֹאנֶדַ: בָּרִוּך אַתָּחָדָ וּפְרָי בְהָמְתָדָ שְׁגָר בַּשֶּׁדֶה: בַּרְוּך פְּרִי־כִטְוְדֵ, וּפְרִי אַדְמָחְדֵ וּפְרָי אַדְמָחָדָ וּפְרָי בְהָמְתֶּדֵ שְׁגַר בִּשֶׁדֶה: בָּרְוּך אַתָּה בְּצַאתֶדָ: בָּרָוּך טֵוְאָדֵ וּמִשְׁאַרְתֶּדַ: בָּרָוּך אַתָּה בְּכָאָדֵ וּכַרְוּךָ אַתָּה בְּצַאתֶדָ:

רְאָה נָתַּתִּי לְפָנֶידָ הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַחַיִּים וְאָת־הַטֵּוֹב וְאֶת־הַמֶּנֶת וְאֶת־ הָרֶע: אֲשֶׁר אָנכִי מְצַוְדָ הַיּוֹם לְאַהַבֶּה אֶת־יהוָה אֱלֹהֶידָ לָלֶכֶת בִּדְרָכִיו וְלִשְׁמִר מִצְוֹתֵיו וְחַקֹּתֵיו וּמִשְּפָעֵיו וְחָיִיתָ וְרָבְיתָ וּבֵרַכְרַ יהוָה אֵלֹהֶידַ בָּאָרֵץ אֲשֶׁר־אַתָּה כָא־שָמֵה לְרְשְׁתַּה: ←

COMMENTARY. The traditional wording of Biblical Selection II presents detailed bountiful or devastating consequences of Israel's collective relationship to the mitzvot. This biblical section (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers a supernatural theology that many contemporary Jews find difficult. The biblical section on this page (Deuteronomy 28:1-6, 30:15-19) was included in the 1945 Reconstructionist Siddur. It begins by encouraging observance in the same language, but concentrates on the positive ways in which observance of mitzvot focuses our attention on God's presence as perceived through productivity and the pursuit of abundant life. S.S.

KAVANAH. The doctrine of the unity of God calls for the integration of all life's purposes into a consistent pattern of thought and conduct. M.M.K.

573 / SHEMA

But if your heart should turn away, and you not heed, and go astray, and you submit to other gods and serve them, I declare to you today that you shall be destroyed completely; you shall not live out a great expanse of days upon the land that you now cross the Jordan to possess. I call as witnesses concerning you both heaven and earth, both life and death, that I have placed in front of you a blessing and a curse. Choose life, that you may live, you and your seed! Continue with page 578.

BIBLICAL SELECTION II

1

Т

T

Т

If you truly listen to my bidding, as I bid you now—loving THE FOUNT OF LIFE, your God, and serving God with all your heart, with every breath—then I will give you rain upon your land in its appointed time, the early rain and later rain, so you may gather in your corn, your wine and oil. And I will give you grass upon your field to feed your animals, and you will eat and be content. Beware, then, lest your heart be led astray, and you go off and worship other gods, and you submit to them, so that the anger of THE MIGHTY ONE should burn against you, and seal up the heavens so no rain would fall, so that the ground would not give forth her produce, and you be forced to leave the good land I am giving you.

DERASH. This warning against idolatry has ecological significance. If we continue to pollute the environment—and thus display contempt for the integrity of God's creation—pure rain will cease to fall, and the ground will cease to give forth its produce.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 574

ןאָם־יִפְגָה לְבָרְךֵ וְלָא תִשְׁמָע וְנִדַּחְתָּ וְהַשְׁתַּחֲוִיָתָ לֵאלֹהִים אַחֵרִים וַעֲבַדְתָּם : הִגַּדְתִּי לָכֶם הַיּוֹם כִּי אָבִד תִּאבִדוּן לֹא־תַאֲרִיכָן יָמִים עַל־הָאֲדָמָה אֲשָׁר אַתָּה עַבַר אָת־הַיַּרְדֵּן לָכִוֹא שֶׁמָה לְרִשְׁתָּה: הַעִדֹּתִי כָכֶם הַיּוֹם אֶת־הַשָּׁמַים וְאָת־הַאָּרָץ הַחַיִים וְהַכָּוֹת נָתַתִּי לְפָגֶידֵ הַבְּרָכֶה וְהַקְלָלֶה וּכָחַרְתָּ בַּחַלִים לְמַעַן תִּחְיֶה אַתָּה ווור לְפָגֶידֵ הַבְּרָכֶה וְהַקּלֶלֶה וּכָחַרְתָ בַּחַלִים לְמַעַן מִחִיָה אַתָּה וווּרעָרָ

BIBLICAL SELECTION II

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

T

T

T

|

T

Т

T

1

Т

T

I

1

1

תשמעו אל־מצותי אם־שמע אשר מצוה אנכי והיה אַתְכֵם הֵיוֹם לְאַהַכֵּה אֵת־יהוה אֵלהֵיכֵם וּלְעֵבְדוֹ בְּכֵל ילבבכם ומלקוש יורה וּבְכֵּל־נַפְשָׁכֵם: בעתו מְטַר־אַרְצְכֶם רנתתי בּשָּׁדְךָ לְכָהֵמְתַּךַ ואַסַפְתַּ דְגָנֶך וְתִירִשְׁך וְיִצְהָרֶך: וְנָתַתִּי עֵשֶּׁב וסרתם פּן־יִפָּתָה ואַכַלְתַּ וְשַׁבַעָתַּ: הְשָׁמְרוּ לָכֵּם <u>לבבכם</u> וַעַכַדמַם אֵלהִים אַחָרִים וְהָשְׁמַחויתֵם לָהֶם: וְחָרָה אַף־יהוֹה בָּכֶם וְעָצַר אֶת־הַשָּׁמֵׁים וְלֹא־יִהְיֶה מֶטֶׁר וְהָאֲדָמָה לֹא תַתֵּן אֶת־ →

DERASH. God is the assumption that there is enough in the world to meet our needs but not to meet our greed for power and pleasure.

M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

DERASH. The traditional second paragraph of the Shema (Deuteronomy 11:13-21) offers an account of the natural process by which the blessings of God themselves lead to pride, self-satisfaction, and ingratitude on the part of those who receive them. Ironically, the more we are blessed, so it seems, the less grateful and aware of blessing we become. It is when we are most sated, Scripture warns us, that we should be most careful. Fullness can lead to ingratitude, and ingratitude to idolatry—primarily in the form of worship of our own accomplishments. Then, indeed, "the heavens might close up and no rain fall." For, once we begin to worship our achievements, we will never find satisfaction.

575 / SHEMA

So place these words upon your heart, into your lifebreath. Bind them as a sign upon your hand, and let them rest before your eyes. Teach them to your children, speaking of them when you sit at home, and when you walk upon the road, when you lie down, and when you rise. Inscribe them on the doorposts of your house and on your gates—so that your days and your children's days be many on the land THE FAITHFUL ONE promised to give your ancestors, as long as heaven rests above the earth.

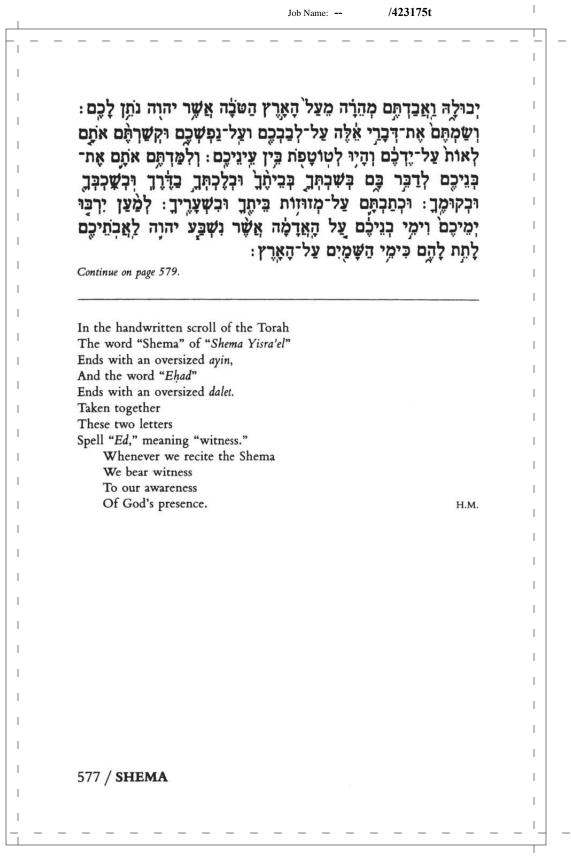
Continue on page 578.

1

Т

COMMENTARY. The statement of God's oneness unifies not only the context of Shema but the text as well—three scriptural paragraphs specified in the Mishnah (a second century codification of Jewish law). The powerful declaration of God's unity fuses the responsibility to love God and to study God's teachings (first paragraph) with the lesson that their fulfillment confirms God's presence (second and third paragraphs). Hence, the unity of God as idea and presence. S.S.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 576



In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

THE BOUNDLESS ONE told Moses: Speak to the Israelites-tell them to make themselves tzitzit upon the corners of their clothes, throughout their generations. Have them place upon the corner tzitzit a twine of royal blue. This is your tzitzit. Look at it and remember all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. And do them, so you won't go off after the lusts of your heart or after what catches your eye, so that you remember to do all my mitzvot and be holy for your God. I am THE FAITHFUL ONE, your God, who brought you from Mitzrayim to be for you a Т God. I am THE INFINITE, your God. THE BOUNDLESS ONE...God (Numbers 15:37-41). ויאמר יהוה...אלהיכם COMMENTARY. In the ancient Near East, free people wore fringes, or tzitzit, on the hems of their everyday clothes. Since only free people wore tzitzit, they were a form of identification. Business transactions were sealed by kissing the tzitzit. The mitzvah of tzitzit is based on that ancient sign of freedom. The fringes remind us that we voluntarily follow the way of God, who freed us from Egyptian slavery. It is, literally, a string tied around our finger. L.W.K. / Mitzrayim was the escaping Hebrews', not the Egyptians', name for T the land of Egypt: perhaps a slave-term, and probably not of Semitic origin, it has associations with the root צרד, to be in distress, constricted, in anguish, or in dire straits. This word powerfully evokes the choking oppression of slavery. As the psalmist wrote: מן המצר קראתי / From the depths I called to Yah. M.P. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 578 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Transliteration an be found on page 285. וַיָּאמֶר יהוָה אֶל־מֹשֶׁה לֵאמִר: דַבֶּר אֶל־כְּנֵי יִשְׁרָאָל וָאָמַרָתָ Т אלהם ועשוּ להם ציצת על־כַּנִפִי בִגְדִיהֵם לְדִרֹתָם וְנָתְנוּ עַל־ ציצת הַכָּנָף פְּתִיל הְכֵלֶת: וְהָיָה לָכֶם לְצִיצָת וּרְאִיתֶם אֹתו Т וּזְכַרְהֶם אֶת־בֶּל־מִצְוֹת יהוֹה וַעֲשִׁיתֶם אֹתֶם וְלֹא תָתוּרוּ אַחַרִי 1 לְבַרְכֵם וְאַחֲרֵי עֵיגֵיכֶם אֲשֶׁר־אַתֵּם זֹנֵים אַחֲרִיהֶם: לְמַעַן תִזְכְּרוּ וְצַשִׁיתֶם אֶת־בֶּל־מִצְוֹתֵי וְהִיִיתֵם קִדֹשִׁים לֵאלהֵיכֶם: אֵנִי יהוה Т אשר הוצאתי אתכם מארץ לכם מצרים להיות לאלהים אני יהוה אלהיכם: 1 all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. כל מצות יהוה / all the mitzvot of the ETERNAL ONE. כל מצות יהוה T ble. According to rabbinic tradition, there are 613 mitzvot in the Torah. A combination of gematria (Jewish numerology) and ritual macrame "proves" that ציצית / tzitzit equals all 613 mitzvot combined: צ = 90, י = Т 10, x = 90, i = 10, n = 400; all together = 600. Each tzitzit has 8 strands 1 (per corner) and 5 knots; 8 + 5 = 13; 13 + 600 = 613. L.W.K. אחרי עיניכם / after what catches your eye, that is, the physical and material temptations you see. The Baal Shem Tov had a method for dealing with T distractions, especially sexual ones. If you can't get the person out of your Т thoughts, remember that beauty is a reflection of God's image. Redirect that energy towards God. L.W.K. T is Sidon blue, which is obtained from a shellfish. Sidon or royal blue 1 is associated with majesty-even today the British queen wears a blue sash. Т The Jews were so oppressed at the time of Bar Kohbah that indigo, a vegetable dye, replaced Sidon blue on their tzitzit. The Romans banned the T blue fringe because of its symbolism. During the nineteenth century the Radnizer hasidim reintroduced its use. Now other Jews have also begun to use it. The long tehelet thread intertwined with short white ones is a com-Т plex and powerful image that hints at the interplay between majesty and subject within our own hearts. E.M. 1 579 / SHEMA In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

_

_ _

_ _

_ _

/423175t

_

Ι

L.

_

EMET VE'EMUNAH / REDEMPTION	
The traditional Ge'ulah is on this page; an interpretive version begins on page 582. For additional readings see pages 748, 767-771, 800.	
Our faith and truth rest on all this, which is binding upon us:	
That THE BOUNDLESS ONE alone is our divinity	
and that no divinity exists but One;	
that we are Israel, community of God;	
that it is God who saves us from the hand	
of governments, the very palm of tyrants;	
who enacts great deeds without measure,	
and wondrous deeds beyond all count;	
who puts our souls amid the living,	
and who keeps our feet from giving way;	
who breaks apart the schemes of those who hate us,	
confounds the thoughts of any bearing us ill-will;	
that it is God who made miracles for us in Egypt,	
signs and wonders in Ham's children's land.	
From one generation to the next, God is our guarantor, and even on a day that turned to night,	
God stayed with us when death's deep shadow fell.	
And even in our age of orphans and survivors,	
God's loving acts have not abandoned us,	
and God has brought together our scattered kin	
from the distant corners of the earth.	
As then, so now,	
God brings the people Israel forth	
from every place of menace, to a lasting freedom.	
God is the one who brought the Israelites	
through a divided Sea of Reeds.	
There, they beheld divine might;	
they praised and thanked the Name,	
and willingly accepted for themselves	
God's rule. (Continue on page 584).	
FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 580	

אַמָת וָאַמוּנָה ואַמוּנָה כָּל זאת וְקַיָּם עָלֵינוּ 🎵 כִּי הוּא יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ וְאֵין זוּלָתוֹ ואנחנוּ ישראל עמו: I. הפּוֹדַנוּ מִיֵּד מַלְכִים הגואלנו מכף עריצים L הַעוֹשָה גִרוֹלוֹת אֵין הֵקָר L ונפלאות אין מספר: השם נפשנו בחיים וָלֹא נַתַן לַמּוֹט רַגְלֵנוּ: L הַמֵּפֵר עַצַת אויבֿינוּ I. והמקלקל מחשבות שונאינו: הַעוֹשָה לַנוּ נִסִים בִּמִצְרַיִם L אותות ומופתים באָדְמַת בְּנֵי חֲם: מדור לדור הוא גואלנו: וביום שהפך ללילה עמינו היה בגיא צלמות: L (Continue on page 583). L COMMENTARY. The blessing immediately following the Shema deals with the theme of divine redemption. The present text, a rewritten version, includes reference to the Holocaust, from which there was no redemption, L and return to Zion, a fulfillment of Israel's ancient dream. The same divine spirit that gave Israel the courage to seek freedom from Egypt in ancient times inspired those who fought for Israel's freedom in our own day. At L the same time, this version omits those portions of the text that glory in the enemy's fall or see in God a force for vengeance. All humans are God's beloved children, as were the Egyptians who drowned at the sea. A.G. 581 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/REDEMPTION L

/423175t

Job Name: --

Т

Т

Т

1

Т

Т

1

Т

T

1

Т

1

T

|

Т

T

I

1

1

I

Т

1

Job Name:	 /423175t

Т

I

1

T

I

T

T

1

1

I

T

1

1

T

|

T

Т

Т

|

I

INTERPRETIVE VERSION
We acknowledge as true and trustworthy that there is but one universal God, and that to God's service Israel stands eternally committed.
We recognize in God the power that has enabled us to triumph over defeat, persecution and oppression.
It was God who redeemed us from Egyptian bondage, and delivered us from the despotism of the pharaohs.
For God wills that we be free to use our powers in holy service, and be not bound to the arbitrary rule of any mortal.
Whenever human rulers usurp divine authority, and exploit the people, those tyrants' hearts are hardened, their own arrogance writes their doom.
Therefore we will never be discouraged nor dismayed when unrighteous powers rise up to destroy us.
Though enemy hosts pursue us, we shall remember how our ancestors were saved at the Sea of Reeds.
We therefore repeat the words of triumph with which they gave thanks for their deliverance:
(Congregation sings מי כמכה, page 585). 1945 Reconstructionist Prayer Book (adapted)
COMMENTARY. Two beautiful <i>berahot</i> complete the liturgical framework of the Shema in the evening service. The first of these is called <i>Ge'ulah</i> —"Redemption." Recalling the Exodus from Egypt, it thematically echoes the third paragraph of the Shema. Moreover, it identifies the sover- eign God, named in the Shema's credo, as the power that freed Israel from slavery. Its vivid, here-and-now recollection of the escape from Egyptian bondage invites and challenges Israel to claim the redemption as a personal experience in each generation and to hear echoes of that ancient triumph over tyranny in each modern-day struggle for freedom, in every attempt

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 582

S.S.

I.

to move toward the messianic future.

I.

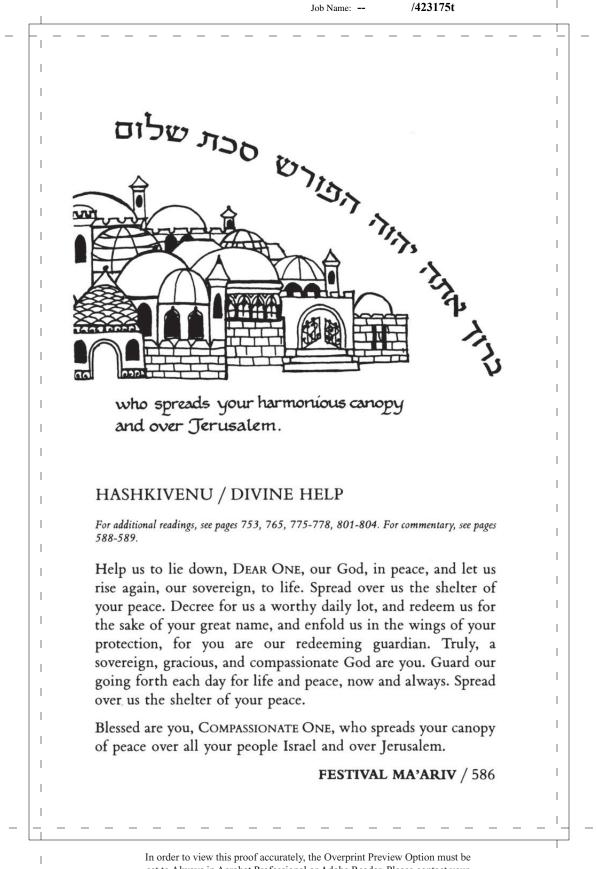
	Job Name: /423175t
	גַם בִּרוֹר יִתוֹמִים
	לא עַזָבֿוּנוּ חֵסָדָיו
	וַיְקַבֵּץ נִדְּחֵׁינוּ מִקְצוֹת תֵּכֵל:
	כַּאָז גַּם עַתַּה
	מוציא אֶת עַמּוֹ יִשְׂרָאֵל
	מִפַּף כֵּל אויִבָיו
	לחרות עולם:
	הַמַּצָרִיר בְּנָיו בֵּין גִּזְרֵי יַם סוּף
	שם רָאוּ אֶת גְּבוּרָתוֹ
	שַׁבְּחוּ וְהוֹרוּ לִשְׁמו
	וּמַלְכוּתוֹ בְרָצוֹן קִבְּלוּ צֵלֵיהֶם:
ירָה בִּשְׂמִחַה רַבָּה וִאַמְרוּ כַלַּם:	משה ומרים וכני ישראל לה ענו ש
Mosheh umiriam uvney yisra'e. ve'ameru ḥulam.	l leḥa anu shirah besimḥah rabah
go into the sea first!" As they s Aminadav jumped into the water. M to him, "My friend is drowning—as	sea] each tribe said to the other, "You stood there bickering, Naḥshon ben leanwhile Moses was praying. God said nd you pray!" "What can I do?" Moses the text,] "Speak to the people of Israel ff" TALMUD SOTAH 37A
NOTE. Biblical references include J	ob 9:10, Psalm 66:9.
583 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/R	

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Moses, Miriam, and all the Israelites broke out in song, abundant in their joy, and, all as one, they said: T "Who among the mighty can compare to you, WISE ONE? 1 Who can compare to you, 1 adorned in holiness, I awesome in praises, acting wondrously!" Т Your children saw you in your majesty, splitting the sea in front of Moses. 1 "This is my God!" they cried, and said: 1 "THE HOLY ONE will reign forever!" I And it was said: "Yes, THE REDEEMING ONE has rescued Jacob, 1 saved him from a power 1 stronger than his own!" Blessed are you, THE GUARDIAN, Israel's redeeming power! T When our ancestors Т beheld these truths 1 they proclaimed: Among all the gods 1 we can name, who can compare to the 1 One Beyond Naming? T Among all the quantities we can label, number, mark and measure, T which compares to the 1 Mystery at the Heart of Reality? R.M.S. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 584 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

מִי־כָמֹכָה בָּאַלִים יהוה מִי כָּמֹכָה גָאָדָר בַּלְּרֵש נורא תהלת עשה פֿלא: מלכותה ראו בניה בוֹקַע ים לפני משה זה אלי ענו ואמרו: יהוה ימלך לעלם וער: ונאמר: כִּי פַרָה יהוה אֶת־יַעָקֹב וּגָאַלוֹ מִיָּד חַזַק מִמֵּנוּ: בַּרוּף אַתֵּה יהוה גאל ישראל: Т Mi hamohah ba'elim adonay. Mi kamohah nedar bakodesh nora tehilot osey feleh. Malhuteha ra'u vaneha boke'a yam lifney mosheh. 1 Zeh eli anu ve'ameru. Adonay yimloh le'olam va'ed. Vene'emar ki fadah adonay et ya'akov ugalo miyad hazak 1 mimenu. Baruh atah adonay ga'al yisra'el. COMMENTARY. This siddur reinstates reference to the splitting of the sea T as a sign of God's redeeming power. The earlier Reconstructionist prayerbook omitted that reference because of its emphasis on supernatural intervention. As myth, however, the ancient tale of wonder underscores 1 the sense of daily miracle in our lives. Even those of us who cannot affirm a God who intervenes in the natural process, and thus cannot accept the literal meaning of the tale, can appreciate its human message. According to the midrash, the sea did not split until one Israelite, Nahshon ben Aminaday, had the courage to walk upright into the water. Perhaps it was T the divine spirit in Nahshon, rather than the magic of Moses's wand, that caused the sea to split. A.G. Т NOTE. Biblical references include Exodus 15:11, 18 and Jeremiah 31:11. 585 / EMET VE'EMUNAH/REDEMPTION In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be





/423175t

COMMENTARY. Hashkivenu—"Help us lie down [in peace]"—is the final prescribed part of the Shema. It recalls the Shema by expressing the hope that we will "lie down...in peace" and "rise again...to life." An extension of *Emet Ve'emunah*, Hashkivenu joins the vivid recollection of past redemption to a prayer for present protection and future peace. By calling God "guardian" and "protector" but also "redeemer," Israel recognizes new dimensions of the power that makes for freedom. The final acknowledgment of God as the one who "spreads the sukkah of peace over us, over Israel, and over Jerusalem" conjures up the now familiar image of Shabbat as a foretaste of that future time when Israel, its people, and its holy city will dwell in peace. This blessing is unique to the evening service. Perhaps responding to the cold, dark uncertainty of night, we invoke God's dwelling of peace. S.S.

Т

Т

KAVANAH. Enable us, God, to behold meaning in the chaos of life about us and purpose in the chaos of life within us. Deliver us from the sense of futility in our strivings toward the light and the truth. Give us strength to ride safely through the maelstrom of petty cares and anxieties. May we behold things in their proper proportions and see life in its wholeness and its holiness. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)

NOTE. For our ancestors, the future of Jerusalem was not just about the future of the Jewish people. Jerusalem, in the biblical vision, will become the capital of the whole world. Praying for the peace of Jerusalem is the same as praying for the unity of all humanity and peace throughout the world.

COMMENTARY. The version presented here follows certain Sephardic versions by deleting the series of petitions for protection. Such petition is considered inappropriate on Shabbat and Festivals, days of fulfillment and appreciation for the many blessings we have. Shabbat itself is a sukkah of peace. We pray that real and complete peace be the lot of Israel and Jerusalem, so torn by strife in recent memory. Our tradition sees Jerusalem as the center of the world. Creation began there, according to the rabbis. So may the peace that begins there radiate forth and bless all earth's peoples. The peace of Jerusalem, the "heart of the world," is also the peace of every human heart.

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 588

/423175t



Hashkivenu adonay eloheynu leshalom veha'amidenu malkenu lehayim ufros aleynu sukkat shelomeha. Vetakenenu ve'etzah tovah milefaneha vehoshi'enu lema'an shemeha. Uvtzel kenafeha tastirenu ki el shomrenu umatzilenu atah ki el meleh hanun verahum atah. Ushmor tzeytenu uvo'enu lehayim ulshalom me'atah ve'ad olam. Ufros aleynu sukkat shelomeha. Baruh atah adonay hapores sukkat shalom aleynu ve'al kol amo yisra'el ve'al yerushalayim.

KAVANAH. As we enter the dark of evening, we face the unknown. Earlier, in Asher Bidvaro (the Creation section immediately following Barehu), we affirmed the power that transforms night into day and day into night. Now we call for protection from the shadows that lengthen around us—shadows of fear and guilt, the uncharted future, the ever pursuing past. We ask that the shadows of God's wings envelop us with love and mercy. The unknown night, like the unknown tomorrow, can only be met with faith in the power of infinite compassion to care for us. S.P.W.

When fears multiply
And danger threatens;
When sickness comes,
When death confronts us—
It is God's blessing of shalom
That sustains us
And upholds us.
Lightening our burden,
Dispelling our worry,
Restoring our strength,
Renewing our hope—
Reviving us.

1

1

I

Т

1

1

1

Т

T

1

T

H.M.

589 / HASHKIVENU/DIVINE HELP

VESHAMERU / OBSERVING SHABBAT When Shabbat coincides with a festival, add: Т (Let Israel's descendants keep Shabbat, making Shabbat 1 throughout all their generations, as an eternal bond. Between me and Israel's descendants shall it be a sign eternally. For in six I days THE FASHIONER OF ALL made skies and earth, and on the seventh day God ceased and drew a breath of rest.) Т VAYDABER / PROCLAIMING THE FESTIVALS Moses proclaimed the Festivals of THE ENDURING ONE to the children of Israel. 1 1 NOTE. The placement of Veshameru after Hashkivenu suggests an aspect of the agreement between God and Israel: God guards Israel, and Israel Т guards Shabbat, which is a reminder and foretaste of peace in our world. S.S. KAVANAH. The recitations of Veshameru preceding the Amidah and of Vayhulu following it on Friday evening are acts of witnessing. In keeping T Shabbat Israel bears testimony to the fact that ours is a created world. For us this means that divinity fills the universe. Our task is to treat all living Т things with respect, and so enhance the divine light in them. Only by this 1 way of living is the testimony of Shabbat made real. A.G. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 590 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

	וְשָׁמְרוּ
	When Shabbat coincides with a festival, add:
ל אות היא לעולם כּי־שָׁשֶׁת	ַןשָּׁמְרָוּ בְנֵי־יִשְׁרָאֵל אֶת־הַשַּׁכָּת כְּרָית עוּלָם: בֵּינִי וּבֵין כְּגַי יִשְׂרָאֵ
ז־הָאָרֶץ וּבַיּום הַשְּׁכִיאִי שָּׁכָת	יָמִׁים עָשָּׁה יהוה אֶת־הַשָּׁמַיִם וְאֶו וִיּנָפַש:
Veshameru veney yisra'el et h la'asot et hashabbat ledorotam	ashabbat
Beyni uveyn beney yisra'el ot	
Ki sheshet yamim asah adona ve'et ha'aretz	y et hasha <u>may</u> im
uvayom hashevi'i shavat vayir	nafash.
	וַיְדַבֵּר
: גַי יִשְׁרָאָל	וִיִדַבֶּר מֹשֶׁה אֶת־מְצֵדֵי יהוָה אֶל־נְ
Vaydaber mosheh et mo'adey	adonay el beney yisra'el.
Vaydaber mosheh et mo'adey NOTE. <i>Veshameru</i> (Exodus 31:16-	17) serves as the introduction to the
Vaydaber mosheh et mo'adey NOTE. <i>Veshameru</i> (Exodus 31:16- <i>Amidah</i> (silent prayer) of Shabbat	17) serves as the introduction to the eve. In places where prayerbooks were eminder to include the Shabbat <i>beraḥah</i>
Vaydaber mosheh et mo'adey NOTE. <i>Veshameru</i> (Exodus 31:16- <i>Amidah</i> (silent prayer) of Shabbat scarce, this prologue served as a re	17) serves as the introduction to the eve. In places where prayerbooks were eminder to include the Shabbat <i>berahah</i> S.S.

Ι

On the opening and closing days of Pesaḥ, Shavuot and Sukkot, continue with the Festival Amidah, page 594. On Hol Hamo'ed turn to the Shabbat Ma'ariv Amidah, page 88.
<i>Reader:</i> May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen.
<i>Congregation:</i> May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure.
<i>Reader:</i> Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen.

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

ЗП Т וִיִתְקַדַּשׁ שִׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיך יתגדל מַלִכוּתֵה בִּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבִיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכֵל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל בַּעֲגָלָא וּבִזְמַן 1 1 קריב ואמרו אמן: I. I שמה רַבַּא מִבַרָך לִעַלָם וּלִ יהא ויתעקה ויתהדר שתבח T הלל שמה דקו NØ 1 ירָתָא הַשְׁבָּחָתָא וְנֵחֵמָתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעַלִמַא מז כַּל בָּרָכַתָא וָשִׁי 1 ואמרו אמן: 1 Reader: Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba T be'alma divra hirutey veyamlih malhutey 1 behayeyhon uvyomeyhon uvhayey dehol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen. Т Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevarah le'alam ulalmey 1 almaya. Reader: Yitbarah veyishtabah veyitpa'ar veyitromam T veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha berih hu Т le'ela min kol birhata veshirata 1 tushbehata venehemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen. On the opening and closing days of Pesah, Shavuot and Sukkot, continue with the Festival Amidah, page 594. On Hol Hamo'ed turn to the Shabbat Ma'ariv Amidah, page 88. T Т 593 / HATZI KADDISH/SHORT KADDISH

INTRODUCTIONS TO THE AMIDAH Standing here in Abraham's desert 1 Affirming: one God. Moving in the old spaces Warmed by our ancestors' embrace. Standing here in Sarah's tent Laughing: new life. Т Moving in the old spaces Renewed by our ancestors' hope. Standing here in my place 1 Listening to our voices: yearning. Moving in my own spaces 1 Translating the silence. Sandy Eisenberg Sasso Dear God, Open the blocked passageways to you, The congealed places. T Roll away the heavy stone from the well as your servant Jacob did when he beheld his beloved Rachel. 1 Help us open the doors of trust that have been jammed with 1 hurt and rejection. Т As you open the blossoms in spring, T Even as you open the heavens in storm, Open us-to feel your great, awesome, wonderful presence. 1 T Sheila Peltz Weinberg KAVANAH. Prayer is communion. To commune with God is to put oneself in touch with the source of cosmic energy. M.M.K. I FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 594 Т



In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

FESTIVAL AMIDAH FOR MA'ARIV AND
МІННАН
The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence. For additional readings see pages 747-748, 755-759.
When I call the name of THE ETERNAL ONE, declare the greatness of our God!
Open my lips, Beloved One,
and let my mouth declare your praise.
1. AVOT VE'IMOT / ANCESTORS
Blessed are you, THE ANCIENT ONE, our God, God of our ancestors,
God of Abraham God of Sarah
God of Isaac God of Rebekah
God of Jacob God of Rachel
and God of Leah;
Сомментаку. А. J. Heschel has said, "The term, 'God of Abraham, Isaac,
and Jacob' is semantically different from a term such as 'the God of truth,
goodness, and beauty.' Abraham, Isaac and Jacob do not signify ideas, prin- ciples or abstract values. Nor do they stand for teachers or thinkers, and
the term is not to be understood like that of 'the God of Kant, Hegel, and
Schelling.' Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob are not principles to be compre-
hended but lives to be continued. The life of one who joins the covenant
of Abraham continues the life of Abraham. For the present is not apart from the past. 'Abraham is still standing before God' (Genesis 18:22).
Abraham endures forever. We are Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob." In this same
spirit, we are also Sarah and Rebekah, Rachel and Leah. L.W.K.
FESTIVALS / 596

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I	
I	
I	
I	עַמידָה
	The traditional Amidah follows here. Directed meditations begin on page 725. A short Amidah can be found on page 730. The Amidah is traditionally recited while standing, beginning with three short steps forward and bowing left and right, a reminder of our entry into the divine presence.
	כִּי שֵׁם יהוה אֶקְרָא הָֿבוּ גֿדֶל לֵאלהֵׁינוּ:
	אַרני שפַתַי תִפְתַח וּפִי יַגִּיד תִהלַתֵּף:
l	אָבוֹת וְאָמּוֹת 🏹
1	בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ וַאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ אֱלהֵי אַכְרָקם אֱלהֵי שָּׁרָה אֱלהֵי יִצְחָק אֱלהֵי רִבְקָה אֱלהֵי יַצֵּקֹב אֱלהֵי רָחֵל
	באלהֵי לֵאָה: →
	Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu veylohey avo <u>tey</u> nu ve'imo <u>tey</u> nu elohey avraham elohey sarah elohey yitzḥak elohey rivkah elohey ya'akov elohey raḥel veylohey le'ah
	כילאלהינו / WhenGod (Deuteronomy 32:3). KAVANAH. The introductory words (Psalm 51:17) of the <i>Amidah</i> contain a paradox of divine and human power. Our ability to be whole, upright,
1	free, and fully alive grows as we acknowledge and appreciate an infinitely higher source of power in the universe. This allows us to be receptive. By acknowledging our human vulnerability we open our hearts to the sup- port, compassion, and faithfulness available around us. S.P.W.
	597 / AMIDAH
I	

great, heroic, awesome God, supreme divinity, imparting deeds of kindness, begetter of all; 1 mindful of the loyalty of Israel's ancestors, bringing, with love, redemption to their children's children 1 for the sake of the divine name. Regal One, our help, salvation, and protector: Blessed are you, KIND ONE, the shield of Abraham and help of Sarah. Т 2. GEVUROT / DIVINE POWER You are forever powerful, ALMIGHTY ONE, abundant in your saving acts. 1 On Shavuot, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret and conclusion of Pesah: You send down the dew. 1 On the first day of Pesah: You make the wind blow and rain fall. Т עזרת שרה / ezrat sarah. The biblical term ezer has two meanings, "rescue" and "be strong." It is commonly translated as "aid" or "help." It also has the sense of power and strength. In Deuteronomy 33:29, ezer is parallel to 1 גאוה, majesty. Eve is described as Adam's ezer kenegdo, a power equal to him, a strength and majesty to match his. Thus magen avraham (shield of Abraham) and ezrat sarah (help of Sarah) are parallel images of power and protection. R.S.A. T KAVANAH. God is experienced as vin, helper, every time our thought of God furnishes us an escape from the sense of frustration and supplies us with a feeling of permanence in the midst of universal flux. 1 M.M.K. (ADAPTED) FESTIVALS / 598 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

הַאָל הַגַּרוֹל הַגִּבּוֹר וְהַנּוֹרָא אֵל עֵלִיוֹן גּוֹמֶל חֵסָרִים טוֹבִים וְקוֹנָה הַכּּל וְזוֹכֵר חַסְדֵי אָבוֹת וִאָמוֹת וּמֵרִיא גָאָלָה לְבְנֵי בְנֵיהֵם לְמַעַן באהכה: שמו עוזר וּמוֹשֹׁיע וּמֵגן: בַּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה מֵגן אַבְרָהֵם וְעַזְרָת שַׁרָה: גְבוּרוֹת אַתֵּה גִּבּוֹר לְעוֹלַם אֲדֹנֵי רֵב לְהוֹשִׁיעֵ: On Shavuot, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret and conclusion of Pesah מוריד הטל: ← On the first day of Pesah :מַשׁיב הַרוֹח וּמוֹרִיד הַגַּשָׁם Ha'el hagadol hagibor vehanora el elyon gomel hasadim tovim vekoney hakol vezoher hasdey avot umevi ge'ulah livney veneyhem lema'an shemo be'ahavah. Meleh ozer umoshi'a umagen. Baruh atah adonay magen avraham ve'ezrat sarah. Atah gibor le'olam adonay rav lehoshi'a. On Shavuot, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret and conclusion of Pesah: Morid hatal. On the first day of Pesah: Mashiv haru'ah umorid hagashem. מוריד הטל / משיב הרוח. We acknowledge the presence of God in the natural rhythms of passing seasons. Our awareness of wind, rain, and dew as daily miracles also serves to remind us that the purity of these gifts, so vital for our survival, must be maintained by human watchfulness. In thanking God for air and water, we assert our commitment to preserving them as sources of life and protecting them from life-destroying pollution. The mention of rain or dew follows the two-season climate of Eretz Yisra'el; summer extends from the first day of Pesah until Shemini Atzeret, and winter until the following Pesah. A.G. 599 / AMIDAH

Т

1

T

|

1

T

1

T

Т

1

In loyalty you sustain the living, nurturing the life of every living thing, Т upholding those who fall, healing the sick, freeing the captive, 1 and remaining faithful to all life 1 held dormant in the earth. 1 Who can compare to you, almighty God, who can resemble you, the source of life and death, who makes salvation grow? Faithful are you in giving life to every living thing. 1 Blessed are you, THE FOUNT OF LIFE, 1 who gives and renews life. T When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 602. During Ma'ariv and when the Minhah Amidah is recited silently, the following is read: T I 1 3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM / 1 HALLOWING GOD'S NAME 1 Holy are you. Your name is holy. And all holy beings hail you each day. T Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, the holy God. 1 Continue with Kedushat Hayom, page 604. 1 1 FESTIVALS / 600 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t Job Name: --מכלכל חיים בחסר מחיה כל חי ברחמים רבים סומף נופלים ורופא חולים ומהיר אסורים ומקים אמונתו לישני עפר: מי כַמוֹד בַּעַל גְבוּרוֹת וּמִי דְּוֹמֶה לָךְ מֵמִית וּמְחַיֶּה וּמַצְמִיחַ יְשוּעָה: ונאמן אתה להחיות כל חי: כּרוּך אַתה יהוה מחיה כַּל חִי: Mehalkel hayim behesed mehayey kol hay berahamim rabim someh noflim verofey holim umatir asurim umkayem emunato lisheney afar. Mi hamoha ba'al gevurot umi domeh lah meleh L memit umhayeh umatzmi'ah yeshu'ah. Vene'eman atah lehahayot kol hay. Baruh atah adonay mehayey kol hay. When chanting aloud in a minyan, continue with the Kedushah, page 603. During Ma'ariv and when the Minhah Amidah is recited silently, the following is read: קָרָשַׁת הַשֵּׁם 🕄 אַתֵּה קָרוֹש וִשְׁמָה קַרוֹש וּקָרוֹשִׁים בְּכֵל יוֹם יְהַלְלוּהָ ברוד אתה יהוה האל הקרוש: Continue with Kedushat Hayom, page 605. 601 / AMIDAH

T

1

|

T

L

T

Т

T

|

|

|

|

T

Т

|

Т

T

1

_

Ι

When Minhah is recited aloud, the following Kedusha	h is chanted here:
We sanctify your name throughout thi	
as it is sanctified in the heavens above,	
as it is written by your prophet:	
'And each celestial being calls to anoth	ner, and declares:
Holy, holy, holy is THE RULER of the l	
All the world is filled with divine glor	
And they are answered with a blessing	
'Blessed is the glory of THE HOLY ON	
wherever God may dwell!"	
And as is written in your sacred words	of psalm:
"May THE ETERNAL reign forever,	
your God, O Zion, from one ge	eneration to the next.
Halleluyah!"	
From one generation to the next	
may we declare your greatness,	1 1.
nd for all eternities may we affirm yo	ur holiness,
And may your praise, our God,	
never be absent from our mouths	
now and forever.	
For you are a great and holy God.	
Blessed are you, THE AWESOME ONE, t	he holy God.
וקראכבודו / Andglory (Isaiah 6:3).	
ברוךממקומו / Blesseddwell (Ezekiel 3:12).	
ימלךהלליו / MayHalleluyah (Psalm 146:10)	
KAVANAH. Enable us, God, to behold meanir	
as and purpose in the chaos of life within u of futility in our strivings toward the light an	
o ride safely through the maelstrom of petty	-
schold things in their proper proportions and	
ts holiness.	M.M.K.
	FESTIVALS / 602
	,

When Minhah is social day of fillinging We had a first and the
When Minhah is recited aloud, the following Kedushah is chanted here:
נְקַדֵּשׁ אֶת שִׁמְדּ בָּעוֹלָם כְּשֵׁם שֶׁמַּקְדִּישִׁים אוֹתוֹ בִּשְׁמֵי מָרוֹם כַּכָּתוּב
עַל יַד נְבִיאֶֿדּ: וְקָרָא זֶה אֶל זֶה וְאָמַר:
קרוש קרוש קרוש
יהוה צָבָאוֹת מְלֹא כֵל הָאָָרֵץ כִּבוֹרוֹ:
לִעַמַתַם בַּרוּהָ יֹאמֻרוּ:
בְּרוּך כְּבוֹד יהוה מִמְקוֹמו: וּבְדִבְרֵי קֵדְשְׁךּ כָּתוּב לֵאמר:
יָמָלך יהוה לְעוֹלֵם אֱלהֵיָך צִיּוֹן לְדֹר וָדֹר הַלְלוּיָה:
ַבְּאוּ אוּא אָטּיָד אָאָיָד אָאָיָד אָאָיָד אָאָיאָא אָאָי אָאָא אָאָא לִדוֹר וַדוֹר נַגִּיד גַּדְלֵה וּלְנַצַח נִצַּחִים קִדָשָׁתִדּ נַקִדִישׁ וִשְׁבִחַדָּ
אַלהֵינוּ מִפִּינוּ לא יָמוּשׁ לִעוּלָם וָעֵר כִּי אֵל מֵלֵך גָּרוֹל וְקָרוֹשׁ אָֿתָה:
אֶאנוּ צוּ בְּיִבְ צוּיזא יָבוּוּס זְעוּזָם וְעָגוּ בְּיַצֵּא בֶּיָזוּ אֶוּיז וְאָוּיוּס אָאָוּוּי בָּרוּךּ אַתָּה יהוה הָאֵל הַקָּרוֹשׁ: ←
Nekadesh et shimeḥa ba'olam keshem shemakdishim oto
bishmey marom kakatuv al yad nevi'eḥa. Vekara zeh el zeh
ve'amar.
Kadosh kadosh kadosh adonay tzeva'ot melo ḥol ha'aretz kevodo.
Le'umatam baruh yomeru:
Baruḥ kevod adonay mimekomo. Uvdivrey kodsheḥa katuv
lemor. Visulale edourse la'alem alabasile triane la lan au la
Yimloḥ adonay le'olam elo <u>hay</u> iḥ tziyon ledor vador halelluyah.
Ledor vador nagid godleha ulnetzah netzahim
Kedushateha nakdish veshivhaha eloheynu mipinu lo yamush
le'olam va'ed ki el <u>me</u> leh gadol vekadosh <u>a</u> tah.
Baruḥ atah adonay ha'el hakadosh.
603 / AMIDAH

Job Name: --

_

/423175t

_

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM / THE DAY'S HOLINESS	
You have loved us, and have taken pleasure in us,	
and have made us holy with your mitzvot,	
and you have brought us, sovereign one,	
near to your service,	
and have called us to the shelter	
of your great and holy name.	
On Saturday evening, add the following:	
(You have given us as heritage	
the seasons of rejoicing,	
the appointed times of holiness,	
the holidays for giving of ourselves,	
and you have made a part of that inheritance	
the holiness of Shabbat,	
the honor of the Festival,	
and celebration of the ancient pilgrimage.	
You have divided, HOLY ONE, our God,	
between the holy and the ordinary,	
between daylight and the dark,	
between the seventh day and the first six days	
of Creation.	
You have set a boundary between the holiness of Shabbat	
and the holiness of Festivals,	
and raised to holiness the seventh day,	
above the first six days of the Creation.	
And you have enabled holiness to grow	
within your people Israel,	
a holiness that emanates from you alone.)	
a nonness that chanates from you atom,	
EESTIVALS / 604	
FESTIVALS / 604	

me:	 /423175t
me.	74251750

I

_

_ _ _ _

Job

_

_

קרשת הַיּוֹם	I
אַתָּה אֲהַבְתָּנוּ וְרָצִֿיתָ בָּנוּ וְקִדַּשְׁתָּנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתֶׁידּ וְקֵרַבְתָּנוּ מַלְפֵּנוּ לַעֲבוּדָתֶּדּ וְשִׁמְדּ הַגָּרוֹל וְהַקָּרוֹש עָלֵינוּ קָרָאתָ:	
On Saturday evening add the following: (וַתַּנְחִילֵנוּ זְמַנֵּי שָׁשוֹז וּמוֹעֲרֵי לֶּרֶשׁ וְחַגֵּי נְדָכָה וַתּוֹרִישֵׁׁנוּ קְרָשָׁת שַׁבָּת וּכְבוֹד מוֹעֵד וַחֲגִיגַת הֶרֶֿגֶל: וַתַּבְדֵּל יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ בֵין לֶּדֶשׁ לְחוֹל בֵּין אוֹר לְחֹשֶׁה בֵּין יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי לְשֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׂה בֵּין קְרֻשַׁת שַׁבָּת לִקְרָשַׁת יוֹם טוֹב הִבְדַּלְתָ וְאֶת־יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעִי מִשֵּׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמַּעֲשֶׁה קִדַּשְׁתָ הִבְדַּלְתָ וְקַדַּשְׁתָ אֶת־עַמְּך יִשְׁרָאֵל בָּקָרֻשָּׁתֶוּ:) →	
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	, I
	l
	I
	I
605 / AMIDAH	I
	I

And you have given us, ALMIGHTY ONE, our God, in love (the Shabbatot for rest), the Festivals for happiness, the holidays 1 and seasons for rejoicing, this day of (the Shabbat, and of): On Pesah: the festival of matzot, time of our freedom On Shavuot: the festival of weeks, time of the giving of our Torah On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot, time of our happiness On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: the eighth day of festivity, time of our happiness (with love), a holy convocation, a remembrance of the going-out from Egypt. 1 Our God, our ancients' God, may our prayer arise and come to you, and be beheld, and be acceptable. Let it be heard, acted upon, remembered-the memory of us and all our needs, the 1 memory of our ancestors, the memory of messianic hopes, the memory of Jerusalem your holy city, and the memory of all your kin, the house of Israel, all surviving in your presence. Act for goodness and grace, for love and care; for life, well-being and peace, on this day of On Pesah: the festival of matzot On Shavuot: the festival of weeks On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: the eighth day of festivity. Remember us this day, ALL-KNOWING ONE, our God, for goodness. Favor us this day with blessing. Preserve us this day for life. With your redeeming nurturing word, be kind and generous. Act tenderly on our behalf, and grant us victory over all our trials. Truly, our eyes turn toward you, for you are a providing God; gracious and merciful are you. FESTIVALS / 606 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

_

—

Ι

מוזדים	זהתות למונחה נ)	On Shabbat add the words in brackets. נתתו לוו ידוד אלבינו האהרה (ש
		וַתִּתֶּן לְּנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ בְּאַהֲכָה (שַׂ לְשָׁמְחָה חַגִּים וּזְמַנִּים לְשָׁשוֹן אֶת־יוֹם
	On Pesah:	חַג הַמַּצוֹת הַזָּה זְמַן חֵרוּתֵֿנוּ
	On Shavuot:	חַג הַשְּׁבֻעוֹת הַזֶּה זְמַן מַתַּן תּוֹרָתֵֿנוּ
	On Sukkot:	תַג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזֶּה זְמַן שְׂמְחָתֵׁנוּ
On Shemi	ni Atzeret / Simḥat Torah:	הַשְּׁמִינִי חַג הָעֲצֶׁרֶת הַזָּה זְמַן שִּׁמְחָתֵֿנוּ
	נְרַיִם:	(בְּאַהַבָה) מִקְרָא לֹּדֶשׁ זַׁכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְ
אָמּוֹתֵֿינוּ	נוּ וְזִכְרוֹן אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְ	אֱלהֵֿינוּ וַאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ יַעֲלֶ וְיִשְּׁמֵע וְיִפְּקֵר וְיָזְכֵר זִכְרוֹנֵנוּ וּפִקְרוֹנֵ
		וְזִכְרוֹז יְמוֹת הַמָּשָּׁיחַ וְזִכְרוֹז יְרוּשֶׁלַּיִם בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל לְפָנֻֿידָ לִפְלֵיטָה וּלְטוּבָה וּלִשַּׁלוּם בִּיוֹם
	On Pesah:	םַג הַמַּצוֹת הַ זָּ ה
	On Shavuot:	חַג הַשָּׂבֻעוֹת הַזָּה
	On Sukkot:	תַג הַסָּכּוֹת הַזֶּה
	On Shemini Atzeret	t/Simhat Torah: הַשְּׁמִינִי חַג הָאַצֶֿרֶת הַזָּה
	ום עָלֵינוּ וְהוּשִׁיעֵׁנוּ מ	זַכְבֿנוּ יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ בּוּ לְטוּבָה: וּפֵּקְבֿנוּ וּבְדְבַר יְשׁוּעָה וְרַחֲמִים חוּס וְחֲנֵּנוּ וְרַחַ עֵינֵֿינוּ כִּי אֵל מֶּלֶך חַנּוּן וְרַחוּם אָׁתָּה:
607 / A	MIDAH	

Our God, our ancients' God: May it be your will that a heavenly inspiration be awakened in us on this holy day 1 to rebuild the Land of Israel, to renew it and to make it holy for your service, and may peace prevail there, as well as freedom, justice, and the rule of Law, as it is written by your prophet: "Truly, Torah shall go forth from Zion, Т and the word of THE ETERNAL from Jerusalem!" And it is said: "Let none do harm, let none destroy, throughout my holy mountain, for the earth is filled with knowledge of the OMNIPRESENT, 1 as the waters fill the sea." And place over us, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the blessing of your Festivals, 1 for life, for peace, for happiness, and for rejoicing, as you have desired and promised to bless us. (Our God, our ancients' God, 1 take pleasure in our rest.) Enable us to realize holiness through your mitzvot, give us our portion in your Torah, T let us enjoy the good things of your world, and gladden us with your salvation. Refine our hearts to serve you honestly, 1 and help us to perpetuate, DEAR ONE, our God, (with love and with desire,) with happiness and joy, (the Shabbat and) your holy Festivals, T and let all Israel, and all who treat your name as holy, rejoice in you. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, 1 source of the holiness of (the Shabbat, and of) Israel and the Festivals. 1 FESTIVALS / 608 Т

Job Name:	 /423175t

I.

אֵלהֵינוּ וֵאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ יִהִי רָצוֹן מִלְפָגֵיהָ שֵׁיֵעָרָה עָלֵינוּ רוּחַ מִמָּרוֹם בַּיּוֹם הַקָּרוֹש הַזֵּה לְכוֹנֵן אֶת־אָרֵץ יִשְׂרָאֵל לְחַדֵּש וּלְקַדֵּש אוֹתַהּ לַעֲבוֹרַתֵּהּ וְשָׁכָן בָּאָׁרֵץ שָׁלוֹם חֹפָש צְּרֵק וּמִשְׁפָּט כַּכַּתוּב עַל־יֵד נְבִיאֶׁד: כִּי מִצִיּוֹן הֵצֵא תוֹרָה וּדְבָר־יהוה מִירוּשַׁלַיִם: וְנֵאָמֵר: ולא־ישחיתו בכליהר קרשי לא־ירֿעוּ הארץ דעה מלאה כי אֶת־יהוה כַּמַּיִם לַיָּם מְכַסִּים: וְהַשְּׁיאֵׁנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ אֱת בִּרְכַּת מוֹעָדֵיוּ לְחַיִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם לְשִׁמְחַה וּלְשָׁשוֹן כַּאַשֶׁר רַצִית וָאַמָרָת לְבָרְכֵנוּ (אֵלהֵינוּ וָאלהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ ואמותינו רצה במנוחתנו) קדשנו במצותיה ותן חלקנו בתורתה שַׁבְּעָנוּ מַטּוּבָּך וְשַׁמַחֵנוּ בִּישוּעַתָּך וְטַהֵר לְבָּנוּ לְעַבְדָך בָּאָמֵת והַנַחִילֵנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ (בָּאַהֵכָה וּבָרָצוֹן) בִּשְׁמְחָה וּבְשָּׁשוֹן (שֵׁבָּת וּ) קַרְשָׁה וְיִשְׁמְחוּ בָה יִשְׁרָאֵל מְקָדְשֵׁי שְׁמֵה: בַּרוּהְ אַתָּה יהוה מועדי → מְקַדֵּשׁ (הַשֵּׁבָּת וְ) יִשְׂרָאֵל וְהַזְּמַנִּים: → כי...מירושלים / Truly...Jerusalem (Isaiah 2:3). לא...מכסים / Let...sea (Isaiah 11:9).

609 / **AMIDAH**

1

1

1

1

Т

T

Т

T

T

T

|

1

| | |

Т

I

5. AVODAH / WORSHIP

Take pleasure, GRACIOUS ONE, our God, in Israel your people; lovingly accept their fervent prayer. May Israel's worship always be acceptable to you.

And may our eyes behold your homecoming, with merciful intent, to Zion. Blessed are you, THE FAITHFUL ONE, who brings your presence home to Zion.

6. HODA'AH / THANKS

Т

T

We give thanks to you that you are THE ALL-MERCIFUL, our God, God of our ancestors, today and always. A firm, enduring source of life, a shield to us in time of trial, you are ever there, from age to age. We acknowledge you, declare your praise, and thank you for our lives entrusted to your hand, our souls placed in your care, for your miracles that greet us every day, and for your wonders and the good things that are with us every hour, morning, noon, and night. GOOD ONE, whose kindness never stops, KIND ONE, whose loving acts have never failed—always have we placed our hope in you.

For all these things, your name be blessed and raised in honor always, sovereign of ours, forever.

Let all of life acknowledge you! May all beings praise your name in truth. O God, our rescue and our aid. Blessed are you, THE GRACIOUS ONE whose name is good, to whom all thanks are due.

7. BIRKAT HASHALOM / PEACE BLESSING

Grant abundant peace eternally for Israel, your people. For you are the sovereign source of all peace. So, may it be a good thing in your eyes to bless your people Israel, and all who dwell on earth, in every time and hour, with your peace.

Blessed are you, COMPASSIONATE ONE, maker of peace.

The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back.

FESTIVALS / 610

עַבוֹדָה רְצֵה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ בְּעַמְּדּ יִשְׁרָאֵל וְלַהַב תְּפִּלָּתָם בְּאַהֲבָה תְּקַבֵּל בְּרָצוֹן וּתְהִי לְרָצוֹן תָּמִיר עֲבוֹדַת יִשְׁרָאֵל עַמֶּד: וְתֶחֱזֶׁינָה עֵינֵֿינוּ בְּשׁוּבְדּ לְצִיּוֹן בְּרַחֲמִים: בָּרוּדְ אַתָּה יהוה הַמַּחֲזִיר שְׁכִינָתוֹ לְצִיּוֹן:

הודאה

L

T

L

מוֹדִים אֲנַחְנוּ לָךּ שֶׁאַתָּה הוּא יהוה אֱלֹהֵינוּ וֵאלֹהֵי אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ וְאִמּוֹתֵינוּ לְעוֹלָם וָעֶד צוּר חַכֵּינוּ מָגַן יִשְׁעֵׁנוּ אַתָּה הוּא לְדוֹר וָדוֹר: נוֹדָה לְדְ וּנְסַפֵּר תְּהִלְּעֶׁדְ עַל חַבֵּינוּ הַמְסוּרִים בְּיָדֶׂדְ וְעַל נִשְׁמוֹתֵינוּ הַפְּקוּדוֹת לְדְ וְעַל נִסֶּידְ שֶׁבְּכֵל יוֹם עִמְנוּ וְעַל נִפְלְאוֹתֶׁידְ וְטוֹבוֹתֶׁינּ שֶׁבְּכַל־עֵת עֶׁרֶב וְבַׁקֶר וְצֵוְהָרִים: הַטוֹב כִּי לֹא כָלוּ רַחֲמֶׁידְ וְהַמְרַחֵם כִּי לֹא תַמוּ חֲסָדֶידְ מַעוֹלָם קוֹּינוּ לָדְי

ַיְּכָּל הַחַיִּים יוּדֿוּה פֶּלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שִׁמְה בָּאֲמֶת הָאֵל יְשוּעָתֵנוּ וְכָל הַחַיִּים יוּדֿוּה פֶּלָה וִיהַלְלוּ אֶת שִׁמְה בָּאֲמֶת הָאֵל יְשוּעָתֵנוּ וְעֶזְרָתֵׁנוּ סֶלָה: בָּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה הַטּוֹב שִׁמְה וּלְך נָאֶה לְהוֹדוֹת:

בְּרְכַּת הַשָּׁלוֹם 🖷

שַׁלוּם רָב עַל יִשְׁרָאֵל עַמְּדָ תָּשִּׁים לְעוֹלָם: כִּי אַתָּה הוּא מֶֿלֶך אָדוֹז לְבָל הַשָּׁלוֹם: וְטוֹב בְּעֵינֻֿידְ לְבָרֵדְ אֶת עַמְדִ יִשְׁרָאֵל וְאֶת כֵּל־יוֹשְׁבֵי הֵבַל בְּכָל עֵת וּבְכָל שָׁעָה בִשְׁלוֹם: בַּרוּדְ אַתַה יהוה עוֹשֵׁה הַשֵּׁלום:

Shalom rav al yisra'el ameḥa tasim le'olam. Ki atah hu <u>me</u>leḥ adon leḥol hashalom.

Vetov be'eyneḥa levareḥ et ameḥa yisra'el

ve'et kol yoshvey tevel

behol et uvhol sha'ah bishlomeha. The Amidah traditionally concludes with bowing and taking three steps back.

611 / **AMIDAH**

1

1

1

1

Т

Т

T

T

T

Т

T

T

1

Т

T

I

Т

1

I

Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

Ι

ELOHAY NETZOR / A CONCLUDING MEDITATION
Dear God, protect my tongue from evil,
and my lips from telling lies.
May I turn away from evil and do what is good in your sight.
Let me be counted among those who seek peace.
May my words of prayer
and my heart's meditation be seen favorably,
BELOVED ONE, my rock and my redeemer.
May the one who creates harmony above
make peace for us and for all Israel,
and for all who dwell on earth.
And say: Amen.
On Shabbat some congregations continue with Vayhulu, page 108.
COMMENTARY. The Talmud lists examples of twelve personal meditations that could follow the <i>Amidah</i> . If this one does not speak to you, compose your own, or stand or sit in silent meditation. L.W.K.
NOTE. Like the opening verse of the Amidah, this prayer employs the sin-
gular and deals with the power of words. But here the concern is for words between people, not for those directed to God. Some people find it easier
to talk to God than to talk to others. L.W.K.
KAVANAH. Sin is the failure to live up to the best that is in us. It means that our souls are not attuned to the divine—that we have betrayed God. M.M.K. (ADAPTED)
יהיווגואלי / Mayredeemer (Psalm 19:15).
,,
FESTIVALS / 612

Job Name: -

T אלהי נצור אַלהַי נִצור לְשוֹנִי מֵרַע T וּשְּׁפַתֵי מִדַּבֵּר מִרְמָה: 1 L 1 יְהִי רְצוֹן שֶׁאָסוּר מֵרָע T I והַטּוֹב בִּעֵינֵיךּ אֵעַשָּה L T יְהִי חֶלְקִי עָם מְבַקְשֵׁי שָׁלוֹם וְרוֹדְפַיו: L יהיו לרצון אמרי פי 1 T וְהֶגִיוֹן לְבִּי לְפַגֵֿיה 1 L יהוה צורי וגואלי: T L T עושה שלום בּמְרוֹמֵיו L I הוא יַעַשָּה שַלום L 1 עַלֵּינוּ וִעַל כֵּל יִשָּׁרָאֵל L ועל כַּל יוֹשָׁבֵי תֵבֵל L 1 ואמרו אמן: L 1 I Yihyu leratzon imrey fi vehegyon libi lefaneha T adonay tzuri vego'ali. T Oseh shalom bimromav T hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el T ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen. T On Shabbat some congregations continue with Vayhulu, page 109. I T 1 I 613 / ELOHAY NETZOR/A CONCLUDING MEDITATION Т T L I

PIRKEY HALLEL / SELECTIONS FROM HALLEL
Hallel is a required part of the Festival morning service, where Hallel is introduced by a berahah. As a beloved part of the Festival liturgy that conveys its joyous mood, Hallel selections can be sung without the berahah at any other time. It is suggested that the Hallel psalms included here be recited after the Amidah in the Festival evening service. Otherwise continue with Kaddish Titkabal (page 624) or Festival Kiddush (page 626).
When Israel went forth out of Egypt, House of Jacob from the people of a foreign tongue,
Judah became God's holy place, Israel became God's seat of rule.
The Sea beheld and fled, the Jordan turned, reversed its flow.
The mountains danced about like rams, the hills, like flocks of lambs.
What's wrong with you, O Sea, that you should flee? And you, O Jordan, that you turn around?
You mountains, why do you rejoice like rams, you hills, like flocks of lambs?
Tremble, earth, before the mighty one, before the God of Jacob,
who turns the rock into a pool of water, the flint into a bubbling fount!
Psalm 114
FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 614

I		פּרְקֵי הַלֵּל	
I	Hallel is a required part of the Festival morning berahah. As a beloved part of the Festival litu	service, where Hallel is introduced by a	
1	selections can be sung without the berahah at any	other time. It is suggested that the Hallel	
1	psalms included here be recited after the Amidah continue with Kaddish Titkabal (page 625) or F	in the Festival evening service. Otherwise Testival Kiddush (page 627).	
I	בֵּית יַאָקב מֵעַם לעֵז:	בְּצֵאת יִשְׂרָאֵל מִמִצְרְֿיִם	
I	יִשְׂרָאֵל מַמְשְׁלוֹתָיו:	הָיְתָה יְהוּדָה לְקַרְשׁוֹ	
I	הַיַּרְדֵּן יִפֹּב לְאָחוֹר:	הַיָּם רָאָה וַיָּנֹס	
I			
	גְּכָעוֹת כִּרְנֵי־צֹאן:	הֶהָרִים רָקְרוּ כְאֵילִים	
I	הַיַּרְדֵּן תִּסֹב לְאָחוֹר:	מַה־לְּךּ הַיָּם כִּי תָנוּס	
l		· · · · ·	
1	גְּכָעוֹת כִּרְנֵי־צֹאן:	הֶהָרִים תִּרְקְדוּ כְאֵילִים	
I	מִלְפְנֵי אֱלוֹהַ יַעָקב:	מִלִּפְנֵי אָרוֹן חֿוּלִי אָָרָץ	
I	חַלָּמִיש לְמַעְיְנוּ־מָֿיִם:	הַהֹפְכִי הַצוּר אֲגַם־מָׂיִם	
1	Betzeyt yisra'el mimitzrayim beyt	va'akov me'am lo'ez.	
I	Hayetah yehudah lekodsho yisra'el		
	Hayam ra'ah vayanos hayarden yiso		
	Heharim rakedu he'eylim geva'ot l		
I	Ma leha hayam ki tanus hayarden t	-	
I	Heharim tirkedu he'eylim geva'ot Mi lifney adon huli aretz milifney		
1	Hahofhi hatzur agam <u>ma</u> yim halar		
1	615 / SELECTIONS FROM HALI	LEL	
I			
I			

/423175t Job Name: --Praise THE OMNIPRESENT, all you nations, all peoples, sing the praise of God! For God's love overpowers us, T the truth of THE ETERNAL is forever. Т Halleluyah! 1 Psalm 117 I Give thanks to THE ETERNAL, who is good, 1 whose love is everlasting! Let Israelites declare today, I God's love is everlasting! T Let the House of Aaron say, T God's love is everlasting! 1 Let those in awe of God declare, God's love is everlasting! T Psalm 118: 1-4 T T 1 1 1 T T 1 FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 616 Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

	<	
זוּ כַּל־הָאָמִים	•	הַלְלוּ אֶת־יהוה
יהוה לְעוֹלָם		כִּי גְבַר עָלֵינוּ ו
	ײַלְלוּ־יָה :	
Halelu et adonay kol goy Ki gavar a <u>ley</u> nu ḥasdo ve Halleluyah.		nim
וֹלָם חַסִּרּו:	טוב פילע	הורוּ לַיהוה כִּי
וֹלָם חַסִד ו :		יאמר נָא יִשְׂרָאֵ
וּזָם חַסִּדּוֹ:		יאמְרוּ נָא בֵית
וּזָם חַסִּדוּ: וֹלָם חַסִדוֹ:		יאמְרוּ נָא יִרְאֵי
	ייין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין אין	
Hodu ladonay ki tov	Ki le'olam ḥasd	
Yomar na yisra'el	Ki le'olam ḥasd	
Yomru na veyt aharon Yomru na yirey adonay	Ki le'olam ḥasd Ki le'olam ḥasd	
617 / SELECTIONS FR	OM HALLEL	

Job Name: --

/423175t

From my distress, I cried out: "Yah!" Yah answered, bringing great release. Т THE ONE is with me; I shall have no fear. What can a human being do to me? 1 THE ONE is with me, bringing help. 1 I gaze triumphantly upon my foes. I To trust in THE INVINCIBLE is good, and surer than a trust in human power. Т To trust in THE INVISIBLE is good, and surer than a trust in human benefactors. All nations have surrounded me, 1 but with God's name I cut them off. They surrounded me; yes, they surrounded me, T but with God's name I cut them off. 1 They surrounded me like swarming bees. Like a brushfire, they were quenched, Т and with God's name I cut them off. You pushed me down, pushed me to fall, but THE REDEEMER has brought help to me. T My strength, my song, is Yah, who was for me a source of help. 1 1 FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 618 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

e:	/423175t
<i>.</i> .	14201130

ענני במרחב יה: קראתי יה מן־המצר יהוה לי לא אירא T מה־יַעשה לי אדם: 1 ואני אראה בשנאי: יהוה לי בּעזרי 1 I טוב לַחַסוֹת בַּיהוה מבּטח באדם: T מכּטח כּנדיבים: טוב לַחַסוֹת בַּיהוה 1 1 בשם יהוה כי אמילם: כל־גּוֹים סבבֿוּני 1 T בְּשֵׁם יהוה כִּי אֵמִילַם: סַבּּוּנִי גַם־סָבַבֿוּנִי I. T סַבּוּנִי כִדְבוֹרִים דֹעֵכוּ כָּאָש קוֹצִים 1 בּשֵׁם יהוה כִּי אֲמִילַם: Т 1 דַחָה רְחִיתַנִי לְנָפָּל ויהוה עורני: T ויהי־לי לישוּצָה: → צוי וזמרת יה Т Min hametzar karati yah anani vamerhav yah. T Adonay li lo ira ma ya'aseh li adam. Adonay li be'ozray va'ani ereh vesonay. 1 Tov lahasot badonay mibeto'ah ba'adam. T Tov lahasot badonay mibeto'ah bindivim. T Kol goyim sevavuni beshem adonay ki amilam. 1 Sabuni gam sevavuni beshem adonay ki amilam. Sabuni hidvorim do'ahu ke'esh kotzim I beshem adonay ki amilam. 1 Daho dehitani linpol vadonay azarani. 1 Ozi vezimrat yah vayhi li lishu'ah. I T 619 / SELECTIONS FROM HALLEL Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

The sound of song rejoicing in God's help resounds amid the tents of all the just: "THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand delivers strength! 1 THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand is lifted up, 1 THE MIGHTY ONE's right hand delivers strength!" 1 I shall not die, but I shall live, 1 and I shall tell the acts of Yah. I truly have been tried by Yah, Т but I was never given up to die. Open to me, O you gateways of justice, Yes, let me come in, and give thanks unto Yah! 1 This is the gateway to ONE EVERLASTING, let all who are righteous come in. I give thanks to you, for you have answered me, and have been to me a source of help. The stone rejected by the builders, has become this place's founding stone. From THE BOUNTIFUL this thing has come, T something wonderful, before our very eyes. This very day, THE MIGHTY ONE has acted. 1 Let us celebrate it, and express our joy. 1 1 FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 620 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

באהלי צדיקים קול רבה וישועה יְמִין יהוה עֹשָה חֵיל: מין יהוה רוממה 1 יִמִין יהוה עשה חיל: 1 ואספר מעשי יה: לא אמות כי־אחיה 1 וַלַמַּוֵת לא נִתַנַנִי: יסר יסרני יה I פתחו לי שערי צרק אַכאיבַם אודָה יָהּ: צַדִּיקִים יַבֹאוּ בוֹ: זה־השער ליהוה Т L Each verse is chanted twice: 1 ותהי־לי לישוּעה: אודה כי עניתני 1 היתה לראש פּנה: אבן מאסו הבונים 1 היא נפלאת בעינינו: מֵאֶת יהוה הַיָּתָה זֹאת T נגילה ונשמחה בו: → זה-היום עשה יהוה I. T T Kol rinah vishu'ah be'oholey tzadikim yemin adonay osah hayil. Yemin adonay romemah yemin adonay osah hayil. 1 Lo amut ki ehyeh va'asaper ma'asey yah. 1 Yasor yiserani yah velamavet lo netanani. Pithu li sha'arey tzedek avo vam odeh yah. T Zeh hasha'ar ladonay tzadikim yavo'u vo. T Each verse is chanted twice: 1 Odeha ki anitani vatehi li lishu'ah. 1 Even ma'asu habonim hayetah lerosh pinah. Т Me'et adonay hayetah zot hi niflat be'eyneynu. Zeh hayom asah adonay nagilah venismehah vo. T 1 I 1 1 I 621 / HALLEL SELECTIONS Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

Demonstration
Responsively
I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, send us your help!
I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, send us your help!
I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, help us prevail! I pray, ABUNDANT ONE, help us prevail!
I pray, Abondant One, help us prevan:
Blessed all who come in THIS ONE's name-
we bless you in the OMNIPRESENT's house.
Divine is THE ETERNAL ONE, who gives us light. Adorn the festive place with leafy boughs,
up to the corners of the altar shrine.
You are my God; to you I offer thanks—
my God, whom I revere.
Give thanks to THE ETERNAL, who is good,
whose love is everlasting.
Psalm 118:5-29
1 30111 1 (17.2-2-2-
FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 622

	Responsively		
	זוה הוֹשִֿיעָה נָּא	אָֿבָּא יו	
	זוה הוֹשְֿיעָה נָּא	אָֿבָא יו	
	זוה הַצְלִיחָה נָא	• •	
	זוה הַצְלִיחָה נָא:	אָֿנָא יו	
	<u>A</u> na adonay ho <u>s</u>		
	ana adonay ho <u>sh</u> ana adonay hatz		
	ana adonay hatz		
יהוה:	בַּרַכְנוּכֶם מִבֵּית	יהוה	כָּרוּך הַכָּא כְּשֵׁם י
בר	אַל יהוה וַיָּאָר לָ		
ים:	עַר־קַרְנוֹת הַמִּזְבֵּ	1	אָסְרוּ־חֵג בַּעֲבֹתִים
	אֱלֹהֵי אֲרוֹמְמֶׁדָ:		אַלִי אַתָּה וָאוֹדֶׂרָ
:	כִּי לִעוֹלָם חַסִדּוֹ	וב	הורו ליהוה כּייט
El adonay va <u>ya</u> '	hem adonay beraḥnul er lanu isru ḥag ba'avo	tim ad kar	•
	ka elohay arome <u>me</u> ka ki tov ki le'olam ḥasd		
623 / HALLEL	SELECTIONS		
,			

KADDISH TITKABAL / KADDISH FOR THE COMPLETION OF PRAYER Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. Congregation: May God's great name be blessed forever and as long as worlds endure. Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher than all the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. And may the prayer and supplication of the whole house of Israel be acceptable to their creator in the heavens. And say: Amen. May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. On Simhat Torah continue with the Hakafot, page 654.

1

1

1

1

1

FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 624

/423175t Job Name: --

יל	קַדִּישׁ תִּתְקַבַּ
ש שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִיף	יִתְגַדֵּל וְיִתְקַדַּי
וּזן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי דְכֵל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל בַּעָגָלָא וּבִזְמַן	מַלְכוּתֵהּ בְּחַיֵּיכ
בַּזָן:	קָרִיב וְאָמְרוּ אָ
מְבָרַהּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמַיָּא:	יְהֵא שְׁמֵה רַבָּא
ח וְיִתְפָאַר וְיִתְרוֹמֵם וְיִתְנַיֵּאַא וְיִתְהַדֵּר וְיִתְעַלֶּו	יִתְבָּרַהְ וְיִשְׁתַבַּ
דְּקָרְשָׁא בְּרִיהָ הוּא	וְיִתְהַלֵּל שְׁמֵה ו
ַרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הַשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנָחֲמָתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָז	לְעֵֿלָא מִז כָּל בִּ
	וְאַמְרוּ אָמֵן:
הוֹן וּבָעוּתְהוֹן דְּכֵל בֵּית יִשְׂרָאֵל קָדָם אֲבוּהוֹן דִּ	תִּתְקַבַּל צְלוֹתְז
	בּשְׁמַיֶּא וְאִמְרוּ
א מִז שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַלְ כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵז	
מְרוֹמָיו הוּא יַצְשֶׂה שָׁלוֹם עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַי ,	• •
ַרְאָמְרוּ אָמֵ ו ּ:	כַּל יוּשְׁבֵי תֵבַל
Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey alm	laya.
Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom a <u>ley</u> n	u ve'al kol
yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.	
On Simhat Torah continue with the Hakafot, page 655.	
625 / KADDISH TITKABAL	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

Kiddush
KIDDUSH LEYL SHALOSH REGALIM / Kiddush for festival eve
On Friday evening insert bracketed words:
With the permission of this company: Blessed are you, THE BOUNDLESS ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who creates the fruit of the vine.
Blessed are you, THE HOLY ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds who has called us to your service, and made us holy with your mitzvot, and given us, KIND ONE, our God, in love (the Shabbatot for rest), the Festivals for happiness, the holidays and seasons for rejoicing, this day of (the Shabbat, and of):
On Pesah: the festival of matzot, time of our freedom On Shavuot: the festival of weeks, time of the giving of our Torah On Sukkot: the festival of sukkot, time of our happiness
On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah: the eighth day of festivity, time of our happiness (with love), a holy convocation, a remembrance of the going-out from Egypt.
FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 626

קדוש אין
קדוש לֵיל שָׁלש רְגַלִים
On Friday evening insert bracketed words:
סַבְרֵי חֲבֵרֵי:
בָּרוּף אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֿינוּ מֶֶלֶף הָעוֹלָם בּוֹרֵא פְּרִי הַגְּפֶן:
בָּרוּךּ אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵך הָעוּלָם אֲשֶׁר קָרַאַנוּ לַעֲבוּרַתו
וִרוֹמְמָנוּ בִּקִרָשָׁתוֹ וִקִדְשָׁנוּ בִּמִצְוֹתָיו: וַתִּתֵּן־לָנוּ יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ בִּאַהַכָה
(שַּבָּתוֹת לִמְנוּחָה וּ) מוֹצַרִים לְשָׁמְחָה חַגִּים וּזְמַגִּים לְשָׁשוֹן אֶת יוֹם
(הַשַּׁבָּת הַזֵּה וְאֵת יוֹם)
Savrey haveray.
Baruh atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leh ha'olam borey peri
hagafen.
Baruḥ atah adonay elo <u>hey</u> nu <u>me</u> leḥ ha'olam asher kera <u>'a</u> nu la'avodato veromemanu bikdushato vekideshanu bemitzvotav.
Vatiten lanu adonay eloheynu be'ahavah (shabbatot limnuḥah u)
mo'adim lesimhah hagim uzmanim lesason et yom (hashabbat
hazeh ve'et yom)
On Pesah: הַאַ הַאַה זִמַן הַרוּתֵׁנוּ
hag hamatzot hazeh zeman heruteynu
קא הַשָּׁבֻעוֹת הַזֵּה זְמַן מַתַּן תּוֹרָהֻנוּ On Shavuot:
hag hashavu'ot hazeh zeman matan torateynu
הָג הַפַּכּוֹת הַזֶּה וְמַן שִׁמְקָתֵנוּ On Sukkot:
hag hasukkot hazeh zeman simhateynu
הַשְּׁמִינִי חַג הָעֲצֶׁרֶת הַוֶּה וְמֵן שִׁמְחָתֵנוּ:On Shemini Atzeret / Simhat Torah:הַשְּׁמִינִי חַג הָעֲצֶׁרֶת הַוֶּה וְמֵן שִׁמְחָתֵנוּ
hashemini ḥag ha'atzeret hazeh zeman simḥateynu
(בְּאַהֲבָה) מִקְרָא לְּדֶשׁ זֵׁכֶר לִיצִיאַת מִצְרָיִם: →
(be'ahavah) mikra <u>ko</u> desh <u>ze</u> ḥer litzi'at mitz <u>ray</u> im.)
627 / KIDDUSH LEYL SHALOSH REGALIM/ KIDDUSH FOR FESTIVAL EVE

For you called to us, and made us holy for your service, and (with love and favor, the Shabbat and all) your holy Festivals, in happiness and joy, have given us, to have and to hand on. Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, who raises up to holiness (Shabbat,) the people Israel and their festive times. On Saturday night while lifting one's hands toward the festival lights, add: Blessed are you, THE RADIANCE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who creates the light of fire. Blessed are you, THE MANY-NAMED, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who separates between holy and ordinary, light and dark, the seventh day and the six days of work. You separate between Shabbat holiness and festival holiness, you set apart the seventh day from the six days of work, and you sanctify Israel with your holiness. Blessed are you, INEXPRESSIBLE, who distinguishes among the kinds of holiness. On Pesah the following blessing is included only at the seder: Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who gave us life, and kept us strong, and brought us to this time. Turn to pages 120-137 for Aleynu, Mourners' Kaddish and a concluding song. On the seventh night of Pesah, Aleynu is preceded by the Counting of the Omer, page 674. T שראל והומנים / Who raises up to holiness the people Israel and their festive times. The concluding line of Kiddush could more literally be translated, "who makes Israel and the seasons holy." Here the translator has chosen to echo an earlier phrase in the Kiddush which does refer to "raising up." Israel becomes God's "cup of blessing" in the world. The T blessings of this full cup are given to all humanity and indeed to all the world around us. We share freely of the blessing given us. We do so hoping that each of the world's civilizations will offer the blessings it has Т received to the entire human community. Our vision is one that sees all peoples as having access to holiness, each by preserving the best of its own distinctive path and sharing it with others. A.G. FESTIVAL MA'ARIV / 628

כּי אַלִינוּ קָרָאת ואותנוּ קַרָּשָת לַעַבוּרָתָר (ושַבָּת) וּמוּעָדִי קָרשָרָ (בָּאַהַבָה וּבָרַצוֹן) בְּשְׁמָחָה וּבִשְׁשוֹן הְנָחַלְתַנוּ: בַּרוּך אֶתָה יהוה מקדש Т (השבת ו)ישראל והזמנים: Т Ki eleynu karata ve'otanu kidashta la'avodateha (veshabbat) Т umo'adey kodsheha (be'ahavah uvratzon) besimhah uvsason hinhaltanu. Baruh atah adonay mekadesh (hashabbat ve) Ĩ yisra'el vehazemanim. On Saturday night while lifting one's hands towards the festival lights, add: Т בּרוּך אַתָּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ מַלָך הַעוֹלָם בּוֹרָא מָאוֹרִי הָאָש: בַּרוּה אַתּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֵלֵה הַעוֹלֵם הַמַּבִדִּיל בֵּין לְרֵש לְחֹל בֵּין אור לְחֹשֵׁך בֵּין יוֹם הַשְּׁבִיעֵי לְשֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי הַמֵּעַשָּה: בֵּין קָרָשֶׁת שֵׁבַּת 1 שַׁת יום טוב הְבַדַּלָתַ וָאָת יום הַשָּׁבִי מששת המעשה קדשת: את־עמה קדשת ישראל אתה יהוה המבדיל בין קרש לקרש: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam borey me'orey ha'esh. Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam hamavdil beyn kodesh lehol beyn or lehosheh beyn yom hashevi'i lesheshet yemey hama'aseh. Beyn kedushat shabbat likdushat yom tov hivdalta ve'et yom hashevi'i misheshet yemey T hama'aseh kidashta. Et ameha yisra'el kidashta bikdushateha. Baruh atah adonay hamavdil beyn kodesh lekodesh. On Pesah the following blessing is included only at the seder: בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ מַלָך הַעוּלָם שהחינו וקימנו והגיענו לזמן הזה: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam sheheheyanu vekiyemanu vehigi'anu lazeman hazeh. 1 Turn to pages 120-137 for Aleynu, Mourners' Kaddish and a concluding song. On the seventh night of Pesah, Aleynu is preceded by the Counting of the Omer, page 674. 629 / KIDDUSH LEYL SHALOSH REGALIM/ **KIDDUSH FOR FESTIVAL EVE** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

Job Name: --

/423175t

אָדָם לַהֶּכֶל דָּמָה	
A human being is like a momentary breeze,	
יַמֵיו כְּצֵל עוֹבֵר:	
a person's days are but a passing shadow.	
י אָראָא אָשאָט אָז אָר אָראָדער איז אָראָט אָראָאָראָאָראָ בַּבֹֿקֶר יָצִיץ וְחָלָף	
At dawn, life blossoms and renews itself,	
לְעָרֵב יְמוֹלֵל וְיָבֵש: לְעֵׁרֵב יְמוֹלֵל וְיָבֵש:	
at dusk, it withers and dries up.	
תָּשֵׁב אֲנוֹש עַר־דָּפָּא תָּשֵׁב אֲנוֹש עַר־דָּפָּא	
You return a person unto dust.	
וַתֹּאמֶר שֿוּבוּ בְנֵי־אָדָם:	
You say: Return, O children of humanity!	
Some congregations read "Each of us Has a Name" (page 788) here.	
We turn our thoughts to yesterdayto a world that lives onl	у
in our memory.	
As we recall the days gone by, we know the past is irretrievable Yet—through the gift of memory, we recapture treasure	
moments and images.	u
We are thankful for the happiness we knew with those n	0
longer here, with whom we lived and laughed and loved.	•
We praise the Eternal wellspring of life who links yesterday t tomorrow. We affirm that despite all the tragedy bound up wit	
living, it is still good to be alive.	
We understand that there can be no love without loss, no jo	•
without sorrow. May we have the courage to accept the all o life-the love and the loss-the joy and the sorrow, as w	
remember them.	C
Evelyn Mehlma	
	_
תשבאדם / You returnhumanity (Psalm 90:3).	
631 / YIZKOR	

	יהוה מָה־אָדָם וַתֵּדָעֵׁהוּ
1	בָּן־אֶנוֹש וַתְּחַשְבֵׁהוּ
1	אָדָם לַהֶּבֶל דָּמָה
1	יָמֶיו כְּצֵל עוֹבֵר
1	בַּבַּקָר יָצִיץ וְחָלָף
1	לְעַׁרֶב יְמוּלֵל וְיָבֵש
1	תָּשֵׁב אֲנוֹש עַד־דַכָּא
	וַהֿגאמֶר: שֿוּבוּ בְגַי־אָדָם:
1	
1	ALMIGHTY ONE, what are human beings
	that you take note of them, the children of humanity
1	that you should think of them?
1	A human being is like a momentary breeze,
1	a person's days are but a passing shadow. At dawn, life blossoms and renews itself,
1	at dusk, it withers and dries up.
1	You return a person unto dust.
	You say: Return, O children of humanity!
I	
I	יהוהעובר / Almighty Oneshadow (Psalm 144:3-4). תשבאדם / You returnhumanity (Psalm 90:3).
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	YIZKOR / 632
I	

Job Name: --

/423175t

THE FIVE STAGES OF GRIEF The night I lost you T someone pointed me towards 1 the Five Stages of Grief. Go that way, they said, T. it's easy, like learning to climb I stairs after amputation. And so I climbed. Denial was first. 1 I sat down at breakfast 1 carefully setting the table for two. I passed you the toast-1 you sat there. I passed you the paper-you hid T behind it. T. Anger seemed more familiar. 1 I burned the toast, snatched the paper and read the headlines myself. Т But they mentioned your departure 1 and so I moved on to Bargaining. What could I exchange T for you? The silence after storms? My typing fingers? T Before I could decide, Depression 1 came puffing up, a poor relation Т its suitcase tied together with string. In the suitcase Т were bandages for the eyes T and bottles of sleep. I slid all the way down the stairs T feeling nothing. Т 633 / YIZKOR Т

Job Name: --

/423175t

			1
	And all the time Hone		,
	And all the time Hope flashed on and off		
I	in defective neon.		I
	Hope was a signpost pointing		
I	straight in the air.		I
	Hope was my uncle's middle name,		I
I	he died of it.		1
I	After a year I am still climbing,		
I	though my feet slip		
	on your stone face.		I
I	The treeline		I
I	has long since disappeared;		
I	green is a color		1
	I have forgotten.		I
1	But now I see what I am climbing		
I	towards: Acceptance		I
	written in capital letters,		I
l	a special headline:		I
	Acceptance. Its name is in lights.		
I	I struggle on,		I
	waving and shouting.		I
	Below, my whole life spreads its surf,		I
I	all the landscape I've ever known		I
I	or dreamed of. Below		1
I	a fish jumps: the pulse		
1	in your neck.		I
I	Acceptance. I finally		I
	reach it.		I
I	But something is wrong.		I
I	Grief is a circular staircase.		
	I have lost you.		I
		Linda Pastan	I
I			
l			
I		YIZKOR / 634	I
I		ILLAUR / 004	
I			I

-,	
I	
I	
	יהוה מָה־אָדָם וַתֵּדָעֵׁהוּ
Ι	בֶּן־אֶנוֹש וַתְּחַשְׁבֵׁהוּ
Ι	אָדָם לַהֶּכֵל דָּמָה אָדָם לַהֶּכֵל דָמָה
Ι	יַמַיו כָּצֵל עוֹבֶר
Ι	בַּב <u>ּ</u> קָר יָצִיץ וְחָלָ ף
I	לָעֶרֵב יִמוּלֵל וְיָבֵשׁ לָעֶרֵב יִמוּלֵל וְיָבֵשׁ
I	תַשֵּׁב אֲנוֹש עַד־דַכָּא
	וַתֿאמֶר: שֿוּבוּ בְנֵי־אָדָם:
Ι	TT
Ι	ALMIGHTY ONE, what are human beings
I	that you take note of them,
I	the children of humanity that you should think of them?
I	A human being is like a momentary breeze,
I	a person's days are but a passing shadow.
I	At dawn, life blossoms and renews itself, at dusk, it withers and dries up.
I	You return a person unto dust.
Ι	You say: Return, O children of humanity!
I	
I	
	ALMIGHTY ONEshadow (Psalm 144:3-4).
	תשבארם / You returnhumanity (Psalm 90:3).
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	
1	635 / YIZKOR
1	
ı 	

My protector, you are our abode, one generation to the next, T since before the mountains came to birth, 1 before the birthpangs of the land and world. From eternity unto eternity, you are divine. 1 I Truly, a thousand years are in your eyes like yesterday-so quickly does it passor like the watchman's nighttime post. T You pour upon them sleep, they sleep. When morning comes, it vanishes like chaff. At dawn, life blossoms and renews itself, 1 at dusk, it withers and dries up. Years of our lifetime are but seventy -perhaps, among the strongest, eighty yearsand most of them are toil and fatigue, then quickly it all ends, we fly away. Who knows the full strength of your fury? Is our fear of you the equal of your wrath? T Oh, let us know how to assess our days, how we may bring the heart some wisdom. 1 Let your accomplishment be visible to those who serve you, 1 let your beauty rest upon their children, Т let our divine protector's pleasure be upon us, T and the labor of our hands, make it secure, the labor of our hands ensure! Т Selections from Psalm 90 **YIZKOR / 636** Т

אֲרֹנָי מָעוֹן אַתָּה הָיִיתָ לְּנוּ בּּדֹר וָדֹר: וַתְּחוֹלֵל אֶׁרֶץ וְתֵבֵל בִּשֵׁרֵם הָרִים יְלָּדוּ T וּמֵעוֹלָם עַר־עוֹלָם אַתָּה אֵל: T כְּיוֹם אֶתְמוֹל כִּי יַעֲבֹר כִּי אֶׁלֶף שָׁנִים בְּעֵינֶֿיה 1 I. וִאַשְׁמוּרָה בַלָּיִלָה: I בַּבֹּקָר כֶּחָצִיר יַחֲלֹף: זְרַמְתָם שֵׁנָה יִהְיוּ T בַּבּּקֶר יָצִיץ וְחָלָף לָעָרֵב יְמוּלֵל וְיָבֵשׁ: L L T יִמֵי־שְׁנוֹתֵׁינוּ בָהֶם שְׁבָעִים שָׁנָה וְאָם בִּגְבוּרוֹת שְׁמוֹנִים שֶׁנָה: Т כִּי־גָז חִישׁ וַנַּעָפָה: וְרָהְבָּם עָמָל וָאָוו T מִי־יוֹדֵע עֹז אַפָּק וּכְיִרְאָתְהַ עֵבְרָתֵׁהָ: T לִמְנוֹת יָמֵׁינוּ כֵּן הוֹדַע I. וְנָבִיא לְבַב חֲכְמָה: I יַרָאָה אֶל־עֲבְדֻֿיָה פָּעֻֻלֶּה וַהֲדָרְהָ עַל־בְּנֵיהֶם: T וִיהִי נֹעַם אֲדֹנָי אֱלֹהֵינוּ עָלֵינוּ וּמַעַשָּה יָדֵינוּ כּוֹנְנָה עָלֵינוּ 1 וּמַעֲשָּׁה יָדֵׁינוּ כּוֹנְגֵהוּ: 1 1 T T T 1 1 T T I 1 1 1 637 / YIZKOR 1 L I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I	
I	It is customary to rise for Yizkor prayers, El Maley Rahamim, and Kaddish.
I	Prayer in remembrance of a male:
I	יִזְכֹּר אֱלֹהִים אֶת־נִשְׁמַת
I	שֶׁהָלֵך לְעוֹלָמו: אֶׁנָּא תְהִי נַפְשוֹ צְרוּרָה בִצְרוֹר הַחַיִּים וּתְהִי מְנוּחָתוֹ
	כָּבוֹר: שֿבַע שְׁמָחוֹת אֶת־פָּגָיוּך נְעִימוֹת בִּימִינְךּ גָֿצַח. אָמֵן:
I	Let God remember the soul of
	who went to his place of eternal rest. Please let his soul be bound
Ι	up with the living in the continuum of life, and may his rest be
I I	honorable. Grant him abundant joy in your presence, and sweet pleasures at your right hand for eternity. Amen.
I I	Prayer in remembrance of a female:
I	יזכר אלהים את־נשמת
I	שֶׁהַלְכָה לְעוֹלְמָה: אָָנָא הִהִי נַפְשָׁה צְרוּרָה בִצְרוֹר הַחַיִּים וּתְהִי
I	מְנוּחָתָה כְּבוֹר: שַּׁבַע שְׁמָחוֹת אֶת־פָּגֶֿיף נְעִימוֹת בִּימִינְף גָּצַח. אָמֵן:
	Let God remember the soul of
I	who went to her place of eternal rest. Please let her soul be
Ι	bound up with the living in the continuum of life, and may her rest be honorable. Grant her abundant joy in your presence, and
ļ	sweet pleasures at your right hand for eternity. Amen.
I	
I	
I	
	YIZKOR / 638

אֵל מָלֵא רַחֲמִים שוֹכֵן בַּמְרוֹמִים הַמְצֵא מְנוּחָה נְכוֹנָה תַּׁחַת כַּנְפֵי הַשָּׁכִינָה בִּמַצַלוֹת קִדוֹשִׁים וּטָהוֹרִים כִּזֹהַר הָרָאָיצַ מַזְהִירִים לְנִשְׁמוֹת 1 יַקִּירֵינוּ וּקָרוֹשֵׁינוּ שֵהַלְכוּ לְעוֹלַמָם: אַנָּא בְּעַל הַרַחֲמִים הַסְתִּירֵם 1 בַּצַל כַּנַפֿיָד לְעוֹלַמִים וּצִרֹר בָּצָרוֹר־הַחַיִים אֶת נִשְׁמַתַם: יהוה הוּא 1 נַחַלַתֵם וְיַנֿוּחוּ בִשָּׁלוֹם עַל מִשְּׁכָּבָם וְנֹאמֵר אֲמֵן: I God filled with mercy, Т dwelling in the heavens' heights, bring proper rest 1 beneath the wings of your Shehinah, 1 amid the ranks of the holy and the pure, T illuminating like the brilliance of the skies the souls of our beloved and our blameless T who went to their eternal place of rest. T May you who are the source of mercy 1 shelter them beneath your wings eternally, 1 and bind their souls among the living, that they may rest in peace. 1 And let us say: Amen. T Т 1 1 T Т 639 / YIZKOR In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

For the Martyrs, Soldiers of the People Israel, and Victims of the Holocaust אַל מַלָא רַחַמִים שוֹכָן בַּמָרוֹמִים הַמַצֵא מְנוּחָה נְכוֹנָה תַּחת כּנפי מזהירים כזהר בַּמַעַלוֹת קָרוֹשִׁים וּטָהוֹרִים השכינה הרקיע את־נשמות חילי צבא ההגנה לישראל וכליאלה שמסרו את־נפשם עַל־קִדּוּשׁ הַשֵּׁם וְשֵׁנֶהֵרְגוּ בַּשּׁוֹאָה: אַנַּא בַּעַל הַרָחַמִים תַסִתִירָם בַּצַל כּנפֿיך לעולמים וּצרור בּצרור החיים את־נשמותם וינֿוּחוּ בשלום על־משכבם ונאמר אמן: Т God filled with mercy, dwelling in the heavens' heights, bring proper rest beneath the wings of your Shehinah, amid the ranks of the holy and the pure, illuminating like the brilliance of the 1 skies the souls of Israel's soldiers, and all those who have given up their lives in affirmation of your holy Name, and all destroyed in the Shoah. May you who are the source of mercy 1 shelter them beneath your wings eternally, and bind their souls among the living, that they may rest in peace. And let us say: Amen. Т COMMENTARY. In this El Maley Rahamim specific references to those who have died fighting in Israel's wars and those murdered in the Holocaust have been added to the traditional phrase "all those who have given up T their lives in affirmation of your holy Name." These events of our time demand special recognition. Sanctification of God's name through voluntary martyrdom was an altogether too common phenomenon in the rab-1 binic and medieval periods, which were often punctuated by savage persecution. Death in the Holocaust was qualitatively different because it could not be averted by the victim-even conversion had no power to save. Many 1 contemporary Jews view the tragic events of the Holocaust as a lessening of God's presence in the world, though acts of bravery, piety, and caring manifested the divine even then. Israeli soldiers generally understand their sacrifices to be for the sake of Т their families and their people rather than as part of an effort to make God manifest. Nonetheless their sacrifices, which have revived and preserved Israel as a Jewish home, have a meaning to Jews everywhere far beyond that of acres of land. They have kept alive a dream we share-our 1 land, not only free, but at peace. D.A.T. **YIZKOR / 640** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name:	 /423175t

Г

_

_

In the rising of the sun and in its going down, we remember them. In the blowing of the wind and in the chill of winter, we remember them.
In the opening of the buds and in the rebirth of spring, we remember them. In the blueness of the sky and in the warmth of summer, we remember them.
In the rustling of leaves and in the beauty of autumn, we remember them. In the beginning of the year and when it ends, we remember them.
When we are weary and in need of strength, we remember them. When we are lost and sick at heart, we remember them.
When we have joys we yearn to share, we remember them. So long as we live, they too shall live, for they are now a part of us, as we remember them.
Jack Riemer and Sylvan D. Kamens
641 / YIZKOR

Job Name: -	-	/423175	t
-------------	---	---------	---

KADDISH YATOM / THE MOURNERS' KADDISH 1 Reader: Let God's name be made great and holy in the world that 1 was created as God willed. May God complete the holy realm in your own lifetime, in your days, and in the days of all the house of Israel, quickly and soon. And say: Amen. I Congregation: May God's great name be blessed, forever and as long as worlds endure. T Reader: May it be blessed, and praised, and glorified, and held in honor, viewed with awe, embellished, and revered; and may the blessed name of holiness be hailed, though it be higher than all 1 the blessings, songs, praises, and consolations that we utter in this world. And say: Amen. T May Heaven grant a universal peace, and life for us, and for all 1 Israel. And say: Amen. May the one who creates harmony above, make peace for us and for all Israel, and for all who dwell on earth. And say: Amen. 1 T Love is not changed by Death, And nothing is lost and all in the end is harvest. 1 Edith Sitwell 1 **YIZKOR** / 642 1

L

דַּישׁ יְתוֹם	P
נגַדַל וְיִתְקַדַּשׁ שְׁמֵה רַבָּא בְּעָלְמָא דִי בְרָא כִרְעוּתֵה וְיַמְלִידְ לְכוּתֵה בְּחַיֵּיכוֹן וּבְיוֹמֵיכוֹן וּבְחַיֵּי רְכָל בֵּית יִשְׁרָאֵל בַּעַגָלָא וּבִזְמַן	
ַרְיּב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: רִיב וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:	
א שְׁמֵה רַבָּא מְבָרַדְּ לְעָלַם וּלְעָלְמֵי עָלְמֵיאָ:	-
נבָּרַהּ וְיִשְׁתַּבַּח וְיִתְפָּאַר וְיִתְרוֹמַם וְיִתְנַשֵּׂא וְיִתְהַדַּר וְיִתְעַלֶּה תְהַלֵּל שְׁמֵה דְקָרְשָׁא בְּרִיהִ הוּא	
עַלָּא מִז בָּל בִּרְכָתָא וְשִׁירָתָא הַשְׁבְּחָתָא וְנֶחֱמָתָא דַאֲמִירָז בְּעָלְמָא זַמְרוּ אַמֵן:	?
א שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִז שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כֵּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן: זא שְׁלָמָא רַבָּא מִז שְׁמַיָּא וְחַיִּים עָלֵינוּ וְעַל כָּל יִשְׁרָאֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:	•
שָּׁה שָׁלום בִּמְרוֹמִיו הוּא יַעֲשָּׁה שָׁלום עָלֵינוּ וְעַל בָּל יִשְׂרָאֵל וְעַל ל יוֹשְׁבֵי תֵבֵל וְאִמְרוּ אָמֵן:	ע
Reader: Yitgadal veyitkadash shemey raba be'alma divra ḥirutey veyamliḥ malḥutey beḥayeyḥon uvyomeyḥon uvḥayey deḥol beyt yisra'el ba'agala uvizman kariv ve'imru amen.	•
Congregation: Yehey shemey raba mevaraḥ le'alam ulalmey almaya.	
Reader: Yitbaraḥ veyishtabaḥ veyitpa'ar veyitromam veyitnasey veyit-hadar veyitaleh veyit-halal shemey dekudsha beriḥ hu le <u>'e</u> la min kol birḥata veshirata tushbeḥata veneḥemata da'amiran be'alma ve'imru amen.	
Yehey shelama raba min shemaya veḥayim aleynu ve'al kol	
yisra'el ve'imru amen. Oseh shalom bimromav hu ya'aseh shalom aleynu ve'al kol yisra'el ve'al kol yoshvey tevel ve'imru amen.	
643 / YIZKOR	

A psalm of David. THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need. 1 Amid the choicest grasses does God set me down. God leads me by the calmest waters, 1 and restores my soul. 1 God takes me along paths of righteousness, 1 in keeping with the honor of God's name. Even should I wander in a valley of the darkest shadows, I will fear no evil. T You are with me, God. Your power and support are there to comfort me. You set in front of me a table in the presence of my enemies. 1 You anoint my head with oil; my cup is overflowing. Surely, good and loving-kindness will pursue me 1 all the days of my life, and I shall come to dwell inside the house of THE ETERNAL for a length of days. Т 1 Psalm 23 T 1 1 YIZKOR / 644 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

מַזַמור לְדַוִד יהוה רֹעִי לֹא אָחָסַר: בִּנָאוֹת דָּשָׁא יַרְבִּיצֵׁנִי עַל־מֵי מִנְחוֹת יְנָהַלֵּנִי: נָפִשִׁי יִשוֹבֵב 1 יַנְהֵנִי בְמַעָגְלֵי־צְׁדֵק לְמַעָן שָׁמו: 1 גַם כִּי־אֵלֵדְ בְּגֵיא צַלְמֶֿוֶת לֹא־אִירָא רָע 1 כִּי־אַתָּה עָמָדִי שָׁבְטִף וּמִשְׁעַנְתֵּף הֵמָּה יְנַחֵמֻנִי: I תַעַרֹך לְפַנֵי שָׁלְחָז נֵגֶר צֹרְרַי דּשַּׁנַתַ בַשַּׁמַן רֹאשִי כּוֹסִי רְוַיָה: Т אַך טוֹב וַחֵסֵר יִרִדְפֿוּגִי כֵּל־יִמֵי חַיָּי וִשַּׁבְתִּי בְּבֵית־יהוה לְאֹרֵך יַמִים: 1 T Mizmor ledavid adonay ro'i lo ehsar. Binot deshe yarbitzeni T al mey menuhot yenahaleni. Nafshi yeshovev yanheni vemageley tzedek lema'an shemo. I Gam ki eleh begey tzalmavet lo ira ra 1 ki atah imadi shivteha umishanteha hemah yenahamuni. 1 Ta'aroh lefanay shulhan neged tzoreray dishanta vashemen roshi kosi revayah. 1 Ah tov vahesed yirdefuni kol yemey hayay T veshavti beveyt adonay le'oreh yamim. Т 1 1 1 T T 645 / YIZKOR In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

HOSHANOT / PRAYERS	FOR REDEMPTION
Torah scroll is brought to the lectern, and the	is part of the Torah service (see page 392). A ne reader chants. Except on Shabbat, the lulav ikkot, continue below. On Shabbat of Sukkot,
Hosha na!	
For your sake, our God, Hosha	na!
For your sake, our Creator, Ho	
For your sake, our Redeemer, 1	Hosha na!
For your sake, our Teacher, Ho	osha na!
A procession is formed around the synagog following is chanted:	ue. The lulav and etrog are carried and the
For the sake of your All-embra	cing truth
for the sake of your Binding c	0
for the sake of your Greatness	
for the sake of your Divine de	
for the sake of your Heavenly	
for the sake of your Wise asser	-
for the sake of your Sign and 1	
for the sake of your Heavenly	love,
for the sake of your Timeless g	good,
NOTE. An alphabetical acrostic occ	urs in the Hebrew of למען אמיתך / for
the sake of your All-embracing tr	uth, signifying the all-encompassing
	tion also contains an acrostic based on
the Hebrew alphabet.	R.S.
	SUKKOT / 646

		הוֹשַׁעְנוֹת
Torah scroll is brought	oshanot are recited as part of the T to the lectern, and the reader chants 1 the first day of Sukkot, continue	. Except on Shabbat, the lulav
	ж:	הושע נ
A. 8	הושע נָא:	לְמַעַנְדָ אֱלהֵֿינוּ
	הושע נא:	לְמַעַנְדָ בּוֹרְאֵׁנוּ
The second second	הושע נא:	לְמַעַנְדָ גּוֹאֱלֵנוּ
C)	הושע בָא:	לְמַעַנְהָ הוֹרְשֵׁנוּ
A procession is formed following is chanted:	around the synagogue. The lulav	and etrog are carried and the
	תָרְ לְמַעַז גַּרְלָה וְתִפְאַרְתָרְ	למנוז אמתה למנוז הרי
	עז זְכָרָדְ לְמַעַז חַסְדָּדְ לְמַאַ עַז זְכָרָדְ לְמַעַז חַסְדָדְ לְמַז	
, <u>1</u>		ei utwi sei utu
Hosha na.		
Lema'anḥa elohe		
	nu hosha na	a.
Lema'anḥa borey		
Lema'anḥa go'ale	ynu hosha n	
Lema'anḥa go'alc Lema'anḥa dor <u>sh</u> Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ	ynu hosha n	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an y m <u>a</u> 'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ
Lema'anḥa go'ale Lema'anḥa dorsh Le <u>ma</u> 'an amitaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an dataḥ ler	eynu hosha n eynu hosha n le <u>ma</u> 'an beritaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an ma'an hodaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an vi'u asdaḥ le <u>ma</u> 'an tuvaḥ.	a. godlaḥ vetifar-taḥ

_

_

Job Name: --

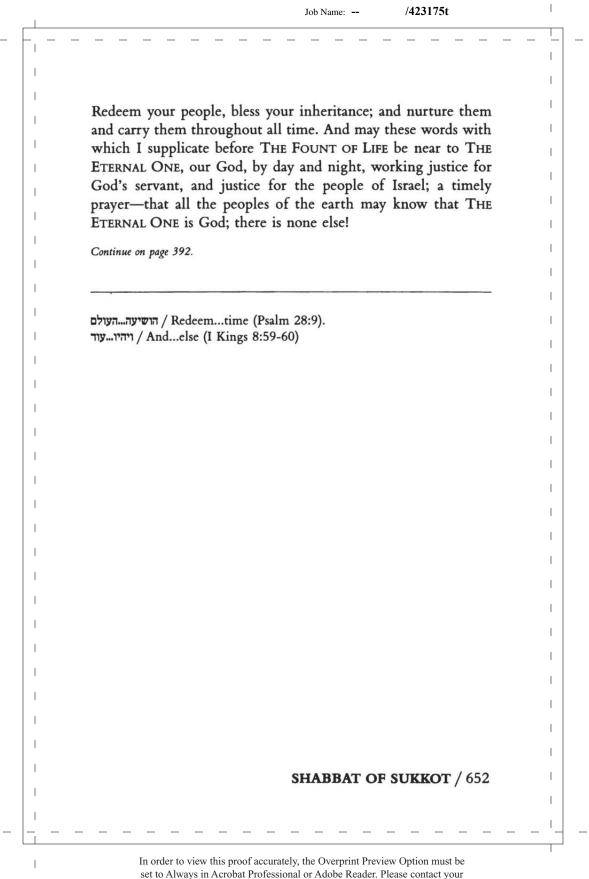
/423175t

for the sake of your Indivisibility, for the sake of your Consoling glory, 1 for the sake of your Learning's light, for the sake of your Majestic sovereignty, 1 for the sake of your Name's victory, 1 for the sake of your Sublime mystery, for the sake of your Omnipotence, for the sake of your Praise eternal, for the sake of your Complete and utter holiness, Т for the sake of your Supernal justice, for the sake of your Redeeming and abundant love, for the sake of your Shehinah's presence, save us, please, 1 for the sake of your Thunderous praises, save us please! Redeem your people, bless your inheritance; and nurture them and carry them throughout all time. And may these words with which I pray before THE FOUNT OF LIFE be near to THE ETERNAL ONE, our God, by day and night, working justice for God's servant, and justice for the people Israel; timely prayer-that all the peoples of the earth may know that THE ETERNAL ONE is T God; there is none else! Continue on page 392. 1 Redeem...time (Psalm 28:9). T ויהיו...עוד / And...else (I Kings 8:59-60). Т **SUKKOT / 648** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

לְמַעַז יִחוּדָה לְמַעַז כְּבוֹדָה לְמַעַז לִמּוּדָה לְמַעַז מַלְכוּתָה לְמַעַז נִצְחָה לְמַעו סוֹרָה לְמַעו עָזָה לְמַעו פָאָרָה לְמַעו צִרְקָתָה לְמַעו קָרָשָּתָה לְמַעַן רַחֲמֵיד הָרַבִּים לְמַעַן שָׁכִינָתָר הוּשַע נָא לְמַעַן הִהְלָתָר הוּשַע נא: 1 Lema'an yihudah lema'an kevodah lema'an limudah. lema'an malhutah lema'an nitzhah lema'an sodah lema'an uzah lema'an pe'erah lema'an tzidkatah T lema'an kedushatah lema'an rahameha harabim 1 lema'an shehinatah hosha na lema'an tehilatah 1 hosha na. 1 הוּשִּׁיעָה אֶת־עַמֵּך וּכַרֶך אֶת־נַחַלַתֵּך וּרָעָם וְנַשָּאָם עַד־הַעוּלַם: וְיָהִיוּ דברי אַלָּה אַשר התחַנַּנַתִּי לָפַנֵי יהוה קרבים אַל־יהוה אַלהַינוּ יוֹמם ולילה לעשות משפט עבדו ומשפט עמו ישראל דבריום ביומו: לִמַעַן דְּעַת כַּל־עַמֵּי הַאָּרֵץ כִּי יהוה הוּא הַאֵלהִים אֵין עוֹר: Hoshi'ah et ameha uvareh et nahalateha urem venasem ad ha'olam. Veyihyu devaray T eleh asher hithananti lifney adonay kerovim el adonay eloheynu yomam valaylah Т la'asot mishpat avdo umishpat amo yisra'el 1 devar yom beyomo. Lema'an da'at kol amey ha'aretz 1 ki adonay hu ha'elohim eyn od. Т Continue on page 393. T Т 649 / HOSHANOT In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

On the Shabbat of Sukkot, the following is said: Hosha na! For your sake, our God, Hosha na! For your sake, our Creator, Hosha na! For your sake, our Redeemer, Hosha na! For your sake, our Teacher, Hosha na! I A people guarded like the pupil of an eye, studying a doctrine that restores the soul, learning in depth the laws of the Shabbat, Т clinging to the Beloved One upon Shabbat, meditating on the Torah on Shabbat, praising its Creator on Shabbat, "remembering" and "keeping" Shabbat holiness, attaining joy and inspiration on Shabbat, tasting pleasure on Shabbat, 1 forgetting suffering and sorrow on Shabbat, proclaiming honor and delight upon Shabbat, changing clothing and array upon 1 Shabbat, preparing food and drink for the Shabbat, kindling light with blessing on Shabbat, feasting with joyous feasts upon Shabbat, breaking two loaves of bread upon Shabbat, opening Т the mouth with songs upon Shabbat, rejoicing and being happy 1 with Shabbat delight, sanctifying the holiness of the day upon Shabbat, finding relief and rest upon Shabbat, tranquility and peace in Shabbat rest. May you, [O God,] cause this people to T inherit "a day that is complete Shabbat!" 1 1 SHABBAT OF SUKKOT / 650

I	
1	On the Shabbat of Sukkot the following is said:
	הוֹשֵע נַא:
	לְמַעַנְדָ אֱלהֵׁינוּ הוֹשֵׁע נָא:
l	לְמַעַנְדּ בּוֹרְאֵׁנוּ הוֹשֵׁע נָא:
	לְמַעַנְדּ גּוֹאֲלֵׁנוּ הוֹשַׁע נָא:
l	לְמַעַנְהָ דּוֹרְאֵׁנוּ הוֹשֵׁע נָא:
	Hosha na.
	Lema'anha elo <u>hey</u> nu hosha na.
l	Lema'anḥa bo <u>rey</u> nu hosha na. Lema'anḥa go'aleynu hosha na.
	Lema'anța dorsheynu hosha na.
	אם נְצוּרָה כְּכָבַת בּוּגֶָנֶת בְּתָוֹרָה בַּשַּׁבָּת וּמְשַׁבַּּחַת לְבוֹרְאָה בַּשַּׁבָּת דְבַקָה בְּדוֹרָה בַּשַּׁבָּת הוּגָה בַּתּוֹרָה בַּשַּׁבָּת וּמְשַׁבַּחַת לְבוֹרְאָה בַּשַּׁבָּת זוּכָּרֶת וְשוֹמֶׁרֶת קְדוּשַׁת שַׁבָּת חֶדְוָה וְנֹפָש מַשִּׁיגָה בַשַּׁבָּת טוֹעֶֿמֶת נְעֲמֵי שַׁבָּת יְגוּז וְצַעַר שוֹלַחַת בַּשַּׁבָּת כָּבוּד וְעָׁגָג מְוֹרְאָה לַשַּבָּ לְבוּש וּכְסוּת מְחַלֶּפֶת בַשַּׁבָּת מַאֲכָל וּמִשְׁתָּה מְכִינָה לַשַּׁבָּת גַר מְרָיָקה בִּבְרָכָה בַשַׁבָּת סְעוּרוֹת שִּׁמְחָה סוּעָּדָת בַּשַּבָּת עַל שְׁתָּ מַרְלִיקה בִּבְרָכָה בַשַּבָּת סְעוּרוֹת שִׁמְחָה סוֹעָּדֶת בַּשַּבָּת עַל שְׁתַּ כְּכְרוֹת בּוֹצַעַת בַשַּבָּת מַאַכָּל וּמִשְׁתָה סוֹעָּדָת בַשַּבָּת עַל שָׁתָ בְּכָרָה בַשַּבָּת סִתּוֹם מְתַדָּשָׁרָ מַשְּבָת הָמָיחָה מוּעָרָת בַשַּבָּת עַל שְׁתָי הַכְּרָוֹת בוּצַעַת בַשַּבָּת מַצָּכָה בַשַּבָּת רַיחָה וַשָּבָרָה מוּצָאת בַשַּבָּבָת בְּעַבָּה הָישְׁבָרָה וּשְׁבָּעָת בַשַּבָּת מָדִים מָתַרָּשָׁבָר מָנָזים וּבָעָקוּ מוּצָאת בַשַּבָּת בְּעַבָּה וּשְׁמָה וּשְׁבָנָה וּיִה מְכָבָיה בוּשַּבָּת הַיּרָה בַשַּבָּת רָיָזים מּבָּשָּבָת אַרָיָא בַשַּבָּת



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

הוֹשִׁיעָה אֶת־עַמֶּך וּבָרֵך אֶת־נַחֲלָתֶׁד וּרְעֵם וְנַשְּׁאֵם עַד־הָעוֹלָם: וְיִהְיוּ ַדְבָרַי אֵׁלֶה אֲשֶׁר הִתְחַנַּנְהִי לִפְנֵי יהוה קְרֹבִים אֶל־יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ יוֹמָם 1 וַלַיִלָה לַעַשוֹת מִשְׁפַּט עַבִדּו וּמִשְׁפַט עַמּו יִשְׁרָאֵל דְבָר־יוֹם בִּיוֹמו: Т לְמַעָן דְּעַת כֵּל־עַמֵּי הָאָרֵץ כִּי יהוה הוּא הַאֱלֹהִים אֵין עוֹד. 1 Т Hoshi'ah et ameha uvareh et nahalateha T urem venasem ad ha'olam. Veyihyu devaray eleh asher hithananti lifney adonay kerovim el adonay eloheynu yomam valaylah T la'asot mishpat avdo umishpat amo yisra'el 1 devar yom beyomo. Lema'an da'at kol amey ha'aretz ki adonay hu ha'elohim eyn od. T T Continue on page 393. T Т Т 1 T Т 1 T Т 653 / HOSHANOT In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --

/423175t

HAKAFOT / THE PROCESSIONS FOR SIMHAT TORAH You have proclaimed for all to know, that THE ETERNAL ONE is God, there is none else,

the one who alone performed great, wondrous deeds, whose love is everlasting. There is none like you among the powerful, ETERNAL ONE, and there are no deeds like your deeds. May the glory of THE ONE be everlasting, may THE ONE take joy in the creation, may the name of THE ALMIGHTY ONE be blessed, now and forever. May THE HOLY ONE, our God, be with us, just as it happened for our ancestors! Do not forsake nor turn away from God. But say: "Redeem us, God of our redemption, and unite us, save us from our foes, so that your holy name may be acknowledged, and that we may share a portion of your glory." THE ETERNAL ONE reigns! THE ETERNAL ONE has always reigned! THE ETERNAL ONE shall reign beyond all time. THE ETERNAL ONE gives strength to our people. May THE ETERNAL ONE bless us with peace. And may our words be seen with favor by the One who watches over all.

Т

1

SIMHAT TORAH / 654

1

_

הַקָּפוֹת
 אַהָּהַ הַרְאַתָ לָרַעַת כִּי יהוה הוּא הָאֵלהִים אֵין עוֹד מִלְבַדּוֹ: אַהָּה הַרְאַתָ לָרַעַת כִּי יהוה הוּא הָאֵלהִים אֵין עוֹד מִלְבַדּוֹ: לְעֹשֵׁה נִפְּלָאוֹת גִּרֹלוֹת לְבַדּוֹ כִּי לְעוֹלָם חַסְדּוֹ: אַיִדְכָּמוֹד בָאֵלהִים אֲרֹנָי וְאֵין כְּמַעֲשֶׁידָ: יְהִי כְבוֹד יהוה לְעוֹלָם יִשְׁמַח יהוה בְּמַעֲשָׁידָ: יְהִי כְבוֹד יהוה מְבֹרָד מַעַתָּה וְעַד־עוֹלָם: יְהִי יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ עַמְּנוּ כַּאֲשֶׁר הָיָה עִם־אֲבֹתַינוּ אַל יַעַוְבַנוּ וְאַל יְהִי שָׁם יהוה אֶלהֵינוּ עַמְנָה וְעַד־עוֹלָם: יְהִי יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ עַמְנוּ כַּאֲשֶׁר הָיָה עִם־אֲבֹתַינוּ אַל יַעַוְבַנוּ וְאַל יְשָׁם יהוה אֶלהֵינוּ עַמְנוּ וַקַבְּצַנוּ וְקַבְּצַבוּ וְאַל יְהָי יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ אַלהֵי יִשְׁעַנוּ וְקַבְּצַבוּ וְאַל וְאַר יְהוּה אֶלהֵינוּ אַלהֵי יִשְׁמַנוּ וַקַבְּצַבוּ וְהַאָלַנוּ וְהַאַלְבוּיוֹת לְשֵם יְהוּה הוּשִׁיעַנוּ אַלהֵי יִשְׁעַנוּ וְקַבְּצַבוּ וְהַאַלַנוּ וְהַאַלֹבוּ מִרהַגוּים לְהוּרוֹת לְשֵׁם קַרְשָׁתוּ הוּהוֹה מְלְהֵי יִשְׁעַנוּ וְקַבְּצַבוּ וְאַלַנוּ וְהַאוֹר מָלְבָרוּ מַיְלַבּוּ וְאַל יְשִוֹבוּי הוה אֶלהַיוּ אַלְהֵי יִשְּעַנוּ וּקַבְּצַבוּ וְאַל יוּהוּ אַמָרוּ הוּהוּה אָלהֵינוּ אַלְהוּים בְאָשֶׁבוּי וּחַרָּין מַעוּנוּ וּקוּין וּשִילַנוּ וּהוּה מָלַה יְהוּקעוּים אָרוּזין וּאַרוּוּ מָמָרוּ הוּהוּהוּ מָלָד יהוה מָלָד יְרוּהוּה יִמָלוּ וּשְׁמַם וְעָרוּמּמַעַנוּ וּהוּה מָלָד יהוה יִמָרוּ וּהוּה יָמָלָד יהוה יִמָלָד אַרוּזן כּאוּר וּוּהוּהוּ מָיוּה הוּה עַזן יהוה הָיָלָם יָאַמוּן יהוּה אָרוּזן כּיּוּה אַירוּזין אַנוּוּי הַיוּה אָיוּה אַיָר אַמָרוּין בּאָרוּזין הַיּזוּין בּיּעַרוּין אָיהוּה הוּה אַרוּים אַמּנוּד בּאַעָרוּין אַירוּה אָיוּזן אַין אַיוּזין גוּין גַיּין אַירוּין הַיוּין אַיוּזין בּיוּינוּין בּיּאַין אַיַין בּיין אָין הוּיוּא אַרוּין בּיוּין בּיּעָרין בּעָעוּין הַיָּין אַין אַין אַין הייור בּיין הַיין אַין וּין אַין אַין אַין אַין אַין אַין אַין אַ
אתהמלברו / Youelse (Deuteronomy 4:35). / לעשהחסרו / the oneeverlasting (Psalm 136:4). / דייבמעשיך / Theredeeds (Psalm 86:8). / הייבמעשיו / Maycreation (Psalm 104:31). / mayforever (Psalm 113:2). / Mayancestors (I Kings 8:57). / Mayancestors (I Kings 8:57). / Butglory (I Chronicles 16:35). / אותרובשלום / May the Eternal Onepeace (Psalm 29:11).
655 / НАКАFOT

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

The ark is opened. And it happened, when the Ark began its journey, 1 that Moses said; Arise, ASCENDANT ONE, and may your enemies be scattered, and may all those who hate you run away from your light! 1 Rise up, WISE ONE, from your resting-place, you and your mighty Ark! Т And on that day, it shall be said: Behold, our God, for whose deliverance we hoped! This is THE COMPASSIONATE, whom we have waited for, 1 let us rejoice and celebrate God's help! Your realm endures throughout all time, 1 your rule, throughout all generations. Behold, out of Zion emerges our Torah, 1 and the word of THE WISE ONE from Jerusalem's heights. 1 Source of all mercy, deal kindly and in good will with Zion. Rebuild the walls of Jerusalem. T For in you alone we place our trust, God, sovereign, high and revered, 1 the life of all the worlds. All the Torahs are removed from the ark. T 1 SIMHAT TORAH / 656 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --The ark is opened. וַיָהִי בִּנְסֹעַ הַאַרֹן וַיֹּאֹמֵר משֵׁה קֿוּמָה יהוה וְיָפָּצוּ איִבֵּיך וְיָנָסוּ T משנאיה מפניה: 1 לּוּמַה יהוה לִמְנוּחָתֵׁף אַתָּה וַאַרוֹן עָזֵּף: 1 I. ואַמַר בַּיּוֹם הַהוּא הִבָּה אֱלהֵינוּ זֵה קוִּינוּ לוֹ וִיוֹשִׁיעֵׁנוּ T I. זֵה יהוה קוֹּינוּ לוֹ נַגִֿילָה וִנִשְׂמְחָה בִּישוּעַתוֹ: T I. מַלְכוּתָדְ מֵלְכוּת כֵּל־עֹלָמִים וּמֵמִשַׁלְתָדְ בְּכֵל־דּוֹר וָדֹר: L כִּי מָצִיוֹן הַצֵא תוֹרָה וּדְבַר־יהוה מִירוּשָׁלַיִם: 1 אַב הָרַחַמִים הֵיטִֿיבָה בִרְצוֹנְהָ אֶת־צִיוֹן תִּבְנֶה חוֹמוֹת יִרוּשָּׁלָיִם: 1 כִּי כִדְּ לְבַר בַּטַׁחְנוּ מֵלֵךְ אֵל רֵם וְנִשָּׁא אֲרוֹן עוֹלַמִים: → T Т All the Torahs are removed from the ark. L T ריהי...מפניך / And...Light! (Numbers 10:35). ואמר...בישועתו / And...help (Isaiah 25:9). T. מלכותך...ודור / Your...generations (Psalm 145:13). כי...ירושלים / Behold...heights (Isaiah 2:3). T deal...Jerusalem (Psalm 51:20). I T T. 1 Т T 1 T Т 1 T Т 657 / HAKAFOT T L I

/423175t Job Name: --The Torahs are carried in procession, circling the room once for each Hakafah. This is a time for singing and dancing! Some songs are suggested below. Of course others may be substituted or added. It is customary for a different group of people to carry the Torahs during Т each Hakafah. 1 FIRST HAKAFAH 1 We pray, ALMIGHTY ONE, redeem us now! 1 We pray, ETERNAL ONE, help us prevail! We pray, BELOVED ONE, please answer when we call! Т All-present one, God of all souls, redeem us now! 1 ב Beneficent one, who examines hearts, help us prevail! 1 L Glorious one, redemption's strength, please answer when we call! 1 3 1 We bring you blessings of peace! S Make pure our hearts to serve you in truth. 3 Let no nation lift a sword against a nation T -let them learn no more the ways of war!" Isaiah 2:4 אנא...נא / We pray...prevail (Psalm 118:25). T 1 SIMHAT TORAH / 658 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t Job Name: --T The Torahs are carried in procession, circling the room once for each Hakafah. This is a time for singing and dancing! Some songs are suggested below. Of course others may be T substituted or added. It is customary for a different group of people to carry the Torahs during I L each Hakafah. T L FIRST HAKAFAH T. T אָגָא יהוה הוֹשִּׁיעָה נָא אָנָא יהוה הַצְלִיחָה נָא אָנָא יהוה עַנֵגוּ בִיוֹם T T T קראנו: L L אַלהֵי הֵרוּחוֹת הוֹשִּׁיעָה נָּא L T בּוֹחֵז לְכָבוֹת הַצְּלִיחָה נָא T גּוֹאֵל חַזַק עַנְגוּ בִיוֹם קַרָאָנוּ: 1 L T 3 T L הַבַּאנוּ שָׁלוֹם אַלֵיכָם: T Hevenu shalom aleyhem T 3 1 וְטַהֵר לְבֵּנוּ לְעַבִדְךָ בֵּאֵמֵת: 1 Vetaher libenu le'ovdeha L T be'emet. T 3 Т Lo yisa goy el goy herev לא ישא גוי אל גוי הרב T. Lo yilmedu od milhamah. T L Т T T T Т 1 T Т 659 / HAKAFOT T T In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

SECOND HAKAFAH
 Declarer of just laws, God ever just, redeem us now! Holy illumination, in garment of light, help us prevail!
Voice from of old, so full of love, please answer when we call!
~~ >
The people Israel lives!
Our father still lives!
~~ ⊃
Voices of joy and of deliverance
resound amid the dwelling places of the just,
the right hand of ALMIGHTY GOD has shown its strength!
Psalm 118:15
COMMENTARY. The seven hakafot invoke the many sets of seven circles in
Jewish tradition—the seven circles of bride and groom, of Jericho's falling walls, of the <i>bimah</i> on Sukkot, and of the week's cycles of light and dark
as the earth revolves on its axis. Seven are the days from Sukkot to Shemini
Atzeret and seven times seven days from Pesah to Shavuot. E.M.
SIMU AT TOD AN / 440
SIMĻAT TORAH / 660

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

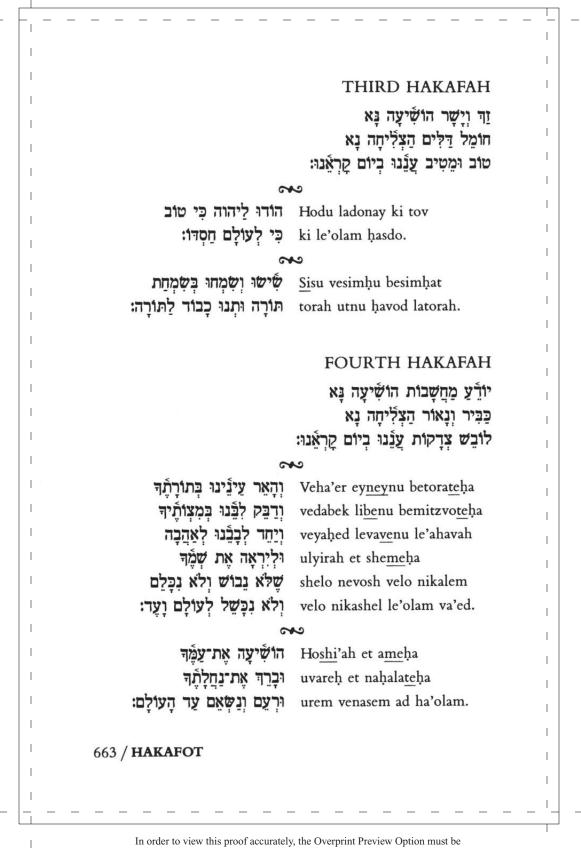
Ι

	SECOND HAKAFAH
	דּוֹבֵר צְדָקוֹת הוֹּאָֿיעָה נָּא
	הַדוּר בִּלְבוּשׁוֹ הַצְלִיחָה נָא
	וָתִיק וְחָסִיד עֲנֵנוּ בְיוֹם קָרְאֵׁנוּ:
6	20
עַם יִשְׂרַאֵל חַי	Am yisra'el ḥay.
עוד אבינו חי	•
- ···	,
	-
1 . 1.	Kol rinah vishu'ah
	be'oholey tzadikim yemin adonay osah ḥayil.
עוד אבינו חי which Joseph reveals himself to his יהעוד אבי חי שעוד אבי חי שעוד אבי חי was also Israel, is both the physical Israel. As the last ancestor from wh Israel not only represents the Jewish As long as the people Israel lives, as le dynamic force, Jacob's spirit continu us.	b brothers and immediately inquires "Joseph's father, Jacob, whose name and spiritual ancestor of the people nom all Jews are descended, Jacob / tradition but the living people itself. ong as Judaism remains a vibrant and
661 / НАКАFOT	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

TH	IRD HAKAFAH
101-10	So pure and upright, God of truth, redeem us now! Having compassion for all in need, help us prevail! Thoroughly good, dispensing good, please answer when we call!
	~~ ⊃
	e thanks to THE CREATOR, who is good, ose love is everlasting!
	Psalm 118:2
	€≁2
-	pice and celebrate the Festival of Torah, honor to the Torah!
FO	URTH HAKAFAH
י היט	 You who know thoughts, God who sees all, redeem us now! Complete in greatness and in light of truth, help us prevail! Light-bearer, clad in justice, please answer when we call!
and Uni that	ninate our vision with your Torah, cause our hearts to cling to your mitzvot. te our hearts to love and treat with awe your name, we may never suffer shame or know dishonor, our steps may never fail, until the end of time.
	~~>
bless	eem your people, 5 your inheritance, them and nurture them forever!
	SIMӉАТ TORAH / 662

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

 FIFTH HAKAFAH Majestic sovereign, God of all worlds, redeem us now! Nobly luminous, adorned in magnificence, help us prevail! Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! Two For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Two Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail! Stronghold of eternity, please answer when we call.
 Majestic sovereign, God of all worlds, redeem us now! Nobly luminous, adorned in magnificence, help us prevail! Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! Two For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Two Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 Majestic sovereign, God of all worlds, redeem us now! Nobly luminous, adorned in magnificence, help us prevail! Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! Two For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Two Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 Majestic sovereign, God of all worlds, redeem us now! Nobly luminous, adorned in magnificence, help us prevail! Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! Two For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Two Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 Nobly luminous, adorned in magnificence, help us prevail! Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 Supporter of the falling, please answer when we call! For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
For all such things my heart has yearned, have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Den-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Den-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
have mercy now, and please don't hide from us! Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Den-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
Your God rejoices over you, the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Den-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
 the way a bridegroom and a bride rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
rejoice in one another. SIXTH HAKAFAH Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
Open-handed one, who helps the poor, redeem us now! Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
D Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
D Protective one, our saving power, help us prevail!
3 Stronghold of eternity, please answer when we call.
61 0
From my distress, I cried out: "Yah!"
Yah answered, bringing great release.
, Psalm 118:5
May THE ETERNAL bless you from Zion,
and may you see Jerusalem's good fortune.
May THE ETERNAL bless you from Zion,
all the days of your life,
and may you see your children's children,
peace over Israel.
Psalm 128:5-6
SIMHAT TORAH / 664

FIFTH HAKAFAH מַלֶך עוּלַמִים הוּשִּׁיעַה נַא 1 נאור ואדיר הַצְלִיחָה נָא 1 סומד נופלים עננו ביום קראנו: 1 3 1 אלה חמרה לבי Eleh hamedah libi חוּסָה נַא וָאָל נַא תִּתְעֵלֵם: husah na ve'al na titalem. T 1 ישיש עליך אלהיך Yasis alayih elohayih. 1 כִּמְשּוֹשׁ חָתָן עַל כַּלָה: kimsos hatan al kalah. 1 SIXTH HAKAFAH T עוזר דּלִים הוֹשֿיעה נא 1 פּוֹדה וּמציל הַצַלִיחָה נָא 1 צוּר עוֹלַמִים עַנַנוּ בִיוֹם קַרָאָנוּ: 1 מן המצר קראתי יה Min hametzar karati yah T עַנַנִי בַמֵּרְחָב יָהּ: anani vamerhav yah. 1 3 1 יברכד יהוה מציון Yevareheha adonay mitziyon 1 וראה בטוב ירושלים urey betuv yerushalayim 1 יברכה יהוה מציון yevareheha adonay mitziyon T כל ימי ימי חליה: kol yemey yemey hayeha. וּרְאֵה כָּנִים לְכַנֵֿיף Urey vanim levaneha 1 שלום על ישראל shalom al yisra'el 1 וראה בנים לבניה urey vanim levaneha 1 שלום על ישראל: shalom al yisra'el. 1 665 / **HAKAFOT** 1 I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. 1

Job Name: --SEVENTH HAKAFAH Quintessence holy, awesome God, redeem us now! Replenishing with love and graciousness, help us prevail! Sure to fulfill your covenant, please answer when we call! The upholder of the innocent, redeem us now! The mightiest eternally, help us prevail! The flawless one in every deed, please answer when we

3

For they are our life and length of days, and on them we shall meditate, both day and night.

3

Behold, out of Zion emerges our Torah, and the word of THE WISE ONE from Jerusalem's heights.

The following songs are also suitable for use during the Hakafot. For additional songs, see pages 535, 547, 828, 839-841, 848, 853.

So draw, in joy, the waters from the fount of Help.

1

1

1

1

Т

T

Т

1

1

Т T

Т

Т

 \boldsymbol{v}

Л

call!

3

Rejoice throughout Jerusalem, let all who love her celebrate! Over your walls, City of David, I have posted watchers, both by day and night. Isaiah 66:10 and 62:6

3

Let the heavens dance for joy, and let the earth reverberate with glee, and let the sea resound and all who dwell therein!

Psalm 96:11

Isaiah: 2:3

Isaiah: 12:3

SIMHAT TORAH / 666

SEVENTH HAKAFAH קָרוֹש וְנוֹרָא הוֹשִׁיעָה נַא Т רחום וחַנּוּן הַצְלִיחָה נַא 1 שומר הַבְּרִית עַנֿנוּ בִיוֹם קַרָאֵׁנוּ: 1 תּוֹמֵך תִמִימִים הוֹשִּׁיעָה נָּא תַקִיף לָעָד הַצְלִיחָה נָא 1 תַמִים בְּמַעַשִיו עַנַנוּ בִיוֹם קַרָאַנוּ: L Т NO כִּי הֵם חַזֵּינוּ וָאֹרֵך יַמֵּינוּ Ki hem hayeynu ve'oreh 1 וּבַהֵם נֵהְגֵּה יוֹמֵם וַלְיָלֵה: yameynu uvahem nehgeh 1 yomam valaylah. 1 3 T כּי מִצִיוֹן הַצֵא תּוֹרָה Ki mitziyon tetzey torah T udvar adonay mirushalayim. וּרְבָר יהוה מִירוּשֵׁלֵים: 1 The following songs are also suitable for use during the Hakafot. For additional songs, see pages 535, 547, 828, 839-841, 848, 853. 1 ושאבתם מים בששון Ushavtem mayim besason 1 ממעיני הישועה: mima'ayney hayshu'ah T 3 Т שִּׁישוּ אֶת־יִרוּשֵׁלַיִם גִּילוּ בַה Sisu et yerushalayim gilu vah T כּל־אוֹהבֵיה: kol ohaveha. 1 עַל חומותַיִה עִיר דֵּוִד הִפְקָׁדְתִי Al homotayih ir david 1 hifkadeti shomrim שומרים T kol hayom vehol halaylah. כּל־הַיּוֹם וְכַל־הַלְּיָלָה: 3 Т ישמחו השנ ים Yismehu hashamayim vetagel ha'aretz 1 יִרְעָם הַיַם וּמַלאו: yiram hayam umlo'o. 1 667 / HAKAFOT Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

Job Name: --

/423175t

HATAN O KALAT HATORAH / BRIDEGROOM OR BRIDE OF TORAH May it be the will of the Almighty One to grant life and loving-kindness and the crown and eminence of divine blessing 1 Male to ______ son of ______ and _____, who has been called forth to complete the Torah: Arise, arise, arise, _____ son of _____ and _____, like a Т bridegroom of the Torah, and give honor to the great and awesome God. And through this honor, may you be considered worthy in the eyes of our exalted God to see the next generation, and the one that follows after it, being occupied 1 with Torah. Let _____ son of _____ and _____ arise like a bridegroom of the Torah. 1 Female _____ daughter of ______ and _____ to _ who has been called forth to complete the Torah: Arise, arise, arise, _____ daughter of _____ and _____, like a bride of the Torah, and give honor to the great and awesome God. And through this honor, may you be considered T worthy in the eyes of our exalted God to see the next generation, and the one that follows after it, being occupied with Torah. Let _____ daughter of _____ and 1 arise like a bride of the Torah. SIMHAT TORAH / 668

	חֲתַן אוֹ כַּלַּת הַתּוֹרָה
ם וָמֶֿסֶר וְגַֿזֶר וַאַטָרָה	וּבְכֵן יְהִי רָצוּן מִלְפְנֵי הַגְּבוּרָה לָתֵת חַיִּי
גּז לְאֵל גָּדוֹל וְנוֹרָא וּבִשְׂכַר	Male לְּשִׁתוֹרָה: עֲמֹד עֲמֹד עֲמֹד וְשִ וְּשִׁתוֹרָה: עֲמֹד עֲמֹד עֲמֹד הַתּוֹרָה וְתֵז כָּבוֹד זֶה תִזְכֶּה מֵאֵל נוֹרָא לִרְאוֹת כָּנִים וּבְנֵי כָ דֶה תִזְכֶּה מֵאֵל נוֹרָא לִרְאוֹת כָּנִים וּבְנֵי כָ
הַנְּכְטֶׁרֶת הַנְּכְטֶׁרֶת מְרִי בַּת וֹרָה וּתְנִי כָבוֹד לְאֵל גָּרוֹל	Female וּבְכֵזְ יְהִי רָצוֹזְ מִלִּפְנֵי הַגְּבוּרָה לָתֵת לְ בַּת וְ לְהַשְׁלִים הַתּוֹרָה: עָמְדִי עָמְדִי עִ וְנוֹרָא וּבִשְׂכַר זֶה תִּזְכִּי מֵאֵל נוֹרָא לִרְאוֹו וְנוֹרָא וּבִשְׂכַר זֶה תִזְכִי מֵאֵל נוֹרָא לִרְאוֹו בַּתוֹרָה: תַּצַמׂר בַּת
	T HATORAH/ OR BRIDE OF THE TORAH

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

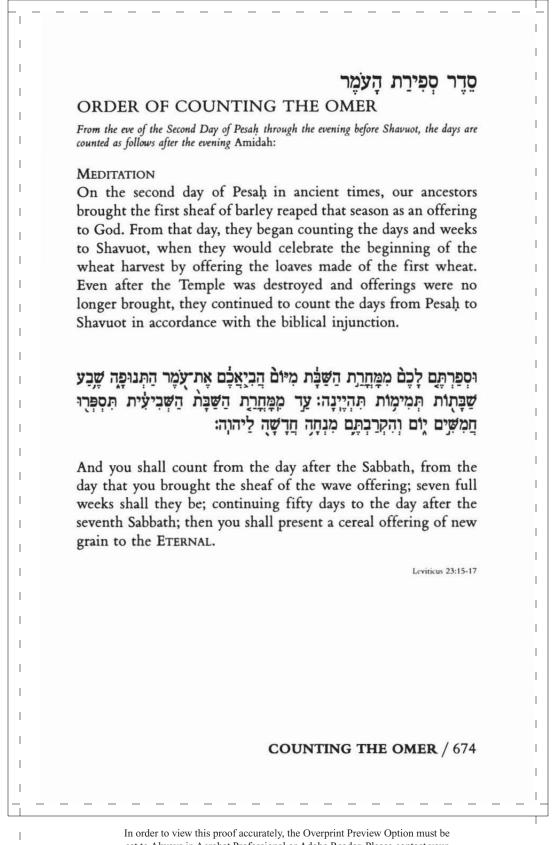
KALAT O HATAN BERESHIT BARA/ BRIDE OR BRIDEGROOM OF BERESHIT BARA Female A woman I have raised up from the people, in the midst of this community. I have found in her a heart ready to give interpretation, a spirit of justice and loving-kindness, one who follows in the path of honesty. Her heart has raised her up and her spirit has consented to be awakened, first and foremost, to be the one to begin the Torah. Since you are chosen as the first Т in fulfillment of this commandment, how fortunate you are, how great is your reward! Arise, arise, arise, ____ daughter of _____ and ____, like a bride of 1 Bereshit bara ("In the beginning God created ... "). As you stand with permission from this holy congregation to bless the great and awesome God, let all quickly say after you "Amen!" Arise 1 daughter of _____ and _____, like a bride of Bereshit bara. Male A man I have raised up from the people, in the midst of this community. I have found in him a heart ready to give interpretation, a spirit of justice and loving-kindness, one who T follows in the path of honesty. His heart has raised him up and his spirit has consented to be awakened, first and foremost, to be the one to begin the Torah. Since you are chosen as the first in fulfillment of this commandment, how fortunate you are, how great is your reward! Arise, arise, arise, _____ son of _____ and _____, like a bridegroom of Bereshit bara ("In the beginning God created ... "). As you stand with permission from this holy congregation to bless the great and Т awesome God, let all quickly say after you "Amen!" Arise _____ son of ______ and _____, like a bridegroom of Bereshit bara. Continue on page 404. SIMHAT TORAH / 670 Т L

או כַּלַת בְּרֵאֹשִית בָּרָא	הַתַן א
	Female
הֲרִימֹותִי מֵעָם תּוֹהְ הַחֲבוּרָה מְצָאתִֿיהָ לֵב נָכוֹן לְהַסְבִּירָה	בַּחוּרָה
וָהֶָּסֶר רוֹדֶּפֶת בְּאֹׁרַח יְשָׁרָה וּנְשָׂאָהּ לִבָּהּ וְנָרְבָה רוּחָהּ יְרְרָה הְּחִלֶה וְרִאשׁוֹנָה הֱיוֹת לְהַתְחִיל הַתּוֹרָה: יַֿעַן נַאֲשֵׁית	
ה לְמִצְוָה גְמוּרָה מָה רַב טוּבֵך וּמַשְׂכָּרְתֵך יְתֵרָה: עָמְדִי עָמְדִי	
_ בַּת _ וְ _ כְּכַלַת בְּרֵאשִׁית בָּרָא מֵרְשׁוּת הַקָּהָל הַקָּרוֹש הַזֶּה	
אֵל גָּרוֹל וְנוֹרָא אָמֵז יַצְנוּ אַחֲרֵיִהְ הַכּּל מְהֵרָה: תַּצַמֹר _ בַּת בכלב בכינושים בכיני	
כְּכַלֵּת בְּרָאיּית בְּרָא:	- ! -
	Male
זַרִימֿוֹתִי מֵעָם תּוֹך הַחֲבוּרָה מְצָאתִיו לֵב נָכוֹן לְהַסְבִּירָה צֶֿדֶק רוֹבַף בְּאֹרַח יְשָׁרָה וּנְשָׂאו לִבּוֹ וְנָרְבָה רוּחוֹ לְהִתְעוֹרְרָה תְּחִלָּה	
ן הֶיוֹת לְהַתְחִיל הַתּוֹרָה: יַֿעַן נַעַשִּׁיתָ רִאשוֹן לְמִצְוָה גְמוּרָה	
: טוּבְדּ וּמַשְּׁכָּרְתְדּ יְתֵרָה: צָמֹד צַמֹד צַמֹד _ בָּז _ וְ _ כַּחֲתַז	
ית בָּרָא מֵרְשׁוּת הַקָּהָל הַקָּדוֹש הַזֶּה לְבָרֵף אֵל גָּדוֹל וְנוֹרָא יית בָּרָא מֵרְשׁוּת הַקָּהָל הַקָּדוֹש הַזֶּה	•
נַנוּ אַחֲרֶידָּ הַכּּל מְהֵרָה: יַצָּמֹר _ בֶּן _ וְ _ כַּחֲתַן בְּרֵאשִׁית בְּרָא:	אָ <i>מַז</i> יַשַ
Continue on page 405.	
671 / BRIDE OR BRIDEGROOM OF BERESHIT BAR	LA

Job Name:	 /423175t
voo raamo.	/

	HADLAKAT NER SHEL HANUKAH / HANUKAH CANDLELIGHTING
	Blessed are you, SOURCE OF LIGHT, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us to kindle Hanukah light.
	Blessed are you, THE REDEEMER, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who wrought wonders for our ancestors in former days at this time of year.
	On the first night of Hanukah add:
	Blessed are you, ETERNAL ONE, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who gave us life, and kept us strong, and brought us to this time.
	MA'OZ TZUR / ROCK OF AGES
	This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.
	Rock of Ages, let our song Praise your saving power; You amid the raging foes Were our shelt'ring tower. Furious, they assailed us, But your arm availed us, And your word Broke their sword When our own strength failed us.
	Adapted from a translation by Gustav Göttheil
	HANUKAH / 672
_	

קת גרש הנוכה בְּרוּה אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶׁלֶך הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְשָׁנוּ Т בּמִצוֹתֵיו וִצְוֹּנוּ לְהַרְלִיק נֵר שֵׁל חֵנַכָּה: Т Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher kideshanu Т bemitzvotav vetzivanu lehadlik ner shel hanukah. T בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אֵלהֵינוּ מֶלֵך הַעוֹלֵם שֵׁעָשָׁה נִסִים לַאֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ בַּיָמִים Т ההם בזמן הזה: Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam she'asah nisim 1 la'avoteynu bayamim hahem bazeman hazeh. Т On the first night of Hanukah add: 1 בַּרוּך אַתַּה יהוה אַלהַינוּ מֵלֵך הַעוֹלַם שהחינו וקימנו והגיענו לזמן הזה: T Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam sheheheyanu 1 vekiyemanu vehigi'anu lazeman hazeh. Т מעוז צור מַעוֹז צוּר יִשוּעַתִי לְדָ נַאָה לְשַבַּחַ: T תכון בֵּית תִפְלַתִי וְשֵׁם תוֹדָה נְזֵבֵּחֵ: לעת תכין מטבח מצר המנבח: 1 אַז אַגמר בּשיר מזמור חַנכּת הַמּזַבּחַ: יונים נקבצו עלי אזי בימי חשמנים: ופרצו חומות מגדלי וטמאו כל השמנים: T וּמִנּוֹתֵר קַנְקַנִּים נַעֲשָׁה נֵס לְשׁוֹשֵׁנִים: בני בינה ימי שמונה קבעו שיר ורננים: Ma'oz tzur yeshu'ati leha na'eh leshabe'ah. Т Tikon beyt tefilati vesham todah nezabe'ah. Le'et tahin matbe'ah mitzar hamnabe'ah. 1 Az egmor beshir mizmor hanukat hamizbe'ah. I 673 / HANUKAH CANDLELIGHTING



set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name:		/423175t
-----------	--	----------

thanking God for the fruits of the field. So do we thank God for the renewal of life which all nature proclaims at this season. However, as Pesah and Shavuot acquired historical significance, their linkage through the counting of the intervening days took on new meaning. It connected the idea of freedom, associated with Pesah, with the idea of Torah, associated with Shavuot. It thus proclaimed that: אין לְה בֶּן חוֹרִין אֶלָּא מִי שֶׁעוֹסֵק בְּתַלְמוּד תּוֹרָה: Only one who engages in the study of Torah is truly free.

Thus our ancestors linked Pesah and Shavuot as occasions for

Before counting the Omer say:

בְּרוּהַ אַתָּה יהוה אֱלהֵׁינוּ מֶׁלֶך הָעוֹלָם אֲשֶׁר קִדְּשְׁנוּ בְּמִצְוֹתָיו וְצִוְּנוּ עַל סְפִירַת הָעֹׁמֶר:

Baruh atah adonay eloheynu meleh ha'olam asher kideshanu bemitzvotav vetzivanu al sefirat ha'omer.

Blessed are you, ETERNAL, our God, the sovereign of all worlds, who has made us holy with your mitzvot, and commanded us concerning the counting of the Omer.

אין...תורה / Only...free (Pirkey Avot 6:2).

T

1

1

I

Т

1

Т

T

Т

1

T

Т

Т

675 / SEFIRAT HA'OMER

Job Name: /423175t
1. This is the first day of the Omer.
2. This is the second day of the Omer.
3. This is the third day of the Omer.
4. This is the fourth day of the Omer.
5. This is the fifth day of the Omer.
6. This is the sixth day of the Omer.
7. This is the seventh day, making one week of the Omer.
8. This is the eighth day, making one week and one day of the Omer.
9. This is the ninth day, making one week and two days of the Omer.
10. This is the tenth day, making one week and three days of the Omer.
11. This is the eleventh day, making one week and four days of the Omer.
12. This is the twelfth day, making one week and five days of the Omer.
13. This is the thirteenth day, making one week and six days of the Omer.
14. This is the fourteenth day, making two weeks of the Omer.
15. This is the fifteenth day, making two weeks and one day of the Omer.
16. This is the sixteenth day, making two weeks and two days of the Omer.
17. This is the seventeenth day, making two weeks and three days of the Omer.
COUNTING THE OMER / 676

_

_

Ι

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option. _

	Job Name: /423175t
	1. הַיּוֹם יוֹם אֶחָד לָע <u></u> ֹמֶר:
	2. הַיּוֹם שְׁנֵי יָמִים לְעֹמֶר:
	.3 הַיּוֹם שְׁלשָׁה יָמִים לָעֹׁמֶר:
	.4 הַיּוֹם אַרְבָּעָה יָמִים לָעֿמֶר :
	 הַיּוֹם חֲמִשְׁה יָמִים לְעֹֹמֶר:
	 הַיּוֹם שְׁשֶׁה יָמִים לְעֹמֶר:
אָחָר לְעֿמֶר:	7. הַיּוֹם שָׁבְעָה יָמִים שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿוּעַ
	8. הַיּוֹם שְׁמוֹנָה יָמִים שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿוּעַ
	9. הַיּוֹם תִּשְׁעָה יָמִים שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿוּעַ
	10. הַיּוֹם עֲשָׂרָה יָמִים שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿוּעַ
	11. הַיּוֹם אַחַר־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿוּ
וּעַ אֶחָד וַחֲמִשָּה יָמִים לָעֿמֶר:	12. הַיּוֹם שְׁנֵים־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁבֿ
זבֿוּעַ אֶחָר וְשִׁשָּה יָמִים לָעֿׁמֶר:	13. הַיּוֹם שְׁלשָה־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שָ
	14. הַיּוֹם אַרְבָּעָה־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם מְ
ּגַי שָׁבוּעוֹת וְיוֹם אֶחָד לָעֹֹמֶר:	.15 הַיּוֹם חֲמִשְׁה־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁ
ִי שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁנֵי יָמִים לָעֿׁמֶר:	16. הַיּוֹם שָׁשָה־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁנֵ
י שָׁבוּעות וּשְׁלשָה יָמִים לָעֿמֶר:	17. הַיּוֹם שְׁבְעָה־עָשָׁר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁנֵי
677 / SEFIRAT HA'OMER	

_

Ι

Job Name:	 /423175t

18. This is the eighteenth day, making two weeks and four da
of the Omer.
19. This is the nineteenth day, making two weeks and five da of the Omer.
20. This is the twentieth day, making two weeks and six da of the Omer.
21. This is the twenty-first day, making three weeks of the Omer.
22. This is the twenty-second day, making three weeks and or day of the Omer.
23. This is the twenty-third day, making three weeks and tw days of the Omer.
24. This is the twenty-fourth day, making three weeks an three days of the Omer.
25. This is the twenty-fifth day, making three weeks and for days of the Omer.
26. This is the twenty-sixth day, making three weeks and findays of the Omer.
27. This is the twenty-seventh day, making three weeks and s days of the Omer.
28. This is the twenty-eighth day, making four weeks of th Omer.
29. This is the twenty-ninth day, making four weeks and or day of the Omer.
COUNTING THE OMER / 67

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Т T 18. הַיּוֹם שָׁמוֹנָה־עַשַׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֶם שְׁנֵי שָׁבוּעוֹת וְאַרְבָּעָה יַמִים לַעַמֵר: T 19. הַיּוֹם תִּשְׁעָה־עָשָׂר יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁנֵי שְׁבוּעוֹת וַחֲמִשְׁה יָמִים לְעֹׁמֶר: Т 1 20. הַיּוֹם עֵשָּׁרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שְׁנֵי שֵׁבוּעוֹת וְשִׁשָּׁה יָמִים לַעֹמֵר: 1 21. הַיּוֹם אֶחָד וְעֶשְׂרִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁלשָׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת לַעֹּמֵר: Т 22. הַיּוֹם שְׁנַיִם וְעֵשָׂרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שְׁלשָׁה שְׁבוּעוֹת וִיוֹם אֶחָר 1 לַעַמָר: 1 23. הַיּוֹם שְׁלשָׁה וְעֶשְׂרִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁלשָׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁנֵי יָמִים T לַעַמָר: Т T 24. הַיּוֹם אַרְבָּעָה וְעֵשְׂרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שְׁלֹשֶׁה שֶׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁלֹשֶׁה יָמִים 1 לַעַמֵר: 1 25. הַיּוֹם חֵמִשָּׁה וְעֵשָּׁרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שָׁלשָׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וְאַרְבַּעָה יַמִים לַעַמר: T 26. הַיּוֹם שָׁשָּׁה וְעֵשָּׁרִים יוֹם שָׁהָם שָׁלֹשָה שָׁבוּעוֹת וַחַמִשָּׁה יַמִים Т לַעַמר: T 27. הַיּוֹם שָׁבִעָה וְעֵשְׂרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שְׁלֹשָה שֵׁבוּעוֹת וְשִׁשֵׁה יַמִים Т לַעַמָר: T 28. הַיּוֹם שְׁמוֹנָה וְעֵשְׂרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שָׁבוּעוֹת לָעֹמֵר: 29. הַיּוֹם תִּשְׁעָה וְעֵשְׂרִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שֵׁבוּעוֹת וִיוֹם אֶחָר לַלָּמֶר: Т 1 1 679 / SEFIRAT HA'OMER Т T

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Job Name:	 /423175t

_

_

_

30. This of the O	s is the thirtieth day, making four weeks and two days omer.
	s is the thirty-first day, making four weeks and three he Omer.
	s is the thirty-second day, making four weeks and four he Omer.
	s is the thirty-third day, making four weeks and five he Omer.
	s is the thirty-fourth day, making four weeks and six he Omer.
35. This	s is the thirty-fifth day, making five weeks of the Omer.
36. This of the O	s is the thirty-sixth day, making five weeks and one day omer.
	s is the thirty-seventh day, making five weeks and two he Omer.
	s is the thirty-eighth day, making five weeks and three he Omer.
	s is the thirty-ninth day, making five weeks and four he Omer.
40. This the Ome	s is the fortieth day, making five weeks and five days of er.
41. This of the O	s is the forty-first day, making five weeks and six days mer.
	COUNTING THE OMER / 680

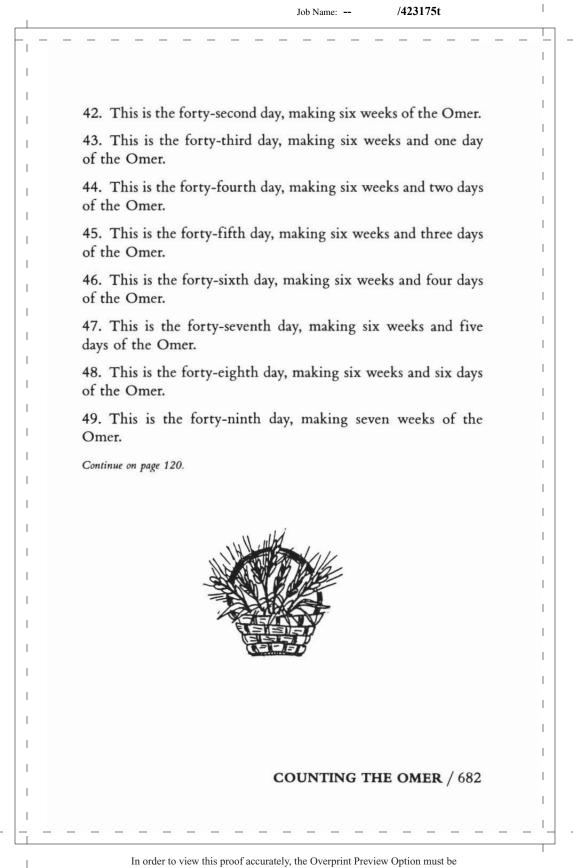
set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

T 30. הַיּוֹם שְׁלשִׁים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שְׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁנֵי יָמִים לָעֹׁמֶר: 31. הַיּוֹם אֶחֵר וּשָׁלשִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁלשָה יָמִים 1 לעמר: 1 32. הַיּוֹם שְׁנֵיִם וּשְׁלשִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שָׁבוּעוֹת וְאַרְבָּעָה יָמִים 1 לַעַמָר: T 33. הַיּוֹם שְׁלשָה וּשְׁלשִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שָׁבוּעוֹת וַחֲמִשָּה יָמִים 1 I לַעַמר: T Т 34. הַיּוֹם אַרְבָּעָה וּשְׁלֹשִים יוֹם שֶהֵם אַרְבָּעָה שְׁבוּעוֹת וְשִׁשָּה יָמִים 1 לָלַמָר: T 35. הַיּוֹם חַמִשָּה וּשְׁלשִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם חַמִשָּה שָׁבוּעוֹת לָעָמָר: T יום שֶהֵם חֵמִשָּה שָׁבוּעות וִיוֹם אֶחָר 36. היום ששה ושלשים 1 לַעַמָר: 1 37. הַיּוֹם שָׁבְעָה וּשְׁלֹשִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם חֵמִשָּה שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁנֵי יַמִים Т לַעַמר: T Т 38. הַיּוֹם שָׁמוֹנָה וּשְׁלשִׁים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם חֲמִשָּה שְׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁלשָה יָמִים T לַעַמר: Т 39. הַיּוֹם תִּשְׁעָה וּשְׁלֹשִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם חֵמִשָּׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וְאַרְבָּעָה יָמִים Т לַעַמֵר: T 40. הַיּוֹם אַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם חֵמִשָּׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וַחֵמִשָּה יָמִים לָעָׂמֵר: 1 41. הַיּוֹם אֲחֵר וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם חֵמִשָּה שָׁבוּעות וְשִׁשָּה יָמִים Т לעמר: Т 1 681 / SEFIRAT HA'OMER Т L

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T



Т T 42. הַיּוֹם שְׁנֵיִם וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שְׁשָׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת לַעֹמֵר: T 1 שבועות ויום אחר שהם שלשה ואר 43. היום ששה יום Э Т לַעַמָר: L T. L 44. הַיּוֹם אַרְבַּעָה וְאַרְבַּעִים יוֹם שֵׁהֵם שָׁשָּׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשְׁנֵי יָמִים L לַעַמָר: T 45. הַיּוֹם חֵמִשָּׁה וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁשָּׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וּשָׁלשָׁה יַמִים L T לַעַמָר: L Т 46. הַיּוֹם שִׁשָּה וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶהֵם שִׁשָּה שְׁבוּעוֹת וְאַרְבָּעָה יָמִים T לַעַמָר: L 47. הַיּוֹם שְׁבְעָה וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שִׁשְׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וְחֵמִשָּה יָמִים T. L T לעמר: I 48. הַיּוֹם שָׁמוֹנָה וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שָׁשָּׁה שָׁבוּעוֹת וְשִׁשָּׁה יָמִים 1 לַעַמֵר: 1 .49 הַיּוֹם תִּשְׁעָה וְאַרְבָּעִים יוֹם שֶׁהֵם שְׁבְעָה שְׁבוּעוֹת לְעֹׁמֶר: T T Continue on page 121. T. 1 Т L T I T T. I Т 683 / SEFIRAT HA'OMER I

/423175t Job Name: --

INDIVIDUAL MI SHEBERAH גינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וְיַאָקֹב וְאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָׂרָה רִבְקָה רְחֵל	מִי שָּבַר <u>ָ</u> ר
גינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וְיַצָקֹב וְאִמּוֹתֵֿינוּ שָׂרָה רִבְקָה רָחֵל	Male
	-
ז אֵת בֶּז וְ שֵׁעָלָה לְכָבוֹד	
הַתּוֹרָה וְלִכְבוֹר הַשֵּׁבָּת* (וְלִכְבוֹר הָרֵגֵל :on Festivals say: הַרֵּגַל	
הוא יִחַיֵּיהוּ וִיִשְׁמְבֶהוּ מִכֵּל־צָרָה וִצוּקָה וּמִכֵּל־נֻֿגַע	
ז בְּרָכָה וְהַצְּלָחָה בְּכֵל־מַעַשֵּׁה יָדָיו וִיבָרְכֵּהוּ	20. The second
אָחָיו וְאַחְיוֹתָיו וְנֹאמַר אָמֵן:	
	Female
ֹתֵֿינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וְיַצֵקֹב וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שֶׁרָה רִבְקָה	מִי שֶׁבֵּרַדְ אֲבוֹ
א יְבָרֵדְ אֵת בַּת וְ	רָחֵל וְלֵאָה הו
וד הַמֶּקוֹם לִכְבוֹד הַתּוֹרָה וְלִכְבוֹד הַשֵּׁבֶּת*	שֶׁעֶלְתָה לִכְב
ָהָקָרוֹש בָּרוּד הוּא יְחַלֶּיה וְיִשְׁמְבֶֿה (On Festivals say:	
קָה וּמִבְּל־גֶֿגַע וּמַחֲלָה וְיִשְׁלַח בְּרָכָה וְהַצְלָחָה	
יהָ וִיבָרְכֶֿהָ אָם־כֵּל־יִשְׂרָאֵל אַחֶּיהָ וְאַחְיוֹתֶיהָ וְנֹאמֵר	בְּכָל־מַצְשָׂה יָדָׂ
	אָמֵז:
May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraha	
Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless who has risen today in honor of the SOURCE OF AL	
of the Torah and Shabbat* (on a Festival, say: the	Festival). May
he /she be granted life and kept from every	
affliction, and from every harm and sickness. M granted blessing and success in all his / her labors	
of Israel, and let us say: Amen.	0
*At this point in the mi sheberah, an additional phrase can	n easily be added
on occasions for which no special mi sheberah appears in th	is book. Gradua-
tions, the birth of grandchildren, new jobs and many oth worthy of such public recognition. The <i>gabay</i> may choose	
all of the mi sheberah in English. When Hebrew alone is	used, an English
announcement of the occasion is appropriate.	D.A.T.
INDIVIDUAL MI SHE	BERA Ħ / 684

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

תפילת מי שברך לחולים PRAYER FOR THE RECOVERY OF THOSE SUFFERING FROM ILLNESS Male מִי שֵׁבֵּרֵף אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהֵם יִצְחָק וִיַצַקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָּׁרָה רִבְקָה רָחֵל ולאה הוא יברד וירפא את החולה _ _ כַּן ____ ו יהוה יָסַעַרָּנוּ וִיחַזָּלֶהוּ בָּאֹרֶדְ־רְוּחַ וָאֹמֵץ־לֵב: יְתָן יהוה חֵכִמֵה וְתוּשִיָּה Т בּלב הרופא לגהות מכאוב וישלח לחולה בקרוב רפואה שלמה רפואת הַנַּפַש וּרפוּאַת הַגוּף: יוסיף יהוה לו שנות חיים ושלום להודות ולהלל לרופא הנאמן והרחמן לארך ימים ונאמר אמן: Female מִי שַכֵּרָך אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אֲבָרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וִיָעָקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ שֵׁרָה רְבָקָה רְחֵל ולאה הוא יברך וירפא את החולה _____ בת ____ ו יהוה יסערנה ויחולה בארד דוח ואמץ לב: יהן יהוה חכמה ותושיה בּלַב הרופא לְגָהוֹת מַכָּאוֹב וְיָשָׁלַח לַחוֹלָה בְּקָרוֹב רְפּוּאָה שָׁלָמָה רפואת הנפש ורפואת הגוף: יוסיף יהוה לה שנות חיים ושלום לְהוֹדוֹת וּלְהַלֵּל לְרוֹפָא הַנָּאָמֵן וְהַרַחַמֵן לְאֹרֶך יֵמִים וְנֹאמֵר אַמֵן: T May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless and heal the ailing _____. May THE HEALER give him / her support and strength, patience of spirit and courage. May the physician have wisdom and sound judgment for alleviating pain and suffering, and may the sufferer be thoroughly healed, in spirit T and in body. May he / she have many more years of life and health, for giving thanks and praise to the all-merciful and faithful Healer, for a length of days, and let us say: Amen. Т NOTE. In some congregations a single mi sheberah is offered on behalf of all those who are ill. In larger congregations a list of Hebrew names is read. In more informal settings the leader invites those present to speak 1 the names of those who need healing. D.A.T. 685 / MI SHEBERAH FOR ONE WHO IS ILL In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Job Name: --

Т

Ι

/423175t

_ _

L

L I. L L L L L L L. L l L L L L L l l L L l L L L L L L _

1	
	A PRAYER FOR ALL THOSE WHO ARE ILL AND THEIR CARETAKERS
	May the One who blesses all Life, bless and heal these people who struggle against illness.
 	May those afflicted with disease be blessed with faith, courage, loving and caring. May they know much support and sustenance from their friends, their loving companions and their communities.
 	May they be granted a full and complete healing of body and soul.
 	May those who seek ways of healing through increased medical knowledge and those who care for the sick daily be blessed with courage, stamina and communal support.
 	May all, the sick and the well together, be granted courage and hope. And let us say: Amen.
	Leila Gal Berner
I	
I	
I	
I	
1	
I	
1	
I	
I	
I	
L	DD AVED EOD THOSE WHO ADD HIL / (9/
I	PRAYER FOR THOSE WHO ARE ILL / 686
I	
I	In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

מי שברך ליום הקדת MI SHEBERAH FOR A BIRTHDAY 1 Male 1 מִי שֵׁבֵּרֵדְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אֲבִרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וִיַצַקֹב וָאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָּׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל 1 לרגל יום ____ 1 __ וַלַאָה הוּא יְבַרַךּ אָת _____ בֵּן __ תו: כְּשֵׁם שֵׁהִנְחָה אוֹתוֹ הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּך הוּא עַד־הַיּוֹם כֵּן יִשְׁמְרֵהוּ וִיחַיָּהוּ וִיאַשְׁרָהוּ וִיוֹסִיף לוֹ שָׁנוֹת חַיִים וּבְרָכָה וְיַגִילוּ בוֹ כֵּל־אֹהַבִיו Т וימלאו כל-משאלות-לבו לטובה ונאמר אמן: 1 Female 1 מִי שֵׁבֵּרֶךְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אֲבִרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וִיַצַקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָׁרָה רִבְקָה רַחֵל ולאה הוא יברך את ____ בת ____ ו לרגל יום 1 וּתַה: כִּשֵׁם שֵׁהִנְחֵה אוֹתֵה הַקַּרוֹש בַּרוּך הוּא עַד־הַיּוֹם כֵּן יִשְׁמְרֵה הַ וִיאַשָּרֵה וִיוֹסִיף לֵה שָׁנוֹת חַיִים וּבְרַכָה וְיָגִילוּ בָה כֵּל־אֹהַבִיה 1 וימלאו כּל־משאַלות־לבָּה לְטוֹבָה וְנֹאמֵר אַמֵן: May the one who blessed our ancestors Abraham, Isaac, and T Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless _____ on the occasion of his / her birthday. As he / she has found T nourishment throughout his / her life up to the present time, 1 may he / she continue to be protected and filled with life and 1 happiness, and enjoy many more years of life and blessing. May all of his / her loved ones rejoice in him / her, and all his / her Т wishes be fulfilled for good, and let us say: Amen. T Т 687 / MI SHEBERAH FOR A BIRTHDAY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

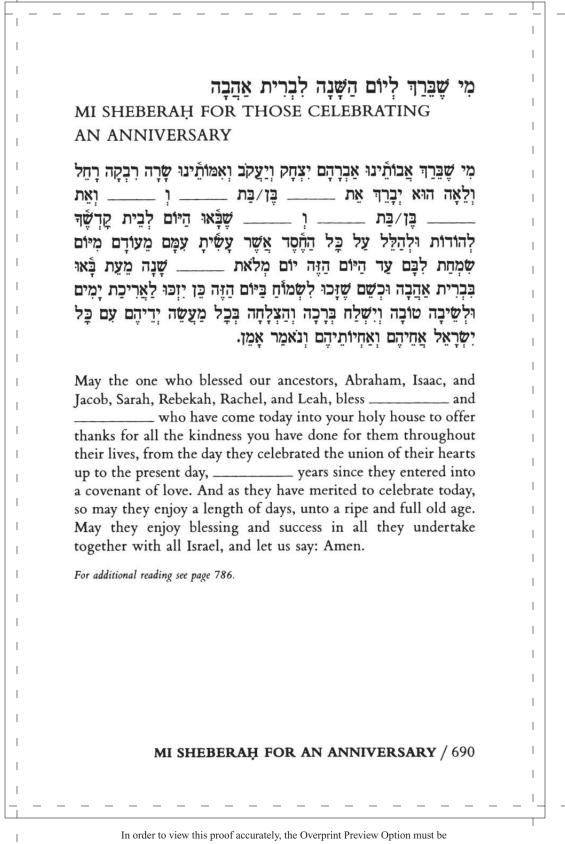
תִּפִילַת מִי שֵׁבֵּרַךּ לְבֵּר/בַּת מִצְוָה MI SHEBERAH FOR BAR/BAT MITZVAH Male מִי שֵׁבֵּרַף אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וִיַעַקֹב וִאָמוֹתֵינוּ שֵׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל 1 אשר עלה ____ 57 ____ וַלֵאָה הוּא יִבַרֵף אָת ____ 1_ הַיּוֹם לְכָבוֹד הַמֵּקוֹם וְלָכָבוֹד הַתּוֹרֵה וְהַמָּצְוָה: יְהֵי אֵלהִים עַמּו בַּיָּמִים הַבָּאִים כַּאֲשֶׁר הַיָה עָמוֹ מִיּוֹם הַוַּלְרוֹ וִעַר הָנָה: יִהִי רָצוֹן Т אַלהים לְגַדְלֵהוּ בְּבָרִיאוּת הַגוּף וְהַנַּפֵשׁ בְּתִבוּנָה וּבְעָנְוַת־חֵן בְּאָהֵבָת הבריות ובאהבת תורה וימצא חן ושכל טוב בעיני אלהים וארם: יראו הוריו וישמחו וקרוביו יעלזו ונאמר אמן: 1 Female מִי שַבּרַך אַבוֹתֵינוּ אַבָרָהֵם יִצָּחֵק וִיַעָקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ שַׁרָה רְבָקָה רְחַל וְלָאָה הוּא יְבָרָךְ אֶת _____ בַּת ____ ו הַיּוֹם לְכָבוֹד הַמֵּקוֹם וִלְכָבוֹד הַתּוֹרָה וְהַמְצוָה: יְהִי אָלְהִים עַמָּה בּיַמִים הַבַּאִים כַּאֲשֶׁר הָיָה עַמָּה מִיּוֹם הְוָלְרָה וְעָד הֵנָה: יְהִי רְצוֹן אַלהים לגדלה בבריאות הַגוּף והַנַּפַש בּתבוּנָה וּבְעַנות־חֵן בָּאַהַבַת הַבְּרִיּוֹת וּבָאָהַבַת תּוֹרָה וִתְמִצֵא חֵז וִשְּׁכָל טוֹב בְּעִינֵי אָלהים ואָרָם: יִרָאוּ הוֹרֵיהַ וִיִשְׁמַחוּ וּקָרוֹבֵיהַ יֵעַלֿזוּ וְנֹאמֵר אֲמֵן: May the one who blessed our ancestors Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless ______ the son / daughter of _____, who has risen today for the honor of the Omnipresent, and for the honor of Torah and of 1 mitzvah. May God's presence fill his / her life in days to come, as God's sustenance has been with him / her since the day of his / her birth. May he / she grow in health of body and of spirit, in wisdom, and in graciousness, humility and love of others, and in love of Torah. May he / she find favor and distinction, in the eyes of God and of his / her fellow human beings, and let us say: Amen. For additional readings see page 785. MI SHEBERAH FOR BAR/BAT MITZVAH / 688 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t Job Name: --

מִי שֶׁבֵּרַדְ לְאוּפרוּף
MI SHEBERAH FOR A COUPLE AT
THEIR AUFRUF
מִי שֵׁבֵּרַף אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וְיַצַקֹב וְאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָׁרָה רִבְקָה וְרָחֵל
וְלֵאָה הוּא יְכָרֵה אֵת בֶּזִ∕בַּת וְאֵת
בָּן∕בָּת וְ אָשֶׁר בְּקָרוֹב יָבוֹאוּ בְּבְרִית
הַנַּשֿוּאָים: הַנַּשֿוּאָים:
יַתְמִיד אֱלהִים אַהֲבַת כְּלוּלוֹתֵׁיהֶם יְבָרְכֵם וְיַפְרֵם וְנַחֵת יְרַוּם: וִיהִי
בֵיתָם אֲשֶׁר יִבְנוּ בְיִשְׂרָאֵל מִשְׁפֵּז אַהֲבָה וֶאֱמוּנָה נְוֵה שָׁלוֹם וּקָרָשָׁה
(בַּיִת אֲשֶׁר בּוֹ יִגְדְּלוּ כָנִים וּכָנוֹת בִּבְרִיאוּת וּבְאֹשֶׁר בְּאַהֲבַת תּוֹרָה
וּבְמַעֲשִׁים טוֹבִים) וְנֹאמַר אָמֵז:
May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless and
Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless and and who soon will enter a covenant together. May their
love be perpetuated, and may they be blessed and made fruitful,
and may they find abundant satisfaction. May the household that they shall build within the faith of Israel be a sanctuary of love
and faithfulness, an abode of peace and holiness (a house in
which their children shall grow in health and happiness, in love
of Torah and good deeds), and let us say: Amen.
For an additional reading see page 786.
689 / MI SHEBERAH FOR AN AUFRUF

_

_



שברך להלדת תנוק/תנוקת מי MI SHEBERAH FOR NEWBORN CHILDREN AND THEIR PARENTS Male מִי שֵׁבֵּרֶךְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וְיַצָּקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שַׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל וְלֵאָה הוּא יְבָרָדְ אָת ____ בֶּזִ/בַּת ___ וְ ואת ___ _ בַּן/בַּת ____ ו בַּנָם הַגּוֹלָד לָהָם לְמַזַּל טוֹב: Т יתן לו הַקּרוש בַרוּך הוּא חַיים וּבִרִיאוּת בְּרָכָה וְשָׁלום: יְזָכּוּ הוֹרָיו לגדלו ולחנכו לתורה לחופה ולמעשים טובים ונאמר אַמן: 1 Female מִי שֵׁבֵּרֵדְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהֵם יִצְחָק וְיַצַקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָּׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל T וְלֵאָה הוּא יְבָרֵךְ אֶת ____ בֶּן/בַּת ____ וְאֵת בַּוֹ/בַּת ____ וִ ____ וִ בַּנּוֹלְדָה לָהֵם לְמַוּל טוֹב: Т יַתּן לַה הַקַרוֹש בַּרוּהָ הוּא חַיִים וּבִרִיאוּת בְּרָכָה וְשָׁלוֹם: (וְיָקָרֵא 1 בת ____ ו ____): יופו הוריה שמה בּישראל __ לְגַדְלַה וּלְחַנְּכַה לְתוֹרָה לְחוּפָּה וּלְמַעַשִים טוֹבִים וְנֹאמַר אַמֵן: T May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel and Leah, bless _____ and Т _ and their child _____, born to them with 1 mazal tov! May he / she be blessed with life, health, goodness, and peace. (May her name be called _____.) May his / her parents be worthy of raising him / her, and educating him / her Т for Torah, for family life, and for good deeds. And let us say: T Amen. For an additional reading see page 785. Т 691 / MI SHEBERAH FOR A NEWBORN In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

שַׁבַּרַדְּ לְעַלִיַה לְאָרֵץ יִשְׁרַאֵל MI SHEBERAH FOR ONE MAKING ALIYAH Male מִי שֵׁבֶּרָהְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אֲבִרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וִיַעֵקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ שֵׁרָה רְבָקָה רְחֵל בן ____ ו ____ ו עם ולאה הוא יברך את ____ מִשְׁפַּחָתוֹ) לְאָרֵץ יִשְׁרָאָל לְקַיָּם שֵׁם בַּיָת: יְהֵי רְצוֹן שֵׁיְצֵא בַּשָּׁלוֹם וִיִשְׁכּוֹן לַבֵּטַח בִּאָרֵץ צִיוֹן וִיִמְצָא בְּרָכָה וְהַצְלָחָה בְּכֹל מַעֲשֵׁי יַדַיו: בכם מכל עמו יהי אלהיו עמו ויעל ונאמר אמן: Female 1 מִי שֵׁבֵּרַהְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהָם יִצְחָק וִיַצַקֹב וִאָמוֹתֵינוּ שָׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל וְלֵאָה הוּא יְבָרֵך אֵת _____ בַּת ____ וְ וְאֵה הוּא יִבָרֵך אֵת מִשְׁפַּחָתָה) לְאָרֵץ יִשְׁרָאֵל לְקַיֵם שֵׁם בַּיָת: יְהִי רֲצוֹן שֶׁתַצָא בְּשֵׁלוֹם T וְתִשְׁפּוֹן לָבֶטַח בְּאֶׁרֵץ צִיּוֹן וְתִמְצָא בְּרָכָה וְהַצְלָחָה בְּכֹל מַעֲשֵׁי יַדֵֿיהַ: מִי בָכֵם מִכֵּל עַמּו יִהִי אֵלהֵיו עַמּו וְיַעָל וְנֹאמֵר אָמֵן: Т May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless ____ T who is making aliyah to Eretz Yisrael, (together with his / her family) in order to establish a home there. May he / she journey there in peace and settle safely in the Land of Zion. May he / she 1 find blessing and success in all he / she undertakes there. "Whoever among you, (wishes to settle there), may the God of Israel be with that person-let him / her go up to the Land!" T And let us say: Amen. Т מי בכם...ויעל / Whoever...Land (Ezra 1:3). MI SHEBERAH FOR ONE MAKING ALIYAH / 692 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

שַׁבֵּרַהְ לִנְסִיעַה לְאָרֵץ יִשְׁרָאֵל MI SHEBERAH FOR ONE TRAVELING TO ISRAEL Male מִי שֶׁבֵּרַדְ אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אַבְרָהֶם יִצְחָק וְיַעֲקֹב וְאִמּוֹתֵׁינוּ שָּׁרָה רִבְקָה רַחֵל וְלֵאָה הוּא יְבָרֵךּ אֶת _____ בֵּן ____ וְ משפחתו) לארץ קרשנו: יהי רצון שתוליכהו לשלום ותדריכהו לשַלום ותגיעהו למחוז הַפִצו אָרֵץ צִיוֹן לְחַיִים וּלִשַלום: וְתַחוִירֶהוּ ינו בשלום וישלח ברכה והצלחה בכל מעשי ידיו עם כל ישראל עמו ונאמר אמן: Female מִי שֵׁבָּרָך אֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ אֲבִרָהֵם יִצְחֵק וִיַצַקֹב וָאָמּוֹתֵינוּ שָׁרָה רְבָקָה רָחֵל ____ כַּת _____ ו ____ הַעוֹלָה (עם ולאה הוא יברד את מִשְׁפַּחְתָּה) לְאֶׁרֶץ קָרְשֵׂנוּ: יְהִי רָצוֹן שֵׁתּוֹלִיכֵֿהָ לְשָׁלוֹם וְתַרְרִיכֵֿה לשלום ותגיעה למחוז תַפְצָה אָרֵץ צִיוֹן לְחַיִים וּלְשָׁלוֹם: וְתַחָזִירֶה אַלֵּינוּ בְּשֵׁלוֹם וִיִשְׁלֵח בְּרֵכָה וְהַצְלַחֵה בְּכֹל מֵעֲשֵׁי יָדֵיהַ עָם כּל ישראל עמה ונאמר אמן: May the one who blessed our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, Sarah, Rebekah, Rachel, and Leah, bless _ who is going up to the land of Israel (together with his / her family). May he / she journey there in peace and reach his / her destination in the Land of Zion safely. And may he / she return safely to us. May he / she find blessing and success in all he / she undertakes, together with all Israel, his / her people. May he / she find inspiration and renewal in our people and our land, and let us say: Amen. 693 / MI SHEBERAH FOR ONE TRAVELING TO ISRAEL In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

1

Т

TORAH STUDY SECTION

Т

1

1

T

1

From the words of our sages, of blessed memory, on prayer.

Our rabbis learned as mishnah: One who prays should train the heart toward heaven. Abba Shaul says: The matter's prooftext is the following (Psalm 10:17): "Strengthen their heart, give them your ear!"

It is taught: Rabbi Judah said: Thus was Rabbi Akiba's custom—when he prayed amid the congregation, he would arise in shortened prayer, out of respect for public needs; but when praying by himself, one would leave him in one corner of the room only to find him in another. Why all this? Because of all the restless fervor of his kneelings and prostrations.

Mishnah Berahot 3:7

COMMENTARY. THE HE Passage comes from a berayta, a text dating from here indicates that the passage comes from a berayta, a text dating from the same period as the Mishnah. Before praying, the rabbis say, one must first orient or direct the heart. In biblical and rabbinic thought, the heart is the locus of both intellect and emotion. The Hebrew word used for "train" is kaven, the verb from which kavanah or "direction" is taken. Kavanah refers to the inward state of mind with which we approach prayer or any other sacred action. It is a combination of awareness and inward intensity that grows with the regular practice of the religious life. Abba Shaul is suggesting that only such carefully prepared prayer reaches the ear of God. Judaism has always understood that it is the heart rather than the lips that truly bears the power of prayer.

TORAH STUDY SECTION / 694

תַלְמוּד תּוֹרָה מַרְבְרֵי חז״ל עֵל הַתִּפִילָה תְּנוּ רַבְּנַן הַמִּתְפַּלֵל צָרִיהְ שֶׁיְכַוֵּין אֶת לִבּוֹ לַשָּׁמַיִם: אַבָּא שָׁאוּל אוֹמֵר סִימָן לַדֶּבָר תָכִין לִבָּם תַקִשִׁיב אֵזְגַה: תַּגִיַא אַמַר רַבִּי יִהוּדַה כַּד הַיָה מִנְהַגוֹ שֵׁל רַבִּי עֵקִיבָא כִּשֵׁהַיָה מִתְפַּלֵל עִם הַצִּבּוּר הָיָה מִקַצֵּר וְעוֹלֵה מִפְּנֵי טוֹרָח צִבּוּר וּכִשֶׁהָיָה מִתפַּלֵל בֵּינוֹ לְבֵין עֵצָמוֹ אָדָם מניחו בזוית זו ומוצאו בזוית אחרת וכל כה למה מפני כריעות והשתחויות: COMMENTARY. The study of Torah is an integral part of Jewish prayer. At several points in the prayerbook, notably at the end of the introductory morning prayers, at the Torah reading, and following the Shabbat afternoon service, place is made for study. Jews believe that one of the ways in which we encounter the Divine presence is through the study of sacred text. Those who spoke the words recorded here, as well as those who wrote them down and those who studied them over the ages, have poured into them the heart and soul of their own religious lives. As the text comes to life in our dialogue with it, something of the intensity of prior generations' love and devotion speaks to us through the text's words. Thus the process of Torah study joins us to the line of tradition, and renews in us our commitment to enriching and renewing that tradition as we pass it on to our children. A.G. 695 / TORAH STUDY SECTION

1

1

I

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

1

1

T

Т

Said Rav Hamnuna, See how many major principles we learn from these verses about Hannah [I Samuel 1:13ff.]: "And Hannah was speaking in her heart"—from this one learns to direct the heart while praying. "Only her lips were moving"—from this one learns to pray shaping the words distinctly with the lips. "But her voice could not be heard"—from this one learns that raising the voice in prayer is forbidden. "And [Eli] thought that she was drunk"—from this one learns that praying while drunk is forbidden. "And,Eli said to her, 'How long will you be drunk...'" Rabbi Eliezer said: From this one learns that when one sees another doing something improper, one should rebuke the person.

1

Т

1

1

1

T

1

T

Т

Т

And Hannah answered, saying, 'No, master...'" Ulla said (and some say Rabbi Yosi in the name of Rabbi Hanina): Hannah replied, "You are no master in this matter, and the Holy Spirit does not rest with you if you suspect me in this way." There are those who say: Thus did she say to him, "The Sheḥinah and the Holy Spirit do not rest with you, for you have judged me by the scale of guilt, not by the scale of merit. Have you not known that I am a woman sore of spirit? Neither wine nor liquor have I drunk." Rabbi Eliezer said: From this one learns that one wrongly accused of something should make the error known to the accuser.

COMMENTARY. In this Gemara passage, the rabbis derive many laws about proper conduct in prayer from the opening narrative of Samuel I. Elkanah and his two wives, Peninah and Hannah, who is childless, have made a pilgrimage to the sanctuary at Shiloh. There, Hannah prays silently but urgently for a child. Eli the High Priest, noticing her odd behavior, accuses her of drunkenness. Hannah justifies herself, and Eli blesses her. The heartfelt prayer of an ordinary woman has a moral authority to which even a high priest must accede. R.A.

TORAH STUDY SECTION / 696

אַמַר רַב הַמְנוּנָא פַּמָה הִלְכָתָא גַּבְרְוָותָא אִיפָּא לְמִשְׁמַע מֵהָנֵי קּרָאֵי דְּחַנָּה וְחַנָּה הִיא מְדַבֶּּרֶת עַל לְבָּה מִכָּאו לַמִּתִפּּלֵל צָרִיך שֵׁיִכַוּיו לבּו: רַק שפתיה נַעוֹת מכּאן לַמֵּתפּלָל שַיחתוך בּשפתיו וְקוֹלָה לֹא ישַמַע: מַכַּאן שָאסור לָהָגִבְּיהַ קולו בָּתִפַּלֵתו וַיַּחָשָבָה עָלִי לְשָׁכּרָה: מכאן ששכור אסור להתפלל ויאמר אליה עלי עד מתי תשתכרין וגו׳ אַמַר רַבִּי אֵלְעַזַר מִכַּאן לַרוֹאָה בַּחַבָרוֹ דַּבָר שֵׁאֵינוֹ הַגוּן צַרִידָ לְהוֹכִיחוֹ וַהַּעֵן חַנָּה וַתֹּאמֵר לֹא אַדֹנִי: אַמֵר עוּלָא וָאָיתֵימַא רַבִּי יוֹסֵי בְּרַבִּי חַנִינַא אַמְרָה לֵיהּ לֹא אַרוֹן אַתָּה בְּדָבָר זָה וִלֹא רוּחַ הַקּוֹדָש שוֹרָה עַלֵּידְ שֵׁאַתַּה חוֹשְׁרֵגִי בִּדָבָר זֵה: אִיכָּא דְאַמְרִי הַכִי אַמְרָה לֵיה לא אַדון אַתָּה לָאו אִיפָא שָׁכִינָה וְרֿוּחַ הַקּוֹדֵש גַּבָּדְ שֵׁדַנְתַּגִי לְכַף חוֹבַה וִלֹא דֵּנְתַֿנִי לְכַף זְכוּת מִי לָא יָדְעַת דְּאָשֶׁה קְשַׁת רוּחַ אָנֹכִי: וַיַּיַן ושָׁכַר לא שַתֿיתי: אַמַר רַבִּי אָלְעָזַר מִכָּאן לַנַּחָשַר בָּדַבָר בּוֹ שצריך להודיעו: COMMENTARY. The prayer of Hannah is an example of private rather than public worship. She has gone to pour out her heart before God in the holy place. It is striking that our tradition derives its rules for public prayer behavior from this entirely private and individual example. As important as the role of community was to the rabbinic view of prayer, the rabbis also understood that prayer at its core is a matter of the heart alone. The depth and sincerity of Hannah's prayer became a model for them. This apparently included the very strong and seemingly audacious way in which Hannah spoke both to Eli and to God. The model of prayer offered here is hardly one of submission and entreaty. Hannah stood up to both human and divine authority demanding that she be treated justly and recognized for the wronged person that she was. A.G. 697 / TORAH STUDY SECTION

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

1

1

Т

T

Т

"And she vowed a vow, and said: O GREAT ONE of the Multitudes of Heaven ... " Rabbi Eliezer said: Since the day that 1 the blessed Holy One created the world, no human being had ever called God "GREAT ONE of the Multitudes of Heaven," 1 until Hannah came along and called God thus. Said Hannah 1 before the blessed Holy One: "Sovereign of the Universe, with all the endless multitudes you have created in your world, why should it be so difficult for You to give me but a single child?!" Т A parable: what is this matter like? Like a king of L flesh-and-blood who made a banquet for his servants. Along 1 came a poor person and stood at the door, and said to them: "Give me but a single piece of bread!" But they didn't pay 1 attention to her. The pauper persisted, entering the king's house, and said to him: "My lord king, with all this feast that you have made, is it so difficult for you to give me but a single piece of 1 bread?!" **TORAH STUDY SECTION / 698** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

וַתִּדֹר גָּדֶר וַתֹּאמַר יהוה צְּבָאוֹת: אָמַר רַבִּי אָלְעָזָר מִיּוֹם שֶׁבָּרָא הַקָּרוֹש בָּרוּהְ הוּא אֶת עוֹלָמוֹ לֹא הָיָה אָדָם שֶׁקְרָאוֹ לְהַקָּרוֹש בָּרוּה הוּא צְּבָאוֹת עַד שֶׁבָּאתָה חַנָּה וּקְרָאַׁתוּ צְּבָאוֹת: אָמְרָה חַנָּה לִפְּנֵי הַהָּא צְבָאוֹת עַד שֶׁבָּאתָה חַנָּה וּקַרָאַתוּ צְּבָאוֹת: אָמְרָה חַנָּה לִפְנֵי הַמָּרוֹש בָּרוּהְ הוּא רִבּוֹנוֹ שֶׁל עוֹלָם מִבָּל צִבְאֵי צְּבָאוֹת שֶׁבָּרָאתָ בְּעָזלְמְה בָּשֶׁה בְּעִינָיר שֶׁתִּהַז לִי בֵּן אֶחָר: מָשָׁל לְמָה הַדָּבָר הּוֹמֶה לְמָּלֶהְ בָּשָׁר וְדָם שֶׁעָשָּׁה סְעוּדָה לַעֲבָרָיו בָּא עָנִי אֶחָר וְעָמַר עַל לְמֶּלֶה בָּשָׁר וְדָם שֶׁעָשָּה סְעוּדָה לַעֲבָרָיו בָּא עָנִי אָחָר וְעָמַר עַל לְמֶּלֶה בָּשָׁר וְדָם שֶׁעָשָּה סְעוּדָה לַעֲבָרָיו בָּא עָנִי אָחָר וְעָמַר עַל הַמָּלַחַה: אָמַר לָהֶם תְּנוּ לִי פְּרוּסָה אַחַת וְלֹא הִשְׁגִּיחוּ עָלָיו: דָחַק וְנִרְנַם אֲצָלִה הָשְׁגָּיחוּ וְעָמַר בָרָה בַעָּבָרָיו בָּא עָנִי אָחָר וְעָמַר עַל וְנָכְנַם אַצָל הַמָּלֶהָי הָעָר לוּ אֲרוֹנִי הַמָּלָר מִבָּלָר מָבָל סְעוּדָה שֶׁעָשָׁית

Т

1

1

1

Т

1

1

1

1

1

T

Т

1

1

Т

T

Т

And she vowed. To Hannah is attributed here the great privilege of having created a new name for God. *Adonay tzeva'ot*, often translated "the Lord of Hosts," is usually taken to refer to God's glory dwelling among the angelic throngs. Here the rabbis accept a sharp revision of that belief. It is Hannah, calling out in her bitterness, who gives God this name. She sees the One surrounded by countless throngs, who may include other people's children as well as angels. "You who have made so many," she says, or "who are surrounded by so much wealth, could You not create but one child for me?"

The pain of Hannah's childlessness has here entered into our prayerbook and enriched the prayers of all those who come in her wake. This is the real contribution of Hannah and the way in which we believe prayer is fulfilled rather than "answered." While we do not know a God who hears a would-be parent's prayer and grants a child, we affirm the tradition that has carried both Hannah's pain and her faith forward and allowed them to enrich and inspire the prayer life of so many generations. A.G.

699 / TORAH STUDY SECTION

"And Hannah was speaking in her heart." Rabbi Eliezer said in the name of Rabbi Yosi, son of Rabbi Zimra: this means, concerning her heart. She said before God: "Sovereign of the universe, of all that you have created in woman, you have created nothing in vain-her eyes to see with, ears to hear with, nose to smell with, mouth to speak with, hands to work with, feet on which to walk about, breasts to suckle with. These breasts that you have placed over my heart, should they not suckle a child? Give me a child, then, to nurse!" 2 "And THE ALL-KNOWING said to Moses, 'Go down ... "-what does "Go down" mean? Said Rabbi Eliezer: The blessed Holy One said to Moses, "Moses, descend from your greatness. Haven't I bestowed greatness upon you only for Israel's sake? And now that Israel has sinned, what do I need you for?" Thereupon, Moses' strength gave out, and he had no power to speak. And when God later said, "Give me leave to destroy them," Moses told himself: "Everything depends on me." Immediately, he stood up, praying intensely, begging God's mercy. A parable: A king was angry with his child, and sought to strike him hard. One who loved the king sat by, afraid to speak out in the child's defense. The king said to the child: "Were it not for this friend of mine who sits nearby, I'd kill you!" Said the friend to himself: "Everything depends on me." Thereupon, he stood up and saved the child. **TORAH STUDY SECTION / 700** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Т

1

T

1

וְחַנָּה הִיא מְדַבֶּׁרֶת עַל לְבָּהּ: אָמַר רַבִּי אָלְעָזָר מִשׁוּם רַבִּי יוֹסֵי בֶּן זִמְרָא עַל עִסְקֵי לִבָּהּ: אָמְרָה לְפָנָיו רִבּוֹנו שֶׁל עוֹלָם כֵּל מַה שֶׁבָּרְֿאת בְּאִשָּׁה לֹא בָּרְֿאת דְּבָר אֶחָד לְבַשָּׁלָה עֵינַֿיִם לִרְאוֹת וְאָזְנַיִם לִשְׁמֿוּע חֿוּטֶם לְהָרִיחַ כָּה לְרַבֵּר יָדַים לַעֲשּוֹת בְּהֶם מְלָאכָה רַגְלַיִם לְהַלֵּף בָּהֶז דַדִּים לְהַנִיק בָּהֶז דַדִּים לְהַנִיק בָּהֶז דַדִּים הַלָּלוּ שֶׁנָּתַתּ עַל לִבִּי לָמָה לֹא לְהַנִיק בָּהֶז: תֶּז לִי בֵּז וְאַנִיק בָּהֶז:

3

Т

1

Т

T

1

Т

וַיְדַבֵּר יהוה אָל משָׁה לֵך רֵר: מַאי לֵך רֵר: אָמַר רַבִּי אָלְעָזָר אָמַר לוֹ הַקָּרוֹש בְּרוּדְ הוּא לְמשָׁה: משֶׁה רֵד מִגְּרוּלָּתְדָּ כְּלוּם נָתַֿתִּי לְדָ גְּרוּלָה אֶׁלָא בִּשְׁבִיל יִשְׁרָאֵל וְעַכְשָׁיו יִשְׁרָאֵל חָטְאוּ אַתָּה לָמָּה לִי: מִיָּד תָשַׁשׁ כֹחוֹ שֶׁל משֶׁה וְלֹא הָיָה לוֹ כֹּחַ לְרַבֵּר וְכֵיוָן שֶׁאָמַר הֶׁרָף מִדְּרוּלָה אֶלָא בִשְׁכִידם אָמַר משֶׁה דְּבָר זֶה תָּלוּי בִּי מִיָּד עָמַד וְנִתְחַזֵּק מִּלֶּנִי וְאַשְׁמִידֵם אָמַר משֶׁה דְּבָר זֶה תָּלוּי בִּי מִיָּד עָמַד וְנִתְחַזֵּק מִלֶּנִי וְאַשְׁמִידֵם אָמַר משֶׁה דְּבָר זֶה תָּלוּי בִּי מִיָּד עָמַד וְנִתְחַזֵּק בְּתִפּלָה וּבִקּשׁ רַחֲמִים: מָשָׁל לְמֶׁלֶד שֶׁכָּעַס עַל בְּנוֹ וְהָיָה מַבֶּהוּ מַכָּה גְּרוֹלָה וְהָיָה אוֹהֲבוּ יוֹשֵׁב לְפָנָי וּמִתְיָרֵא לוֹמַר לוֹ דְּבָר: אָמַר הַמָּלֶוּ אָלְמָלֵא אוֹהֲבִי זֶה שִׁיוֹשֵׁב לְפָנַי הֲרַגְתִיָר אָמַר דְכָר זֶה תָּלוּי בִּי מִיָּד

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

701 / TORAH STUDY SECTION

"And now, leave me alone, and let my anger burn against them and destroy them, and you alone [Moses] I'll make into a great nation." Said Rabbi Abbahu: Were the verse not written thus, it would be impossible to say it. It teaches that Moses reached out to the blessed Holy One as one would grab a friend by the garment, and said: "Sovereign of the universe, I shall not let go of you until you spare them and forgive them!"

T

1

1

I

| | | |

1

T

1

1

1

T

TORAH STUDY SECTION / 702

/423175t Job Name: --

וִעַתַּה הַגִּיחָה לִי וִיחַר אַפִּי בָהֵם וַאַכֵּלֵם וָאֵעֵשָׁה אוֹתָד לְגוֹי גַּרוֹל וגו׳: אָמַר רַבִּי אַבָּהוּ אִלְמָלֵא מִקָרָא כָּתוּב אִי אֶפְשָׁר לְאוֹמְרוֹ מִלַמֵּר שַׁתִּפָסוֹ משֶׁה לְהַקָּרוֹש בַּרוּדְ הוּא כִּאָדַם שֵׁהוּא תּוֹפֵס אֶת חֲבֵירוֹ בְּבָגְרוֹ וָאֲמֵר לְפַנֵיו רְבּוֹנוֹ שֵׁל עוֹלָם אֵין אַנִי מַנִּיחַדְ עָד שֶׁתְמָחוֹל ותסלח להם:

Т

Т

Т

Ĩ

Т

T

Т

T

T

T

1

Т 1

T

Т

T

Т

1

Т

I

/ leave me alone. Rabbi Abbahu presents the strongest possible case for the tenacity and daring required of the heroes of prayer. Like the previous selection, this passage interprets Moses's confrontation of God after the idolatry of the golden calf. If Scripture itself had not reported that God said, "Let go of me," (Exodus 32:7) Rabbi Abbahu would have thought it blasphemous. How can a limited human being constrain an infinite God? Yet the expression implies that by arguments and insistences, Moses was preventing God from withdrawing from the relationship, just as one might grab a recalcitrant friend by the lapel. R.A.

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

703 / TORAH STUDY SECTION

/423175t Job Name: --

_

_

PEREK SHIRAH
The following may be used as an alternative Pesukey Dezimrah text.
The heavens say: "The heavens declare the divine glory; God's
handiwork the firmament recounts." (Psalm 19:1)
The earth says: "The earth is THE CREATOR's, and all its fullness;
the globe and all who dwell on it." (Psalm 24:1) The seas say: "Louder than the sound of mighty waters, more
exalted than the breakers of the sea, raised up on high are you,
THE INEXPRESSIBLE." (Psalm 93:4)
The rivers say: "Let the rivers clap their hands together, and the
mountains sing in joy." (Psalm 98:8)
The desert says: "The desert and the arid wastes shall celebrate
for them, the wilderness rejoice and blossom like a rose."
(Isaiah 35:1) The sun says: "Arise, and shine, your light has come! The glory
of THE SOURCE OF LIGHT shows forth through you."
(Isaiah 60:1)
The moon says: "God made the moon to mark the seasons; the
sun knows when to set." (Psalm 104:19)
COMMENTARY. Perek Shirah is an ancient document of obscure origin. It
proclaims that each of God's creatures, plants and animals, mountains and
rivers, sings out to its Creator in a special way. The varying versions of <i>Perek Shirah</i> all attribute a special biblical verse to each of God's creatures.
Our prayer is a part of the cosmic symphony. As we raise our voices in
prayer and song, or as we turn toward God in silence and thoughtful medi-
tation, we join ourselves to this chorus of creation. The prayers of Israel are recited in a special language and a distinctive form. There is a way in
which they belong to the Jewish people and to us alone. But prayer is also
a universal act, one that binds the whole human community together with
all of nature, calling forth in us an appreciation of life as an ongoing cele- bration of the gift of being. A.G.
PEREK SHIRAH / 704

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

פֶּרֶק שִׁירָה
The following may be used as an alternative Pesukey Dezimrah text.
שָּׁמַיִם אוֹמְרִים: הַשְּׁמַיִם מְסַפְּרִים כְּבוֹר אֵל וּמַצַשָּה יָדָיו מַגִּיר הָרָלִּיעַ:
אֶׁרֶץ אוֹמֶׁרֶת: לַיהוה הָאָָרֶץ וּמְלוֹאָה תֵּבַל וְישְׁבֵי בָהּ:
יָמִים אוֹמְרִים: מִקֹלוֹת מַֿיִם רַבִּים אַדִּירִים מִשְׁבְּרֵי יָם אַדִיר בַּמָּרוֹם יהוה:
נְהָרוֹת אוֹמְרִים: נְהָרוֹת יִמְחֲאוּ–כָף זַֿחַד הָרִים יְרַצֵּׁנּוּ:
מִדְבָּר אוֹמֵר: יְשֻׁשוּם מִדְבָּר וְצִיֶּה וְתָגֵל עֲרָבָה וְתִפְרַח כַּחֲבַעָּׁלֶת:
שֶׁמֶש אוֹמֶׁרֶת: לְּוּמִי אֿוֹרִי כִּי בָא אֿוֹרֵךּ וּכְבוֹד יהוה עָלַיִה זֶרָח:
⊷ יְבַׁחַ אוֹמֵר: עָשָּה יְבַֿחַ לְמוּצָרִים שֶּׁמֶש יְדַע מְבוֹאו:
DERASH. We seek a religious language that will deepen our appreciation of divinity within the natural world. Faced with the threat of environmen- cal destruction, we find ourselves led back to this ancient poetic vision of our tradition. Here all of nature is joined together in calling out through song to its single source. A.G.
705 / Perek Shirah

_

_

_

- 1

_

bow to you." (Nehemiah 9:6) The clouds say: "God made the darkness as a screen for the divine; God's pavilion roundabout, the dark rainclouds and rolling cumulus." (Psalm 18:12) The lightning bolts say: "God made lightning for the rain, brings forth the winds from heavenly storehouses." (Psalm 135:7) The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
divine; God's pavilion roundabout, the dark rainclouds and rolling cumulus." (Psalm 18:12) The lightning bolts say: "God made lightning for the rain, brings forth the winds from heavenly storehouses." (Psalm 135:7) The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
rolling cumulus." (Psalm 18:12) The lightning bolts say: "God made lightning for the rain, brings forth the winds from heavenly storehouses." (Psalm 135:7) The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
The lightning bolts say: "God made lightning for the rain, brings forth the winds from heavenly storehouses." (Psalm 135:7) The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
brings forth the winds from heavenly storehouses." (Psalm 135:7) The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
The dew says: "Awake north wind, come forth south wind, and blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
blow upon my garden's treasures so they make their spices
tlow and let my love come to my arden let him toost when
flow; and let my love come to my garden, let him feast upon its fruits." (Song of Songs 4:16)
The rains say: "A rain of bounty you let fall, O God; and when
your land was languishing, you gave it life." (<i>Psalm 68:10</i>)
The trees say: "Then shall all the forest's trees cry out for joy
before THE ONE." (Psalm 96:12-13)
The pomegranate says: "Like an open pomegranate is your
temple underneath your veil." (Song of Songs 4:3)
The palm tree says: "The righteous flourish like a palm tree,
like cedars of Lebanon they grow." (Psalm 92:13)
The apple tree says: "Like an apple tree among the forest's trees,
so is my love among the youths; my delight is sitting in his
shade; sweet is his fruit upon my palate." (Song of Songs 2:3)
The vine says: "And wine that cheers a person's heart, and oil
that makes the face to shine." (Psalm 104:15)
The sea beasts say: "Praise THE FOUNT OF LIFE throughout the
earth; you sea beasts and you ocean depths." (Psalm 148:7)
The fish say: "The sound of THE ALMIGHTY on the waters, the
God of glory thundering, THE AWESOME ONE over the mighty waters." (Psalm 29:3)
mighty waters." (Psalm 29:3) The bird says: "I lift my eyes up to the hills; from where does
my help come?" (Psalm 121:1)
The serpent says: "Support is GOD to all who fall, God raises
up all those bent down."
(Psalm 145:14)
PEREK SHIRAH / 706

L

כּוֹכָבִים אוֹמְרִים: וְאַתָּה מְחֵיֶה אֶת־כָּלָם וּצְבָא הַשְּׁמֵׁיִם לְדָ מִשְׁתַחֲוִים: עָבִים אומְרִים: יָשֶׁת חשֶׁרְ סִתְרוֹ סְבִיבוֹתָיו סֻכָּתוֹ חֶשְׁכַת־מַּיִם עָבֵי Т שחקים: 1 בְּרָקִים אוֹמְרִים: בְּרָקִים לַמֶּטֶר עָשָּה–מוֹצֵא רוּחַ מֵאוֹצְרוֹתָיו: 1 טַל אומֵר: עוֹרִי צָפוֹן וּבֿוֹאִי תֵימָן הָפִּיחִי גַנִּי יוּלוּ בִשָּמיו יָבֹא דוֹדִי לְגַנּוֹ וְיֹאכַל פְּרִי מְגָדָיו: Т גְּשָׁמִים אוֹמְרִים: גֶּשֶׁם נְדָבוֹת תָּנִיף אֱלֹהִים נַחֲלָתְרָ וְנִלְאָה אַתָּה כוֹנַנְתָּה: 1 עַצִים אוֹמְרִים: אָז יְרַנְּנוּ כָּל עֲצֵי יָֿעַר לִפְנֵי יהוה: רִמוֹז אוֹמֵר: כְּפֶֿלַח הָרִמּוֹז רַקָּתֵף מִבַּעַד לְצַמָּתֵף: T תַּמָר אוֹמֵר: צַדִּיק כַּתָּמָר יִפְרָח כְּאֶׁרֶז בַּלְבָנוֹן יִשְׂגֶה: 1 תַפּֿוּחַ אומר: כִּתַפּֿוּחַ בַּעַצֵי הַיַּעַר כֵּן דוֹדִי בֵּין הַכָּנִים כְּצִלוֹ חִמַּרְתִי וְיָשַּׁבְתִי וּפִרְיוֹ מָתוֹק לְחִכִּי: T גֶּפֶן אומֵר: וְזַיִן יְשַׁמֵּח לְבַב־אֱנוֹש לְהַצְהִיל פָּנִים מִשְּׁמֶן: תַּנִּינִים אוֹמְרִים: הַלְלוּ אֶת יהוה מִז הָאָָרֶץ תַּנִּינִים וְכֵל–תְּהֹמוֹת: 1 דַּגִים אוֹמְרִים: קוֹל יהוה עַל הַמַּיִם אֵל–הַכָּבוֹד הִרְאִים יהוה עַל מַֿיִם רבים: T צַפּור אוֹמֶֶרֶת: אֶשָּא צֵינַי אֶל הֶהָרִים מֵאַיִן יָבֹא עֶזְרִי: Т נָחָש אוֹמֵר: סוֹמֵה יהוה לְכֵל הַנֹּפְלִים וְזוֹמֵף לְכֵל הַכִּפּוּפִים: ---707 / PEREK SHIRAH Т L

/423175t Job Name: --

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>		
 The lion says: "THE REGAL ONE emerges like a mighty soldier, like a warrior he stirs his rage." (Isaiah 42:13) The cat says: "Even should you rise as high as eagles, place your nest among the stars, even from there I'll pluck you down, declares THE CUNNING ONE." (Obadiah 1:4) The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2) 		
 like a warrior he stirs his rage." (Isaiah 42:13) The cat says: "Even should you rise as high as eagles, place your nest among the stars, even from there I'll pluck you down, declares THE CUNNING ONE." (Obadiah 1:4) The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2) 		
 The cat says: "Even should you rise as high as eagles, place your nest among the stars, even from there I'll pluck you down, declares THE CUNNING ONE." (Obadiah 1:4) The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Palm 30.2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2) 		
nest among the stars, even from there I'll pluck you down, declares THE CUNNING ONE." (Obadiah 1:4) The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)	5	
 declares THE CUNNING ONE." (Obadiah 1:4) The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2) 		
The mouse says: "I shall exalt you, O REDEEMING ONE, for you delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
 delivered me, and gave my enemies no joy on my account." (Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2) 		
(Psalm 30:2) The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
The gazelle says: "My love resembles a gazelle, a young stag; behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
behold him standing there behind our wall, peering through the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
the windows, gazing through the latticework." (Song of Songs 2:9) The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
The fox says: "Catch us foxes, little foxes, wreaking havoc in the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
the vineyards, when the vineyards are in bloom." (Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)	(Song of Songs 2:9)	
(Song of Songs 2:15) The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
The horse says: "Behold, like servants' eyes toward their masters, like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
like handmaiden's toward her mistress, so are our eyes toward OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
OUR KEEPER that we might find favor." (Psalm 123:2) The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)		
The sheep says: "THE ETERNAL is my shepherd; I shall never be in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)	a name an anna anna anna bhair a' na anna an an a' anna 17 anna 18 anna anna anna anna anna anna a	
in need; God sets me down amid the choicest grasses, leads me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)	5	
me by the calmest waters." (Psalm 23:1-2)	• •	
perek shirah / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
PEREK SHIRAH / 708		
	PEREK SHIRAH / 708	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

פּיל אומר: מַה גָּדְלוּ מַעַשֶּׁידִ יהוה מְאֹד עָמְקוּ מַחְשְׁבֹתֶׁידִ: אַרְיֵה אוֹמֵר: יהוה כַּגִּבּוֹר יֵצֵא כְּאִישׁ מִלְחָמוֹת יָעִיר קּנְאָה: Т Т חַתוּל אומֵר: אִם־תַּגִבִּיהַ כַּגַּשֵׁר וִאִם־בֵּין כּוֹכָבִים שִׁים קַגַּך מִשָּם L אוֹרִידְדָ נְאָם־יהוה: 1 עַכַבַּר אומר: אַרוֹמִמִד יהוה כִּי דְלִיתָנִי וְלֹא־שִׂמַׁחָתָ איִבַי לִי: Т צְבִי אוֹמֵר: דּוֹמֶה דוֹדִי לִצְבִי אוֹ לְעֹׁפֶר הָאַיָּלִים הִנֵּה־זֶה עוֹמֵד אַחַר בְּתְלֵנוּ מַשְׁגִיחַ מִז־הַחַלנות מֵצִיץ מִז־הַחֲרַכִּים: 1 T Т שּׁוּעָל אוֹמֵר: אֶחֶזוּ–לָנוּ שֻׁעָלִים שֻׁעָלִים קְטַנִּים מְחַבְּלִים בְּרָמִים L T וּכְרָמֵׁינוּ סְמָדָר: סוּס אוֹמֵר: הִנֵּה כְעֵינֵי עֲבָדִים אֶל יַד אֲדוֹנֵיהֶם כְּעֵינֵי שִׁפְחָה אֶל־יַד גְּבְרְתָּה כֵּן עֵינֵֿינוּ אֶל יהוה אֱלהֵינוּ עַר שֶׁיְחֲנֵֿנוּ: ּכְּבָשִׁים אוֹמְרִים: יהוה רֹעִי לֹא אֶחְסָר: בִּנְאוֹת דֶּשֶׁא יַרְבִּיצֵׁנִי עַל־מֵי מְנָחוֹת יְנַהֲלֵנִי: Т T 1 Т T I Т 1 Т 709 / PEREK SHIRAH Т L T

TRIE	NNIAL T	ORAH DIVISION	
On weeks	when a double	portion is read, the full portion for	r that year is read from both
parashiyo three aliyo		portion redivided into four aliyot,	and the second redivided into
YEAR C		YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
		GENESIS	
		Bereyshit	
(1) 1:1-8		(1) 2:20-25	(1) 4:19-26
(2) 1:9-1		(2) 3:1-7	(2) 5:1-5
(3) 1:14-		(3) 3:8-15	(3) 5:6-11
(4) 1:20-		(4) 3:16-21	(4) 5:12-17
(5) 1:24-		(5) 3:22-24	(5) 5:18-24
(6) 2:1-3		(6) 4:1-7	(6) 5:25-32
(7) 2:4-1		(7) 4:8-18	(7) 6:1-8
(.,		Haftarah: Isaiah 42:5-43:1	
		No'ah	
(1) 6:9-1	5	(1) 9:1-7	(1) 10:21-32
(2) 6:16-		(2) 9:8-11	(2) 11:1-9
(3) 7:1-9		(3) 9:12-17	(3) 11:10-13
(4) 7:10-		(4) 9:18-29	(4) 11:14-17
(5) 7:17-		(5) 10:1-7	(5) 11:18-21
(6) 8:1-1		(6) 10:8-14	(6) 11:22-25
(7) 8:15-		(7) 10:15-20	(7) 11:26-32
		Haftarah: Isaiah 54:1-55:5	
		Leh-Leha	
(1) 12:1-	9	(1) 14:1-7	(1) 16:1-7
(2) 12:10)-13	(2) 14:8-13	(2) 16:8-16
(3) 12:14	-20	(3) 14:14-20	(3) 17:1-6
(4) 13:1-	4	(4) 14:21-24	(4) 17:7-14
(5) 13:5-	8	(5) 15:1-6	(5) 17:15-18
(6) 13:9-	12	(6) 15:7-12	(6) 17:19-22
(7) 13:13	3-18	(7) 15:13-21	(7) 17:23-27
		Haftarah: Isaiah 55:27-56:16	
		Vayera	1929 CONTRACTOR DATE
(1) 18:1-		(1) 19:21-26	(1) 21:5-14
(2) 18:8-		(2) 19:27-32	(2) 21:15-21
(3) 18:15		(3) 19:33-38	(3) 21:22-27
(4) 18:23		(4) 20:1-5	(4) 21:28-34
(5) 19:1-	6	(5) 20:6-11	(5) 22:1-9
(6) 19:7-	13	(6) 20:12-18	(6) 22:10-14
(7) 19:14	-20	(7) 21:1-4	(7) 22:15-24
		Haftarah: II Kings 4:1-17	
		TRIENNIAL TORAK	H DIVISIONS / 710
			,

YEAR ONEYEAR TWO $Hayey Sarah$ (1) 23:1-4(1) 24:10-15(2) 23:5-7(2) 24:16-20(3) 23:8-11(3) 24:21-26(4) 23:12-16(4) 24:27-33(5) 23:17-20(5) 24:34-39(6) 24:1-5(6) 24:40-45(7) 24:6-9(7) 24:46-52Haftarah: I Kings 1:1-3:(1) 25:19-23(1) 26:23-29(2) 25:24-28(2) 26:30-35(3) 25:29-34(3) 27:1-5(4) 26:1-5(4) 27:6-10(5) 26:6-12(5) 27:11-16(6) 26:13-17(6) 27:17-21(7) 26:18-22(7) 27:22-27Haftarah: Malachi 1:1-1Vayetzey(1) 28:10-16(1) 30:1-6(2) 28:17-22(2) 28:17-22(2) 30:7-13(3) 29:1-8(3) 30:14-20(4) 29:9-17(4) 30:21-27(5) 29:18-22(5) 30:28-33(6) 29:23-28(6) 30:34-38(7) 29:29-35(7) 30:39-43Haftarah: Hosea 12:13-14Vayishlah(1) 32:4-8(1) 34:1-5(2) 32:9-13(2) 34:6-10(3) 32:14-21(3) 34:11-17(4) 32:22-30(4) 34:18-24(5) 32:31-33:5(5) 34:25-31(6) 33:6-12(6) 35:1-5(7) 33:13-20(7) 35:6-11	YEAR THREE (1) 24:53-56 (2) 24:57-60 (3) 24:61-64 (4) 24:65-67 (5) 25:1-7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 (1) 24:53-56 (2) 24:57-60 (3) 24:61-64 (4) 24:65-67
	 (2) 24:57-60 (3) 24:61-64 (4) 24:65-67
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 (2) 24:57-60 (3) 24:61-64 (4) 24:65-67
	(3) 24:61-64 (4) 24:65-67
	(4) 24:65-67
	(5) 25:1-7
Haftarah: I Kings 1:1-3Toldot(1) $25:19-23$ (1) $26:23-29$ (2) $25:24-28$ (2) $26:30-35$ (3) $25:29-34$ (3) $27:1-5$ (4) $26:1-5$ (4) $27:6-10$ (5) $26:6-12$ (5) $27:11-16$ (6) $26:13-17$ (6) $27:17-21$ (7) $26:18-22$ (7) $27:22-27$ Haftarah: Malachi 1:1-1 $Vayetzey$ (1) $28:10-16$ (1) $30:1-6$ (2) $28:17-22$ (2) $30:7-13$ (3) $29:1-8$ (3) $30:14-20$ (4) $29:9-17$ (4) $30:21-27$ (5) $29:18-22$ (5) $30:28-33$ (6) $29:23-28$ (6) $30:34-38$ (7) $29:29-35$ (7) $30:39-43$ Haftarah: Hosea $12:13-14$ Vayishlah(1) $32:4-8$ (1) $34:1-5$ (2) $32:9-13$ (2) $34:6-10$ (3) $32:14-21$ (3) $34:11-17$ (4) $32:22-30$ (4) $34:18-24$ (5) $32:31-33:5$ (5) $34:25-31$ (6) $33:6-12$ (6) $35:1-5$	(6) 25:8-11
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(7) 25:12-18
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1
	(1) 27:28-31
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(2) 27:32-35
	(3) 27:36-39
	(4) 27:40-42
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(5) 27:43-46 (6) 28:1-4
Haftarah: Malachi 1:1-1Vayetzey(1) 28:10-16(1) 30:1-6(2) 28:17-22(2) 30:7-13(3) 29:1-8(3) 30:14-20(4) 29:9-17(4) 30:21-27(5) 29:18-22(5) 30:28-33(6) 29:23-28(6) 30:34-38(7) 29:29-35(7) 30:39-43Haftarah: Hosea 12:13-14Vayishlah(1) $32:4-8$ (1) $34:1-5$ (2) $32:9-13$ (2) $34:6-10$ (3) $32:14-21$ (3) $34:11-17$ (4) $32:22-30$ (4) $34:18-24$ (5) $32:31-33:5$ (5) $34:25-31$ (6) $33:6-12$ (6) $35:1-5$	(7) 28:5-9
Vayetzey (1) 28:10-16 (1) 30:1-6 (2) 28:17-22 (2) 30:7-13 (3) 29:1-8 (3) 30:14-20 (4) 29:9-17 (4) 30:21-27 (5) 29:18-22 (5) 30:28-33 (6) 29:23-28 (6) 30:34-38 (7) 29:29-35 (7) 30:39-43 Haftarah: Hosea 12:13-14 $Vayishlah$ (1) 32:4-8 (1) 34:1-5 (2) 32:9-13 (2) 34:6-10 (3) 32:14-21 (3) 34:11-17 (4) 32:22-30 (4) 34:18-24 (5) 32:31-33:5 (5) 34:25-31 (6) 33:6-12 (6) 35:1-5	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(1) 21.1 9
	(1) 31:1-8 (2) 31:9-16
	(3) 31:17-24
	(4) 31:25-33
	(5) 31:34-42
Haftarah: Hosea 12:13-14 Vayishlaḥ (1) 32:4-8 (1) 34:1-5 (2) 32:9-13 (2) 34:6-10 (3) 32:14-21 (3) 34:11-17 (4) 32:22-30 (4) 34:18-24 (5) 32:31-33:5 (5) 34:25-31 (6) 33:6-12 (6) 35:1-5	(6) 31:43-50
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(7) 31:51-32:3
$ \begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	• /
	(1) 25.10.00
(3) 32:14-21 (3) 34:11-17 (4) 32:22-30 (4) 34:18-24 (5) 32:31-33:5 (5) 34:25-31 (6) 33:6-12 (6) 35:1-5	(1) 35:12-20 (2) 35:21-29
(4) 32:22-30(4) 34:18-24(5) 32:31-33:5(5) 34:25-31(6) 33:6-12(6) 35:1-5	(2) 35:21-29 (3) 36:1-7
(5) 32:31-33:5(5) 34:25-31(6) 33:6-12(6) 35:1-5	(4) 36:8-13
(6) 33:6-12 (6) 35:1-5	(5) 36:14-19
(7) 33:13-20 (7) 35:6-11	(6) 36:20-30
	(7) 36:31-43
Haftarah: Hosea 11:7-12:	12
711 / TRIENNIAL TORALI DIVISIONS	
711 / TRIENNIAL TORAH DIVISIONS	

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
	Vayeshev	
(1) 37:1-5	(1) 38:1-5	(1) 39:7-12
(2) 37:6-11	(2) 38:6-11	(2) 39:13-18
(3) 37:12-17	(3) 38:12-16	(3) 39:19-23
(4) 37:18-22	(4) 38:17-21	(4) 40:1-5
(5) 37:23-26	(5) 38:22-25	(5) 40:6-11
(6) 37:27-32	(6) 38:26-30	(6) 40:12-17
(7) 37:33-36	(7) 39:1-6	(7) 40:18-23
	Haftarah: Amos 2:6-3:8	
	Miketz	
(1) 41:1-8	(1) 42:1-8	(1) 43:11-15
(2) 41:9-16	(2) 42:9-18	(2) 43:16-22
(3) 41:17-24	(3) 42:19-23	(3) 43:23-29
(4) 41:25-32	(4) 42:24-28	(4) 43:30-34
(5) 41:33-38	(5) 42:29-34	(5) 44:1-6
(6) 41:39-52 (7) 41:53-57	(6) 42:35-38 (7) 43:1-10	(6) 44:7-11 (7) 44:12 17
(7) 41.55-57	(7) 43.1-10 Haftarah: I Kings 3:15-4:1	(7) 44:12-17
	Vayigash	
(1) 44:18-22	(1) 45:19-23	(1) 46:28-34
(2) 44:23-26	(2) 45:24-27	(2) 47:1-6
(3) 44:27-30	(3) 45:28-46:7	(3) 47:7-10
(4) 44:31-34 (5) 45:1-7	(4) 46:8-13 (5) 46:14-17	(4) 47:11-14
(6) 45:8-13	(6) 46:18-22	(5) 47:15-19 (6) 47:20-22
(7) 45.14-18	(7) 46:23-27	(7) 47:23-27
	Haftarah: Ezekiel 37:15-28	() () 20 20
	Vayhi	
(1) 47:28-31	(1) 49:1-4	(1) 49:27-33
(2) 48:1-9	(2) 49:5-7	(2) 50:1-5
(3) 48:10-13	(3) 49:8-12	(3) 50:6-8
(4) 48:14-16	(4) 49:13-15	(4) 50:9-11
(5) 48:17-19	(5) 49:16-18	(5) 50:12-15
(6) 48:20-22	(6) 49:19-26	(6) 50:16-20
(7) 50:21-26	(7) 50:21-26	(7) 50:21-26
	Haftarah: I Kings 2:1-12	
	TRIENNIAL TORAH	I DIVISIONS / 712

Job Name:

/423175t

VEAR ONEYEAR TWOYEAR THRELODUSNemot(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-15(1) 11-16(1) 11-17(1) 11-17(1) 11-16(1) 11-16(1) 11-17(1) 11-16(1) 11				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE	
		EXODUS		
		Shemot		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
Haftarah: Jeremiah 1:1-19Va'era(1) 6:2-5(1) 7:14-18(1) 9:1-7(2) 6:6-9(2) 7:19-25(2) 9:8-12(3) 6:10-13(3) 7:26-29(3) 9:13-16(4) 6:14-25(4) 8:1-6(4) 9:17-21(5) 6:26-30(5) 8:7-11(5) 9:22-26(6) 7:1-7(6) 8:12-18(6) 9:27-30(7) 7:8-13(7) 8:19-28(7) 9:31-35Haftarah: Ezekiel 29:1-21Bo(1) 10:1-6(1) 11:4-10(1) 12:29-32(2) 10:7-11(2) 12:1-4(2) 12:33-36(3) 10:12-15(3) 12:5-10(3) 12:37-42(4) 10:16-20(4) 12:11-15(4) 12:43-51(5) 10:21-23(5) 12:16-20(5) 13:1-5(6) 10:24-27(6) 12:21-24(6) 13:6-10(7) 10:28-11:3(7) 12:25-28(7) 13:11-16Haftarah: Jeremiah 46:13-28Beshalah(1) 13:17-22(1) 15:1-18(1) 16:11-15(2) 14:1-4(2) 15:19-21(2) 16:16-19(3) 14:5-8(3) 15:22-27(4) 16:25-30(5) 14:15-20(5) 14:15-20(5) 16:1-3(5) 14:15-20(5) 16:1-3(6) 14:21-25(6) 16:4-7(6) 17:1-7(7) 14:26-31(7) 16:8-10(7) 17:8-16Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
Va'era (1) 6:2-5 (1) 7:14-18 (1) 9:1-7 (2) 6:6-9 (2) 7:19-25 (2) 9:8-12 (3) 6:10-13 (3) 7:26-29 (3) 9:13-16 (4) 6:14-25 (4) 8:1-6 (4) 9:17-21 (5) 6:26-30 (5) 8:7-11 (5) 9:22-26 (6) 7:1-7 (6) 8:12-18 (6) 9:27-30 (7) 7:8-13 (7) 8:19-28 (7) 9:31-35 Haftarah: Ezekiel 29:1-21 Bo (1) 10:1-6 (1) 11:4-10 (1) 12:29-32 (2) 10:7-11 (2) 12:1-4 (2) 12:33-36 (3) 10:12-15 (3) 12:5-10 (3) 12:37-42 (4) 10:16-20 (4) 12:11-15 (4) 12:43-51 (5) 10:21-23 (5) 12:16-20 (5) 13:1-5 (6) 10:24-27 (6) 12:21-24 (6) 13:6-10 (7) 10:28-11:3 (7) 12:25-28 (7) 13:11-16 Beshalaḥ (1) 13:17-22 (1) 15:1-18 (1) 16:11-15 (2) 14:1-4 (2) 15:19-21 (2) 16:16-19 (3) 14:5-8 (3) 15:22-24 (3) 16:20-24 (4) 14:9-14 (4) 5:25-277 (4) 16:25-30 (5) 14:15-	(7) 2:16-22		(/) 5:21-6:1	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
		• •		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
Haftarah: Ezekiel 29:1-21Bo(1) 10:1-6(1) 11:4-10(1) 12:29-32(2) 10:7-11(2) 12:1-4(2) 12:33-36(3) 10:12-15(3) 12:5-10(3) 12:37-42(4) 10:16-20(4) 12:11-15(4) 12:43-51(5) 10:21-23(5) 12:16-20(5) 13:1-5(6) 10:24-27(6) 12:21-24(6) 13:6-10(7) 10:28-11:3(7) 12:25-28(7) 13:11-16Haftarah: Jeremiah 46:13-28Beshalaḥ(1) 13:17-22(1) 15:1-18(1) 13:17-22(2) 16:16-19(3) 14:5-8(3) 15:22-24(3) 16:20-24(4) 14:9-14(4) 15:25-27(4) 16:25-30(5) 14:15-20(5) 16:1-3(5) 16:31-36(6) 14:21-25(6) 16:4-7(6) 17:1-7(7) 14:26-31(7) 16:8-10(7) 17:8-16Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
Bo(1) 10:1-6(1) 11:4-10(1) 12:29-32(2) 10:7-11(2) 12:1-4(2) 12:33-36(3) 10:12-15(3) 12:5-10(3) 12:37-42(4) 10:16-20(4) 12:11-15(4) 12:43-51(5) 10:21-23(5) 12:16-20(5) 13:1-5(6) 10:24-27(6) 12:21-24(6) 13:6-10(7) 10:28-11:3(7) 12:25-28(7) 13:11-16Beshalah(1) 13:17-22(1) 15:1-18(1) 16:11-15(2) 15:19-21(2) 16:16-19(3) 14:5-8(3) 15:22-24(3) 16:20-24(4) 14:9-14(4) 15:25-27(4) 16:25-30(5) 16:1-3(5) 14:15-20(5) 16:1-3(6) 14:21-25(6) 16:4-7(6) 14:21-25(6) 16:4-7(7) 14:26-31(7) 16:8-10(7) 17:8-16Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31	(7) 7.8-15		(7) 7.51-55	
		Bo		
	(1) 10:1-6	(1) 11:4-10	(1) 12:29-32	
	(2) 10:7-11	(2) 12:1-4	(2) 12:33-36	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
Haftarah: Jeremiah 46:13-28Beshalah(1) 13:17-22(1) 15:1-18(1) 16:11-15(2) 14:1-4(2) 15:19-21(2) 16:16-19(3) 14:5-8(3) 15:22-24(3) 16:20-24(4) 14:9-14(4) 15:25-27(4) 16:25-30(5) 14:15-20(5) 16:1-3(5) 16:31-36(6) 14:21-25(6) 16:4-7(6) 17:1-7(7) 14:26-31(7) 16:8-10(7) 17:8-16Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(7) 10:28-11:3		(7) 13:11-16	
$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		n		
(2) $14:1-4$ (2) $15:19-21$ (2) $16:16-19$ (3) $14:5-8$ (3) $15:22-24$ (3) $16:20-24$ (4) $14:9-14$ (4) $15:25-27$ (4) $16:25-30$ (5) $14:15-20$ (5) $16:1-3$ (5) $16:31-36$ (6) $14:21-25$ (6) $16:4-7$ (6) $17:1-7$ (7) $14:26-31$ (7) $16:8-10$ (7) $17:8-16$ Haftarah: Judges 5: $1-31$	(1) 12.17 22		(1) 16.11 15	
(3) 14:5-8 (3) 15:22-24 (3) 16:20-24 (4) 14:9-14 (4) 15:25-27 (4) 16:25-30 (5) 14:15-20 (5) 16:1-3 (5) 16:31-36 (6) 14:21-25 (6) 16:4-7 (6) 17:1-7 (7) 14:26-31 (7) 16:8-10 (7) 17:8-16 Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
(5) 14:15-20 (6) 14:21-25 (7) 14:26-31 (7) 14:26-31 (7) 14:26-31 (7) 16:8-10 (7) 17:8-16 (7) 17:8-16 (7) 17:8-16				
(6) 14:21-25 (6) 16:4-7 (6) 17:1-7 (7) 14:26-31 (7) 16:8-10 (7) 17:8-16 Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
(7) 14:26-31 (7) 16:8-10 (7) 17:8-16 Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
Haftarah: Judges 5: 1-31				
713 / TRIENNIAL TORAH DIVISIONS				
713 / TRIENNIAL TORAH DIVISIONS				
713 / TRIENNIAL TORAH DIVISIONS				
	713 / TRIENNI	AL TORAH DIVISIONS		

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
	Yitro	
(1) 18:1-4	(1) 19:1-3	(1) 19:14-16
(2) 18:5-8	(2) 19:4-6	(3) 19:17-19
(3) 18:9-12	(3) 19:7-9	(3) 19::20-22
(4) 18:13-16	(4) 19:10-13	(4) 19::23-25
(5) 18:17-20	(5) 19:14-19	(5) 20:1-14
(6) 18:21-23 (7) 18:24-27	(6) 19:20-25 (7) 20:1-17	(6) 20:15-18 (7) 20:10 22
(7) 10.24-27	Haftorah: Isaiah 6:1-13	(7) 20:19-23
	Mishpatim	
(1) 21:1-6	(1) 22:4-8	(1) 23:6-12
(2) 21:7-13	(2) 22:9-12	(2) 23:13-19
(3) 21:14-19	(3) 22:13-16	(3) 23:20-25
(4) 21:20-25	(4) 22:17-21	(4) 23:26-33
(5) 21:26-32	(5) 22:22-26	(5) 24:1-6
(6) 21:33-36	(6) 22:27-30	(6) 24:7-11
(7) 21:37-22:3	(7) 23:1-5	(7) 24:12-18
	Haftarah: Jeremiah 34:13-20, 33:2	25-26
1	Terumah	
(1) 25:1-9	(1) 26:1-5	(1) 26:31-33
(2) 25:10-12	(2) 26:6-10	(2) 26:34-37
(3) 25:13-16	(3) 26:11-14	(3) 27:1-4
(4) 25:17-22	(4) 26:15-18	(4) 27:5-8
(5) 25:23-30	(5) 26:19-22	(5) 27:9-11
(6) 25:31-36 (7) 25:37-40	(6) 26:23-26 (7) 26:27-30	(6) 27:12-14
(7) 25:57-40	(7) 26:27-30 Haftarah: I Kings 6:1-13	(7) 27:15-19
	Tetzaveh	
(1) 27:20-28:1	(1) 28:31-35	(1) 29:19-23
(2) 28:2-5	(2) 28:36-39	(2) 29:24-29
(3) 28:6-10	(3) 28:40-43	(3) 29:30-37
(4) 28:11-14	(4) 29:1-4	(4) 29:38-41
(5) 28:15-20	(5) 29:5-9	(5) 29:42-46
(6) 28:21-25	(6) 29:10-14	(6) 30:1-4
(7) 28:26-30	(7) 29:15-18 Haftarah: Ezekiel 43:10-27	(7) 30:5-10
I		
I		
I	TRIENNIAL TORAH	DIVISIONS / 714
I		
l		

Ki Tia (1) 30:11-16 (1) 31 (2) 30:17-21 (2) 32 (3) 30:22-28 (3) 32 (4) 30:29-33 (4) 32 (5) 30:34-38 (5) 32 (6) 31:1-11 (6) 32 (7) 31:12-17 (7) 33 Vayak (1) 35:1-3 (1) 36 (2) 35:4-9 (2) 36 (3) 35:10-20 (3) 36 (4) 35:21-24 (4) 36 (5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	h:25-29 (5) 34:18-22 h:30-35 (6) 34:23-26 h:1-11 (7) 34:27-35 Kings 18:17-39 (1) 37:10-16 hel (2) 37:17-24 h:20-24 (3) 37:25-29 h:25-29 (4) 38:1-7 h:30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
	1:30-35 (6) 34:23-26 1:11 (7) 34:27-35 Kings 18:17-39 hel :8-13 (1) 37:10-16 :14-19 (2) 37:17-24 :20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$:1-11 (7) 34:27-35 Kings 18:17-39 (1) 37:10-16 :8-13 (1) 37:17-24 :20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
Haftarah: I Vayak (1) 35:1-3 (1) 36 (2) 35:4-9 (2) 36 (3) 35:10-20 (3) 36 (4) 35:21-24 (4) 36 (5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	Kings 18:17-39 hel ::8-13 (1) 37:10-16 ::14-19 (2) 37:17-24 ::20-24 (3) 37:25-29 ::25-29 (4) 38:1-7 ::30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
$\begin{array}{c ccccc} Vayak \\ (1) & 35:1-3 & (1) & 36 \\ (2) & 35:4-9 & (2) & 36 \\ (3) & 35:10-20 & (3) & 36 \\ (4) & 35:21-24 & (4) & 36 \\ (5) & 35:25-29 & (5) & 36 \\ (6) & 35:30-35 & (6) & 36 \\ (7) & 36:1-7 & (7) & 37 \end{array}$	hel :8-13 (1) 37:10-16 :14-19 (2) 37:17-24 :20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
$ \begin{array}{c} (1) \ 35:1-3 \\ (2) \ 35:4-9 \\ (3) \ 35:10-20 \\ (4) \ 35:21-24 \\ (5) \ 35:25-29 \\ (6) \ 35:30-35 \\ (7) \ 36:1-7 \\ \end{array} $:8-13 (1) 37:10-16 :14-19 (2) 37:17-24 :20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
(2) 35:4-9 (2) 36 (3) 35:10-20 (3) 36 (4) 35:21-24 (4) 36 (5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	:14-19 (2) 37:17-24 :20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
(3) 35:10-20 (3) 36 (4) 35:21-24 (4) 36 (5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	:20-24 (3) 37:25-29 :25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
(4) 35:21-24 (4) 36 (5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	:25-29 (4) 38:1-7 :30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
(5) 35:25-29 (5) 36 (6) 35:30-35 (6) 36 (7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	:30-33 (5) 38:8-11	
(6) 35:30-35(6) 36(7) 36:1-7(7) 37		
(7) 36:1-7 (7) 37	:34-38 (6) 38:12-15	
	Kings 7:40-50	
Pekud	21/	
	:22-26 (1) 40:1-6	
	:27-29 (2) 40:7-11	
	:30-32 (3) 40:12-16	
	:33-36 (4) 40:17-21	
	:37-40 (5) 40:22-27	
	:41-43 (6) 40:28-32	
	:33-38 (7) 40:33-38	
Haftarah: 1	Kings 8:2-21	
LEVI	TICUS	
Vayik		
(1) 1:1-9 (1) 3:		
(2) 1:10-13 (2) 3:		
(3) 1:14-17 (3) 4:		
(4) 2:1-6 (4) 4:		
(5) 2:7-13 (5) 4:		
(6) $2:14-16$ (6) $4:$		
(7) 3:1-5 (7) 4:		
Haftaran:	Isaiah 44:1-23	
715 / TRIENNIAL TORAH I	DIVISIONS	

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE	
	Tzav		
(1) 6:1-6	(1) 7:11-14	(1) 8:1-4	
(2) 6:7-11	(2) 7:15-18	(2) 8:5-8	
(3) 6:12-16	(3) 7:19-21	(3) 8:9-13	
(4) 6:17-20	(4) 7:22-24	(4) 8:14-17	
(5) 6:21-23	(5) 7:25-27	(5) 8:18-21	
(6) 7:1-5	(6) 7:28-34	(6) 8:22-29	
(7) 7:6-10	(7) 7:35-38	(7) 8:30-36	
	Haftarah: Jeremiah 7:21-8:3; 9:2	2-23	
	Shemini		
(1) 9:1-4	(1) 10:8-11	(1) 11:20-23	
(2) 9:5-8	(2) 10:12-15	(2) 11:24-28	
(3) 9:9-12	(3) 10:16-20	(3) 11:29-32	
(4) 9:13-16	(4) 11:1-3	(4) 11:33-35	
(5) 9:17-19	(5) 11:4-8	(5) 11:36-38 (6) 11:39-42	
(6) 9:20-23 (7) 9:24-10:7	(6) 11:9-12 (7) 11:13-19	(7) 11:43-47	
(7) 7.24-10.7	Haftarah: II Samuel 6:1-21	(7) 11:10 17	
	77 11		
(1) 12.1 4	<i>Tazri'a</i> (1) 13:18-20	(1) 13:29-33	
(1) 12:1-4 (2) 12:5-8	(2) 13:21-23	(2) 13:34-39	
(3) 13:1-5	(3) 13:24-27	(3) 13:40-42	
(4) 13:6-8	(4) 13:28-30	(4) 13:43-46	
(5) 13:9-11	(5) 13:31-33	(5) 13:47-50	
(6) 13:12-14	(6) 13:34-36	(6) 13:51-54	
(7) 13:15-17	(7) 13:37-39	(7) 13:55-59	
	Haftarah: II Kings 5:1-19		
	Metzora		
(1) 14:1-4	(1) 14:33-35	(1) 15:1-4	
(2) 14:5-8	(2) 14:36-38	(2) 15:5-7	
(3) 14:9-12	(3) 14:39-41	(3) 15:8-11	
(4) 14:13-16	(4) 14:42-45 (5) 14:46 48	(4) 15:12-15 (5) 15:16-18	
(5) 14:17-20 (6) 14:21-25	(5) 14:46-48 (6) 14:49-53	(5) 15:16-18 (6) 15:19-28	
(7) 14:26-32	(7) 14:54-57	(7) 15:29-33	
(/) 11.20 02	Haftarah: II Kings 7:3-20		
	-		
	TRIENNIAL TORAL	H DIVISIONS / 716	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
	Aharey Mot	
(1) 16:1-3	(1) 16:25-29	(1) 18:6-8
(2) 16:4-6	(2) 16:30-34	(2) 18:9-11
(3) 16:7-9	(3) 17:1-7	(3) 18:12-14
(4) 16:10-13	(4) 17:8-10	(4) 18:15-18
(5) 16:14-17 (6) 16:18-20	(5) 17:11-13 (6) 17:14-16	(5) 18:19-21 (6) 18:22-26
(7) 16:21-24	(7) 18:1-5	(7) 18:27-30
(7) 10.21-21	Haftarah: Ezekiel 22:1-19	(7) 10.27-50
	Kedoshim	
(1) 19:1-3	(1) 19:23-25	(1) 20:1-7
(2) 19:4-6	(2) 19:26-28	(2) 20:8-10
(3) 19:7-9	(3) 19:29-31	(3) 20:11-13
(4) 19:10-12	(4) 19:32-34	(4) 20:14-16
(5) 19:13-15 (6) 19:16-18	(5) 19:35-37	(5) 20:17-19
(7) 19:19-22	(6) 20:1-3 (7) 20:4-7	(6) 20:20-22 (7) 20:23-27
(/) 17.17-22	Haftarah: Amos 9:7-15	(1) 20.25-27
	Emor	
(1) 21:1-6	(1) 22:17-25	(1) 23:23-25
(2) 21:7-15	(2) 22:26-33	(2) 23:26-32
(3) 21:16-24	(3) 23:1-3	(3) 23:33-36
(4) 22:1-3	(4) 23:4-8	(4) 23:37-44
(5) 22:4-9	(5) 23:9-14	(5) 24:1-4
(6) 22:10-12	(6) 23:15-18	(6) 24:5-12
(7) 22:13-16	(7) 23:19-22 Haftarah: Ezekiel 44:15-31	(7) 24:13-23
	Behar	
(1) 25:1-4	(1) 25:25-28	(1) 25:35-38
(2) 25:5-7	(2) 25:29-31	(2) 25:39-41
(3) 25:8-10	(3) 25:32-34	(3) 25:42-44
(4) 25:11-13	(4) 25:35-37	(4) 25:45-47
(5) 25:14-18 (6) 25:19-21	(5) 25:38-40 (6) 25:41-43	(5) 25:48-50 (6) 25:51-53
(7) 25:22-24	(7) 25:44-46	(7) 25:54-26:2
(7) 23.22-24	Haftarah: Jeremiah 32:6-27	(7) 23.34-20.2
717 / TRIEN	NIAL TORAH DIVISIONS	

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE	
(1) 0(0 5	Behukotay	(1) 27 0 10	
(1) 26:3-5	(1) 26:3-9	(1) 27:9-12	
(2) 26:6-9 (3) 26:10 13	(2) 26:10-13 (3) 26:14-42	(2) 27:13-15	
(3) 26:10-13 (4) 26:14-42	(4) 26:43-46	(3) 27:16-18 (4) 27:19-21	
(5) 26:43-46	(5) 27:1-4	(5) 27:22-25	
(6) 27:1-3	(6) 27:5-8	(6) 27:26-28	
(7) 27:29-34	(7) 27:29-34	(7) 27:29-34	
()	Haftarah: Jeremiah 16:19-17:		
	NUMBERS		
	Bemidbar		
(1) 1:1-16	(1) 2:1-9	(1) 3:40-43	
(2) 1:17-19	(2) 2:10-16	(2) 3:44-47	
(3) 1:20-25	(3) 2:17-24	(3) 3:48-51	
(4) 1:26-31	(4) 2:25-34	(4) 4:1-4	
(5) 1:32-37	(5) 3:1-13	(5) 4:5-10	
(6) 1:38-47	(6) 3:14-26 (7) 3:27-39	(6) 4:11-14	
(7) 1:48-54	(7) 5:27-59 Haftarah: Hosea 2:1-22	(7) 4:15-20	
(1) 1 21 22	Naso	(1) = 10 = 00	
(1) 4:21-28	(1) 5:11-15	(1) 7:18-29	
(2) 4:29-33	(2) 5:16-31	(2) 7:30-41	
(3) 4:34-37 (4) 4:38-41	(3) 6:1-12 (4) 6:13-21	(3) 7:42-53 (4) 7:54-65	
(5) 4:42-49	(5) 6:22-27	(5) 7:66-71	
(6) 5:1-4	(6) 7:1-11	(6) 7:72-83	
(7) 5:5-10	(7) 7:12-17	(7) 7:84-89	
	Haftarah: Judges 13:2-25		
	Beha'aloteḥa		
(1) 8:1-4	(1) 9:15-17	(1) 11:1-15	
(2) 8:5-14	(2) 9:18-20	(2) 11:16-18	
(3) 8:15-22	(3) 9:21-23	(3) 11:19-22	
(4) 8:23-26	(4) 10:1-10	(4) 11:23-29	
(5) 9:1-4	(5) 10:11-17	(5) 11:30-35	
(6) 9:5-8	(6) 10:18-28	(6) 12:1-3	
(7) 9:9-14	(7) 10:29-36 Haftarah: Zechariah 2:14-4:7	(7) 12:4-16	
	manaran. Zechanan 2.14-4.1		
	TRIENNIAL TORAL	H DIVISIONS / 718	

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
	Shelah	
(1) 13:1-3	(1) 14:8-10	(1) 15:8-13
(2) 13:4-16	(2) 14:11-16	(2) 15:14-16
(3) 13:17-20	(3) 14:17-20	(3) 15:17-21
(4) 13:21-24	(4) 14:21-25	(4) 15:22-26
(5) 13:25-30	(5) 14:26-33	(5) 15:27-31
(6) 13:31-33	(6) 14:34-45	(6) 15:32-34
(7) 14:1-7	(7) 15:1-7 Haftarah: Joshua 2:1-24	(7) 15:35-41
	Maltarall. Joshua 2.1-24	
	Korah	
(1) 16:1-3	(1) 16:23-30	(1) 17:25-28
(2) 16:4-7	(2) 16:31-35	(2) 18:1-7
(3) 16:8-10	(3) 17:1-5	(3) 18:8-10
(4) 16:11-13 (5) 16:14-16	(4) 17:6-8 (5) 17:9-15	(4) 18:11-13 (5) 18:14-20
(6) 16:17-19	(6) 17:16-21	(6) 18:21-24
(7) 16:20-22	(7) 17:22-24	(7) 18:25-32
	Haftarah: I Samuel 11:14-12:2	22
	TT 1	
(1) 19:1-4	<u></u> . (1) 20:7-10	(1) 21:4-9
(2) 19:5-8	(2) 20:11-13	(2) 21:10-16
(3) 19:9-12	(3) 20:14-17	(3) 21:17-20
(4) 19:13-17	(4) 20:18-21	(4) 21:21-23
(5) 19:18-22	(5) 20:22-24	(5) 21:24-27
(6) 20:1-3	(6) 20:25-29	(6) 21:28-30
(7) 20:4-6	(7) 21:1-3 Haftarah: Judges 11:1-11; 29-3	(7) 21:31-22:1
	Traitarain Judges Titt Ti, 27	
(1) as a -	Balak	(1) 00 07 00
(1) 22:2-7	(1) 22:39-41	(1) $23:27-30$ (2) $24:1.9$
(2) 22:8-12(3) 22:13-20	(2) 23:1-5 (3) 23:6-9	(2) 24:1-9 (3) 24:10-13
(4) 22:21-25	(4) 23:10-12	(4) 24:14-19
(5) 22:26-31	(5) 23:13-16	(5) 24:20-25
(6) 22:32-34	(6) 23:17-21	(6) 25:1-4
(7) 22:35-38	(7) 23:22-26	(7) 25:5-9
	Haftarah: Micah 5:6-6-8	
710 / TO LENINIA	L TORAH DIVISIONS	
	L TOIGHT DIVISIONS	

				_ :
				I
	YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE	I
1		Pinhas		
1	(1) 25:10-19	(1) 26:52-65	(1) 28:16-25	
	(2) 26:1-4	(2) 27:1-5	(2) 28:26-31	I
	(3) 26:5-14	(3) 27:6-11	(3) 29:1-6	
1	(4) 26:15-22	(4) 27:12-14	(4) 29:7-11	
	(5) 26:23-34	(5) 27:15-23	(5) 29:12-22	I
	(6) 26:35-43	(6) 28:1-8	(6) 29:23-31	ŝ -
1	(7) 26:44-51	(7) 28:9-15	(7) 29:32-30:1	
		Haftarah: I Kings 19:1-20		
1		Matot		I
	(1) 30:2-5	(1) 31:25-28	(1) 32:1-4	1
1	(2) 30:6-12	(2) 31:29-31	(2) 32:5-15	
1	(3) 30:13-17	(3) 31:32-35	(3) 32:16-19	I
	(4) 31:1-6	(4) 31:36-41	(4) 32:20-27	1
1	(5) 31:7-12	(5) 31:42-47	(5) 32:28-32	
I	(6) 31:13-20	(6) 31:48-50	(6) 32:33-36	
I	(7) 31:21-24	(7) 31:51-54	(7) 32:37-42	
1		Haftarah: Jeremiah 1:1-19		
I		Masey		
	(1) 33:1-10	(1) 33:50-56	(1) 35:9-15	
1	(2) 33:11-18	(2) 34:1-9	(2) 35:16-24	
I	(3) 33:19-26	(3) 34:10-15	(3) 35:25-28	
I	(4) 33:27-33	(4) 34:16-29	(4) 35:29-34	
1	(5) 33:34-39	(5) 35:1-4	(5) 36:1-4	
1	(6) 33:40-49	(6) 35:5-8	(6) 36:5-8	l
I	(7) 36:9-13	(7) 36:9-13	(7) 36:9-13	
I		Haftarah: Jeremiah 2:12-28; 3:4; 4:1	-2	
I		DEUTERONOMY		
1		Devarim		l
I	(1) 1:1-5	(1) 1:39-42	(1) 2:31-37	
	(2) 1:6-11	(2) 1:43-2:1	(2) 3:1-3	
	(3) 1:12-15	(3) 2:2-6	(3) 3:4-8	
	(4) 1:16-21	(4) 2:7-13	(4) 3:9-11	
	(5) 1:22-25(6) 1:26-33	(5) 2:14-19 (6) 2:20-25	(5) 3:12-14 (6) 3:15-18	
	(7) 1:34-38	(7) 2:26-30	(7) 3:19-22	
	(7) 1.54-50	(7) 2:20-50 Haftarah: Isaiah 1:1-27	(7) 5.17-22	
I				
				1
		TRIENNIAL TORAH D	DIVISIONS / 720	
I		individue rotali e		
				_ '

YEAR ONE	YEAR TWO	YEAR THREE
	Va'ethanan	
(1) 3:23-29	(1) 4:41-43	(1) 6:1-3
(2) 4:1-4	(2) 4:44-49	(2) 6:4-9
(3) 4:5-10	(3) $5:1-5$	(3) 6:10-15
(4) 4:11-14 (5) 4:15-24	(4) 5:6-18 (Decalogue) (5) 5:19-22	(4) 6:16-19 (5) 6:20-25
(6) 4:25-31	(6) 5:23-26	(6) 7:1-6
(7) 4:32-40	(7) 5:27-30	(7) 7:7-11
(1) 1102 10	Haftarah: Isaiah 40:1-26	())
	Ekev	
(1) 7:12-16	(1) 9:4-9	(1) 10:12-15
(2) 7:17-21	(2) 9:10-13	(2) 10:16-19
(3) 7:22-26	(3) 9:14-19	(3) 10:20-22
(4) 8:1-5 (5) 8:6-10	(4) 9:20-25	(4) 11:1-5
(6) 8:11-18	(5) 9:26-29 (6) 10:1-5	(5) 11:6-9 (6) 11:10-12
(7) 8:19-9:3	(7) 10:6-11	(7) 11:13-25
(1) 6127 710	Haftarah: Isaiah 49:14-51:3	(1) 1110 25
	Re'eh	
(1) 11:26-28	(1) 12:29-13:1	(1) 15:1-6
(2) 11:29-32	(2) 13:2-6	(2) 15:7-11
(3) 12:1-5	(3) 13:7-12	(3) 15:12-18
(4) 12:6-10	(4) 13:13-19	(4) 15:19-23
(5) 12:11-16	(5) 14:1-10	(5) 16:1-4
(6) 12:17-22 (7) 12:23-28	(6) 14:11-21 (7) 14:22-29	(6) 16:5-8(7) 16:9-17
(7) 12.25-28	Haftarah: Isaiah 54:11-55:5	(7) 10.9-17
	Shoftim	
(1) 16:18-22	(1) 18:6-8	(1) 19:14-21
(2) 17:1-7	(2) 18:9-13	(2) 20:1-4
(3) 17:8-13	(3) 18:14-17	(3) 20:5-9
(4) 17:14-17	(4) 18:18-22	(4) 20:10-14
(5) 17:18-20	(5) 19:1-5	(5) 20:15-17
(6) 18:1-5 (7) 18:6-13	(6) 19:6-10 (7) 19:11-13	(6) 20:18-20 (7) 21:1-9
(7) 18.0-15	Haftarah: Isaiah 51:12-52:12	(7) 21.1-9
704 /		
721 / TRIE	NNIAL TORAH DIVISIONS	

YEAR ONE (1) 21:10-14 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 H (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 (4) 27:1-4	YEAR TV <i>Ki Tetzey</i> (1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Iaftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1 (4) 29:11-	24 27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	YEAR THREE (1) 23:25-24:4 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 (1) 28:1-3	
 (1) 21:10-14 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 H (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	Ki Tetzey (1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia Ki Tavo (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	24 27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (1) 23:25-24:4 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (1) 21:10-14 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 H (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	Ki Tetzey (1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia Ki Tavo (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	24 27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (1) 23:25-24:4 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (1) 21:10-14 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 H (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	Ki Tetzey (1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia Ki Tavo (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	24 27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (1) 23:25-24:4 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (1) 21:10-14 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 H (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	Ki Tetzey (1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia Ki Tavo (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	24 27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (1) 23:25-24:4 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	(1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Iaftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	(1) 22:22- (2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Iaftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (2) 21:15-17 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	(2) 22:25- (3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Iaftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	27 23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (2) 24:5-9 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (3) 21:18-21 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	(3) 22:28- (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Iaftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	23:3 2 15 24 h 54:1-10	 (3) 24:10-13 (4) 24:14-18 (5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19 	
 (4) 21:22-22:3 (5) 22:4-7 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	 (4) 23:4-7 (5) 23:8-1 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- (7) 23:16- (7) 23:16- (1) 23:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1 	2 15 24 h 54:1-10	(5) 24:19-22 (6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19	
 (6) 22:8-12 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	 (6) 23:13- (7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1 	15 24 h 54:1-10	(6) 25:1-4 (7) 25:5-19	
 (7) 22:13-21 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	(7) 23:16- Haftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	24 h 54:1-10	(7) 25:5-19	
(1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19	Haftarah: Isaia <i>Ki Tavo</i> (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	h 54:1-10		
 (1) 26:1-11 (2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19 	Ki Tavo (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1	((1) 28:1-3	
(2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19	 (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1 		(1) 28:1-3	
(2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19	 (1) 28:1-3 (2) 28:4-6 (3) 28:7-1 		(1) 28:1-3	
(2) 26:12-15 (3) 26:16-19	(2) 28:4-6(3) 28:7-1			
			(2) 28:4-6	
(4) 27:1-4	(1) 20.11		(3) 28:7-10	l
			(4) 28:11-14	
(5) 27:5-10	(5) 28:15-		(5) 28:15-69	
(6) 27:11-26	(6) 29:1-3(7) 29:4-8		(6) 29:1-3 (7) 29:4-8	
(7) 28:1-6 H	Haftarah: Isaia		(7) 29.4-0	
	Tarcurum. Isuu			
The entire parashah is read each	h year:			
Nitzavim		ıyeleh		
(1) 29:9-11) 31:1-3		
(2) 29:12-14) 31:4-6		
(3) 29:15-28) 31:7-9		
(4) 30:1-6 (5) 30:7-10) 31:10-13) 31:14-19		
(6) 30:11-14) 31:20-24		
(7) 30:15-20) 31:25-30		
Haftarah: Isaiah 61:10-63:9		aftarah for Sha	bbat Shuvah:	
		osea 14:2-10; N	Micah 7:18-20;	
	Jo	el 2:15-27		
** '	17	ezot Haberahah		
Ha'azinu (1) 32:1-6) 33:1-7		
(2) 32:7-12) 33:8-12		
(3) 32:13-18) 33:13-17		
(4) 32:19-28) 33:18-21		
(5) 32:29-39) 33:22-26		
(6) 32:40-43) 33:27-29		
(7) 32:44-52) 34:1-12	1.1.10	
Haftarah: II Samuel 22:1-37	/ Н	aftarah: Joshua	1:1-18	
г	FRIENNIA	L TORAH	DIVISIONS / 722	
			151	

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

SE	PECIAL TORA	AH READING	S
WEEK	SCROLL # 1	SCROLL # 2	HAFTARAH
Shabbat Rosh Hodesh	Weekly Portion	Numbers 28:9-15	Isaiah 66:1-24
Shabbat Maḥar Ḥodesh (When Ro	Weekly Portion sh Hodesh falls on S	Sunday)	I Samuel 20:18-42
Rosh Hashanah First Day	Genesis 21	Genesis 1:1-5	I Samuel 1:1-28
Rosh Hashanah Second Day	Genesis 22:1-24	Numbers 29:1-6	Jeremiah 31:2-20
Yom Kippur Morning	Leviticus 16	Numbers 29:7-11	Isaiah 57:14-58:14
Yom Kippur Afternoon	Leviticus 19:1-18		Jonah; Micah 7:18-20
Sukkot	Deuteronomy 8:1-18; 10:12-22	Leviticus 23:39-44	Zechariah 14:1-21
Shabbat Hol Hamo'ed Sukkot	Exodus 33:12-34:2	26 Deuteronomy 16:13-17	Ezekiel 38:18-39:16
Shemini Atzeret/ Simḥat Torah	Deuteronomy 33:1-34:12	Genesis 1:1-2:3	Joshua 1:1-18
Shabbat Hanukah	Weekly Portion	*	Zechariah 2:14-4:7
Second Shabbat of Ḥanukah	Weekly Portion	*	I Kings 7:40-50
Numbers 7:12-17; se		vhich day of Ḥanukah it l day, 24-29; fourth day ; eighth day, 54-60.	
Shabbat Shekalim	Weekly Portion	Exodus 30:11-16	II Kings 11:17-12:17
Shabbat Zaḥor	Weekly Portion	Deuteronomy 25:17-19	I Samuel 15:1-23
Shabbat Parah	Weekly Portion	Numbers 19:1-22	Ezekiel 36:16-38
723 / TRIENN	IAL TORAH DI	VISIONS	

_

WEEK	SCROLL # 1	SCROLL #2	HAFTARAH
Shabbat Haḥodesh	Weekly Portion	Exodus 12:1-20	Ezekiel 45:18-46:18
Shabbat Hagadol	Weekly Portion		Malachi 3:4-24
First Day of Pesah	Exodus 12:21-51	Numbers 28:16-25	Joshua 5:2-15
Shabbat Hol Hamo'ed Pesaḥ	Exodus 33:12- 34:26	Numbers 28:19-25	Ezekiel 37:1-14
Seventh Day of Pesah	Exodus 13:17- 15:26	Numbers 28:9-25	II Samuel 22:1-20
Shavuot	Exodus 19:1-20:23	Numbers 28:26-31	Ezekiel 1:1-28; 3:12
Fast Days	Exodus 32:11-14; 34:1-10		Isaiah 55:6-56:8
Tisha Be'av	Deuteronomy 4:25-40		Jeremiah 8:13-9:23
	TRIENNIA	L TORAH DIVI	SIONS / 724

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

AMIDAH MEDITATIONS

Т

1

1

I

Т

1

T

Т

1

|

These meditations (pages 726-729) are alternatives to the Shabbat Amidah. Traditionally recited thrice daily, the Amidah originally served as a time for meditation. That path is inaccessible to many of us. These meditations are intended to restore it. They can be self-guided or leader-directed. Leaders might guide a whole congregation or groups as small as two or three. Leadership can be rotated.

In meditating with a leader/guide, participants are led by the guide's voice. If the leader moves too quickly for you, move at your own pace, allowing your mind to carry you until you are again in step with the leader. In meditating without a leader/guide, select a meditation and read the instructions. Then close your eyes and sit comfortably, with both feet on the ground, hands resting loosely in your lap. Take a few deep breaths, then begin the meditation. Be careful not to let your thoughts wander—if they do, bring them back by taking a few deep breaths. Proceed at your own pace. Do not hurry. When you have completed one meditation, feel free to begin another.

A single meditation, or up to three, might serve as the Amidah.

725 / AMIDOT SHONOT

1. AVOT

Think about the people to whom you answer....Who is your inner "board of directors"?...Who is it you are serving in your life?...Who are your Abrahams, Isaacs, Jacobs, your Sarahs, Rebekahs, Rachels and Leahs?...Don't struggle with the voices or engage them in any way....Simply acknowledge them....Invite them into your Shabbat....Feel at one with them.

2. GEVUROT

1

1

T

T

Т

Think of a part of your present life—a personality, relationship, or situation—that feels stagnant to you....Something isn't right. It isn't growing. There is a lifeless quality to it....Imagine how you might enliven that part of your life. What things might you do to bring that change about?...Now think of a part of your life you have enlivened, either recently or over the years....Allow yourself to feel gratitude and joy for that.

3. KEDUSHAT HASHEM

Slowly recite this chant to yourself: Atah kadosh, shimeha kadosh, ve'anu kedoshim. Try to feel the rhythm of this chant. If it is comfortable for you, stand as you chant, bow to the right and to the left, then raise your hands and look up. The literal meaning of this chant is: "You are holy, your name is holy, and we are holy beings." As you recite this chant, allow yourself to feel the holiness of all life, and the holy cycles of life.

ALTERNATIVE AMIDOT / 726

4. KEDUSHAT HAYOM

Remember a moment in your life when you felt a sense of perfection....Try to dwell on images of that moment until they are completely in focus: the visual image, the sounds, the physical sensations, the emotions. Do not rush this....Try to recapture that sense of perfection and think, "This is my Shabbat, this is my Shabbat."

5. AVODAH

1

Т

1

1

T

T

Т

Imagine a long table, around which is gathered your ideal community....Focus on the different members of that ideal community. Feel the sense of awe and thanksgiving at such a miracle. Immerse yourself in those feelings of joy....Take that sense of joy and refocus it on the community of Israel, regathered in our homeland, and the joy that brings you. Allow yourself to take in the miracle of that ingathering.

6. HODA'AH

Recall a recent event in your life for which you would like to offer thanks. Focus on that one event for a moment....Allow your mind to associate freely. Remember other events in your life that have evoked in you a sense of thanksgiving....Feel yourself immersed in a sea of blessings that have occurred in your life, and for which you now offer thanks.

727 / AMIDOT SHONOT

7. BIRKAT HASHALOM

Т

1

1

(a) Take a few deep breaths. Breathe in. Then breathe out the sound "Sha," then breathe in the sound "lom." Keep your breathing slow and even. Feel the sense of inner peace that this breathing echoes.

(b) Remember a time in your life when someone acted as a peace-maker between you and another person. Feel what a powerful role that was....Remember a different time when you acted as a peacemaker for others. Feel the sense of satisfaction that experience brought you....Now imagine other ways in your life that you might act as a peace-maker. Feel the sense of power and gratitude that those images bring.

8. SHIVITI MEDITATIONS

The Shiviti is a spiritual tool. It provides a visual focus for efforts to sense the divine presence. Facing that presence through the Shiviti design, feeling surrounded by the divine embracing the divine within ourselves leads to awareness of the fullness of God—and to the godliness which fills us. The Shiviti meditation can yield new insight—a sense of harmony and balance. It can give us a sense of our place in the order of things. It can provide fresh perspective, clarity, and energy. The Shiviti designs are on pages 89, 293 and 595. The first-time user can begin by exploring the Shiviti—responding to its overall shape, reading its words, contemplating their meanings. More focused meditations on the Shiviti appear below.

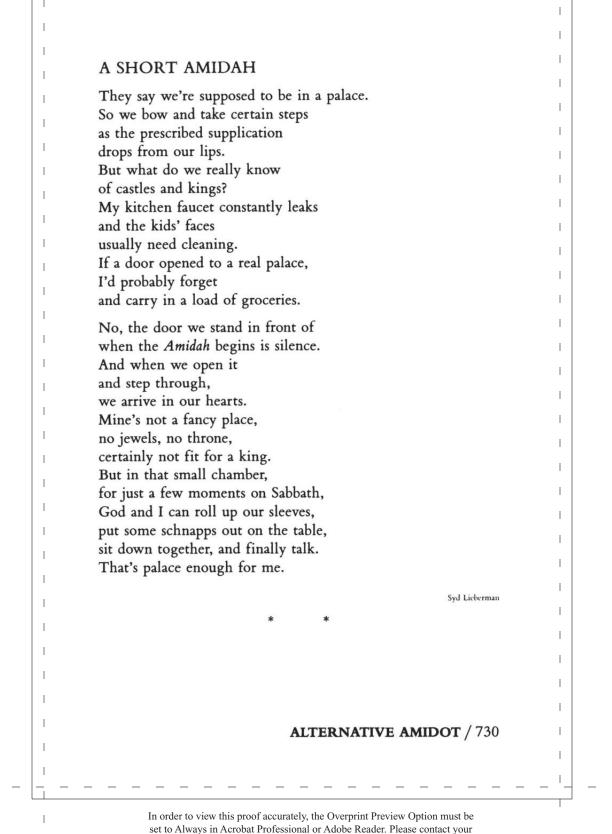
(a) Let the fullness of this *Shiviti* flow over you....Slowly begin to focus on one of the psalm verses on the *Shiviti* page. Breathe in and out slowly and steadily....Now close your eyes. Visualize the *yud hey vav hey*....Slowly chant to yourself the words of your verse. Let all extraneous thoughts flow away from you. Allow yourself to feel the presence of God.

ALTERNATIVE AMIDOT / 728

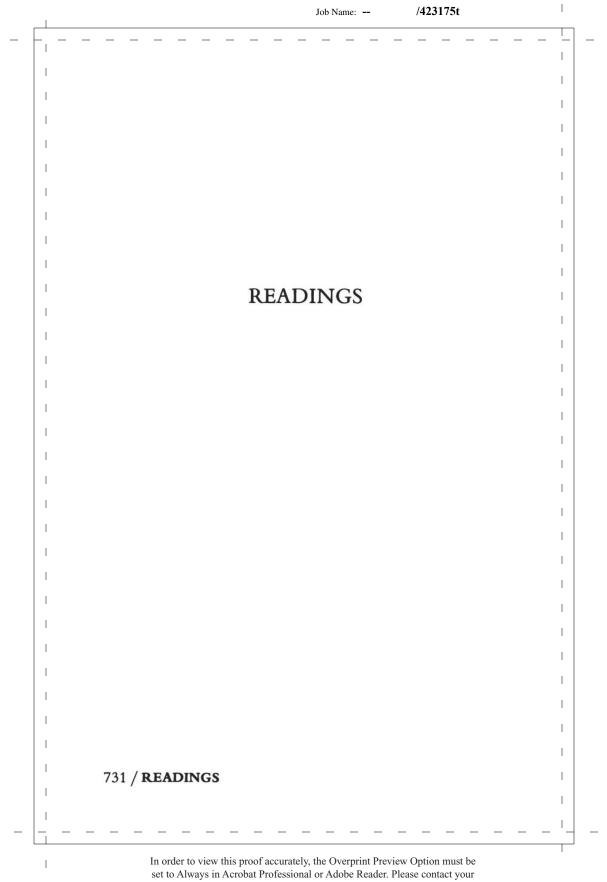
(b) Let the fullness of this Shiviti flow over you. Breathe steadily. Begin to focus on the yud hey vav hey. Close your eyes. Visualize 1 the min....See it vertically, with the yud on top. Reach for the holiness it embodies...Now begin to focus on the yud. Visualize 1 your head as a yud....Focus on the hey. Visualize your shoulders 1 as a hey....Focus on the vav. Visualize your trunk as a vav....Focus on the final hey. Now visualize your legs as a hey....Breathe slowly. Feel the godliness rise and fall within you, with each breath. Focus on your sense of oneness, of unity, with the divine. Т (c) Let the fullness of this Shiviti flow over you. Breathe steadily. Begin to focus on the Close your eyes. As you focus on the yud, empty your breath slowly, for a count of four....As you focus 1 on the hey, breathe in slowly for a count of four, softly making the sound of hey....As you focus on the vav, hold your breath for a count of four....As you focus on the final hey, begin to breathe 1 out for a count of four, softly making the sound of hey Repeat this breathing exercise several times, holding each point for a count of four. Feel godliness flowing in and out of you, and flowing all around you. Feel the links to all other breathing vessels of God....Now feel the godliness in all other vessels of the divine, the divine bridges through all creation, the bridges T that make us one. 729 / AMIDOT SHONOT In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

Ι

/423175t

Ι

_ _

L

SHABBAT THEMES	
הַרְלִיקוּ נֵר	Light a Candle
הַרְלָּיקוּ גֵר	Light a candle,
שְׁתוּ יַיִּזָ.	drink wine.
הַשַּׁבָּת קָטְפָה בַּלָּאט	Softly the Sabbath has plucked
אֶת הַשֶּׁמֶש הַשּוֹלַעַת.	the sinking sun.
הַשַּבָּת יוֹרֶדֵת לָאַט	Slowly the Sabbath descends,
	the rose of heaven in her hand.
אֵידְ תִּשְׁתֹל הַשֵּׁבָּת	How can the Sabbath
פַּרַח עַצוּם וּמֵאִיר	plant a huge and shining flower
בּלֵב צַר וִעְוַר?	in a blind and narrow heart?
איד תשתל השבת	How can the Sabbath
	plant the bud of angels
••••••	in a heart of raving flesh?
	Can the rose of eternity grow
בְּדוֹר שֵׁל עַכָּדִים	among the slaves
	of destruction,
	among the slaves
	of death?
הרליקו נר!	Light a candle!
1732	Drink wine!
	Slowly the Sabbath descends
וּבִיַדַה הַפֵּׁרַח,	and in her hand
וּבַיַרָה	the flower,
הַשְּׁמֵש הַשּוֹלַעַת	and in her hand
	the sinking sun.
	Zelda (translated by Marcia Falk)
	READINGS: SHABBAT / 732

Introduction to Ma'ariv

1

T

Т

Our noisy day has now descended with the sun beyond our sight, and in the silence of our praying place we close the door upon the hectic joys and fears, the accomplishments and anguish, of the week that we have left behind. What was but moments ago the substance of our life has now become its memory, and what we did must now be woven into who we are. On this day we shall not do, but be; we are to walk the outer limits of our humanity, no longer ride unseeing through a world we only vaguely sense beneath our cushioned wheels. On this day heat and warmth and light must come from deep within ourselves; no longer can we tear apart the world to make our fire. On this day, but a breath away from our creation, we are to breathe in a world from which we may no longer feel apart, but as close as eye to blossom, and ear to the singing in the night. On this day we must open wide the windows behind which we have hidden from the world, and send forth hand and heart to learn where we have come, and what we have become.

3

Richard Levy (adapted)

We come together on this Shabbat, each bringing to this sanctuary a private world of hopes, of fears, of dreams. Some of us are burdened by anxieties and cares that all but crush our faith in the future. Others have hearts filled with happiness, grateful for the joys of the past week, yet aware that even the most fortunate are vulnerable before the mystery of tomorrow. Every life is a unique blending of joy and sorrow, of fulfillment and frustration. Beneath our uniqueness we are all bound together by our common humanity. All of us most deeply yearn for the blessings of freedom and peace. Each of us seeks the personal liberation of a mind that is not enslaved to conventional wisdom, a heart that is able to love without fear, a spirit that cries "yes!" to the universe. Each of us strives too for the inner peace that comes with finding a harmony between what we want out of life and what we can have, between our aspirations and our abilities. This is the Shabbat peace to which we aspire.

733 / READINGS: SHABBAT

L

דאָס געזאַנג פון שבת T מיט די זעקס קיסרים T פון די זעקס טעג פון דער וואָך 1 .האָב איך זיך געקריגט ביז ערב שבת L I זונטיק האַבן זיי צוגענומען מיין שלאַף. T מאַנטיק האָבן זיי מיין זאַלץ צעשאַטן. T און אויפן דריטן טאָג, מיין גאָט, L T האָבן זיי פאַרשליידערט מיין ברויט L 1 .און איבער מיין פּנים מיט ריטער געפאַכטן 1 זיי האַבן געכאַפּט מיין פליענדיקע טויב T און האָבן זי געשאָכטן. L T און אַזוי ביז פרייטיק אין דער פרי. T און דאַס איז דאַך מיין גאַנצע וואַך, ווען עס שטאַרבט מיין טויבן-פלי. 1 פאַרנאַכט האָב איך אָנגעצונדן פיר ליכט 1 און צו מיר איז געקומען די מלכה שבת. 1 עם האַט אַ לױכט געטאַן איר געזיכט Т T און די גאַנצע וועלט איז געוואַרן שבת. 1 מיין צעשאָטענער זאַלץ 1 האַט געפינקלט אין זעלצל, Т און מיין טויב, מיין פליענדיקע טויב, T האָט געפּאַטשט מיט די פליגל T ← און גערייניקט איר העלדזל. I 1 1 1 **READINGS: SHABBAT / 734** Т L

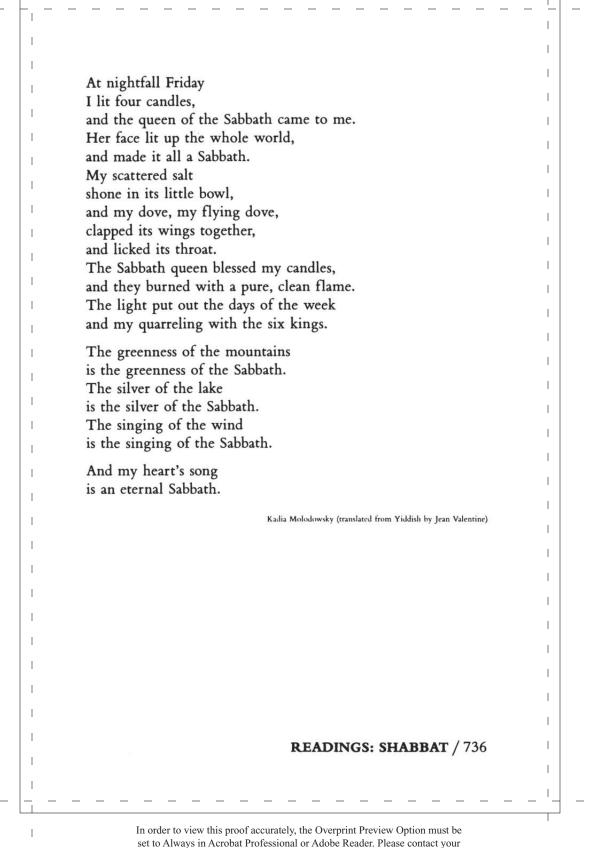
> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1

רי מלכה שבת האַט געבענטשט מיינע ליכט. זיי האַבן געלויכטן מיט אַ פּלאָם אַ קלאַרן. 1 די שיין האַט פאַרדעקט די טעג פון דער וואַך 1 און דעם קריג מיט די זעקס קיסרים. 1 1 – די גרינקייט פון בערג איז די גרינקייט פון שבת. Т – דער זילבער פון טייך איז דער זילבער פון שבת. – דאס געזאַנג פון דעם ווינט 1 איז ראָס זינגען פון שבת. I. – און דאָס געזאַנג פון מיין האַרץ I. 1 איז דער אייביקער שבת. Song of the Sabbath / Das Gezang fon Shabes Т I quarreled with kings till the Sabbath, 1 I fought with the six kings 1 of the six days of the week. T Sunday they took away my sleep. Т Monday they scattered my salt. And on the third day, my God, 1 they threw out my bread: whips flashed 1 across my face. The fourth day Т they caught my dove, my flying dove, and slaughtered it. T It was like that till Friday morning. This is my whole week, Т the dove's flight dying. 1 735 / READINGS: SHABBAT Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

Wellfleet Sabbath The hawk eye of the sun slowly shuts. The breast of the bay is softly feathered dove grey. The sky is barred like the sand when the tide trickles out. The great doors of the Sabbath are swinging open over the ocean, loosing the moon floating up slow distorted vast, a copper Т balloon just sailing free. The wind slides over the waves, patting them with its giant hand, and the sea 1 stretches its muscles in the deep, purrs and rolls over. The sweet beeswax candles flicker and sigh, standing between the phlox and the roast chicken. The wine shines its red lantern of joy. Here on this piney sandspit, the Shekhinah comes on the short strong wings of the seaside sparrow raising her song and bringing down the fresh clean night. Marge Piercy We know what to do with space but do not know what to do about time, except to make it subservient to space, or to while it away, to kill time. However, time is life, and to kill time is to murder. Most of us seem to labor for the sake of things of space. As a result we suffer from a deeply rooted dread of time and 1 stand aghast when compelled to look into its face. Shrinking from facing time, we escape for shelter to things of space. 737 / READINGS: SHABBAT In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

Most of us do not live in time but run away from it; we do not see its face, but its make-up. The past is either forgotten or preserved as a cliché, and the present moment is either bartered for a silly trinket or beclouded by false anticipations. The present moment is a zero, and so is the next moment, and a vast stretch of life turns out to be a series of zeros, with no real number in front. Blind to the marvel of the present moment we live with

1

1

T

1

Т

Blind to the marvel of the present moment, we live with memories of moments missed, in anxiety about an emptiness that lies ahead. We are unprepared when the problem strikes us in unmitigated form.

Time is our most important frontier, the advance region of significant being, a region where our true freedom lies. Space divides us, time unites us. We wage wars over things of space; the treasures of time lie open to every one of us.

Time has independent ultimate significance; it is of more majesty and more evocative of awe than even a sky studded with stars. Gliding gently in the most ancient of all splendors, it tells so much more than space can say in its broken language of things, playing symphonies upon the instruments of isolated beings, unlocking the earth and making it happen. Time is the process of creation, and things of space are results of creation. When looking at space we see the products of creation; when intuiting time we hear the process of creation. Things of space exhibit a deceptive independence. They show off a veneer of limited permanence. Things created conceal the Creator. It is the dimension of time wherein we meet God, wherein we become aware that every instant is an act of creation, a Beginning, opening up new roads for ultimate realizations. Time is the presence of God in the world of space, and it is within time that we are able to sense the unity of all beings.

Abraham Joshua Heschel

READINGS: SHABBAT / 738

The Sabbath expresses for modern Jews, as it did for their ancestors, the thought that the world is so constituted that we can achieve salvation if, by adhering to valid ideals, we put ourselves in contact with the creative forces that shape life and make it worth living. Since we identify God with that aspect of reality which gives to life its supreme value or holiness, this is but another way of saying in more traditional language that the Sabbath expresses for us the faith that humanity can achieve salvation by cleaving to God, the Source of salvation. But the Sabbath is not only a symbol of the salvation to be

achieved by communion with God. It is itself an instrument that we may employ to advantage in our pursuit of salvation. We need perhaps more than ever before to terminate each week with a day that shall stimulate our thirst for salvation and keep us faithful to the ideals that lead to its attainment. Otherwise our mere preoccupation with the business of "making a living," that is, of securing the conditions indispensable to life, tends to absorb all our attention, and life itself becomes empty and meaningless. We work to keep alive that we may work to keep alive, until our powers are spent in this weary treadmill, and death brings surcease of labor. If life is to be lived zestfully, and to employ all those human faculties the full exercise of which calls forth true joy in being alive, we dare not permit life to sink to such a level of mere preoccupation with the problem of survival. The Sabbath, with its insistence upon interrupting the routine of our daily business and concerning ourselves with spiritual values, helps to save us from such a fate.

Mordecai M. Kaplan (adapted)

739 / READINGS: SHABBAT

Т

1

1

T

T

Т

Job Name:	 /423175t

PRAYER
לַמְּבֿנִי, אֶלֹהֵי, בָּרֵהּ וְהִתְפַּלֵּל עַל סוּר עָלֶה קָמֵל, עַל בּֿגַהּ פְּרִי בָּשֵׁל, עַל הַחֵרוּת הַזּאת: לִרְאוֹת, לָחוּש, לִנְשֹׂם, לָבַּעַת, לְיַחֵל, לְהִכָּשֵׁל:
לַמֵּר אֶת שִּׁפְתוֹתֵי בְּרָכָה וְשִׁיר הַלֵּל בְּהִתְחַדֵּשׁ זְמַנְּדָּ עִם בֹּקֶר וְעָם לֵיל, לְבַל יִהְיֶה יוֹמִי הֵיּוֹם כִּתְמוֹל שִׁלְשׁוֹם, לְבַל יִהְיֶה עָלַי יוֹמִי הֶרְגֵל
Teach me my God, a blessing, a prayer On the mystery of a withered leaf On ripened fruit so fair On the freedom to see, to sense, To breathe, to know, to hope, to despair.
Teach my lips a blessing, a hymn of praise As each morning and night You renew Your days, Lest my days be as the one before Lest routine set my ways.
Leah Goldberg (translated by Pnina Peli)
READINGS: PRAYER / 740

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name: --זייך א ייד 1 זײַן אַ ייִד הײסט אײביק לױפּן צו גאַט, 1 אפֿילו אז מ׳איז אן אנטלױפֿער; 1 דערוואַרטן צו הערן אַ ליאַדע טאַג I. 1 (אפֿילו אז מ׳איז אַ כּופֿר) ס׳קול פֿון משיחס שופֿר. Т זיין א ייד הייסט נישט קענען ארויס פון גאַט אפילו אז מע וויל עס; 1 נישט קענען אויפהערן תפילה צו טאַן 1 אַפּילו נאָך אַלע תּפֿילות, T אַפֿילו נאָך אַלע אַפֿילוס. T Be a Jew / Zayn a Yid T 1 Being a Jew means running forever to God even if you are God's betrayer, 1 means expecting to hear any day, 1 even if you are a nay sayer, T the blare of Messiah's horn; Т means, even if you wish to, T you cannot escape God's snares, you cannot cease to pray-1 even after all the prayers, Т even after all the "evens". T Aaron Zeitlin (translated from the Yiddish by Robert Friend [adapted]) Т 1 741 / READINGS: PRAYER

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

Prayer requires no consecrated edifice and no appointed hour. Indeed it needs no words or forms fixed and eternal. Prayer is a step on which we rise from the self we are to the self we wish to be. Prayer is not an escape from duty. It is no substitute for the deed. Prayer seeks the power to do wisely, to act generously, to live helpfully. Prayer takes us beyond the self. Joining our little self to the selfhood of humanity, it gives our wishes the freedom to grow large and broad and inclusive. Our prayers are answered not when we are given what we ask, but when we are challenged to be what we can be.

Т

Т

Morris Adler (adapted)

A long time ago, before anything had a name, we didn't know that we were man or woman, human or animal, male or female. When the wild reeds bowed their heads in the wind, we bowed our heads too, for it was the same spirit—breath that breathed through us every second, every hour, every day of our lives. At dawn when the brilliant orange squash blossoms opened gently, gently at the first warm kiss of sun, we too opened our eyes and uncurled from sleep, stretching wide, stretching far, rejoicing as every part of our bodies came to life again. And when the rains came forth, loving Earth so much that she grew fruits and berries and nuts to feed us with, we were full of her joy and we loved each other and we grew our own children to eat Earth's joys, her fruits, so that the rains would come again and visit her.

It was before we were called man or woman, even before we could speak one word. In those days we prayed with our entire beings, in the wind, in the sun, in the rain; every second, every day, every hour of our lives; at the rising of the sun and the dark of the moon, at the birth of the son and the death of the grandmother, at the wedding of two lovers, at the buzzing of the Spring. We breathed, we bowed, we laughed, we wept. This was before we called it prayer.

Penina V. Adelman

READINGS: PRAYER / 742

/423175t

Look at this day, For it is life, 1 The very life of life. 1 In its brief course lie all The realities and verities of existence, 1 The bliss of growth, I The splendor of action, The glory of power-Т For yesterday is but a dream, 1 And tomorrow is only a vision. But today, well lived, Makes every yesterday a dream of happiness 1 And every tomorrow a vision of hope. Look well, therefore, to this day. 1 Sanskrit Proverb Strange is our situation here upon earth. Each of us comes for a short visit, not knowing why, yet sometimes seeming to divine a purpose. From the standpoint of daily life, however, there is one thing we do know: that we are here for the sake of each T other, above all, for those upon whose smile and well-being our own happiness depends, and also for the countless unknown souls with whose fate we are connected by a bond of sympathy. 1 Many times a day I realize how much my own outer and inner life is built upon the labors of others, both living and dead, and Т how earnestly I must exert myself in order to give in return as much as I have received and am still receiving. T Albert Einstein (adapted) Т 743 / READINGS: PRAYER In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Prayer is not a stratagem for occasional use, a refuge to resort to now and then. It is rather like an established residence for the innermost self. All things have a home, the bird has a nest, the fox has a hole, the bee has a hive. A soul without prayer is a soul without a home. Weary, sobbing, the soul, after roaming through a world festered with aimlessness, falsehoods and absurdities, seeks a moment in which to gather up its scattered life, in which to divest itself of enforced pretensions and camouflage, in which to simplify complexities, in which to call for help without being a coward. Such a home is prayer. Continuity, permanence, intimacy, authenticity, earnestness are its attributes. For the soul, home is where prayer is. In her cottage, even the poorest person may bid defiance to misery and malice. That cottage may be frail, its roof may shake, the wind may blow through it, the storms may enter it, but there is where the soul expects to be understood. Just as the body, so is the soul in need of a home. Everybody must build his own home; everybody must guard the independence and the privacy of her prayers. It is the source of security for the integrity of conscience, for whatever inkling we attain of eternity. At home I have a parent who judges and cares, who has regard for people, and when I fail and go astray, misses me. I will never give up my home. What is a soul without prayer? A soul runaway or a soul evicted from its own home. To those who have abandoned their home, the road may be hard and dark and far, yet do not be afraid to steer back. If you prize grace and eternal meaning, you will discover them upon arrival. Т **READINGS: PRAYER / 744** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

How marvelous is my home. I enter as a supplicant and emerge as a witness; I enter as a stranger and emerge as next of kin. I Т may enter spiritually shapeless, inwardly disfigured, and emerge Т wholly changed. It is in moments of prayer that my image is forged, that my striving is fashioned. To understand the world 1 I must love my home. It is difficult to perceive luminosity 1 anywhere if there is no light in my own home. It is in the light of prayer's radiance that I find my way even in the dark. It is prayer that illumines my way. As my prayers, so is my Т understanding. Abraham Joshua Heschel (adapted) There are times when you must prepare yourself 1 before you can pray. Reciting Psalms or studying Torah before prayer 1 may provide the strength you need. But take care also to avoid giving yourself too fully to these preparations, Т lest they consume all your strength and leave no room for prayer itself. T Enter into prayer slowly. 1 Do not exhaust your strength, but proceed step by step. Even if you are not aroused as your prayer begins, give close attention to the words you speak. T As you grow in strength and God helps you to draw near, you can even say the words more quickly Т and remain in God's Presence. 745 / READINGS: PRAYER

Put all your strength into the words proceeding from letter to letter 1 with such concentration 1 that you lose awareness of your bodily self. It will then seem to you that the letters themselves 1 are flowing into one another. 1 This uniting of the letters is our greatest joy. If joy is felt as two human bodies come together, how much greater must be the joy Т of this union in spirit! 1 1 Do not think that the words of prayer as you say them 1 go up to God. It is not the words themselves that ascend; it is rather the burning desire of your heart that rises like smoke toward heaven. If your prayer consists only of words and letters, and does not contain your heart's desirehow can it rise up to God? T Nahman of Bratzlav (translated by Arthur Green and Barry Holtz) 1 **READINGS: PRAYER / 746** 1 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

_

/423175t

A Sense of Your Presence	
-	
Among our many appetites There is a craving after God.	
Among our many attributes There is a talent for worshiping Go	od.
Jews who wandered in deserts bene Knew their hearts were hungry for	100000
Jews who studied in candle-lit ghet Thirsted longingly after God.	to rooms
In tent or hut or slum Jewish women prayed to God.	
But we who are smothered with co Sometimes forget to listen.	mfort
Help us, O God, to recognize our r To hear the yearning whisper of ou	
Help us to seek the silence of the d And the thoughtfulness of the hous	
Bless us, like our ancestors in ancien With that most precious gift: a sense	-
Brush us with the wind of the wing Fill us with the awe of Your holine We, too, will praise, glorify, and ex	ss.
we, too, will plaise, glotily, and ex	
	Ruth Brin (adapted)
747 / READINGS: PRAYER	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

Untie Dear God, 1 We are bound with very tight knots. They choke off air and stop the blood from pulsating freely. The knots make us like computers with carefully controlled circuitry. I The knots in our brains tie our creativity-our link with You. We follow the knot around in its intricacy-but it remains a Т knot. The knots in our hearts keep us from crying and dancing when we long to-They tie us to the posts of the fences that separate us from each 1 other. The knots in our muscles keep our teeth clenched, our jaws locked, our legs crossed, our shoulders stooped, our backs bent, 1 our chests from inhaling and exhaling the full sweetness of life's breath. O, God, untie all our knots! Sheila Peltz Weinberg Te Deum T Not because of victories I sing, having none, but for the common sunshine, the breeze, the largess of the spring. Not for victory but for the day's work done Т as well as I was able; not for a seat upon the dais but at the common table. Charles Reznikoff **READINGS: PRAYER / 748** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

T

דאווענען מנחה T כ׳וועל דיר מגלה זיין אַ סוד, נתן, T ראַווענען מנחה ראַרף מען קענען. 1 ס׳איז אַ באַ׳טעמ׳ט שטיקל דאווענען. L 1 גייסט זיך אויף גראז, T קיינער יאָגט דיך נישט, קיינער טרייכט דיך נישט. T Т גייסט אַקעגן דעם בורא L מיט געשאַנקען אין ריינע, ליידיקע הענט. T רי ווערטער זענען גאָלד, Т 1 זייער טייטש איז לויטער, T ביסט זיין מכוון ווי זיי וואַלטן דיר געקומען אין מויל T צום ערשטן מאל. T L T ראַווענען מנחה, אַ קלייניקייט אַביסל — ראַווענען מנחה. T 1 נתז, אויב דו שפירסט נישט, 1 אַז דו ווערסט ביי זיך אַביסל געהויבן, 1 ראַוונסטו נישט קיין מנחה. Т דער ניגון איז לויטער פּראַסטקייט, T T אָבער ווער, אויב נישט דו, 1 לייגט צו אַ שטיקל האַנט Т צו דעם וואָס דער טאָג נידערט? T אויף דיינע פּלייצעס ליגט א גרויסע אחריות. נעמסט אַ געשאַפענעם טאַג T 1 און באַהאַלטסט אים Т אין דער גניזה פון לעבן, 1 ← .וואו עס ליגן אַלע אָפּגעלעבטע טעג אונדזערע. 1 749 / READINGS: PRAYER Т T I

דער טאַג גייט אונטער שטיל מיט אַ נשיקה. ער ליגט ממש ביי דיינע פיס 1 וואס שטייען שמונה עשרה. דו קענסט גאָרנישט באַשאַפּן, אַבער, דו, מנחה־ייד, 1 קענסט דערפירן אַ טאַג 1 צום סאַמע סוף און דערזען דעם שמייכל פון באשיינפּערלעכן אונטערגאנג. Т שפּירן ווי גאַנץ ס׳איז אַלץ, נישט געמינערט אויף אַ רגע, ווי דו עלטערסט זיך מיט טעג 1 וואס זענען כסדרדיק דא. ברענגסט דיינס אַן אַפּגעלעבטן טאַג 1 אַ מנחה צו דער אייביקייט. The Sunset Prayer / Davenen Minhah I'll let you in on a secret about how one should pray the sunset prayer. T It's a juicy bit of praying, like strolling on grass, nobody's chasing you, nobody hurries you. 1 You walk toward your creator 1 with gifts in pure, empty hands. The words are golden, T their meaning is transparent, it's as though you're saying them for the first time. T **READINGS: PRAYER** / 750 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1

/423175t

If you don't catch on that you should feel a little elevated, you're not praying the sunset prayer. The tune is sheer simplicity, you're just lending a helping hand to the sinking day. It's a heavy responsibility. You take a created day and you slip it into the archive of life, where all our lived-out days are lying together. The day is departing with a quiet kiss. It lies open at your feet while you stand saying the blessings. You can't create anything yourself, but you can lead the day to its end and see clearly the smile of its going down. See how whole it all is, not diminished for a second, how you age with the days that keep dawning, how you bring your lived-out day as a gift to eternity. Jacob Glatstein (translated from the Yiddish by Ruth Whitman)

751 / READINGS: PRAYER

Т

1

T.

Ĩ

T

L

T

Т

I

T

L

1

1

1

T.

Т

1

T

1

Т

I

	שְׁחִי לָאֵל יְחִידָה הַחֲכָמָה
	וְרֿוּצִי לַעֲבֹר אוֹתוֹ בְּאֵימָה: לייזליים ביי לילים אויים
	לְעוֹלָמֵה פְּנִי לֵילֵה וְיוֹמֵה
	וְלָמָה תִרְדְפִי הֶבֶל וְלָמָה:
	מְשוּלָה אַתְ בְּחַיּוּתֵך לְאֵל חֵי
	אֲשֶׁר נֶעְלָם כְּמו אַתְ נַעֲלָמָה:
	הֲלֹא אָם יוֹצְרֵף טָהוֹר וְנָקִי
	דְּעִי כִּי כֵן טְהוֹרָה אַהְ וְתַמָּה:
	חַסִין יִשָּא שְׁחָקִים עַל זְרוֹעוֹ
	כְּמו תִשְאִי גְוִיָּה נָאֱלָמָה:
	זְמִירוֹת קַדְּמִי נַפָּשִׁי לְצוּרֵך
	אַשֵׁר לא שַם דְּמוּתֵרְ בָּאַדָמָה:
	קָרָבַי בָּרַכוּ תָמִיד לִצוּרְכֵם קָרָבַי בָּרַכוּ תָמִיד לִצוּרְכֵם
	אָשֶׁר לִשְׁמוֹ תִהַלֵּל כֹּל נִשָּׁמָה: אַשֵׁר לִשְׁמוֹ תִהַלֵּל כֹל נִשָּׁמָה:
	אַשָּׁי יִשְׁרָא י ְי ָנוֹזֵי בּי בְּשְׁבָּאוֹי
Submit to God, unique	elv conscious soul.
And rush to worship O	
	ward your eternal source-
Why pursue vanity and Filled with life you and	
Filled with life you res Who is invisible as you	
If your Creator be pure	
Know that you too are	
c .	s the heavens on one arm,
As you uphold the sile	·
My soul, present your Who has not placed yo	č
My limbs, praise your	
My limbs, praise your The one whose name	
My limbs, praise your The one whose name of	Solomon ibn Gabirol (translated by Reena Spicehandler)
	Solomon ibn Gabirol (translated by Reena Spicehandler)
	Solomon ibn Gabirol (translated by Reena Spicehandler) READINGS: PRAYER / 752

וועגן	איך ווייס ניט דיַינע
<u>م</u> ا.	איך ווייס ניט דיַינע ווע
	אַ זונפאַרגאַנג איז מיר אַ גאָטפאַרגאַנג.
	אַ גאָטפאַ גאַבאי וווּהין
	פאַרגייסטו, גאָט?
	נעם מיך מיט אויב
	אין אָט דער ״מיט״
	איז ליכטיק, גאָט.
פינצטער.	איך האָב מורא איז דער
	•
I Know Not Your Ways	
I know not your ways-	
A sunset is for me a godset.	
Where are you going,	
God? Taka ma alang	
Take me along, if, in the "along,"	
it is light,	
God.	
I am afraid of the dark.	
Malka Heifetz Tussman (tr	anslated from the Yiddish by Marcia Falk)
753 / READINGS: PRAYER	

L

/423175t

Job Name: --

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

23175t

T

Job Name:	
-----------	--

1 NATURE THEMES T אֲצַפָּה אֱלֵי שַׂחַק וְכוֹכָבָיו 1 וְאַבִּיט בִּאֲרֵץ אֵת רְמָשֵׁיהַ 1 וְאָבִין בְּלִבִּי כִּי יְצִירָתָם L יִצִירָה מְחֻכָּמָה בִּמַעִשֵּׁיהָ: T ראו את שמי מרום כמו קבה תְּפּוּרִים בְּלוּלָאוֹת קָרַסֵּיהַ L T וְסַהַר וְכוֹכָבָיו כְּמוֹ רוֹעָה L 1 תִּשַׁלַח בִּתוֹך אָחוּ כִּבָשֵּׁיהַ L כּאִילּוּ לְכָנָה בֵּין נִשִּׂיאֵי עָב L T סְפִינָה מְהַלֶּכֶת בְּנָסֵׁיהָ: Т I וְעָנָן כְּעַלְמָה עַל פְּנֵי גִנָּה I. T תְהַלֵּך וְתַשְׁקָה אֶת הֲדַסֵּיהָ L וְעָב טַל כִּמוֹ נַעָרָה תִּנַעֵר מִז L שְּׁעָרָה עֲלֵי אֶׁרֵץ רִסִיסֵׁיהַ: 1 L 1 וְשׁוֹכְנִים כְּמוֹ חַיָּה אֲשֶׁר נָטְתָה L לְלִינָה וְחַצְרוֹתָם אֲבוּסֵׁיהָ Т וְכָלָם יְנוּסוּן מֵחֲתַת מָוֵת T L 1 כּּיוֹנָה אֲשֶׁר הַנֵּץ יְנִיסָה 1 וסופם להדמות לצלחת L אֲשֶׁר שִׁבְּרוּ כָתִית חַרַסִיה: T T T 1 T **READINGS: NATURE / 754** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Ι

Ι

There God abides in sun and shower.
In the company of the friendless, the afflicted, the lowly, the lost, These Cod shides in sup and shows
Wherever one earns her bread by the sweat of her brow,
Wherever the quarryman pounds the stone to gravel,
I find God Wherever the farmer ploughs a furrow through the hard soil,
Whose glory fills the universe?
Where will I find God
Where We Can Find God
Shmuel Hanagid
Which is smashed into innumerable shards.
And these are compared at the end to a plate
Like a dove pursued by the falcon.
(Their palaces are their stables); And all fleeing from the fear of death,
The inhabitants turn, like animals, to rest,
Drops from her hair to the ground.
The dew-mist—a woman shaking
Moving, and watering the myrtle-trees;
The clouds like a girl in her garden
Like a ship sailing under its banners;
The moon itself among the clouds,
Sending her sheep into the reeds;
And the moon with its stars, like a shepherdess
Constructed with loops and hooks,
See the heavens above like a tent,
And I consider in my heart how their creation Was planned with wisdom in every detail.
And down to the earth and the things that creep there,
I look up to the sky and the stars,

_

In birth that keeps renewing the generations, And in death that keeps knocking on the doors of life.
In the view of a life that comes from eternity and dances in my own blood,
I find God In the wealth of those passing delights that live but for a
In the life that throbs exultant in the dust of the earth and through the blades of grass innumerable, And that flows, in a multitude of tempestuous waves, through the leaves and flowers.
In the current of life that courses day and night through my sinews and through all nature,
God is in the joy that streams from heaven with the morning light,
When the dawn comes with her golden cornucopia, Or when evening falls, bringing peace and rest from the Western ocean of rest.
I find God
In the slumber that falls on the infant's eyelids, And in the smile that plays on his sleeping lips.
I find God In the merry shouts of children at play, In the lullaby the mother sings, rocking her baby to sleep,
Wherever the poet strings pearls of beauty in lyric lines, Wherever glorious deeds are done.
Wherever people struggle for freedom and right, Wherever the scientist toils to unbare the secrets of nature,
Wherever words come out from the depth of truth, Wherever tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection,
Wherever the mind is free to follow its own bent, Wherever words come out from the depth of truth, Wherever tireless striving stretches its arms toward perfection

God The Life of Nature Our ancestors acclaimed the God 1 Whose handiwork they read 1 In the mysterious heavens above, And in the varied scene of earth below, 1 In the orderly march of days and nights, I Of seasons and years, And in the checkered fate of humankind. Т Night reveals the limitless caverns of space, T Hidden by the light of day, And unfolds horizonless vistas 1 Far beyond imagination's ken. 1 The mind is staggered, T Yet soon regains its poise, T And peering through the boundless dark, Orients itself anew 1 By the light of distant suns Т Shrunk to glittering sparks. 1 The soul is faint, Yet soon revives, And learns to spell once more the name of God T Across the newly visioned firmament. Lift your eyes, look up; 1 Who made these stars? God is the oneness That spans the fathomless deeps of space T And the measureless eons of time, Binding them together in deed, As we do in thought. T 757 / READINGS: NATURE

/423175t Job Name: --

Ι

God is the sameness	
In the elemental substance of stars and planets, Of this our earthly abode And of all that it holds.	
God is the unity Of all that is,	
The uniformity of all that moves, The rhythm of all things	
And the nature of their interaction. God is the mystery of life,	
Enkindling inert matter With inner drive and purpose.	
God is the creative flame That transfigures lifeless substance,	
Leaping into ever higher realms of being, Brightening into the radiant glow of feeling, Till it runs into the white fire of thought.	
And though no sign of living things Breaks the eternal silence of the spheres, We cannot deem this earth,	
This tiny speck in the infinitude, Alone instinct with God.	
By that token Which unites the worlds in bonds of matter	
Are all the worlds bound In the bond of Life.	
God is in the faith By which we overcome	
The fear of loneliness, of helplessness, Of failure and of death.	
READINGS: NATURE / 758	

/423175t

1		
1	God is in the hope Which, like a shaft of light,	
I	Cleaves the dark abysms Of sin, of suffering, and of despair.	
1	God is in the love Which creates, protects, forgives.	
l	It is God's spirit	
I	That broods upon the chaos we have wrought, Disturbing its static wrongs,	
1	And stirring into life the formless beginnings	
1	Of the new and better world.	
I	Mordecai M. Kaplan (adapted)	
1	In Praise	
	GENESIS 1, 2	
	Hail the hand that scattered space with stars, Wrapped whirling world in bright blue blanket, air,	
1	Made worlds within worlds, elements in earth,	
	Souls within skins, every one a teeming universe, Every tree a system of semantics, and pushed	
	Beyond probability to place consciousness On this cooling crust of burning rock.	
	Oh praise that hand, mind, heart, soul, power or force	
I	That so inclosed, separated, limited planets, trees, humans Yet breaks all bounds and borders	
I	To lavish on us light, love, life	
	This trembling glory.	
	Ruth Brin	
I	т	
I	759 / READINGS: NATURE	
I		
1		

/423175t

Trees To be a giant and keep quiet about it, To stay in one's own place; To stand for the constant presence of process And always to seem the same; To be steady as a rock and always trembling, Having the hard appearance of death With the soft, fluent nature of growth, One's Being deceptively armored, One's Becoming deceptively vulnerable; To be so tough, and take the light so well, Freely providing forbidden knowledge Of so many things about heaven and earth For which we should otherwise have no word-Poems or people are rarely so lovely, And even when they have great qualities They tend to tell you rather than exemplify What they believe themselves to be about, While from the moving silence of trees, Whether in storm or calm, in leaf and naked, Night or day, we draw conclusions of our own, Sustaining and unnoticed as our breath, And perilous also-though there has never been A critical tree-about the nature of things. Howard Nemerov

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

READINGS: NATURE / 760

The essence of the Jewish conception of life seems to me to lie in an affirmative attitude to the life of all creation. The life of the individual has meaning only insofar as it aids in making the life of every living thing nobler and more beautiful. Life is sacred—that is to say, it is the supreme value, to which all other values are subordinate. The hallowing of the supra-individual life brings in its train a reverence for everything spiritual—a particularly characteristic feature of the Jewish tradition.

But the Jewish tradition also contains something else, something which finds splendid expression in many of the Psalms, namely a sort of intoxicated joy and amazement at the beauty and grandeur of this world, of which humankind can just form a faint notion. It is the feeling from which true scientific research draws its spiritual substance, but which also seems to find expression in leafy trees and the crash of waves.

Albert Einstein

In No Way

Т

1

Т

1

1

T

1

Т

I am of the family of the universe, and with all of us together I do not fear being alone; I can reach out and touch a rock or a hand or dip my feet in water. Always there is somebody close by, and when I speak, I am answered by a plane's roar or the bird's whistling or the voices of others in conversation far apart from me. When I lie down to sleep, I am in the company of the dark and the stars.

Breathe to me, sheep in the meadow. Sun and moon, my father and my father's brother, kiss me on the brow with your light. My sister, earth, holds me up to be kissed. Sun and moon, I smile at you both and spread my arms in affection and lay myself down at full length for the earth to know I love it too and am never to be separated from it. In no way shall death part us.

David Ignatow

761 / READINGS: NATURE

רְבּוֹנוֹ שֵׁל עוֹלָם זַכֵּינִי לְהַרְבּוֹת בְּהָתְבּוֹרְדוּת תַּמִיד וָאָזָכָּה לְהָיוֹת רַגִיל לַצֵאת בְּכֹל יוֹם לַשָּׁרֵה בֵּין אִילַנוֹת וִצַשַּׁבִים וְכֹל שִׁיחַ הַשָּׁרֵה ושם אזכה להתבורד ולהרבות בשיחה זו תפלה ביני לבין קוני לַשּוּחַ שֵׁם כּל אַשֶּר עָם לְבַבִי וִכֹל שִׁיחַ הַשָּׁרָה וִכֹל הַעַשָּׁבִים וְהַאִילַנוֹת וְכֹל הַצְּמַחִים כּּוּלֵם יְתָעוֹרָרוּ לְקָרָאתִי וְיַעֵלוּ וְיִתְנוּ כֹּחֵם וְחֵיּוּתֵם לְתוֹך דְּבְרֵי שִׁיחֵתִי וּתִפִּילַתִי עֵד שֵׁתָהְיֵה תִּפִילַתִי וְשִׁיחֵתִי נשלמת בתכלית השלימות על ידי כל שיח השרה שיוכללו כולם Т עם כל כחותם וחיותם ורוחניותם עד שרשם העליון: God, grant me the ability to be alone; 1 may it be my custom to go outdoors each day among the trees and grass, among all growing things, 1 and there may I be alone, and enter into prayer, to talk with the One to whom I belong. May I express there everything in my heart, 1 and may all the foliage of the field (all grasses, trees and plants) T may they all awake at my coming, to send the powers of their life Т into the words of my prayer 1 so that my prayer and speech are made whole through the life and spirit of all growing things, which are made as one T by their transcendent Source. Т Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (translated by Shamai Kanter) **READINGS: NATURE / 762** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

יַעַירֿוּנִי שָּעַפַּי לַחַזוֹתָד וִיָרָאוּנִי בִּעֵין לֵב נוֹרָאוֹתֵׁיִה T וִיוֹרֿוּנִי לְהַגִּיד נִפִּלְאוֹתֵׁיף Т כִּי אֵרְאֵה שָׁמֵׁיף מַעַשָּה אָצָבְעוֹתֵֿיף: Т מִתְהַלֵּך עֲלֵי קַו חוּג שֶׁמֵֿיִם Ĩ ומסבב מסבתו כאבנים I. ומספר כבודה בלי שפתים Т וְהָאָֹרֶץ עוֹמֶׁדֶת בִּנְתַּיִם 1 וְהִיא תְלוּיָה בְּחַבְלֵי אַהֵבְתֶׁהָ: Т I. 1 שם שואף השמש וזורח T והוּא אוצל מאורו לירֿח I. T והגלגל כמו אהל מותח 1 וכוכבים עליו כגן פּוֹרָח Т להודיע עמק מחשבותיה: 1 1 My thoughts awaken me to see you; They show me in my heart's eye your deeds; T. They teach me to tell your wonders, T "When I behold your heavens, T The work your fingers made." Т Around its course the disk of heaven walks, 1 A potter's wheel enwhirling the world; It has no lips, and yet it tells your glory T To earth, unmoved within its orbit, 1 Suspended in the void, I By cords of your love stayed. 1 1 1 763 / READINGS: NATURE Т I

Thither the sun yearns, and there burns,
And of its light some to the moon lends.
While heaven's sphere is spread out like a tent,
With stars blooming on it, a garden,
Proclaiming how profound
The plans that you have laid.
Moses ibn Ezra (translated by Raymond Sheindlin [adapted])
כְּתַב סְתָיו בִּדְיוֹ מְטֶרָיו וּבִרְבִיבָיו
וּבְעֵט בְּרָקֵיו הַמְּאִירִים וְכַף עָבָיו
מִכְתָּב אֲלֵי גַן מִתְּבֵֿלֶת וְאַרְגָּמָן
לא נְתִכְּנוּ כַהֵם לְחוֹשֵׁב בְּמַחִשָּׁבַיו:
לָכֵן בְּעַת חָמְדָה אֲדָמָה פְּנֵי שַׂחַק
רָקמָה צַלֵי בַדֵּי צַרוּגוֹת כִּכוֹכָבִיו:
ין אָשְׁיוּז אַיַ בּיַ אַרוּאַנוּ אָבּוּאָד וּא
With the ink of its showers and rains,
with the quill of its lightning,
with the hand of its clouds,
winter wrote a letter upon the garden,
in purple and blue.
No artist could ever conceive the like of that.
And this is why the earth, grown jealous of the sky, embroidered stars in the folds of the flower-beds.
emotoracted stars in the folds of the nower-beas.
Solomon ibn Gabirol (translated by T. Carmi)
READINGS: NATURE / 764

		x.	
The Peace	e of Wild Things		
	•		
	spair for the world g e in the night at the		
	what my life and m		s may be,
-	ie down where the		
	s beauty on the wate		heron feeds.
	to the peace of wild ot tax their lives wit		
	come into the prese		r.
And I feel	above me the day-b	olind stars	
-	ith their light. For a		
l rest in th	he grace of the world	d, and am free.	
			Wendell Berry
		2	
765 / RE A	ADINGS: NATURE		

How can you buy or sell the sky, the warmth of the land?...If we do not own the freshness of the air and the sparkle of the water, how can you buy them? Every part of this earth is sacred. Every shining pine needle, every sandy shore, every mist in the dark woods, every clearing and humming insect is holy. We are part of the earth and it is part of us. The perfumed flowers are our sisters; the deer, the horse, the great eagle, these are our brothers. The rocky crests, the juices in the meadows, the body heat of the pony, and people-all belong to the same family This shining water that moves in the streams and rivers is not just water but the blood of our ancestors. If we sell you land, 1 you must remember that it is sacred, and you must teach your children that it is sacred and that each ghostly reflection in the clear water of the lakes tells of events and memories...The water's murmur is the voice of my father's father. The rivers are our brothers, they quench our thirst. The rivers carry our canoes, and feed our children. If we sell you our land, you must remember, and teach your children, that the rivers are our brothers and yours, and you must henceforth give the rivers the kindness you would give any brother. You must teach your children that the ground beneath their feet is the ashes of our grandparents. So that they will respect the land, tell your children that the earth is rich with the lives of our kin. Teach your children...that the earth is our mother. Whatever befalls the earth befalls the children of the earth. If we spit upon the ground, we spit upon ourselves. This we know: the earth does not belong to us; we belong to Т the earth. All things are connected. We are kin after all Ted Perry, 1970, Speech often attributed to Chief Seattle, 1851 **READINGS: NATURE / 766** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

EXODUS THEMES

Т

1

1

During the last two thousand years, Jews have never wearied of referring to the Exodus. In the morning and evening prayers, in the thanksgiving benediction after each meal, and in the Kiddush inaugurating Shabbat and Festivals, Jews have thanked God for having delivered their ancestors from Egypt. And every year with the return of the Festival of Pesah they have recounted to their children the story of that redemption. The main motive which has kept alive the memory of the Exodus during the last two thousand years has undoubtedly been the hope that, as God had wrought miracles for Israel in the past, had been gracious to them and had delivered them from bondage, so will God, when the time comes, once again manifest power on behalf of the Jewish people, free them from oppression and restore them to their land.

Changes, however, have taken place in human life which render that simple version of Exodus and its meaning no longer adequate. Jews are still the victims of oppression. But they have entered into such intimate relationship with the life of the world about them that they can no longer envisage their own deliverance except as a phase of general human deliverance. If miracles are to be enacted as part of the future redemption, they cannot be conceived as similar to those which tradition associates with the Exodus. The new redemption to which Jews look forward involves the redemption of society in general from present ills. It implies the transformation of human nature and social institutions through the divine power of intelligence and goodwill. There can be no question that in the Torah the story of the Exodus has the connotation that to help the oppressed is an essential attribute of godhood.

Mordecai M. Kaplan (adapted)

767 / READINGS: EXODUS

So pharaonic oppression, deliverance, Sinai, and Canaan are still with us, powerful memories shaping our perceptions of the Т political world. The "door of hope" is still open; things are not what they might be-even when what they might be isn't 1 totally different from what they are We still believe, or many 1 of us do, what the Exodus first taught, or what it has commonly been taken to teach, about the meaning and possibility of politics and about its proper form: -first, that wherever you live, it is probably Egypt; Т -second, that there is a better place, a world more attractive, a promised land; -and third, that "the way to the land is through the 1 wilderness." There is no way to get from here to there except 1 by joining together and marching. Michael Walzer 1 I Shall Sing to the Lord a New Song I, Miriam, stand at the sea and turn to face the desert stretching endless and still. My eyes are dazzled The sky brilliant blue Sunburnt sands unyielding white. My hands turn to dove wings. My arms reach for the sky and I want to sing the song rising inside me. Т My mouth open I stop. Where are the words? Where the melody? I **READINGS: EXODUS** / 768 Т

/423175t Job Name: --In a moment of panic My eyes go blind. Can I take a step Without knowing a Destination? Will I falter Will I fall Will the ground sink away from under me? The song still unformed-How can I sing? To take the first step-To sing a new song-Is to close one's eyes and dive

Т into unknown waters. For a moment knowing nothing risking all-1 But then to discover Т The waters are friendly 1 The ground is firm. And the song-I the song rises again. Out of my mouth L come words lifting the wind. T. And I hear 1 for the first the song T. that has been in my heart T. silent 1 unknown I even to me. 1 1

769 / READINGS: EXODUS

I

T.

T.

L

1

L

T.

|

T

I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Ruth H. Sohn

/423175t

Ι

1		I
I	Sinai	I
I	The men rushed ahead	
I	They always do	I
	in battle, to defend us	
	in eagerness, to get the best view to be there with each other	
I	as a community	I
I	We followed later	I
	some of us waited	
	till we were done nursing	I
	others waited to go together	
	with those who were still nursing	
I	most of us were herding several children	
I	carrying a heavy two year old On one hip	1
I	(it's hard to move forward quickly	1
I	with a heavy two year old on one hip)	I
I	last came the very pregnant ones	I
1	when you're that far along it's your instinct to be afraid of crowds	
1	afraid of being jostled	I
	you hang back	
1	you feel safer being last	I
	Anyway, I was one of the ones	I
	with a heavy two year old on one hip	
I	such a sweet body he had warm soft delicious flesh	
	he was afraid of the noise	I
I	he clung to me so tightly	I
	his fingers in my neck	I
I	his face buried in my neck	
I		
I		
	READINGS: EXODUS / 770	
I		I

/423175t

I		1
I	* 1 11	
I	I showered him with little kisses not so much to comfort him	I
I	as out of habit	I
I	and my pleasure	1
I	The earth shook, it vibrated	
I	and so did I	I
l	my chest, my legs all vibrating	I
I	I sank to my knees	I
I	all the while with this little boy attached to me	I
	trying to merge himself back into me	I
l	I closed my eyes to be there more intensely	I
	it all washed over me	I
	wave upon wave upon wave	
ļ	And afterwards, the stillness	ļ
	of a nation, a people who had been flattened	
	forever imprinted	
1	slowly raising themselves	I
1	rising again from the earth	
1	How to hold onto that moment washed clean	I
1	reborn	
	holy silence	I
I	Merle Feld	
I		
I		1
I		1
I		'
I	771 / READINGS: EXODUS	'
I		
I		1
. <u> </u>		

/423175t

SOCIAL ACTION We cannot merely pray to God to end war; 1 For the world was made in such a way 1 That we must find our own path of peace Within ourselves and with our neighbor. We cannot merely pray to God to root out prejudice; For we already have eyes With which to see the good in all people Т If we would only use them rightly. We cannot merely pray to God to end starvation; For we already have the resources 1 With which to feed the entire world If we would only use them wisely. 1 We cannot merely pray to God to end despair; For we already have the power To clear away slums and to give hope If we would only use our power justly. We cannot merely pray to God to end disease: For we already have great minds T With which to search out cures and healings If we would only use them constructively. 1 Therefore we pray instead For strength, determination, and will power, To do instead of merely to pray To become instead of merely to wish; T That our world may be safe, And that our lives may be blessed. Т Jack Riemer (adapted) **READINGS: SOCIAL ACTION / 772** Т

We cannot actually picture goodness. It is not a being; it is a force, like electricity. Nobody ever actually saw electricity. We know that it exists. We can see and feel what electricity does. If we have an electric heater and connect it, we get heat. If we have an electric motor and attach it to a vehicle, we get the vehicle to move. In other words, we get to know what electricity is by what it does. In the same way, we get to know what God is by what God makes us do: when people are, so to speak, connected with God, they do good things. We call such people godly and their acts godly. Whenever this force is active, we say that God has exercised influence and power. Belief in God, therefore, has to do...with human nature, with the way individual men and women act, with their attitudes,

1

1

Т

1

1

the way individual men and women act, with their attitudes, their ideas of what is good and what is bad, with their ideals. Belief in God has to do with our attitude toward life itself. Do we find life good? Is life worthwhile? If we believe that life is worthwhile, that it is good, that, in spite of sickness and accidents, in spite of poverty and war, in spite of all the sad and difficult conditions in the world, the world is a wonderful place to live in and can be made a still better place, then we believe in God. When we believe in God, we cannot be discouraged because we believe that all the misery in the world is due, not to the fact that misery must be there, that it is a necessary part of life, but to the fact that we have not yet discovered how to do away with that misery.

Ira Eisenstein (adapted)

773 / READINGS: SOCIAL ACTION

In Germany, the Nazis first came for the Communists, and I did not speak out because I was not a Communist. Then they Т came for the Socialists, but I did not speak out because I was not a Socialist. Then they came for the trade unionists, and I 1 did not speak out because I was not a trade unionist. Then they came for the Jews, and I did not speak out because I was not a Jew. Then they came for me, and there was no one left to speak out for me. To make sure this does not happen again, the injustice to anyone anywhere must be the concern of Т everyone everywhere. Quoted by Martin Niemoller In religion, we try to find answers to the elementary questions that confront each of us every morning. What meaning and what value is to be ascribed to our life? What am I to this world? What is my purpose in it? What may I hope for in this world? I do not want to consider my existence merely as one that rises and perishes among the multitude of beings that constitute the universe, but as a life that has value. Albert Schweitzer **READINGS: SOCIAL ACTION / 774** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

PEACE THEMES

1

1

1

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

Т

1

T

Т

"A Prayer for Peace" can be found on pages 422-423.

Shalom is one of the many names by which God is known in Judaism. It is the name by which God will bless you if you dedicate yourselves to each other in accordance with the divine will. The name Shalom embraces everything that is calculated to render life happy, useful and holy. It denotes, in the first place, love-love that is binding and everlasting, love that does not fade with the flowers or pass with the sunshine. Shalom is the peace that is secured when we have done our share toward our companions, whenever we bring light into hearts that are dark with despair and cheer into souls overcast with gloom. No language possesses a word that so accurately describes the serenity of the soul which we experience whenever we have thus made God's presence real to men and women. By seeking to promote the happiness of your neighbor, by engaging in every effort to be of help to your companion and by emphasizing that aspect of life that we call holy, you will realize the full blessing of love and peace, the blessing of Shalom. Mordecai M. Kaplan (adapted)

When the blessing of shalom Is lacking, However much we have Of other blessings— Wealth or power,

Fame or family, Even health—

These all appear As nothing. But when *shalom*

Is present, However little else we have Somehow seems Sufficient.

775 / READINGS: PEACE

Hershel Matt

/423175t

שלום בר

לכן אני מבגר.

שלום

L

L

לא זֵה שֶׁל שְׁבִיתַת נְֿשֶׁק,

כמו בַּלָב אַחַר הַהָתְרַגִּשוּת:

לְדַבֶּר רֵק עַל עֵיָפוּת גִּדוֹלָה. אַנִי יוֹדַע שַאַנִי יוֹדַעַ לְהַמִית,

אַפּילוּ לא שֵל חַזוֹן וָאָב עָם גָּדִי,

וּבְנִי מִשְׂחֵק בִּרוֹבֵה צַעַצוּעִים שֵׁיוֹרָע

לפּתֹח ולַעַצם עַינַים וּלְהַגִּיד, אָמֵא.

קול חותמות כַּבָרוֹת; שֵׁיָהֵיָה קַל

מַעַל, כַּקַצָף לָבַן וַעָצֵל.

מְנוּחֵה לַפְּצַעִים;

Job Name: --

אַפּילוּ לא אַרוּכָה. (וַזַעַקָת יָתוֹמִים נָמָסָרֵת מִדּוֹר לְדוֹר, כְּמוֹ בְּמֵרוֹץ שֶׁלִיחִים: מַקֵּל לֹא נוֹפֵל.) Wildpeace / Shelom Bar כמו פרחי בר, Not that of a cease-fire, let alone the vision פּתאם בִּכֹרַח הַשָּׁדֵה: of the wolf and the lamb, שלום בר. as in the heart after a surge of emotion:

בּּלִי רַעַש כּתוּת חַרָבוֹת לָאָתִים, בִּלִי מִלִים, בִּלִי

to speak only about a great weariness. I know that I know how to kill: that's why I'm an adult. And my son plays with a toy gun that knows how to open and close its eyes and say Mama.

T

1 1

I

Т

1

1

1

T

T

1

Т

1

T

Т

T

1

Т

T

I

1

1

T T

T

T

but rather

READINGS: PEACE / 776

/423175t Job Name: --

A peace without the big noise of beating swords into plowshares, without words, without the heavy thud of the rubber stamp; I want it
gentle over us, like lazy white foam. A little rest for the wounds— who speaks of healing?
(And the orphans' outcry is passed from one generation to the next, as in a relay race: that baton never falls.)
I want it to come like wildflowers, suddenly, because the field needs it: wildpeace
Ychuda Amichai (translated by Chana Bloch and Ariel Bloch)
תוֹסֶפֶת לַחֲזוֹז הַשָּׁלוֹם
לא לְהַפְסִיק אַחַר כִּתּוּת הַחֲרָבוֹת לְאָתִים, לא לְהַפְסִיקּ: לְהַמְשִׁידְ לְכַתֵּת וְלַעֲשוֹת מֵהֶם כְּלֵי נְגִינָה.
מִי שֶׁיִּרְצֶה לַעֲשׂוֹת שׁוּב מִלְחָמָה יִצְטָבֵהְ לַחֲזֹר דֶּׁרֶהְ כְּלֵי הָאֲבוֹדָה.
An Appendix to the Vision of Peace / Tosefet Lahazon Hashalom
Don't stop after beating the swords into ploughshares, don't stop! Go on beating and make musical instruments out of them. Whoever wants to make war again
will have to turn them into ploughshares first. Yehuda Amichai (translated by Glenda Abramson and Tudor Parfitt)
777 / READINGS: PEACE

_

/423175t

I		
	We Mothers	
	We mothers,	
	we gather seeds of desire	
	from oceanic night,	
	we are gatherers	
	of scattered goods,	
	We mothers,	
	pacing dreamily	
	with the constellations,	
	the floods	
	of past and future, leave us alone	
	with our birth	
	like an island.	
	We mothers	
	who say to death:	
	blossom in our blood,	
	We who impel sand to love and bring	
	a mirroring world to the stars-	
	We mothers,	
	who rock in the cradles	
	the shadowy memories	
	of creation's day—	
	the to and fro of each breath	
	is the melody of our love song.	
	We mothers	
	rock into the heart of the world	
	the melody of peace.	
	Nelly Sachs (translated from the German by Ruth and Matthew Mead	
	READINGS: PEACE / 778	
_		

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

JEWS AROUND THE WORLD Who Are These Jews? 1 There were women who sat in the market selling beets and cabbages so their men could study; they were Jews. 1 There were men of Yemen, great swordsmen, guards of the king: they were Jews. Т There are dark women from India, wearing saris, Black farmers from Ethiopia, Children with slanted eyes: all Jews. 1 There are dressmakers and sculptors, thieves and philanthropists, scholars and nurses beggars and generals. 1 There are women who follow every rule of Kashrut and men who know none of the rules, yet all of us are Jews. Though we are not alike in mind or body, somewhere in the depths of our souls T we know we are the children of one people. We share a history, a hope, and some prayers; 1 We speak many languages; We have heard one Voice: All of us stood together at Sinai When our past and our future Exploded in thunder and flame before us. Ruth Brin Т 779 / READINGS: JEWS AROUND THE WORLD

Out of the Strong, Sweetness Out of the strong, sweetness; 1 and out of the dead body of the lion of Judah, the prophecies and psalms; out of the slaves in Egypt, out of the wandering tribesmen of the deserts 1 and the peasants of Palestine, out of the slaves of Babylon and Rome, Т out of the ghettos of Spain and Portugal, Germany and Poland the Torah and the prophecies, the Talmud and the sacred studies, the hymns and songs of the lews; 1 and out of the Jewish dead of Belgium and Holland, of Rumania, Hungary, and Bulgaria, of France and Italy and Yugoslavia, T of Lithuania and Latvia, White Russia and Ukrainia, of Czechoslovakia and Austria, Poland and Germany, out of the greatly wronged 1 a people teaching and doing justice; out of the plundered T a generous people; out of the wounded a people of physicians; and out of those who met only with hate, a people of love, a compassionate people. Charles Reznikoff **READINGS: JEWS AROUND THE WORLD** / 780 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

TORAH STUDY Somewhere out of time 1 In the mystery of time 1 Somewhere between memory and forgetfulness, 1 Dimly though I remember how once I stood I at Your mountain trembling Amid the fire and the thunder. Т How I stood there, out of bondage In a strange land and afraid. 1 And You loved me and You fed me And I feasted on Your words. 1 And, yes, I can remember How the thunder was my heart And the fire was my soul. 1 God, I do remember. The fire burns in me anew. Т And here I am once more A witness to that timeless moment. 1 Present now in the light of Your Torah I am reborn. T Nancy Lee Gossels Т 1 781 / READINGS: TORAH STUDY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

/423175t

T All I Got Was Words When I was a boy and fancy free, T my folks had no fine clothes for me. 1 All I got was words: 1 Got tsu danken (Thank God) I Zoln mir lebn un zeyn gezunt. (We should live and be well) When I was wont to travel far, They didn't provide for me a car. All I got was words: 1 Gey gezunt (Go in health) 1 Gey palmelekh (Go slowly) T Hob a gliklekhe rayse. (Have a good trip) Т I wanted to increase my knowledge But they couldn't send me to college. T All I got was words: 1 Hob seykhel (Have common sense) 1 Zey nisht keyn nar (Don't be a fool) 1 Toyreh iz di beste skhoyre. (Torah is the best merchandise) The years have flown, the world has turned, T things I've gotten, things I've learned, Т Yet I remember 1 Zog dem emes (Tell the truth) 1 Gib tsedukeh (Give tzedakah) Hob rakhmones (Have compassion) 1 Zey a mensch! (Be a mensch!) T Author Unknown Т **READINGS: TORAH STUDY / 782** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

The rabbinic concept of language and meaning has at its center the concept of the divinity of the text....The text ultimately is not...that authoritative and divine document given to Moses at a particular time and place. The Talmud claims that "the Torah preceded the world" (Babylonian Talmud, Shabbat 88b). If the world of space and time had not yet been created, then in what 1 manner did the Torah exist? "It was written with letters of black fire upon a background of white fire" (Rashi on Deuteronomy 33:2). The material ink and parchment are seen as the garments Т for the divine wisdom enclothed therein. In other words, in the rabbinic view, the Torah is not an artifact of nature, a product of the universe; the universe, on the contrary, is the product of the Torah. According to the famous midrash on the first verses of Genesis: It is customary that when human beings build a palace, they do not build it according to their own wisdom, but according to the wisdom of experts. And the experts do not build 1 according to their own wisdom, rather they have plans and records in order to know how to make rooms and corridors. The Holy One did the same. God looked into the Torah and created the world. (Bereyshit Rabah:1:1) Far from being a physical book, the Torah, in the rabbinic view, is the blueprint of creation and therefore there is a direct correlation between the world and Torah. The Torah is not seen as speculation about the world, but part of its very essence. Susan A. Handelman (adapted) 783 / READINGS: TORAH STUDY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

A new "learning" is about to be born-rather, it has been born. It is a learning in reverse order. A learning that no longer starts from the Torah and leads into life, but the other way round: from life, from a world that knows nothing of the Law, or pretends to know nothing, back to the Torah. That is the sign of the time. It is the sign of the time because it is the mark of the men and women of the time. There is no one today who is not alienated, who does not have some small fraction of alienation inside. All of us to whom Judaism, to whom being a Jew, has again become the pivot of our lives...we all know that in being Jews we must not give up anything, not renounce anything, but lead everything back to Judaism. From the periphery back to the center: from the outside in. This is a new sort of learning. A learning for which-in these days-those are the most apt who bring with them the maximum of what is alien. That is to say ... they will succeed, not in the capacity of specialists, but only as Jews who are alienated, as those who are groping for the way home. It is not a matter of pointing out relations between what is Jewish and what is non-Jewish. There has been enough of that. It is not a matter of apologetics, but rather of finding the way back into the heart of our life. And of being confident that this heart is a Jewish heart. For we are Jews. Franz Rosenzweig (translated from the German by Francis C. Goffling [adapted]) **READINGS: TORAH STUDY** / 784 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

LIFE CYCLE	
See Mi Sheberah section, pages 414, 687-691 for additional life cycle blessings.	
A Blessing	
6	
(For birth, bar/bat mitzvah) May your eyes sparkle with the light of Torah,	
and your ears hear the music of its words.	
May the space between each letter of the scrolls	
bring warmth and comfort to your soul.	
May the syllables draw holiness from your heart,	
and may this holiness be gentle and soothing	
to the world.	
May your study be passionate,	
and meanings bear more meanings	
until Life itself arrays itself to you	
as a dazzling wedding feast.	
And may your conversation,	
even of the commonplace,	
be a blessing to all who listen to your words	
and see the Torah glowing on your face.	
Danny Siegel (Inspired by Talmud Berahot 17A)	
(For bar/bat mitzvah)	
The days come and go. Imperceptibly our lives change. We	
grow older and are hardly aware of it. Our children grow up	
and we hardly notice. Then, suddenly, we come to this time and	
we realize that our sons and daughters are children no longer.	
They have become young men and women, ready to take their	
first step into adulthood.	
We are grateful that we have been able to bring them this far.	
We are thankful for the strength to cope with the stresses and	
responsibilities of rearing them. And we give thanks for the	
pleasure and pride we have had in them.	
785 / READINGS: LIFE CYCLE	

_

Now we realize they are children no longer. Only another year, two, three, and they will begin to go from our homes to find their own way in the world. We ask ourselves, have we truly prepared them for this? Have we done enough, taught them enough? We are almost afraid to let them go. Yet it was for this that we raised them, that they might grow up to take their places in the world. (For aufruf, engagement, anniversary) We are thankful for _____ and and for what they mean and bring to each other. We are thankful that a deep need for each other, and the capacity to love and to care for one another has been implanted within them. May they be modest in their demands of one another, and generous in their giving to each other. May they never measure how much love or encouragement they offer: may they never count the times they forgive. Rather, may they always be grateful that they have one another and that they are able to express their love in acts of kindness. Keep them gentle in their speech. When they offer words of criticism, may they be chosen with care, and spoken softly. May they waste no opportunity to speak words of sympathy, of appreciation, of praise. May they be blessed with health, happiness and contentment. Above all, may they be granted the wisdom to build a joyous and peaceful home. Sidney Greenberg (adapted) **READINGS: LIFE CYCLE / 786**

1

1

1

Т

1

1

Т

T

Т

PRELUDES TO KADDISH Dirge Without Music I am not resigned to the shutting away of loving hearts in the hard ground. So it is, and so it will be, for so it has been, time out of mind: Into the darkness they go, the wise and the lovely. Crowned With lilies and with laurel they go; but I am not resigned. Т Lovers and thinkers, into the earth with you. Be one with the dull, the indiscriminate dust. A fragment of what you felt, of what you knew, A formula, a phrase remains, but the best is lost. 1 The answers quick and keen, the honest look, the laughter, the love, They are gone. They are gone to feed the roses. Elegant and curled Is the blossom. Fragrant is the blossom. I know. But I do not 1 approve. More precious was the light in your eyes than all the roses in the world. T Down, down, down into the darkness of the grave Gently they go, the beautiful, the tender, the kind; Quietly they go, the intelligent, the witty, the brave. 1 I know. But I do not approve. And I am not resigned. Edna St. Vincent Millay 787 / READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

רְכָל אִישׁ יֵשׁ שֵׁם	Each Of Us Has a Name
לְכָל אִישׁ יֵשׁ שֵׁם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנְתַן לוֹ אֱלֹהִים	given by God
ונתנו לו אָבִיו ואָמּו	and given by our parents
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנָתְנוּ לו קוֹמָתוֹ וְאֹפֶן חִיוּכו	given by our stature and our smile
וְנָתַן לוֹ הָאָרִיג	and given by what we wear
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שַנַּתִנוּ לו הֵהָרִים	given by the mountains
וְנָתְנוּ לוֹ כְּתָלָיו	and given by our walls
לְכָל אִיש יֵש שֵׁם	Each of us has a name
שַנַּתְנוּ לו הַמַזַלות	given by the stars
וְנָתְנוּ לוֹ שְׁכֵנָיו	and given by our neighbors
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנָּתְנוּ לוֹ חֲטָאָיו	given by our sins
וְנָתְנָה לוֹ כִּמִיהָתוֹ	and given by our longing
לְכֵל אִיש יֵש שֵׁם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנְתְנוּ לו שוֹנְאָיו	given by our enemies
וְנָתְנָה לוֹ אַהֲכָתוֹ	and given by our love
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנְתְנוּ לוֹ חַגִּיו	given by our celebrations
וְנָתְנָה לוֹ מְלַאִכְתוֹ	and given by our work
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שֶׁנָּתְנוּ לו תִקוּפות הַשֶּׁנָה	given by the seasons
וְנַתֵּז לוֹ עָוְרוֹנוֹ	and given by our blindness
לכל איש יש שם	Each of us has a name
שַנַתַן לו הַיָּם	given by the sea
וְנַתֵּן לוֹ	and given by
מותו:	our death. Zelda (translated by Marcia Falk)
READINGS: 1	PRELUDES TO KADDISH / 788

/423175t

Ι

In Many Houses
In many houses
all at once
I see my mother and father
and they are young
as they walk in.
Why should my
tears come,
to see them laughing?
That they cannot
see me
is of no matter:
I was once
their dream:
now
they are mine.
Diane Cole
To open eyes when others close them
to hear when others do not wish to listen
to look when others turn away
to seek to understand when others give up
to rouse oneself when others accept to continue the struggle even when one is not the strongest
to cry out when others keep silent—
to be a Jew
it is that,
it is first of all that
and further
to live when others are dead
and to remember when others have forgotten.
Emmanuel Eydoux (translated from the French by Jonathan Magonet)
789 / READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH

slowly, sometimes they Connections are made grow underground. You cannot tell always by looking what is happening. More than half a tree is spread out in the soil under your feet. Penetrate quietly as the earthworm that blows no trumpet. Fight persistently as the creeper that brings down the tree. Spread like the squash plant that overruns the garden. Gnaw in the dark and use the sun to make sugar. Weave real connections, create real nodes, build real houses. Live Т a life you can endure: make love that is loving. Keep tangling and interweaving and taking more in, a thicket and bramble wilderness to the outside but to us interconnected with rabbit runs and burrows and lairs. Live as if you liked yourself, and it may happen: reach out, keep reaching out, keep bringing in. This is how we are going to live for a long time: not always, for every gardener knows that after the digging, after the planting, after the long season of tending and growth, the harvest comes. Marge Piercy Birth is a Beginning T Birth is a beginning And death a destination. And life is a journey: 1 From childhood to maturity And youth to age; From innocence to awareness And ignorance to knowing; From foolishness to discretion And then perhaps to wisdom; 1 **READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH** / 790 In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

/423175t

From weakness to strength Or strength to weakness-And, often back again; From health to sickness And back, we pray, to health again; From offense to forgiveness, From loneliness to love, From joy to gratitude, From pain to compassion, And grief to understanding-From fear to faith; From defeat to defeat to defeat-Until, looking backward or ahead, We see that victory lies Not at some high place along the way, But in having made the journey, stage by stage, A sacred pilgrimage. Birth is a beginning And death a destination But life is a journey, A sacred pilgrimage-To life everlasting. Alvin I. Fine

1

1

1

I

1

1

1

T

1

Т

1

|

1

T

Т

Т

I

791 / READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH

/423175t

Job Name: --

Т 1 I. מבית אמי T L מֵתָה אִמָּה שֵׁל אִמִי L בַּאֲבִיב יָמֶׁיהָ. וּבִתָּה L לא זָכָרָה אֵת פָּגֵיהָ. דִּיוֹקְנָה הֵחָרוּט T עַל לִבּוֹ שֵׁל סָבִי T נִמְחָה מֵעוֹלַם הַדְּמוּיוֹת 1 I אחרי מותו. I רַק הַרָאִי שֵׁלָה נָשָׁתַיֵר בַּבַּיִת. T 1 הֶעֵמִיק מֵרֹב שָׁנִים בְּמִשְׁבָּצֶת הַכָּסֶף. וַאַנִי, נֵכְדָתָה הַחְוֹּרֵת. שֵׁאֵינֵֿנִּי דּוֹמָה לָה, מַבִּיטַה הַיּוֹם אֵל תּוֹכוֹ כָּאֵל תּוֹד T אַגַם הַטּוֹמֵן אוֹצְרוֹתַיו I מתחת למים. I עַמֹק מָאֹד, מֱאַחוֹרֵי פַּנַי, Т L אַנִי רוֹאָה אִשָּה צִעִירָה וְרָדֵת לְחָיֵים מְחַיֵּכֵת. T וּפֵאָה נְכְרִית לְרֹאשָׁה. T היא עונדת 1 עַגִיל מֵאַרַדְ אֵל תִנוּדְ אַזְנַה. מַשָּחִילַתָהוּ L בְּנֶקֵב בַּבָּשָׂר הֶעַנֹג 1 I של האון. I. עַמֹק מְאֹד, מֵאֲחוֹרֵי פָּנַי, קוֹרֵֿנֵת L זְהוּבִית בְּהִירָה שֶׁל עֵינֵֿיהָ. L וְהָרְאִי מַמְשִׁיךּ אֵת מַסֹרֵת T L הַמִּשְׁפָּחָה: Т L שָׁהִיא הָיִתָה יָפָה מְאֹר. T T **READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH / 792** T L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

From My Mother's Home My mother's mother died In the spring of her days. And her daughter Did not remember her face. Her portrait, engraved Upon my grandfather's heart, Was erased from the world of images After his death. Only her mirror remained in the home, Sunken with age into the silver frame. And I, her pale granddaughter, who does not resemble her, Look into it today as into A pool which conceals its treasures Beneath the waters. Very deep down, behind my face, I see a young woman Pink-cheeked, smiling. And a wig on her head. She puts An elongated earring on her ear-lobe, threading it Through a tiny hole in the dainty flesh Of her ear. Very deep down, behind my face, the bright goldness of her eyes sends out rays, And the mirror carries on the tradition of The family: That she was very beautiful. Leah Goldberg (translated by Ezra Spicehandler)

1

1

1

I

Т

1

1

T

Т

1

T

1

T

Т

793 / READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH

/423175t

To My Father You gathered incredible strength 1 in order to die 1 to seem calm and fully conscious without complaint, without trembling without a cry I so that I would not be afraid Your wary hand Т slowly grew cold in mine and guided me carefully 1 beyond into the house of death so I might come to know it 1 Thus in the past you used to take my hand and guide me through the world T and show me life so I would not fear I will follow after you 1 confident as a child toward the silent country where you went first T so I would not feel a stranger there And I will not be afraid. 1 Blaga Dmitrova T 1 **READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH** / 794 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

/423175t

The Intention Healing is both an exercise and an understanding and yet not of the will nor of the intention It is a wisdom and a deeper knowledge of the daily swing of life and death in all creation There is defeat to overcome and acceptance of living to be established and always there must be hope

1

1

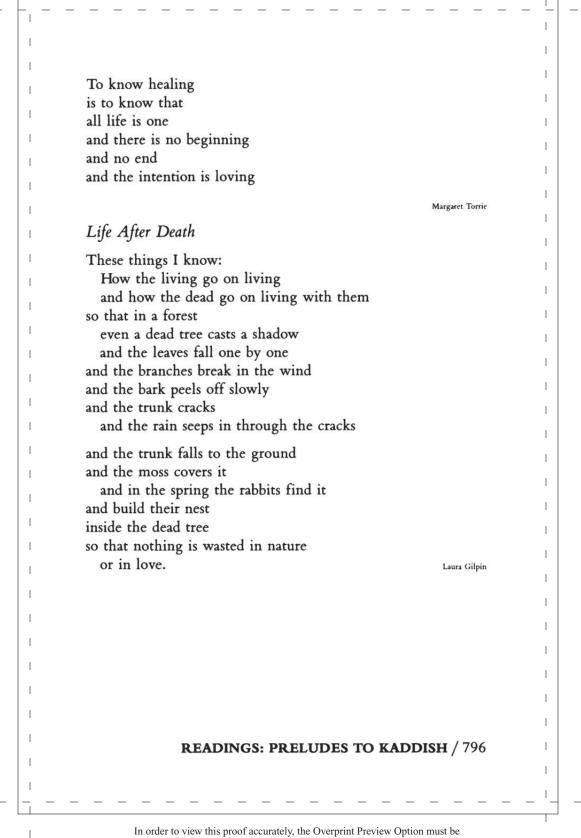
1

I

I

Т of life and death in all creation 1 There is defeat 1 to overcome 1 and acceptance of living to be established and always T there must be hope Not hope of healing Т but the hope which informs the coming moment 1 and gives it reason The hope which is T each man's breath the certainty of love Т and of loving 1 Death may live in the living and healing rise in the dying T for whom the natural end is part of the gathering Т and of the harvest to be expected 1 1 795 / READINGS: PRELUDES TO KADDISH Т

/423175t



In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

_

I		
1	(Creation)	1
	He doesn't know the world at all	
I	Who stays in his nest and doesn't go out.	
I	He doesn't know what birds know best	
I	Nor what I want to sing about,	
I	That the world is full of loveliness.	
I	When dewdrops sparkle in the grass	
1	And earth's aflood with morning light,	
I	A blackbird sings upon a bush	
	To greet the dawning after night.	
I	Then I know how fine it is to live.	
	Hey, try to open up your heart	
I	To beauty; go to the woods someday	
I	And weave a wreath of memory there.	
1	Then if the tears obscure your way	
I	You'll know how wonderful it is To be alive.	
	TO DE allve. An anonymous child in the	
	Terezin Concentration Camp, 1941	
I	We give away our thanks	
I	to the earth, which gives us our home.	
I	We give away our thanks	
I	to the rivers and lakes and oceans,	
I	which give away their water.	
1	We give away our thanks	
	to the trees,	
I	which give away fruit and nuts.	
I	We give away our thanks	
I	to the wind,	
1	which brings rain to water the plants.	
I	We give away our thanks to the sun,	
1	which gives away warmth and light.	
1		
I	READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP / 798	
I		

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

1	
1	All beings on earth-the trees, the
1	animals, the wind and the rivers—
1	give away to one another—
	So all is in balance.
	We give away our promise to begin
	to learn
	how to stay in balance—
1	with all the earth.
1	A Native American Prayer
	God's Wheel
	God says to me with kind of a smile, "How how would you like to be God awhile
	"Hey how would you like to be God awhile And steer the world?"
1	"Okay," says I, "I'll give it a try.
I.	Where do I set?
	How much do I get?
	What time is lunch?
	When can I quit?"
1	"Gimme back that wheel," says God,
1	"I don't think you're quite ready yet."
1	Shel Silverstein
	O our Mother the Earth, O our Father the Sky,
	Your children are we, and with tired backs
	We bring you the gifts you love.
	Then weave for us a garment of brightness;
1	May the warp be the white light of morning,
1	May the weft be the red light of evening,
	May the fringes be the falling rain,
	May the border be the standing rainbow.
	Thus weave for us a garment of brightness,
1	That we may walk fittingly where birds sing,
1	That we may walk fittingly where grass is green,
1	O our Mother the Earth, O our Father the Sky.
	Tewa (Native American)
	799 / READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP

(Redemption) When the people of Israel crossed through the Red Sea, they witnessed a great miracle. Some say it was the greatest miracle that ever happened. On that day they saw a sight more awesome than all the visions of the prophets combined. The sea split and the waters stood like great walls, while Israel escaped to freedom on the distant shore. Awesome. But not for everyone. Two people, Reuven and Shimon, hurried along among the crowd crossing through the sea. They never once looked up. They noticed only that the ground under their feet was still a little muddy—like a beach at low tide. "Yucch!" said Reuven, "there's mud all over this place!" "Bleecch!" said Shimon, "I have muck all over my feet!" "This is terrible," answered Reuven. "When we were slaves in Egypt, we had to make our bricks out of mud, just like this!" "Yeah," said Shimon. "There's no difference between being a slave in Egypt and being free here." And so it went, Reuven and Shimon whining and complaining all the way to freedom. For them there was no miracle. Only mud. Their eyes were closed. They might as well have been asleep. Lawrence Kushner The Wolf and the Dog Once there was a wolf who was very skinny because he never had anything much to eat. One day as he was looking for food he met a dog. The dog said, "What are you looking for?" And the wolf said, "Food." The dog laughed and said, "I don't have to look for food. My master gives me food and a place to sleep. I lead a good easy life and I'm taking a walk." **READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP** / 800

1

Т

L

٦

9	The wolf said, "May I come home with you?"
1	The dog said, "Sure, my master would like to have you."
	Just then the wolf saw the mark on the dog's neck. "What is that mark on your neck?" he asked.
	"Oh, that's just the collar chain I wear during the day. You'll get used to it."
	But the wolf stopped and ran in the opposite direction. Calling over his shoulder to the dog, he said, "You may have your good food. As for me, I'll keep my freedom."
	And the wolf never came there again.
24	Moral: Freedom having hardships is better than being in chains. Carmen Rosario, Age 12
	(Peace) Anne Frank was a young girl in Amstersdam, Holland during the terrible days of Nazi occupation.
	Two weeks before she was arrested—one of the six million Jews who perished in the Holocaust—she wrote the following words in her diary:
1 1 1 1 1 1 1	It's really a wonder that I haven't dropped all my ideals, because they seem so absurd and impossible to carry out. Yet I keep them, because in spite of everything I still believe that people are really good at heart. I simply can't build up my hopes on a foundation of confusion, misery and death. I see the world gradually being turned into a wilderness. I hear approaching thunderI can feel the suffering of millions, and yet, if I look up into the heavens, I think that it will all come out right, that this cruelty will end, and that peace and tranquility will return again. In the meantime, I must hold on to my ideals for perhaps the day will come when I shall be able to carry them out.
	Anne Frank (translated from the Dutch by B.M. Mooyaart-Doubleday)
	801 / READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP

-- /423175t

L

Job Name: --

T תפקה מָה אֲבַקּשׁ מִמִּדָּ, אֵלהִים? T יש לי הכל, 1 דַבַר לא חַסָר לִי. 1 L רק דבר אחר אבקש, 1 ולא בשבילי בלבר; T L הוּא בִּשְׁבִיל הַרְבֵּה אִמָּהוֹת, יְלָדִים וְאָבוֹת-L יִלֹא רַק בָּאָָרֶץ הַזֹאת, אֶֿלָא גַם בַּאֲרָצוֹת זָרוֹת וְאויְכוֹת: T הַיִיתִי רוצה לְבַקָּשׁ שָׁלוֹם: Т L כֵּז, שָׁלוֹם אַנִי רוֹצָה, 1 L וְהֵן לֹא הְסָרֵב לְבַקָּשָׁה יְחִידָה שֶׁל יַלְדָה: T I. אַתָּה בָּרָאת אֶת אֶׁרֵץ הַשָּׁלוֹם, T I. אֲשֶׁר בָּה אִיר הַשָּׁלוֹם, T Т וּכָה הָיָה מִקְדַש הַשָּׁלוֹם, L ואין עַרַין שָׁלום... 1 I. 1 מָה אַבַקּש מִמִּך אַלהִים, וְיֵש לִי הַכּּלי? 1 אַכַקּש רַק שַלום, L T רק שלום! Т 1 A Prayer / Tefilah 1 What shall I ask You for, God? 1 I have everything. 1 There's nothing I lack. T I ask only for one thing I And not for myself alone; T 1 T **READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP** / 802 Т T I. In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

It's for many mothers, and children, and fathers-Not just in this land, but in many lands hostile to each other. T. I'd like to ask for Peace. Yes, it's Peace I want, 1 And You, You won't deny the single wish of a child. 1 You created the Land of Peace, 1 Where stands the City of Peace, Where stood the Temple of Peace, But where still there is no Peace ... 1 What shall I ask You for, God? I have everything. Peace is what I ask for, Only Peace. 1 Shlomit Grossberg, Age 13, Jerusalem (translated by Dov Vardi) T T When will peace take over? When will it come, the day? 1 When with armies and bombs will they do away, Т When all this hostility cease, 1 A day on which battleships Will become palaces of leisure and fun Floating on the seas. T A day on which the steel of guns Т Will be melted into pleasure cars, Т A day on which generals will begin to raise flowers. Т When peace Will include all the peoples of these neighboring lands, Т When Ishmael and Israel T Will go hand in hand, And when every Jew I The Arab's brother will be. When will it come, the day? 1 Mahmud Abu Radj, Age 12, Kfar Sachnin (Arab Village) T 803 / READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP Т

May I ever learn to find my place among the people of Israel. May my heart be a Jewish heart, my mind a Jewish mind, Т my soul a Jewish soul. 1 May all my actions bring a good name to the word Jew. May the works of my hand and the ideas I design Be kind and gentle. May I find my home in the House of Prayer, My life in the tasks of my people, Т My words in the words spoken truly in the name of all that is good, My deeds a credit to my people. 1 May law rule over all the earth; and justice and mercy be everlasting. T May the Messianic days come soon and in my own life, bringing peace and hope to all. And may I take my place beside those who love and serve all that is good and righteous. Seymour Rossel (adapted) **READINGS: FAMILY WORSHIP / 804** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be 1 set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

Job Name:	 /423175t

_

_

_

MEDITATIONS FOR ELUI	L
God, help me through the days o New Year with its promise of new Help me face questions I wish Help me accept truths that do I wish to journey to the light, all the promises I never kept, by May the words from the past s I begin the road of repentance on it.	v life for my body and my soul. to avoid! not comfort! but the path to it is hidden by the goodness I deserted. show me the way of return.
"For everything is empty	כִּי הַכּּל הַֿבֵל
except the pure soul."	ּבְּרַ הַנְּשֶׁמָה הַשְּׁהוֹרָה: לְבַר הַנְּשָׁמָה הַשְּׁהוֹרָה:
The impulse to evil is like one w a tightly closed hand. Nobody Everyone asks: "What do you hav think that just what they want m everyone runs after the impulse opened, and it is empty.	knows what is inside of it. we in your hand?" And they all lost of all is hidden there. And e to evil. Then the hand is
"Where is the place of God's glo	אַיֵּה מְקוֹם כְּבוֹדוֹ: "ry?"
"Where is the dwelling of God?" This is the question with which is number of learned Jews who hap They laughed at him: "What a two world full of God's glory?" Then he answered his own quest "God dwells wherever people let	the Rabbi of Kotzk surprised a opened to be visiting him. thing to ask! Is not the whole ion:
	Martin Buber (adapted)
805 / MEDITATIONS FOR ELU	JL .

"Give us integrity to love you and fear you."

1

1

I

Т

1

1

Т

1

T

1

Т

ַיַחֵר לְבָבֵּנוּ לְאַהֲבָד ליראה את־שמֿוּ:

When R. Yoḥanan ben Zakai was on his death bed, his disciples came to visit him. Before leaving they said, "Master, give us a farewell blessing." He said to them, "I'll pray that fearing God may be as important to you as fearing people." His disciples asked, "But should we not fear God more than people?" He replied, "If only you can attain this! When you think of committing a transgression, you say: 'I hope no one sees me!' If the fear of God is no more than this, it will be enough to keep you from many sins."

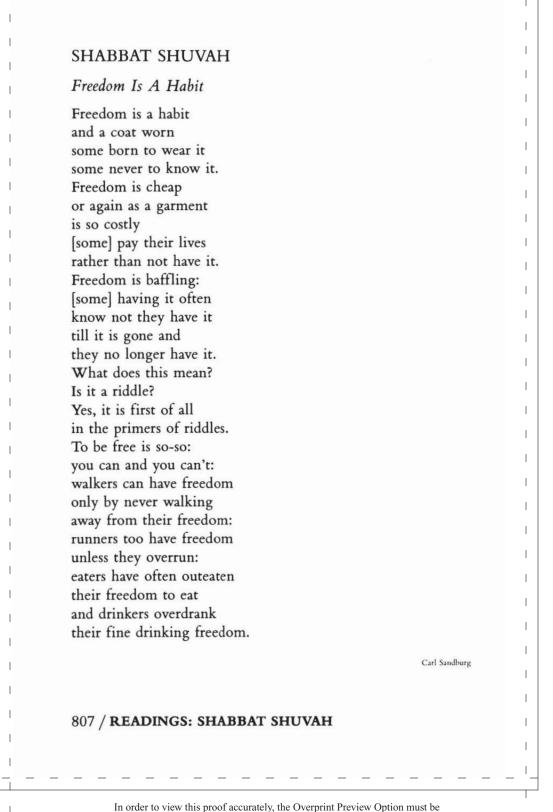
3

"Gates, lift up your heads! רָאשֵׁיכֶם Be raised, you everlasting doors!" עוּלָם:

In the future you will be asked "What was your occupation?" If you reply, "I fed the hungry," then they reply, "This is the gate of God; you who feed the hungry shall enter." (Psalm 118:20) So with giving drink to the thirsty, clothing the naked, with those who look after orphans, and with those, generally, who do deeds of loving-kindness. All these are God's gates, and those who do such deeds shall enter within them.

Midrash Psalms

MEDITATIONS FOR ELUL / 806



Certain sages include repentance among the entities created before the world itself. The implication of this remarkable statement is that repentance is a universal primordial phenomenon; in such a context it has two meanings. One is that it is embedded in the root structure of the world; the other, that before we were created, we were given the possibility of changing the course of our lives. In this latter sense repentance is the highest expression of our capacity to choose freely—it is a manifestation of the divine in human. By repenting, we can extricate ourselves from the binding web of our lives, from the chain of causality that otherwise compels us to follow a path of no return.

SUKKOT

Т

Т

Take for your own sake... [a cluster including] the product of goodly trees, branches of palm trees, boughs of leafy trees, and willows of the brook (Leviticus 23:40), the product of goodly trees [the etrog] standing for some in Israel: even as the etrog has aroma and has edible fruit, so the people Israel have in their midst those who have knowledge of Torah and also have good deeds. Branches of palm trees also stand for some in Israel: as the palm tree has edible fruit but no aroma, so the people Israel have in their midst those who have knowledge of Torah but have not good deeds. Boughs of leafy trees also stands for some in Israel: as the myrtle tree has aroma but has not edible fruit, so the people Israel have in their midst those who have good deeds but have not Torah. And willows of the brook also stands for some in Israel: even as the willow has neither edible fruit nor aroma, so the people Israel have in their midst those in whom there is neither knowledge of Torah nor good deeds. The Holy One says: In order to make it impossible for Israel to be destroyed, let all of them be bound together as plants are bound into a cluster, so that the righteous among them will atone for the others. Hence Moses charged Israel: Take for your own sake on the first day a cluster (Leviticus 23:40). Pesikta Rabati 51.2

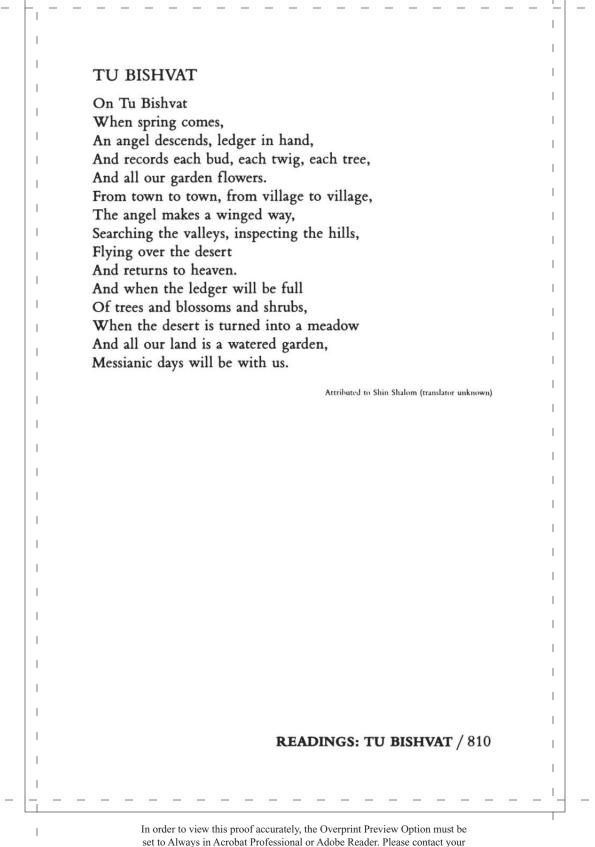
READINGS: SUKKOT / 808

lob Name:		
-----------	--	--

/423175t

Feast of Booths This was the season of our ancestors' joy: 1 not only when they gathered grapes and the fruit of trees 1 in Israel, but when, locked in the dark and stony streets they held-symbols of a life from which they were banished but to which they would surely return-Т the branches of palm trees and of willows, the twigs of the myrtle, and the bright odorous citrons. 1 This was the grove of palms with its deep well in the stony ghetto in the blaze of noon; this is the living stream lined with willows; 1 and this the thick-leaved myrtles and trees heavy with fruit in the barren ghetto-a garden where the unjustly hated were justly safe at last. In booths this week of holiday as those who gathered grapes in Israel lived and also to remember we were cared for in the wilderness-I remember how frail my present dwelling is even if of stones and steel. I know this is the season of our joy: we have completed the readings of the Torah T and we begin again; but I remember how slowly I have learnt, how little, how fast the year went by, the yearshow few. Charles Reznikoff 809 / READINGS: SUKKOT

/423175t



Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

PESAH

Т

1

1

Т

1

Т

T

1

1

T

Т

Rabbi Levi Yitzhak of Berdichev comments that the true miracle of the Exodus, the "great" miracle, in fact took place on the tenth of Nisan, not later. When Israel decided that they would slaughter sheep (which according to tradition were gods in Egypt) without regard for what their Egyptian taskmasters would say or do to them, their liberation had begun. That God can wreak plagues, split the sea, and all the rest—these are no source of surprise to the person of faith. But Israel's courage to defy the Egyptians—that is truly worthy of being called miraculous.

Rabbi Nahman of Bratzlav comments on "and they made no provisions for the way": "When you are about to leave Egypt—any Egypt—do not stop to think 'But how will I earn a living out there?...' One who stops to 'make provisions for the way' will never get out of Egypt." A comment to be repeated annually for college seniors, midlife-crisis confronters, and all the rest of us.

: * ;

How strange that we should begin the *seder* with the statement "This year we are slaves!" The point is, according to one Hasidic reading, that while we recognize our current enslavements, we also recognize the great distance we have traversed from Egyptian bondage to the sort of slavery we feel in our current lives. Had someone come to us while we were in Egypt and said, "You know, someday you and your children will be telling this tale as though it were all in the past," we would hardly have believed him. See how far we have come! And for those of us who have gone this far in the path of liberation—remembering that we once were carriers of bricks and mortar—nothing in the liberation that lies ahead should seem impossible to us.

811 / READINGS: PESAH

In Germany at the end of World War II Perhaps for the thousandth time, the Jewish committee in Buchenwald was holding a meeting on the question: Where to? A Polish Jew, a German, a Czech, a Hungarian-each faced the same burning problem: Where should the few surviving Jews of Buchenwald go? How could we ever have believed that at the end of the war the surviving Jews would have no more worries, that everything would be fine! The world, we had thought, would welcome our few survivors with open arms! We, the first Т victims of the Nazis. They would love us! Quickly enough, we saw that the world had other things on its mind than Jewish suffering. So where to? Comrade Posnansky put forth an idea: into our own kibbutz. To build a group of Buchenwald's youth, and find a farm where we could prepare for Palestine. A wonderful idea. There would be no lack of candidates for the kibbutz, for energy was reawakening in the survivors and seeking an outlet. From that idea sprang Kibbutz Buchenwald. After several days of coming and going, the Jewish committee in Buchenwald possessed a document from the American Military Government which gave it the right to make use, for a long term, of the township farm of Eggendorf, near Blankenheim. June 3, 1945-Here we are, the first few comrades, sitting on a truck that is taking us away from Buchenwald. Finally, the Buchenwald chapter is ended. The concrete road takes us away from the barracks, the watchtowers, the SS quarters; on this straight road, which turns neither to right nor to left, we head for our new life. We are all determined to follow this road to a Т place of our own, a Jewish settlement where we can put our energies into something that will belong only to us, a place where we can live for the future. This road must take us to Palestine. Members of Kibbutz Buchenwald **READINGS: PESAH** / 812

T

1 YOM HA'ATZMA'UT T רוֹעָה עַרָבִי מְחַפֵּשׂ גְּדִי בְּהַר צִיּוֹן 1 רוֹעָה עַרָבִי מְחַפֵּשׂ גְּדִי בְּהַר צִיּוֹז, 1 L וּבָהָר מִמּוּל אֲנִי מְחַפֵּש אֶת בְּנִי הַקָּטָן. רוֹעָה עַרָבִי וְאָב יְהוּדִי T בְּכִשְׁלוֹנָם הַוְּמַנִּי. L קוֹלוֹת שְׁנֵֿינוּ נִפְגָשִׁים מֵעַל T I ּלִבְרֵכַת הַשָּׁלְטָן בָּעֻמֵק בָּאֶמִצַע. 1 שְׁנֵינוּ רוֹצִים שֶׁלָּא יְכָּנְסוּ הַבֵּן וְהַגְּדִי לְתוֹך תַּהָלִיד T T הַמְּכוֹנָה הַנּוֹרָאָה שֶׁל חַד גַּדְיָא. I אַחַר־כָּך מָצָֿאנוּ אוֹתָם בֵּין הַשִּׂיחִים, T וְקוֹלוֹתֵׁינוּ חָזְרוּ אֱלֵינוּ וּבָכוּ וְצָחֵקוּ בִּפִנִים. L 1 הַחָפּוּשִׁים אַחַר גִּדִי או אַחַר בֵּן T הָיוּ תָּמִיד הַתְחָלַת דָּת חֲדָשָׁה בֶּהָרִים הָאֵׁלֶה. T T 1 T T 1 Т 813 / READINGS: YOM HA'ATZMA'UT Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T

An Arab Shepherd Is Searching for His Goat on Mount Zion An Arab shepherd is searching for his goat 1 on Mount Zion, 1 And on the opposite hill I am searching for my little boy. An Arab shepherd and a Jewish father Both in their temporary failure. I Our two voices meet above The Sultan's Pool in the valley between us. Т Neither of us wants the boy or the goat To get caught in the wheels 1 of the "Had Gadya" machine. Afterward we found them among the bushes, 1 And our voices came back inside us Laughing and crying. 1 Searching for a goat or for a child has always been The beginning of a new religion in these mountains. Т Yehuda Amichai 1 **READINGS: YOM HA'ATZMA'UT / 814** In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

NEW YEAR'S DAY Each year should be the best year we have yet lived. Each year we are more learned in the ways of life. Each year we are wiser than the year before. Each year our eyes know better the sights to seek. Each year our ears listen with a finer tuning. 1 Every happening is a jewel, wrought about the fancy of time. All that we understand of the universe is the setting for each Т sight and sound of day. The child looks with gladness each year to be one year older. Should not this welcome pursue us all our years? The piling of the years is a richness like the piling of gold. 1 Our years are coins with which we can purchase more wisely at the bazaars of each new season. Our love is more pliant and patient having been taught by time. 1 This New Year is one year older than the last. The earth is more abounding in its growth. The creatures have moved another step in their unfolding. Humankind has left us one more year of art for our contemplation. History is one year more resonant with lessons. Т The sunrises are one year more familiar and promising. The sunsets are one year less fearful, and the peace of the night is one year closer. 1 Kenneth L. Patton 815 / READINGS: NEW YEAR'S DAY

MARTIN LUTHER KING DAY

Т

1

Т

Now is the time to make justice a reality for all of God's children...[And] we will not be satisfied until justice rolls down like water and righteousness like a mighty stream....

I say to you today, my friends, even though we face the difficulties of today and tomorrow, I still have a dream. It is a dream deeply rooted in the American dream. I have a dream that one day this nation will rise up and live out the true meaning of its creed: "We hold these truths to be self-evident that all men are created equal...." This is our hope.

With this faith we will be able to hew out of the mountain of despair a stone of hope. With this faith we will be able to transform the jangling discords of our nation into a beautiful symphony of brotherhood. With this faith we will be able to work together, to pray together, to struggle together, to go to jail together, to stand up for freedom together, knowing that we will be free one day....

So, let freedom ring from the prodigious hilltops of New Hampshire. Let freedom ring from the mighty mountains of New York. Let freedom ring from the heightening Alleghenies of Pennsylvania. Let freedom ring from the snowcapped Rockies of Colorado. Let freedom ring from the curvaceous slopes of California. Let freedom ring from Stone Mountain of Georgia; let freedom ring from Lookout Mountain of Tennessee; let freedom ring from every hill and molehill of Mississippi—from every mountainside, let freedom ring.

And when this happens, when we allow freedom to ring, when we let it ring from every village, from every hamlet, from every state and every city, we will be able to speed up that day when all of God's children, black and white, Jew and Gentile, Protestant and Catholic, will be able to join hands and sing in the words of the old Negro spiritual: "Free at last! Free at last! Thank God almighty, we are free at last!"

(on the steps of the Lincoln Memorial August 28, 1963)

READING: MARTIN LUTHER KING DAY / 816

PRESIDENTS' WEEKEND

Gentlemen,

1

Т

Т

T

T

While I receive with much satisfaction your address replete with expressions of affection and esteem; I rejoice in the opportunity of assuring you that I shall always retain a grateful remembrance of the cordial welcome I experienced in my visit to New Port....

The reflection on the days of difficulty and danger which are past is rendered the more sweet from a consciousness that they are succeeded by days of uncommon prosperity and security. If we have wisdom to make the best use of the advantages with which we are now favored, we cannot fail, under the just administration of a good government to become a great and a happy people.

The Citizens of the United States of America have a right to applaud themselves for having given to mankind examples of an enlarged and liberal policy, a policy worthy of imitation.

All possess alike liberty of conscience and immunities of citizenship. It is now no more that toleration is spoken of, as it was by the indulgence of one class of people, that another enjoyed the exercise of their inherent natural rights. For happily the government of the United States, which gives to bigotry no sanction, to persecution no assistance, requires only that they who live under its protection should demean themselves as good citizens, in giving it on all occasions their effectual support....

May the children of the Stock of Abraham, who dwell in this land, continue to merit and enjoy the good will of the other inhabitants, while every one shall sit in safety under his own vine and fig-tree, and there shall be none to make him afraid....

George Washington. A letter to the Hebrew Congregation, in New Port, Rhode Island 1790.

817 / READINGS: PRESIDENTS' WEEKEND

Most governments have been based practically on the denial of the equal rights...ours began by affirming those rights. They said, some...are too ignorant and vicious to share in government. Possibly so, said we; and by your system you would always keep them ignorant and vicious. We proposed to give all a chance; and we expected the weak to grow stronger; the ignorant, wiser; and all better and happier together. We made the experiment; and the fruit is before us. Look at

1

Т

T

we made the experiment; and the fruit is before us. Look at it—think of it. Look at it in its aggregate grandeur, of extent of country and numbers of population—of ship, and steamboat, and trail.

* * *

From the first appearance of man upon the earth down to very recent times, the words "stranger" and "enemy" were quite or almost synonymous. Even yet, this has not totally disappeared. The man of the highest moral cultivation, in spite of all which abstract principle can do, likes him whom he does know much better than him whom he does not know. To correct the evils, great and small, which spring from want of sympathy and from positive enmity among strangers, as nations or as individuals, is one of the highest functions of civilization.

This is a world of compensation; and one who would be no slave must consent to have no slave.

Abraham Lincoln

READINGS: PRESIDENTS' WEEKEND / 818

_

_

/423175t

_ _

MEMORIAL DAY	
The Young Dead Soldiers	
The young dead soldiers do not speak.	
Nevertheless they are heard in the still houses.	
(Who has not heard them?)	
They have a silence that speaks for them at night	
And when the clock counts.	
They say,	
We were young. We have died. Remember us.	
They say,	
We have done what we could	
But until it is finished it is not done.	
They say,	
We have given our lives But until is is finished as one can be see what our li	
But until it is finished no one can know what our li	ves gave.
They say, Our deaths are not ours,	
They are yours,	
They will mean what you make them.	
They say,	
Whether our lives and our deaths were for peace and a	new hope
Or for nothing	i new nope
We cannot say.	
It is you who must say this.	
They say,	
We leave you our deaths.	
Give them their meaning.	
Give them an end to the war and a true peace,	
Give them a victory that ends the war and a peace a	fterwards,
Give them their meaning.	
We were young, they say.	
We have died.	
Remember us.	Archibald MacLeish
	Archibalo MacLeish
819 / READINGS: MEMORIAL DAY	

FOURTH OF JULY

1

Т

We hold these truths to be self-evident: that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. That whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness....

We, therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in general congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name, and by authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare that these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be free and independent States....And for the support of this Declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

May America remain loyal to the principles of the Declaration of Independence and apply them to ever widening areas of life.

May our country be free from oppression, persecution, and unjust discrimination; may we overcome religious, racial, and class conflicts; and may we be restored as a haven of refuge for the victims of injustice and deprivation.

READINGS: FOURTH OF JULY / 820

The Declaration of Independence

May we learn the art of living together, and come to understand how to appreciate differences, to reconcile 1 clashing interests, and to help one another achieve a harmonious and abundant life. May we acquire the wisdom to choose honest and capable leaders who will govern us by democratic and ethical principles. 1 And may the enterprise of our American people be blessed that we may utilize the resources of our land for the good of all the world. 1945 Reconstructionist Prayer Book (adapted) The New Colossus Not like the brazen giant of Greek fame, With conquering limbs astride from land to land; 1 Here at our sea-washed, sunset gates shall stand A mighty woman with a torch, whose flame Т Is the imprisoned lightning, and her name Mother of Exiles. From her beacon-hand 1 Glows world-wide welcome; her mild eyes command The air-bridged harbor that twin cities frame. T "Keep, ancient lands, your storied pomp!" cries she With silent lips. "Give me your tired, your poor, Т Your huddled masses yearning to breathe free, 1 The wretched refuse of your teeming shore. Send these, the homeless, tempest-tossed to me, I lift my lamp beside the golden door!" Т T Emma Lazarus Т 821 / READING: FOURTH OF JULY In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

/423175t

1

1

Т

In Palestine we must do with our own hands all the things that make up the sum total of life. We must ourselves do all the work, from the least strenuous, cleanest, and most sophisticated, to the dirtiest and most difficult. In our own way, we must feel what a worker feels and think what a worker thinks—then, and only then, shall we have a culture of our own, for then we shall have a life of our own.

It all seems very clear. From now on our principal ideal must be Labor. Through no fault of our own we have been deprived of this element and we must seek a remedy. Labor is our cure. The ideal of Labor must become the pivot of all our aspirations. It is the foundation upon which our national structure is to be erected. Only by making Labor, for its own sake, our national ideal shall we be able to cure ourselves of the plague that has affected us for many generations and mend the rent between ourselves and Nature. Labor is a great human ideal. It is the ideal of the future, and a great ideal can be a healing sun.

Aaron David Gordon

Fish Crier

I know a Jew[ish] fish crier down on Maxwell Street with a voice like a north wind blowing over corn stubble in January.
He dangles herring before prospective customers evincing a joy identical with that of Pavlowa dancing.

His face is that of a man terribly glad to be selling fish, terribly glad that God made fish, and customers to whom he may call his wares from a pushcart.

Carl Sandburg

READINGS: LABOR DAY / 822

/423175t

Job Name: --

דער אַפּערייטער 1 1 ער איז אַזוי אַריינגעטון אין דעם געניֵי, 1 ווי ס׳וואָלט מער קיין זאַך נישט געווען אין לעבן. 1 ער זעט נישט פאר די פענסטער טויבן שוועבן, און אַף די דעכער אין דער זון-דאָס שמעלצן זיך פון שניי. Т -אַרום אים, איבער די מאַשינען, ריי נאַך ריי אסך נאך אנדערע ווי ער אליין געבויגן. 1 ס׳איז אַלץ ווי מיט אַ היַיטל שווער פאַרצויגן, 1 אין אויער רוישט אים פון געפּייניקטע ס׳געשריי. L מיט לאנגע דורות קנעכט איז ער באשווערט. ער זעט די קנעכט פון פּיתום אין מצרים, Т אין בּבל, רוים–די גולים פון ירושלים,– אַ קיֵיט, אַן ענדלאָזע, מיט קנעכט אַרום דער ערד. –און אין זיין שמאַלן, נידעריקן שטערן T אַ פייער בלאַנדזשעט אום און ברענט און בריט; –און ווי ער וואַלט אַט ערשט אַליין דעם קאַמף פאַרקלערן 1 גייט אוף פון דעם גערויש דער קלאַנג פון פרייהייטליד. 1 Т The Operator T He's as absorbed in what he sews as though this work is all he was created for. Beyond the pane he sees no pigeons soar, nor on the sunlit roofs the melting snow. 823 / READINGS: LABOR DAY Т 1

/423175t

At the machines around him, row on row, bent at their work like him sit many more. As if under a heavy film they are. His ear is shattered by a cry of woe. To slaves of distant times he's brother sworn: of Egypt, Babylon, Jerusalem and Rome-an endless chain uniting him with all the slaves that ever have been born. Т And deep within his low and narrow brow a fire darts about and shoots up strong; 1 as if the battle's being born inside his brain right now, out of the uproar leaps a liberation song! Nafiali Gross (translated from the Yiddish) THANKSGIVING She Was Like No Doll I'd Ever Seen... When I sat down at the table for breakfast, the doll was at my place. Mama had made hair out of dark brown yarn and she'd embroidered eyes, a nose, and a mouth on the face. She had covered the yarn hair with a yellow kerchief embroidered with red flowers. T "She's gorgeous, Mama," I managed to murmur. "But she doesn't look like the Pilgrim woman in the picture." 1 "No?" Mama said. "She looks like you in that photograph you have that was taken T when you were a girl." T "Of course," Mama said. "I did that on purpose. What's a Pilgrim, shaynkeit? A Pilgrim is someone who came here from Т the other side to find freedom. That's me, Molly. I'm a Pilgrim!" Barbara Cohen **READINGS: THANKSGIVING / 824** Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be

... at P.S. 125..., as soon as October was folded back on the calendar, we began paying intense, if somewhat baffled, homage to the glories of Thanksgiving. Most of us were the children of immigrants from Vilna or Minsk or Odessa, who rarely budged from Brooklyn, and we had to sing loud our praises for the gathering of the harvest and the prodigal bounty of the land as the trolley cars clanged by under the windows. Day after day...we devoted ourselves to that old American holiday first conceived, we were told, in a bleak place called New England, by the Pilgrims, also known as ancestors. These ancestors spoke English without an accent, did not have to pass through Ellis Island when they reached the golden land, and had come to these shores to escape from religious persecution We labored intently...making the first Thanksgiving-the huge Pilgrim family, at an enormously long table, in the clearing they had courageously hacked out of the ominous New England forest. With crayons and paints we smeared a lavish feast There was a song we sang only in November-"We gather together and ask the Lord's blessing. He chastens and hastens His will to make known." We sang it with loud and cheerful assurance as Miss Johnson thumped away on a piano....Like Christmas carols...this Thanksgiving hymn had the lure of the forbidden. I would come home on November afternoons, my face hectically pink from the autumn air and the grandeur of Thansgiving, and sing "We Gather Together" until my mother, who would be working on a dress for me or one of her

customers and never seemed to be listening, would suddenly hear "the Lord's blessing" and exclaim, "What kind of a song is this for a Jewish girl to sing! Stop this minute, it's not nice somebody should hear you."

825 / READINGS: THANKSGIVING

Т

1

I

Т

1

1

1

T

1

T

Т

For weeks before the holiday I brought the same lament home from school every afternoon...."But Mama, why can't we have turkey for Thanksgiving like everybody else?" "Who's everybody?" my mother would say, without taking her

eyes from the sewing machine. "The Feins eat turkey Thanksgiving? Doris Levine's mother goes on the subway to buy a turkey God knows where Thanksgiving?"

"Oh, honest to God, Mama. You're always making believe you don't understand one single word I'm saying. I meant like *Americans* have on Thanksgiving, not that dopey Doris...."

Т

1

I knew it was useless to argue. I knew it before I began to try. But something urged me, every November, to try just this once more. How easy it seemed, how easy and beautiful and right, as I pictured it, mooning in my room....the round table in the living room swelled with the two leaves we dragged out from behind the sofa only at Passover time....At four in the afternoon, all the guests would assemble This day would differ from other days because on Thanksgiving my brother and I would be glad to see our cousins, who for a change would not say, "What do you have to take dopey violin lessons for?" And after we had all kissed each other sweetly, we would sit down, with cheerful smiles, around the jolly table set exactly the way they showed in the Ladies' Home Journal. After we sang "We Gather Together," my mother would march in from the kitchen at just the right moment, holding the enormous, steaming brown bird aloft on a silver platter, which she placed reverently in front of my father, poised and ready with a carving knife handed down, of course, by ancestors. Then Papa would begin to carve with magnificent effortless skill, an art taught him by his father who had learned it from his father

Pearl Kazin

READINGS: THANKSGIVING / 826



Job Name: /423175t	
	-
ZEMIROT / SONGS	
MAH YAFEH HAYOM מֵה יֶפֶה הַיּוֹם	
מַה יָפֶה הַיּוֹם	
שַׁבָּת שָׁלוֹם	
Mah yafeh hayom shabbat shalom.	
How wonderful the day is!	
Shabbat Shalom.	
KOL DODI/קול דורי	
קול דורי הַנָּה־זֶה בָּא	
מְרַלֵּג עַל־הֶהָרִים מְקַפֵּץ עַל־הַגְּבָעוֹת:	
Kol dodi hiney zeh ba	
medaleg al heharim mekapetz al hageva'ot.	
The voice of my beloved-look, he's coming	
dancing on the mountains, leaping on the hills.	
Song of Songs 2:8	
ZEMIROT / 828	

יום זה לִישָׁרָאָל YOM ZEH LEYISRA'EL יום זה לישראל אורה ושמחה 1 שַׁבַּת מְנוּחַה: 1 L 1 צוֹית פּקוּדִים בַּמַעַמַר סִינַי L I שבת ומועדים לשמור בכל-שני לַעַרוֹהְ לִפַּנֵי מַשְּׂאֶת וַאֵרוּחַה Т שַׁבַּת מְנוּחַה: 1 1 Yom zeh leyisra'el orah vesimhah shabbat menuhah. T T Tzivita pikudim bema'amad sinay shabbat umo'adim lishmor behol shanay I la'aroh lefanay maset va'aruhah 1 shabbat menuhah. Т This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. 1 To Israel this day brings rest and release, O Sabbath of peace, O Sabbath of peace. T God bade us cherish you, long ago on Sinai's height, T To make of you a day of rest, a day of light, T To spread a joyous feast, dainties rare for your delight, 1 O Sabbath of peace, O Sabbath of peace. Т Attributed to Isaac Luria (translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein) T T 1 1 829 / SONGS Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

/423175t **TZUR MISHELO** The source-of whose food we have eaten-1 Do bless, my faithful ones. 1 We have eaten and there's still plenty; 1 This is the word of God. 1 God feeds the world as a shepherd-Our mother whose bread we have eaten, Father whose wine we have drunk, So we give thanks and praise God's name: 1 There is no Holy One but God. 1 With song and thanks we'll bless our God T For our ancestral land of delight. T Food and provision have sated us, God's love has overwhelmed us, I How faithful is our God! 1 Translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein Т 1 T 1 T Т **ZEMIROT** / 830 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be I

צור צוּר מִשֶּׁלוֹ אַכַּלְנוּ בָּרְכוּ אֱמוּנֵי שָּׁבַעְנוּ וְהוֹתֵׁרְנוּ כִּדְבַר יהוה: Т 1 הַזָּן אָת עוּלַמו רוּעָנוּ אַכִינוּ אַכַּינוּ אָת לַחָמו ויִינו שָׁתִינוּ 1 עַל כֵּן נוֹדָה לִשָּׁמו וּנְהַלָלו בִּפִינוּ אַמֵּרְנוּ וְעַנְינוּ 1 איז קרוש כיהוה: צוּר מִשֶּׁלוֹ אַכַּלְנוּ בַּרְכוּ אֱמוּנֵי שַּׁבַעָנוּ וְהוֹתֵׁרְנוּ כִּדְבַר יהוה: Т בִּשִׁיר וִקוֹל תּוֹדָה נְבָרֵךְ לֵאלֹהֵינוּ עֵל אֶׁרֵץ חֵמִדָּה שָהַנְחִיל לַאֲבוֹתֵׁינוּ מֵזוֹן וְצֵרֵה הָשָּׁבִּיעַ לְנַפִּשֶׁנוּ 1 חַסִדּוֹ גַּבַר עַלֵינוּ וָאָמֵת יהוה: צוּר מְשֵׁלוֹ אַכַּלְנוּ בָּרָכוּ אָמוּנֵי שַׂבַּעָנוּ וְהוֹתַרְנוּ כִּדְבָר יהוה: T Tzur mishelo ahalnu barehu emunay savanu vehotarnu kidvar Т adonay. Hazan et olamo ro'enu avinu ahalnu et lahmo veyeyno shatinu al ken nodeh lishmo unhalelo befinu amarnu ve'aninu eyn T kadosh kadonay. Tzur mishelo ahalnu barehu emunay savanu vehotarnu kidvar 1 adonay. 1 Beshir vekol todah nevareh leyloheynu al eretz hemdah Т shehinhil la'avoteynu mazon vetzedah hisbi'a lenafshenu hasdo gavar aleynu ve'emet adonay. T Tzur mishelo ahalnu barehu emunay savanu vehotarnu kidvar adonay. Т 1 831 / SONGS

	אַחָת שָאַלְתִי/AHAT SHA'ALTI
	אַחַת שָאַלְתִי מֵאֵת יהוה אוֹתָה אֲבַקֵּש
	שִׁבְתִּי בְּבֵית יהוה כַּל יְמֵי חַיֵּי
	לַחֲזוֹת בְּנֹעֵם יהוה וּלְבַקֵּר בְּהֵיכָלוֹ:
Aḥat sha' <u>al</u> ti me'et a	donay otah avakesh
shivti beveyt adonay	
laḥazot be <u>no</u> 'am ado	nay ulvaker beheyḥalo.
One thing I ask from	n God; one thing do I seek—
that I may stay in the	e divine presence all the days of my life,
envision divine delig	ht, and contemplate God's presence.
	Psalm 27:4
the month of Elul. This has as its theme the task	rom Psalm 27, which is recited daily throughout penitential season preceding the High Holy Days of returning to the path toward God. Thus, <i>Ahat</i>
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T.
Sha'alti encapsulates our	
Sha'alti encapsulates our	hopes for this season. D.A.T. ZEMIROT / 832

DEROR YIKRA דרור יקרא דְּרוֹר יִקְרָא לְבֵן עָם בַּת וְיִנְצֵרְכֵם כִּמוֹ בָבַת 1 נְעִים שְׁמְכֶם וְלֹא יַשְׁבַּת שְׁבוּ וְנֿוּחוּ בִּיוֹם שֵׁבַּת: 1 Т דרוש נוי ואולמי ואות ישע עשה עמי נַטַע שוֹרֵק בָּתוֹדְ כַּרָמִי שָׁעָה שַׁוִצָת בְּנֵי עַמִּי: אלהים תן בַּמִּרבַר הֵר הָדֵס שְׁטֵה בִּרוֹש תִּרְהֵר Т וּלַמַזהיר וּלַגּּזהַר שָׁלוֹמִים הֵז כְּמֵי נָהָר: דעה חכמה לנפשה והיא כתר לראשה 1 נצור מצות קרושה שמור שבת קרשה: T Deror yikra leven im bat veyintzorhem kemo vavat 1 ne'im shimhem velo yushbat shevu venuhu beyom shabbat. 1 Derosh navi ve'ulami ve'ot yesha asey imi neta sorek betoh karmi she'ey shavat beney ami. 1 Elohim ten bamidbar har hadas shitah berosh tidhar velamazhir velanizhar shelomim ten kemey nahar. T De'ey hohmah lenafsheha vehi heter lerosheha Т netzor mitzvat kedosheha shemor shabbat kodsheha. 1 This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. Т Liberty proclaim to each girl and boy! T Guard them with love, that no one their honor may destroy. The gold of their good name shall suffer no alloy, I And no fear of shame shall mar their Sabbath joy. Т Dunash ben Labrat (translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein) Т 1 833 / SONGS

- -

ZEMIROT / 834
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
Hasha <u>ma</u> yim mesaperim kevodo vegam ha'aretz malah ḥasdo re'u kol eleh asetah yado ki hu hatzur po'olo tamim.
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
Lo teḥsar kol bo ve'aḥalta vesavata uveraḥta et adonay eloheḥa asher a <u>hav</u> ta ki veraḥeḥa mikol amim.
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
devekim <u>beg</u> ed lilbosh <u>le</u> ḥem ḥukim basar vedagim veḥol matamim.
Ehol mashmanim shetey mamtakim ki el yiten lehol bo
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
Rishon hu limikra'ey <u>ko</u> desh yom shabaton shabbat <u>ko</u> desh al ken kol ish beyeyno yekadesh al shetey <u>le</u> ḥem yivtze'u temimim.
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
<u>She</u> shet yamim asey melaḥ <u>te</u> ḥa veyom hashevi'i leylo <u>he</u> ḥa shabbat lo ta'aseh vo melaḥah ki ḥol asah <u>she</u> shet yamim.
Yom zeh meḥubad mikol yamim ki vo shavat tzur olamim.
יום זֶה מְכָבָּר/YOM ZEH MEḤUBAD

כHIRIBIM/משירי בים/CHIRIBIM	
אַז אִיך וועל זינגען לְכָה דוֹדִי	
זאַלסטוּ זינגען טשירי בּירי בּים	
אַז אִיך וועל זינגען לִקְרַאת כַּלָָה	
זאָלסטוּ זינגען טשירי בּירי בם	
לְכָה דוֹדִי: טשירי בּירי-בּים	
לִקְרַאת כַּלָה: טשירי-בּירי-בּם	
לְכָה דוֹדִי לִקְרַאת כֵּלֶה:	
טשירי-בּירי-בּירי-בָּם	
אַז אִיך וועל זינגען יְרוּשֶׁלַיִם	
אַז אִיך וועל זינגען עִיר הַלְּוֵרָש	
Az iḥ vel zingn leḥo dodi zolstu zingn chiri biri bim.	
Az ih vel zingn likras kalo	
zolstu zingn chiri biri bom	
Leho dodi: chiri biri bim	
Likras kalo: chiri biri bom Leḥo dodi, likras kalo:	
Chiri-biri-biri-bom	
Az ih vel zingn yerushalayim	
Az ih vel zingn ir hakoydesh	
ZEMIROT / 836	

יום זֶה מְכַבֵּר מְכֵּל יַמִים כִּי בוֹ שֶׁבַת צוּר עוֹלַמִים: ששת ימים עשה מלאכתה ויום השביעי לאלהיף 1 שַׁבַּת לֹא תַעַשָּה בוֹ מִלַאכָה כִּי כֹל עַשָּה שֵּׁשֶׁת יַמִים: 1 1 יום זֶה מְכַבָּר מִכֵּל יַמִים כִּי בוֹ שַׁבַת צוּר עוֹלַמים: L 1 ראשון הוא למקראי לְרֵש יוֹם שַׁבָּתוֹן שַׁבָּת לְרֵש עַל כֵּן כֵּל אִיש בִּיֵינוֹ יִקַדֵּש עַל שְׁתֵּי לֵחֵם יִבִצְעוּ תִמִימִים: Т L יום זֶה מִכְבֵּר מִכֵּל יַמִים כִּי בוֹ שָׁבַת צוּר עוֹלַמִים: 1 אַכל מַשְׁמַנִּים שְׁתָה מַמְתַּקִים כִּי אֵל יְתָן לכל בּוֹ דְבַקִים 1 בַּגַר לְלָבּוֹש לַחֵם חָקִים בָּשַר וְדַגִים וְכֵל מַטִעַמִים: יום זֶה מְכַבֵּד מְכֵּל יַמִים כִּי בוֹ שָׁבַת צוּר עוֹלַמִים: 1 לא תחסר כל בּוֹ ואַכַלָּת ושַבַעת וברכת L Т אַת יהוה אַלהֵיהָ אֲשֵׁר אָהָבְהַ כִּי בְרַכִה מְכֵּל עַמִים: 1 יום זה מכבר מכל ימים כי בו שבת צור עולמים: השמים מספרים כבורו וגם הארץ מלאה חסדו T רְאוּ כֵּל אֵׁלֶה עָשְׂתָה יְדוֹ כִּי הוּא הַצּוּר פָּעֲלוֹ תָמִים: 1 יום זה מכבד מכל ימים כי בו שבת צור עולמים: This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. 1 T This is the day, beloved day, the day that God has blessed, This is the day God chose to rest, the day God chose to rest. Six long days you ply your trade, for in six days the world was Т L made, But greet the seventh proud and unafraid, the day God chose to rest. Translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein 835 / ZEMIROT Т

/423175t וכשאמר לכה דודי תאמרו כּלְכֵם טְשִׁירִי בִּירִי בִּים וכשאמר לקראת כלה תאמרו כּלְכֵם טְשִׁירִי בִּירִי בַם... Uhshe'omar lehah dodi Tomru kulehem chiri biri bim Uhshe'omar likrat kalah Tomru kulehem chiri biri bam Lehah dodi: chiri biri bim Likrat kalah: chiri biri bam Lehah dodi, likrat kalah Chiri-biri-biri-biri-bam.

If I sing, "Come my beloved," Then you sing, "Chiri biri bim." If I sing, "to greet the bride," Then you sing, "Chiri biri bam." Come my beloved: Chiri biri bim. To greet the bride: Chiri biri bam. Come my beloved to greet the bride. Chiri biri biri biri bam. If I sing, "Jerusalem," If I sing, "the holy city"

837 / SONGS

T

T.

1

T. T

T

L

T

T.

T

T. T

T.

L

T.

L

I

L

T.

Т T. T. 1 L 1 1 I Т

T

I

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

/423175t

L

|_____

L

Т

,	2	Π	Ø	/S	AH	ΙA	KI	
	r.		-	10				

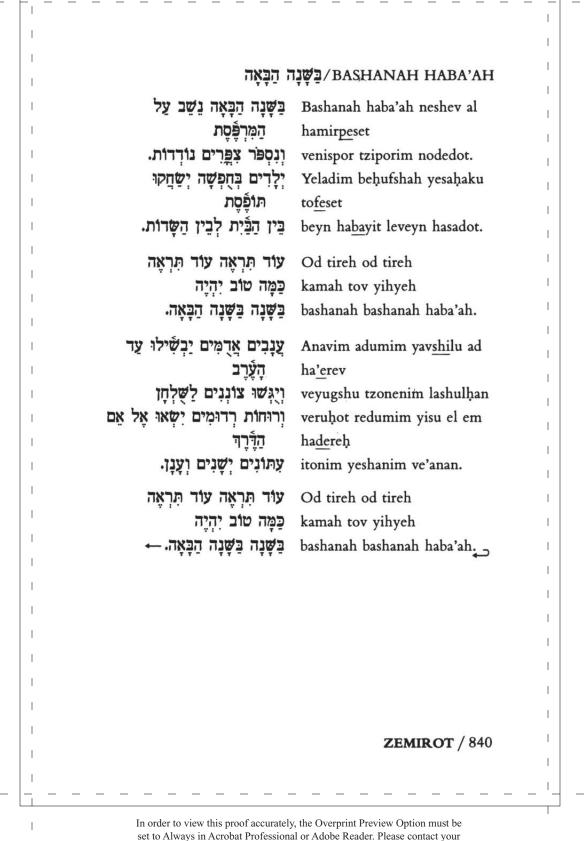
I

1

I

	Saḥaki saḥaki al haḥalomot שַּׁחֲקִי שַׁחֲקִי עַל הַחֲלוֹמוֹת גע מון אַנִי הַחוֹלֵם שָׂח גע מון אַנִי הַחוֹלֵם שָׂח saḥaki ki va'adam a'amin ki odeni ma'amin baḥ.	
 	Ki od nafshi deror sho <u>'efet</u> Ki od nafshi deror sho <u>'efet</u> lo meḥartiha le <u>'eg</u> el paz ki od a'amin gam ba'adam gam beruḥo ru'aḥ az.	
	A'aminah gam be'atid af im yirḥak zeh hayom אָר אָם יִרְחַק זֶה הַיּוֹם ah bo yavo yisu shalom az uvraḥah le'om mile'om.	,
	This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. Laugh, yes, laugh, at all my dreaming— This do I the dreamer say. Laugh at my belief in people For I still have faith in you.	
	For my soul yet longs for freedom— I will not sell it for a calf of gold For I still believe in people And in their spirit a powerful soul.	I I I
	I will hold fast my trust in the future Though that day be far away For its arrival is most certain Bringing peace and blessing to every land.	
 	Saul Tchernichowsky (translated by Reena Spicehandler) ZEMIROT / 838	

לִיכָה לְקֵיסָרְיָה (אֵלִי אֵלִי)	םְּ/HALIḤAH LEKEYSARYAH
	(ELI, ELI)
אֵלִי שֶׁלֹא יִגָּמֵר לְעוֹלָם	Eli shelo yigamer le'olam
הַחוֹל וְהַיֶּם	haḥol vehayam
רִשְׁרוּש שֶׁל הַאַּיִם	rishrush shel ha <u>may</u> im
בְּרַק הַשֶּׁמַיִם	berak hasha <u>ma</u> yim
תְּפִלַת הָאָדָם.	tefilat ha'adam.
This translation can be sung to the same m	elody as the Hebrew.
My God, my God, I pray that The sand and the sea, the rush the crash of the heavens, the p The sand and the sea, the rush The crash of the heavens, the	of the waters, prayer of the heart. I of the waters,
	Hannah Szenes
	'e ş
עַל הַתּוֹרָה וְעַל הָאֲבוֹדָה וְעַל	עַל שְׁלשָׁה דְבָרִים הָעוֹלָם עוֹמֵר: גְּמִילוּת חֲסָדִים:
Al sheloshah devarim ha'olam Al hatorah ve'al ha'avodah ve'	
On three things the world sta on Torah, on worship, and on	
	Pirkey Avot 1.2
839 / SONGS	



/423175t

בשנה הבאה נפרש כפות Bashanah haba'ah nifros kapot vadayim 1 האור הנגר הלבן מול mul ha'or hanigar halavan אנפה לבנה תפרש באור anafah levanah tifros ba'or כנפים kenafayim והשמש תזרח בתוכן. vehashemesh tizrah betohan. תראה עוד תראה Od tireh od tireh עור Т כמה טוב יהיה kamah tov yihyeh בשנה בשנה הבאה. bashanah bashanah haba'ah. This translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew. 1 Soon the day will arrive when all will be together T and no longer will we live in fear. And the children will smile without them wond'ring whether 1 on that day dark new clouds will appear. Т Wait and see, wait and see, what a world there will be, 1 If we share, if we care, you and me. Wait and see, wait and see, what a world there will be, If we share, if we care, you and me. T Ehud Manor n 1 אַלֶה חָמְדָה לִבִּי חֿוּסָה נָא וְאַל נָא תִּתִעַלֵּם: Eleh hamedah libi husah na ve'al na titalem. Only this does my heart desireconcern yourself with me and make manifest your presence. Т Eleazar Azikri 841 / SONGS

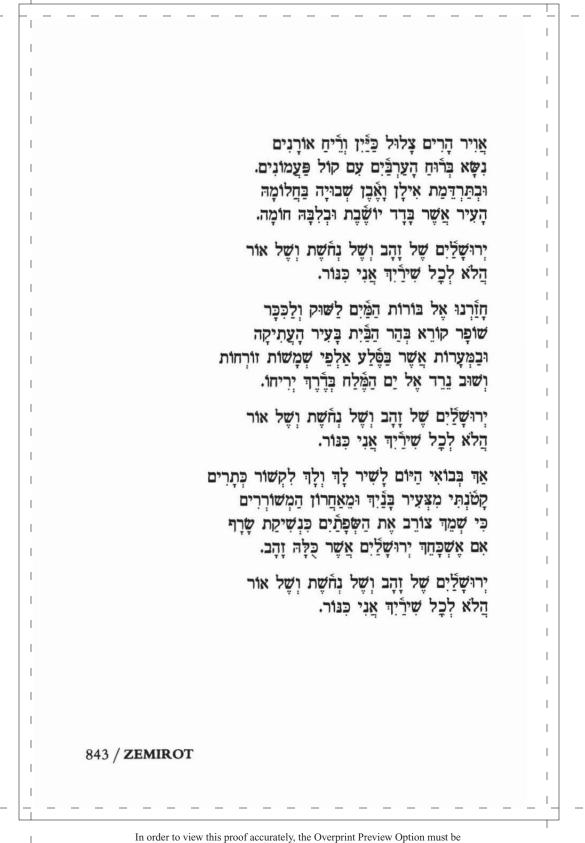
/423175t

ירושלים של זהב / YERUSHALAYIM SHEL ZAHAV / JERUSALEM OF GOLD 1 1 Avir harim tzalul kayayin verey'ah oranim nisa beru'ah ha'arbayim im kol pa'amonim. 1 Uvtardemat ilan va'even shevuyah bahalomah 1 ha'ir asher badad yoshevet uvlibah homah. Yerushalayim shel zahav veshel nehoshet veshel or Т halo lehol shirayih ani kinor. 1 Hazarnu el borot hamavim lashuk velakikar 1 shofar korey behar habayit ba'ir ha'atikah uvame'arot asher basela alfey shemashot zorhot 1 veshuv nered el yam hamelah bedereh yeriho. Yerushalayim shel zahav veshel nehoshet veshel or 1 halo lehol shirayih ani kinor. Ah bevo'i hayom lashir lah velah likshor ketarim 1 katonti mitze'ir banayih ume'aharon hameshorerim 1 ki shemeh tzorev et hasefatayim kinshikat saraf im eshkaheh yerushalayim asher kulah zahav. T Yerushalayim shel zahav veshel nehoshet veshel or Т halo lehol shirayih ani kinor. T 1 1 T 1 **SONGS / 842** Т

> In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

I

T

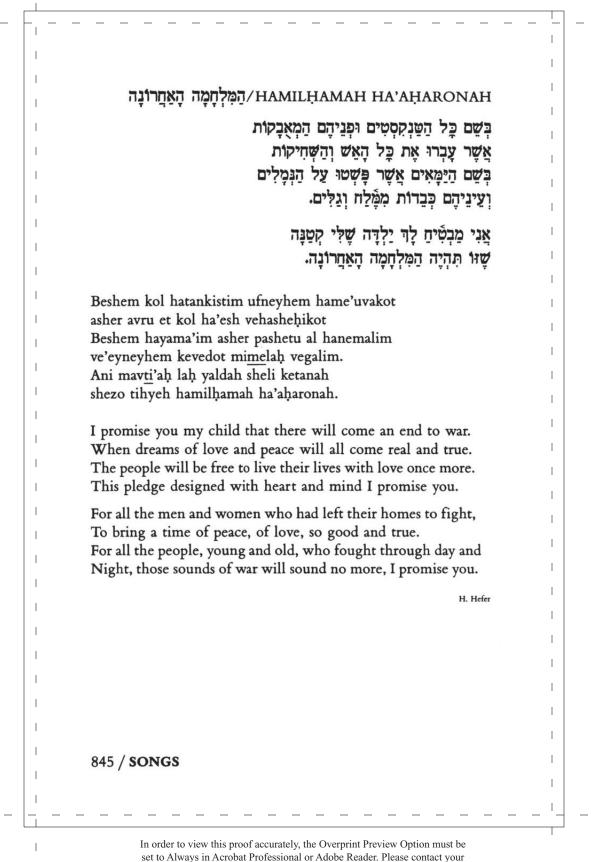


_

Ι

_

-	
Je	rusalem, Jerusalem (Jerusalem of Gold)
	his translation can be sung to the same melody as the Hebrew.
	he olive trees that stand in silence
	pon the hills of time, o hear the voices of the city
	s bells of evening chime.
	he Shofar sounding from the Temple
	o call the world to prayer,
	he shepherd pauses in the valley
	nd peace is everywhere.
Т	he water well for those who thirsted,
	he ancient market square,
	our golden sun that lights the future
	or people everywhere.
	low many songs, low many stories,
	he stony hills recall.
	round her heart my city carries
Α	lonely ancient wall.
Α	nd far away beyond the desert
	thousand suns will glow.
	Ve shall be going to the Jordan,
	y way of Jericho. Iy simple voice cannot acclaim thee,
	oo weak the words I choose,
	erusalem, if I forget thee,
•	lay my right hand its cunning lose.
Je	erusalem, Jerusalem,
F	orever young, yet forever old,
	ly heart will sing your songs of glory, Jerusalem.
-	erusalem, Jerusalem,
	bh, city with a heart of gold, he heart will sing your songs of alony Janualem
IV	ly heart will sing your songs of glory, Jerusalem. Naomi Shemer (translated by Norman Newell)
	ZEMIROT / 844



/423175t

אלה אלה AL KOL ELEH על הדבש ועל העקץ Al hadevash ve'al ha'oketz Т צל הַמֵּר וְהַמֵּתוֹק al hamar vehamatok 1 על בּתַנוּ הַתִינוֹקת al bitenu hatinoket שמור אַלִי הַטּוֹב shemor eli hatov. על האש המבערת Al ha'esh hamevo'eret Т על המים הזכים al hamayim hazakim על האיש השב הביתה al ha'ish hashav habaytah 1 מִז הַמֵּרְחַקִּים min hamerhakim. 1 על כּל אֹלה על כּל אֹלה Al kol eleh al kol eleh Т שמור נא לי אלי הטוב shemor na li eli hatov T על הדבש ועל העקץ al hadevash ve'al ha'oketz צל הַמֵּר וְהַמֵּתוֹק al hamar vehamatok. Т אל נא תעקור נטוע Al na ta'akor natu'a אל תשכח את התקוה al tishkah et hatikvah השיבני ואשובה hashiveni ve'ashuvah T אַל הָאָרֵץ הַטּוֹבָה el ha'aretz hatovah. שמור אלי על זה הבית Shemor eli al zeh habayit 1 על הַגּן על הַחוֹמַה al hagan al hahomah מִיָּגוּן מִפֿחַר־פָֿתַע miyagon mipahad peta וּמִמְּלְחַמֵה umimilhamah. T שמור על הַמַעַט שַיש לי Shemor al hame'at sheyesh li על האור ועל הטף al ha'or ve'al hataf Т על הפרי שלא הבשיל עוד al haperi shelo hivshil od veshene'esaf. ושנאסף ← על כֵּל אָלֵה... או kol eleh... **ZEMIROT** / 846 Т

_

_

_ _ _

_

עַל הַשֶּׁקָט עַל הַבֶּּכִי	mishalot libi ba <u>ḥo</u> sheḥ nirshamot aḥshav.
עַל בָּל אֵׁלֶה	Al kol eleh
This translation can be sung to the same mele On the honey and the thistle, o On our little baby daughter, ble On the fire brightly burning, at Tired husband who's returning, Grant them blessing, grant them Peace and blessing I entreat.	on the bitter and the sweet, essing I entreat. Ind the crystal waterfall, heaven bless them all.
 Bless the honey and the thistle, Bless the bitter and the sweet. Oh, uproot not what we have p keep our ancient hope alive, Our prayer for peace and blessin let our homeland ever thrive. 	ng,
Guard this cottage God, I pray and the wall,	you, and the garden
From all anguish sudden terror Keep the little that you gave us guard the town, Guard the fruit that hasn't ripend	, guard the children,
Grant them blessing, grant them	n blessing Naomi Shemer (translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein)

וּלָם כֻּאו	אָל הָעו/kol ha'olam kulo
ל הַעוֹלַם כַּלּוֹ	Kol ha'olam kulo
	gesher tzar me'od
	veha'ikar lo lefaḥed kelal.
The entire world is a very na	
The essential thing is to have	e no fear at all.
	Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav
בר	וְאָנוּ מָצָא/ve'anu matzanu
אַנוּ מַצַֿאנוּ מִנוּחָה	Ve'anu matzanu menuhah
ָּ זּתַֿחַת כַּנְפֵי הַשְׁכִינָה	
We found rest	
beneath the wings of the She	ḥinah.
2	
	ZEMIROT / 848
	ZEMIRO1 / 040

/423175t

THIS LAND IS YOUR LAND This land is your land, this land is my land 1 From California to the New York Island 1 From the redwood forest to the Gulf Stream waters This land was made for you and me. 1 1 As I was walkin' that ribbon of highway I saw above me that endless skyway I saw below me that golden valley Т I said this land was made for you and me. I've roamed and rambled and I followed my footsteps 1 To the sparkling sound of her diamond desert And all around me, a voice was sounding: This land was made for you and me. 1 Down in the city, in the shadow of the steeple By the relief office, I saw my people As they stood there hungry I stood there 1 whistling: This land was made for you and me. Nobody living can ever stop me T As I go walking my freedom highway Nobody living can make me turn back, Т cuz this land was made for you and me. 1 The sun came shining, and I was strolling And the wheat fields waving and the dust cloud rolling T As the fog was lifting, a voice was chanting This land was made for you and me. Т Woody Guthrie 849 / SONGS Т

_

_

/423175t _ _

_

_

_

O beautiful for spacious skies, For amber waves of grain, For purple mountain majesties Above the fruited plain! Americal Americal God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood, From sea to shining sea! O beautiful for pilgrim feet, Whose stern, impassioned stress, A thoroughfare for freedom beat Across the wilderness! Americal America! God mend thine every flaw, Confirm thy soul in self-control, Thy liberty in law! America! America! God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood From sea to shining sea! Katterine Lee Bate	AMERICA THE BEAUTIFUL	
Whose stern, impassioned stress, A thoroughfare for freedom beat Across the wilderness! America! America! God mend thine every flaw, Confirm thy soul in self-control, Thy liberty in law! America! America! God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood From sea to shining sea!	For amber waves of grain, For purple mountain majesties Above the fruited plain! America! America! God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood	l,
God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood From sea to shining sea!	Whose stern, impassioned stress, A thoroughfare for freedom beat Across the wilderness! America! America! God mend thine every flaw, Confirm thy soul in self-control,	
Katherine Lee Bates	God shed His grace on thee, And crown thy good with brotherhood	l
		Katherine Lee Bates
ZEMIROT / 850		ZEMIROT / 850

	Job Name: /423175t	
		-
	HATIKVAH/הַתְקוָה	
	ַבְּל עוֹר בַּלֵּבָב פְּגִֿימָה	
l	בַּפָש יְהוּדִי הוֹמִיָ <i>ָ</i> ה	
I	וּלְפַאֲתֵי מִזְרָח קָרִֿימָה	
	עַֿיָן לְצִיּוֹן צוֹפִיֶה	
I	עור לא אָבָדָה תִקוָתֵנוּ	
	הַתִּקוַה מִשְׁנוֹת אַלְפַּיִם	
1	לְהִיוֹת עֲם חֲפִשִׁי בְּאַרְצֵׁנוּ	
	בּאֶׁרֵץ צִיּוֹן וִירוּשָׂלַיִם.	
	Kol od balevav penimah	
	Nefesh yehudi homiyah	
l	Ulfa'atey mizraḥ kadimah	
l	Ayin letziyon tzofiyah	
	Od lo avedah tikva <u>te</u> nu	
	Hatikvah mishenot al <u>pa</u> yim Lihyot am ḥofshi be'artzenu	
I	Be'eretz tziyon virushalayim.	
1		
1	So long as a Jewish soul still lives within a heart,	
	And so long as an eye gazes longingly to Zion in the far	
	reaches of the East,	
	Then the hope is not lost, The hope of two thousand years,	
	That we may be a free people in our land,	
	Land of Zion and Jerusalem.	
	Naftali Herz Imber (translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein)	
l	(Anali Field Innov) (Sansattu by Juurin Kaplan Elseistein)	
1	851 / SONGS	
I		
l 		
	In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your	

/423175t

PSALM 150 Hallelu / Yah! T Call out to Yah in Heaven's holy place! T Boom out to Yah across the firmament! Shout out for Yah, for all God's mighty deeds! Cry out for Yah, as loud as God is great! I Blast out for Yah with piercing shofar note! T Pluck out for Yah with lute and violin! Throb out for Yah with drum and writhing dance! Sing out for Yah with strings and husky flute! T Ring out for Yah with cymbals that resound! 1 Clang out for Yah with cymbals that rebound! I Let every living thing Yah's praises sing, Hallelu / Yah! I 1 Т 1 T Т 1 1 1 T T 1 **ZEMIROT** / 852 Т In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your

I	PSALM 150
I	PSALM 150
I	הַלְלוּיָה הַלְלוּ אֵל בְּקָרְשׁו הַלְלֿוּהוּ בִּרְאָׁיעַ עָזוֹ:
I	הַלְלוּהוּ בִגְבוּרֹתָיו הַלְלוּהוּ כְּרֹב גָּדְלוֹ:
I	הַלְלוּהוּ בְּתֵׁקַע שׁוֹפָר הַלְלוּהוּ בְּגֵבֶל וְכִנּוֹר:
I	הַלְלֿוּהוּ בְּתֹף וּמָחוֹל הַלְלֿוּהוּ בְּמִנִּים וְעָגָב:
I	הַלְלוּהוּ בְּצִלְצְלֵי שָּׁמֵע הַלְלוּהוּ בְּצִלְצְלֵי תְרוּעָה:
I	כּל הַגְּשָׁמָה תְּהַלֵּל יָה הַלְלוּיָה:
I	
	Halleluyah halelu el bekodsho
	nale <u>lu</u> yah bir <u>ki</u> 'a uzo. Haleluhu vigvurotav
	naleluhu kerov gudlo.
	Haleluhu beteka shofar
	nale <u>lu</u> hu be <u>ne</u> vel veḥinor. Haleluhu betof umaḥol
1	naleluhu beminim ve'ugav.
I	Hale <u>lu</u> hu betziltzeley <u>sha</u> ma
	nale <u>lu</u> hu betziltzeley teru'ah. Kol haneshamah tehalel yah halleluyah.
	Kor nanesnaman tenaler yan nanetuyan.
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
I	
8	353 / SONGS
1	



SOURCES

1

1

1

I

Т

1

1

1

T

Т

I

Т

Except as indicated below, all English translation through page 710 is the work of Joel Rosenberg (contemporary poet, essayist, professor of Hebrew Literature and Judaic Studies at Tufts University). All calligraphy and other art work is by Betsy Platkin Teutsch. Citations for previously published commentary, and full attributions for unpublished material by Mordecai M. Kaplan (American rabbi, 1881-1983; founder of Reconstructionist Judaism), are included below. To avoid confusion, sometimes a title or initial phrase is given. Refer to the key on page x for full names of commentators. Some biographies of authors of original works appear in the commentary accompanying the text. Others appear below. Full credits for outside sources and commentary are located in ACKNOWLEDGMENTS, pages xiii-xvii. Page 2

"Lehadlik nerot.../To light candles..." by Zelda Mishkowsky (Israeli poet, 1914-1984); unknown translator.

"As the great doors . . . " by Marge Piercy (contemporary American poet and novelist), entitled "Some Blessings."

Page 4

"Ashrey hagafrur.../Blessed is the match..." by Hannah Szenes (Zionist poet, martyred during World War II); unknown translator.

"Almighty God . . . " adapted from an anonymous translation of the *Shas Tkhines*, a collection of women's prayers in Yiddish.

Pages 4-9

"Yedid Nefesh/Soul Beloved" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Translation adapted from that of Zalman Schachter-Shalomi.

Page 5

Marcia Falk (contemporary poet) formulated the berahah version "Nevareh et eyn hahayim...." See Kol Haneshamah: Erev Shabbat (First edition 1989), pages 150-179.

855 / SOURCES

/423175t Job Name: --

 	Page 9 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, Judaism Without Supernaturalism, page 119.	
 	Page 10 "Shabbat Hamalkah/The Shabbat Queen" by Hayim Nahman Bialik. Translation adapted from Likrat Shabbat, page 14.	
	Page 12 "Shalom Aleyhem" translated by Burt Jacobson.	
	Page 23 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes on Torah</i> .	
	Page 26 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> , 1920s.	
	Pages 29 and 33 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> , 1920s.	
	Page 44 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Journal</i> , October 9, 1917.	
	Page 56 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 248.	
	Page 57 Ibid., page 249.	
	Page 58 Adapted from <i>Ten Rungs: Hasidic Sayings</i> , collected and edited by Martin Buber (European-Israeli religious philosopher, 1878-1965), page 29.	
	Page 60 Interpretive Version adapted by Joy D. Levitt from the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, pages 28-29.	
	Page 61 Interpretive Version adapted from "Unending Love" by Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), published in <i>Tangents</i> .	
	SOURCES / 856	

set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

L

Dana (2)	ļ
Page 62 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> , 1920s.	I
Page 67 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 172.	
Page 69 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, 1970s.	
Page 76 Interpretive Version adapted by Joy D. Levitt from the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, pages 38-41.	
Page 78 Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), "Who is Like You," in <i>Tangents</i> .	
Page 82 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> , 1940s.	
Page 83 "When fears multiply" by Hershel Matt (contemporary American rabbi), published as <i>Hashkivenu</i> , in <i>Raayonot</i> , volume 3, number 2.	
Page 88 "Standing here" by Sandy Eisenberg Sasso (Reconstructionist rabbi).	
"Dear God" by Sheila Peltz Weinberg (Reconstructionist rabbi).	
Mordecai M. Kaplan, Diary, 1904.	
Page 89 This <i>Shiviti</i> design is by Betsy Platkin Teutsch, a contemporary	
American artist, who did all the other artwork in this siddur. The <i>Shiviti</i> is a traditional Jewish art form used for meditation. It is based upon the biblical verse: "I have set (<i>אויתי/Shiviti</i>) Yah	
always before me" (Psalm 16:8).	
857 / SOURCES	

										Job N	ame:			/4
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	

- -

_

_

The quotation made by Levi Weiman-Kelman is from Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), God in Search of Man, page 201. Page 92 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, Notes. Page 93 Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), "Receive and Transmit II," in Tangents. Page 96 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 79. Page 97 Adapted from ibid., page 103. Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man, page 9. Page 98 Pinhas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Hasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, Notes. Page 93 Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), "Receive and Transmit II," in Tangents. Page 96 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 79. Page 97 Adapted from ibid., page 103. Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man, page 9. Page 98 Pinḥas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Ḥasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
 Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), "Receive and Transmit II," in Tangents. Page 96 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 79. Page 97 Adapted from ibid., page 103. Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man, page 9. Page 98 Pinḥas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Ḥasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 79. Page 97 Adapted from ibid., page 103. Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man, page 9. Page 98 Pinḥas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Ḥasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
Adapted from <i>ibid.</i> , page 103. Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), <i>The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern</i> <i>Man</i> , page 9. Page 98 Pinḥas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Ḥasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish</i> <i>Religion</i> , page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). <i>God in Search of Man</i> , pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion</i> , page 165.
theologian, 1907-1972), The Sabbath: Its Meaning for Modern Man, page 9. Page 98 Pinḥas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Ḥasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
 Pinhas of Koretz was an eighteenth-century Hasidic rabbi. Page 100 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish</i> <i>Religion</i>, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). <i>God in Search of Man</i>, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion</i>, page 165.
Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 360. Page 101 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 165.
theologian, 1907-1972). God in Search of Man, pages 49 and 48. Page 106 Adapted from <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion</i> , page 165.
Adapted from <i>The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion</i> , page 165.
P 100
Page 108 Adapted from <i>ibid.</i> , page 81.
Page 112 Alternative Version by Arthur Green (Reconstructionist rabbi).
SOURCES / 858

/423175t Job Name: --

Γ

_

Page 116
"The commandment" by Sandy Eisenberg Sasso (Reconstructionist rabbi).
Page 122 Mordecai M. Kaplan, "Sermon at S.A.J.," 1922.
"As the hand" adapted from <i>Ten Rungs: Hasidic Sayings</i> , collected and edited by Martin Buber (European-Israeli religious philosopher, 1878-1965), page 39.
Page 125 "When senseless hatred " adapted from <i>ibid.</i> , page 79.
Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, S.A.J. Review, 1928.
Page 126 Alternative Version by Rami M. Shapiro (Reconstructionist rabbi), published as "It Is Up To Us" in <i>Tangents</i> .
Page 127 Alternative Version by Judy Chicago (contemporary American artist and poet), entitled "Merger." Capitalization is identical to that in the original.
Page 128 "Love is not changed" from <i>Eurydice</i> by Edith Sitwell (British poet, 1887-1964).
Page 132 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Journal</i> , 1933.
Page 141 Mordecai M. Kaplan, sermon at the Jewish Center, December 1918.
Page 146 " <i>Shaḥar avakesheḥa</i> /Morning I will seek you" by Solomon ibn Gabirol (eleventh-century Sephardic poet and philosopher).
859 / SOURCES

/423175t Job Name: --

Page 161 Adapted from a sermon given by Mordecai M. Kaplan at the
Jewish Center, October 1919.
Page 171 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Journal</i> , February 1914.
Page 173 A prayer used by Mordecai M. Kaplan to open classes.
Page 177 These additions to "Blessed is the one who spoke" originally appeared in <i>Siddur Nashim</i> , edited by Margaret Moers Wenig and Naomi Janowitz, Providence, Rhode Island, 1976. The feminine pronoun has here been replaced by "the one" for the sake of gender neutrality.
Page 183 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> .
Page 218 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, "The Sovereignty of God," <i>The Reconstructionist</i> , Volume XXXI, Number 11, October 1965.
Page 232 Marge Piercy (contemporary American poet and novelist), "Nishmat," in <i>Available Light</i> .
Page 244 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, "What Psychology Can Learn from Religion," <i>The Reconstructionist</i> , Volume XXXII, Number 6, April 1966.
Page 270 Interpretive Version adapted from the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, page 114.
Page 271 Interpretive Version adapted from the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, page 118.
SOURCES / 860

											Job N	lame:			/42	3175	t				I
_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

Page 277 This meditation by Mel Scult (contemporary Reconstructionist scholar) represents a composite of ideas found in various works of Mordecai M. Kaplan.
Page 279 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>The Future of the American</i> <i>Jew</i> , page 259.
Page 292 "Dear God…" by Sheila Peltz Weinberg (Reconstructionist rabbi).
Page 293 See source for page 89.
Page 301 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, Notes.
Page 325 "Meditation before <i>Tefilat Tal</i> " from the 1958 Reconstructionist <i>Festival Prayer Book</i> , page 456.
Page 387 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Future of the American Jew, page 382.
Page 396 Excerpted from Robin C. Goldberg (anthropologist and storyteller), "Seeing and Seeing Through: Myth, Metaphor, and Meaning," <i>The Reconstructionist</i> , Volume L, Number 7; June 1985.
Page 417 Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 258.
Page 419 Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>The Faith of America</i> , adapted from "Gitanjali" by Rabindranath Tagore (modern Indian poet and mystic). Adapted here by Lee Friedlander.
861 / SOURCES

 /423175t

_

_ _ _

드 _

Page 422 "A Prayer for Peace" attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Ḥasidic rabbi, 1772-1810) by his disciple Nathan Sternhartz of Nemirov in <i>Likutey Tefilot</i> , part two, 53.
Page 446 See sources for page 122.
Page 449 See sources for page 125.
Page 458 Mordecai M. Kaplan, Journal, 1933.
Page 490 See source for page 92.
Page 496 See source for page 82.
Page 499 See source for page 97.
Page 505 See sources for pages 100-101.
Page 514 See sources for page 122.
Page 521 " <i>Miriam Hanevi'ah</i> " by Leila Gal Berner (Reconstructionist rabbi).
Page 526 " <i>Hamavdil</i> " by Isaac ibn Ghayat (eleventh-century Sephardic rabbi).
Pages 532-561 This <i>Kabbalat Hag</i> /Welcoming the Festival Service was especially created for this siddur by Seth D. Riemer, Reena Spicehandler and David A. Teutsch (Reconstructionist rabbis).
SOURCES / 862

/423175t Job Name: --

Page 542
"Now summer's prospect " from Gates of Prayer, The New
Union Prayerbook, page 466.
Pages 550-553
" <i>Ashrey Ayin</i> /Celebration of the Rain" by Moshe Gabay (fifteenth-century Sephardic rabbi).
Page 562
See source for page 56.
Page 563
See source for page 57.
Page 564
See source for page 58.
Page 566
See source for page 60.
Page 567
See source for page 61.
Page 568 See source for page 62
See source for page 62.
Page 573 See source for page 67.
Page 575
See source for page 69.
Page 582
See source for page 76.
Page 584
See source for page 78.
Page 588
See source for page 82.
Page 594
See sources for page 88.
Page 595
See source for page 89.
863 / SOURCES

/423175t

Page 598
See source for page 92.
Page 602
See source for page 82.
Page 612 See source for page 106.
Page 633
Linda Pastan (contemporary American poet), "The Five Stages of Grief," in <i>The Five Stages of Grief</i> .
Page 641
"In the rising of the sun" by Sylvan D. Kamens and Jack Riemer (contemporary American rabbis).
Page 642
"Love is not changed" from <i>Eurydice</i> by Edith Sitwell (British poet, 1887-1964).
Pages 674-683
Order of Counting the Omer from the 1963 Reconstructionist Daily Prayer Book, page 108ff.
Pages 725-729
Amidah Meditations composed by Devora Bartnoff (Reconstructionist rabbi).
Page 730
"A Short Amidah," by Syd Lieberman (contemporary American storyteller and poet), published as "The Amidah" in <i>Raayonot</i> ,
volume 3, number 2.
Page 732
Zelda Mishkowsky (Israeli poet, 1914-1984), "Hadliku Ner/Light a Candle," translated by Marcia Falk.
Page 733
"Our noisy day" adapted from Richard N. Levy
(contemporary American rabbi), On Wings of Awe: A Machzor for Rosh Hashanah and Yom Kippur, page 1.
SOURCES / 864

Job Name:	 /423175t
voo i (unie.	/

l	D
	Pages 734-736 Kadia Molodowsky (Yiddish poet, 1894-1975), "Dos Gezang fon Shabes/Song of the Sabbath," translated by Jean Valentine in A Treasury of Yiddish Poetry.
	Page 737 Marge Piercy (contemporary American poet and novelist), "Wellfleet Sabbath," in <i>Available Light</i> .
	Pages 737-738 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), The Insecurity of Freedom.
	Page 739 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, pages 57-58.
	Page 740 Leah Goldberg (Israeli poet, 1911-1970), from " <i>Shirey Sof</i> <i>Hadereḥ</i> /Poems," translated by Pnina Peli.
	Page 741 Aaron Zeitlin (Yiddish poet, 1898-1973), "Zayn a Yid/Be a Jew," translated by Robert Friend in the Penguin Book of Yiddish Verse.
	Page 742 Adapted from an article by Morris Adler (American rabbi, 1906-1966) in <i>The American Jewish Monthly</i> .
	Penina V. Adelman (contemporary American writer), from Gates of the New City, edited by Howard Schwartz.
	Pages 744-745 Abraham Joshua Heschel (European-American rabbi and theologian, 1907-1972), "On Prayer," <i>Conservative Judaism</i> , Vol. 225, No. 1, 1970, page 2.
	Pages 745-746 Selections from Your Word Is Fire: The Hasidic Masters on Contemplative Prayer, edited and translated by Arthur Green and Barry W. Holtz. Reprinted by Jewish Lights Publishing, 1993.
	865 / SOURCES

Job Name: /4	23175t
--------------	--------

Page 747 Adapted from Ruth Firestone Brin (contemporary American poet), "A Sense of Your Presence," in Harvest: Collected Poems and Т Prayers. 1 Page 748 1 Sheila Peltz Weinberg (Reconstructionist rabbi), "Untie." 1 Charles Reznikoff (American poet, 1894-1976), "Te Deum," in Poems 1937-1975, volume ii. Т Pages 749-751 1 Jacob Glatstein (Yiddish-American poet, novelist, and critic 1896-1971), "Davenen Minhah/The Sunset Prayer," translated by Ruth Whitman. 1 Page 752 Solomon ibn Gabirol (eleventh-century Sephardic poet and 1 philosopher), "Sehi la'el/Submit to God," translated by Reena Spicehandler. Page 753 Malka Heifetz Tussman (Yiddish-American poet, 1896-1987), 1 "I Know Not Your Ways," translated by Marcia Falk. Pages 754-755 T Shmuel Hanagid (medieval Sephardic poet and statesman), "Atzapeh Eley Shahak/I Look Up to the Sky", translated in Society Т Hill Synagogue Prayer Supplement, edited by Ivan Caine. 1 Pages 755-756 Adapted by Lee Friedlander from "Where We Can Find God," in the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, pages T 343-347. This poem is translated by Eugene Kohn from a Hebrew adaptation by David Frischmann of Tagore's "Gitanjali." Rabindranath Tagore was a modern Indian poet and Т mystic. SOURCES / 866 Т

Pages 757-759 Adapted by Lee Friedlander from Mordecai M. Kaplan, "God T The Life of Nature," in the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, pages 383-391. 1 Page 759 1 Ruth Firestone Brin (contemporary American poet), "In 1 Praise/GENESIS 1, 2" in Harvest: Collected Poems and Prayers. Page 760 Т Howard Nemerov (contemporary American poet), "Trees" in The Collected Poems of Howard Nemerov. 1 Page 761 David Ignatow (contemporary American poet), "In No Way" in 1 Whisper to the Earth. Page 762 T "God grant me the ability to be alone..." attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi, 1772-1810) by his disciple Nathan 1 Sternhartz of Nemirov in Likutey Tefilah, part two, 11; Т translated by Shamai Kanter. 1 Pages 763-764 Moses ibn Ezra (medieval Sephardic poet and philosopher), "Ye'iruni Se'ipay Lahazoteh/My Thoughts Awaken Me to See T You," translation adapted from that of Raymond P. Scheindlin in The Gazelle: Medieval Hebrew Poems on God, Israel and the Soul. 1 Page 764 Solomon ibn Gabirol (eleventh-century Sephardic poet and Т philosopher), "Ketav Setav/Winter Wrote," translated in The Penguin Book of Modern Hebrew Verse as "Earth's Embroidery" by T T. Carmi. Page 765 Т Wendell Berry (contemporary American poet), "The Peace of Т Wild Things," in Collected Poems. 1 I 867 / SOURCES Т

Page 767 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, The Meaning of God in Modern Jewish Religion, page 266.
Page 768 Michael Walzer (contemporary American political philosopher), Exodus and Revolution, page 149.
Pages 768-769 Ruth H. Sohn (contemporary American rabbi), "I Shall Sing to the Lord a New Song."
Pages 770-771 Merle Feld (contemporary American poet and playwright), "Sinai." This poem originally appeared in the <i>Journal of Feminist</i> Studies in Religion, Fall 1985.
Page 772 "We cannot merely pray to God" by Jack Riemer (contemporary American rabbi).
Page 775 Adapted from Mordecai M. Kaplan, <i>Notes</i> .
Pages 776-777 Yehuda Amichai (contemporary Israeli poet), "Shelom Bar/Wildpeace," translated by Chana Bloch and Ariel Bloch, in Tikkun, volume 2, number 2.
Page 777 Yehuda Amichai (contemporary Israeli poet), "Tosefet Lahazon Hashalom/An Appendix To The Vision of Peace," translated by Glenda Abramson and Tudor Parfitt in Great Tranquility: Questions and Answers.
Page 778 Nelly Sachs (German-Jewish poet, 1891-1970), "We Mothers," translated by Ruth and Matthew Mead, in <i>The Seeker</i> .
Page 779 Ruth Brin (contemporary American poet), "Who Are These Jews" in Harvest: Collected Poems and Prayers.
SOURCES / 868

Page 780 Charles Reznikoff (American poet, 1894-1976), "Out of the T Strong, Sweetness" in Voices Within the Ark, edited by Howard Schwartz and Anthony Rudolf. 1 Page 781 1 Nancy Lee Gossels, "Somewhere Out of Time" in Vetaher 1 Libenu, Congregation Beth El of the Sudbury River Valley, 1980, page 101. Т Page 783 Susan A. Handelman (contemporary American scholar), 1 excerpted from The Slayers of Moses, pages 37-38. Page 784 1 Franz Rosenzweig (German-Jewish theologian 1886-1929). Excerpted from an address given at the opening of the Freies Judisches Lehrhaus in Frankfort, August 1920. Adapted from T Franz Rosenzweig: His Life and Work presented by Nahum N. Glatzer, page 231. Т Page 785 1 Danny Siegel (contemporary American poet), "A Blessing" in Between Dust and Dance. T Page 786 Adapted from a blessing by Sidney Greenberg (contemporary American rabbi). 1 Page 787 Edna St. Vincent Millay (modern American poet), "Dirge Т Without Music" in Collected Poems. T Page 788 Zelda Mishkowsky (Israeli poet, 1914-1984), "Lehol Ish Yesh Shem/Each of Us Has a Name," translated by Marcia Falk. T Page 789 Diane Cole (contemporary American poet), "In Many Houses." I 869 / SOURCES Т

Emmanuel Eydoux, pen name of Roger Eisinger (modern French Jewish author). This translation by Jonathan Magonet originally appeared in Forms of Prayer for Jewish Worship, page 402. Page 790 Excerpted from "The Seven of Pentacles" in To Be of Use by Marge Piercy (contemporary American poet and novelist). Pages 790-791 "Birth is a Beginning" by Alvin I. Fine (contemporary American rabbi). This poem originally appeared in Gates of Repentance, pages 283-284. Pages 792-793 Leah Goldberg (Israeli poet, 1911-1970), "Mibeyt Imi/From My Mother's Home," translated by Ezra Spicehandler in The Modern Hebrew Poem Itself. Page 794 "To My Father." Believed to be the work of Blaga Dmitrova. Pages 795-796 "The Margaret Torrie (contemporary American poet), Intention" in All in the End is Harvest. Page 796 Laura Gilpin (contemporary American anthropologist), "Life After Death" in The Hocus-Pocus of the Universe. Page 797 "First a Spark" by Sandy Eisenberg Sasso (Reconstructionist rabbi). Page 799 Shel Silverstein (contemporary American poet), "God's Wheel" in A Light From the Attic. Page 800 Lawrence Kushner (contemporary American rabbi), The Book of Miracles.

Т

1

1

Т

1

1

T

1

T

1

T

Т

SOURCES / 870

/423175t Job Name: --

I	
 	Page 801 Excerpted from <i>Anne Frank: The Diary of a Young Girl</i> , Doubleday & Company, 1967, page 237.
 	Pages 802-803 "Mah avakesh/What shall I ask" in My Shalom, My Peace, edited by Jacob Zim and Uriel Ofek.
	"When will peace " in <i>My Shalom, My Peace</i> , edited by Jacob Zim and Uriel Ofek.
 	Page 804 Seymour Rossel (contemporary American educator and author), "May I Ever Learn To Find My Place," in <i>When a Jew Prays</i> .
	Page 805 "God, help me " in <i>Forms of Prayer for Jewish Worship</i> , Volume III, page 3.
	Adapted from <i>Tales of the Hasidim: Later Masters</i> , collected and edited by Martin Buber, page 277.
	Page 807 Carl Sandburg (American poet, 1878-1967), "Freedom is a Habit," from <i>Harvest Poems</i> .
	Page 808 Adin Steinsaltz (contemporary rabbi and scholar), <i>The Thirteen</i> <i>Petalled Rose</i> .
 	Page 809 Charles Reznikoff (American poet, 1894-1976), "Feast of Booths."
	Page 811 Arthur Green (Reconstructionist rabbi), gloss from <i>The Jewish</i> <i>Holidays</i> edited by Michael Strassfeld.
	Pages 813-814 <i>"Ro'eh aravi meḥapes /</i> An Arab shepherd is searching " by Yehuda Amichai (contemporary Israeli poet).
	871 / SOURCES

Page 819 Archibald Macleish (American poet, 1892-1982), "The Young Dead Soldiers."
Pages 820-821 Adapted from the 1945 Reconstructionist Sabbath Prayer Book, page 546.
Page 821 Emma Lazarus (American poet, 1849-1887), "The New Colossus."
Page 822 Aaron David Gordon (Zionist thinker, 1856-1922), excerpted from the essay "People and Labor" (1911) in <i>The Zionist Idea</i> edited by Arthur Hertzberg, page 374.
Carl Sandburg (American poet, 1878-1967), "Fish Crier."
Pages 823-824 Naftali Gross (Yiddish-American poet and folklorist, 1896-1956), "The Operator," translated by Aaron Kramer in A <i>Century of Yiddish Poetry.</i>
Page 824 Barbara Cohen (contemporary American author), excerpt from <i>Molly's Pilgrim</i> .
Pages 825-826 Pearl Kazin (American author), excerpt from "We Gather Together," <i>The New Yorker</i> , November 26, 1955, page 51.
Page 829 <i>"Yom Zeh Leyisra'el."</i> Attributed to Isaac Luria (sixteenth-century Sephardic poet and scholar), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.
Page 833 " <i>Deror Yikra</i> ." Attributed to Dunash ben Labrat (tenth-century Sephardic poet and scholar), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.
SOURCES / 872
/

Job Name:	 /423175t
voo r (ame.	/

_

 Page 838 "Sahaki" by Saul Tchernichowsky (Hebrew poet, 1875-1943), translated by Reena Spicehandler. Page 839 "Halihah Lekeysaryah (Eli, Eli)" by Hannah Szenes (Zionist poet, martyred during World War II). Translation adapted from Songs and Hymns, A Musical Supplement to Gates of Prayer. Pages 840-841 "Bashanah Haba'ah" by Ehud Manor (contemporary Israeli poet). "Eleh Hamedah Libi" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Pages 842-844 "Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer). Page 845 "Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 "Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 "Kol Hoʻlam Kulo." Attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 873 / SOURCES 	Job Name: /423175t	
 "Sahaki" by Saul Tchernichowsky (Hebrew poet, 1875-1943), translated by Reena Spicehandler. Page 839 "Halihah Lekeysaryah (Eli, Eli)" by Hannah Szenes (Zionist poet, martyred during World War II). Translation adapted from Songs and Hymns, A Musical Supplement to Gates of Prayer. Pages 840-841 "Bashanah Haba'ah" by Ehud Manor (contemporary Israeli poet). "Eleh Hamedah Libi" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Pages 842-844 "Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer). Page 845 "Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 "Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 "Kol Ha'olam Kulo." Attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikwah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 		
 "Halihah Lekeysaryah (Eli, Eli)" by Hannah Szenes (Zionist poet, martyred during World War II). Translation adapted from Songs and Hymns, A Musical Supplement to Gates of Prayer. Pages 840-841 "Bashanah Haba'ah" by Ehud Manor (contemporary Israeli poet). "Eleh Hamedah Libi" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Pages 842-844 "Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer). Page 845 "Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 "Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 "Kol Ha'olam Kulo." Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	"Saḥaki" by Saul Tchernichowsky (Hebrew poet, 1875-1943),	
 "Bashanah Haba'ah" by Ehud Manor (contemporary Israeli poet). "Eleh Hamedah Libi" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Pages 842-844 "Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer). Page 845 "Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 "Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 "Kol Ha'olam Kulo." Attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	"Halihah Lekeysaryah (Eli, Eli)" by Hannah Szenes (Zionist poet, martyred during World War II). Translation adapted from Songs	
 <i>"Eleh Hamedah Libi"</i> by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century kabbalist). Pages 842-844 <i>"Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer).</i> Page 845 <i>"Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by</i> Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 <i>"Al Kol Eleh."</i> Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 <i>"Kol Ha'olam Kulo."</i> Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 <i>"America the Beautiful"</i> by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 <i>"Hatikvah"</i> by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	0	
 "Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer). Page 845 <i>"Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah"</i> by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 <i>"Al Kol Eleh."</i> Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 <i>"Kol Ha'olam Kulo."</i> Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 <i>"This Land is Your Land"</i> by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 <i>"America the Beautiful"</i> by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 <i>"Hatikvah"</i> by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	"Eleh Hamedah Libi" by Eleazar Azikri (sixteenth-century	
 "Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary Israeli poet). Pages 846-847 "Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 "Kol Ha'olam Kulo." Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 "This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	"Yerushalayim Shel Zahav/Jerusalem of Gold." Lyrics and music	
 <i>"Al Kol Eleh."</i> Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. Page 848 <i>"Kol Ha'olam Kulo."</i> Attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Ḥasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 <i>"This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody")</i> Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 <i>"America the Beautiful"</i> by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 <i>"Hatikvah"</i> by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein. 	"Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah" by Hayim Hefer (contemporary	
 <i>"Kol Ha'olam Kulo.</i>" Attributed to Naḥman of Bratzlav (Ḥasidic rabbi 1772-1810). Page 849 <i>"This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody")</i> Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 <i>"America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929).</i> Page 851 <i>"Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.</i> 	"Al Kol Eleh." Lyrics and music by Naomi Shemer (contemporary Israeli composer), translated by Judith Kaplan	
"This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody") Guthrie (American folk singer and composer, 1912-1967). Page 850 "America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.	"Kol Ha'olam Kulo." Attributed to Nahman of Bratzlav (Hasidic	
"America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American educator and writer, 1859-1929). Page 851 "Hatikvah" by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.	"This Land is Your Land" by Woodrow Wilson ("Woody")	
" <i>Hatikvah</i> " by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.	"America the Beautiful" by Katherine Lee Bates (American	
	Page 851 <i>"Hatikvah"</i> by Naphtali Herz Imber (Hebrew poet, 1856-1909), translated by Judith Kaplan Eisenstein.	

In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be set to Always in Acrobat Professional or Adobe Reader. Please contact your Customer Service Representative if you have questions about finding this option.

T

Ι

INDEX
Acknowledgments xiii
Adon Olam, 132
Afternoon Service
Festival, 468
Shabbat, 468
Ahat Sha'alti, 832
Al Kol Eleh, 846
Al Sheloshah Devarim, 839
America the Beautiful, 850
Am Yisra'el Hay, 661
Amidah
Alternative Amidot, 725
Ma'ariv, Festival, 596-611
Ma'ariv, Shabbat, 90-107 Minhah Fastingl 506 611
Minḥah, Festival, 596-611 Minḥah, Shabbat, 488-509
Shaharit, Festival, 326-351
Shaharit, Shabbat, 294-321
Ashrey, 428-431, 468-471
Avadim Hayinu, 539
Bar/Bat Mitzvah Blessing, 414, 688, 785
Bashanah Haba'ah, 840
Berahot, alternative formulations, 5, 397
Birhot Hashahar/Morning Blessings, 140, 152
Birkat Hagomel/Blessing for Deliverance, 400
Birkat Hahodesh/Blessing for the New Month, 424
Blessings (see also Hadlakat Nerot, Kiddush)
Alternative formulations 5, 397
Bar / Bat Mitzvah, 414, 688, 785
Birhot Hashahar/Morning Blessings, 152
Congregation, 417
Deliverance and Good Fortune, 400
Gomel, 400
Haftarah, 408-413
Hanukah, 672
Lulav and Etrog, 354
Mi Sheberah, 402, 684-693
Morning, 152
INDEX / 874

-, -		
I		l
I		I
I		I
1	Netilat Lulav, 354	
	New Month, 424	
	Torah, 397-399	I
1	Torah Study, 168-171	
	Wine (see also Kiddush), 118	
	Candlelighting (see Hadlakat Nerot)	I
1	Chiribim, 836	
	Commentators, x	
	Counting the Omer, 674-683	
1	Deror Yikra, 833	
	Dodi Li, 19	
	Eleh Hamedah Libi, 841	
1	Eli, Eli, 839	
	Eliyahu Hanavi, 521	
	El Maley Raḥamim, 639, 640	
1	Elohay Neshamah, 165	
	Elul Meditations, 805	
	Esa Eynay, 535	
	Evening Service (see Ma'ariv)	
	Eyn Keyloheynu, 443 Fastingle, Bilgrimene (and Bilgrimene Fastingle)	
	Festivals, Pilgrimage (see Pilgrimage Festivals)	
	Geshem / Rain, 324-331 Comel /Blassing for Deliverance, 400	
	Gomel/Blessing for Deliverance, 400 Hadlakat Nerot	
I	Hanukah, 672	
	Pilgrimage Festivals, 530	
I.	Shabbat, 2	
	Haftarah Blessings, 408-413	
	Haftarah Readings, 710-724	
1	Hahamah Merosh, 10	
1	Hakafot (Simhat Torah), 654-667	
1	Halihah Lekeysaryah, 839	
I	Hallel, 356-379	
I	Hallel Selections, 614-625	
	Hamavdil, 527	
I	Hamilhamah Ha'aharonah, 845	
	Hanukah, 672	
	Hatan/Kalat Bereshit (Simhat Torah), 670	
I	Hatan/Kalat Hatorah (Simhat Torah), 669	
I	Hatikvah, 851	
I		
I	875 / INDEX	
I		
I.		
		1

/423175t

1	
1	Havdalah, 520-527
1	Hevenu Shalom Aleyhem, 659
1	Hiney Mah Tov, 535
	Hoshanot
I	First Day of Sukkot, 646-649
1	Shabbat of Sukkot, 650-653
	Hoshi'ah et Ameha, 663
1	Introduction, xviii
1	Kabbalat Hag/Welcoming the Festival, 528-561
	Kabbalat Shabbat, 1-55
1	Kaddish
	Derabanan, 172
1	Hatzi, 54, 244, 404, 486, 592
	Mourners', 128-131, 450, 518, 642
	Titkabal, 114, 380, 624
1	Kiddush
	Festival Eve, 626-629 Festival Morning, 464
1	Shabbat Eve, 116-119
1	Shabbat Morning, 464
1	Ki Hem Hayeynu, 667
	Ki Mitziyon, 667
	Kol Dodi, 828
	Kol Ha'olam Kulo, 848
'	Kol Rinah Vishu'ah, 661
	Lehah Dodi, 40-47
1	Lighting Candles (see Hadlakat Nerot)
	Lo Yisa Goy, 659
I	Lulav and Etrog, 354
	Ma'ariv
	Festival, 562-629, 120-137
1	Shabbat, 56-137
l I	Mah Tovu, 141
1	Mah Yafeh Hayom, 828
	Ma'oz Tzur, 672 Meditations
	Amidah, 725-729
1	Elul, 805
	Shiviti, 292, 728
I	Tal and Geshem, 324, 325
1	
1	INDEX / 876
I	
1	

/423175t

1		I
	Memorial	I
1	Mourners' Kaddish, 128-131	1
I	Preludes to Kaddish, 787-796	
	Yizkor, 630-645	1
1	Minhah, 468-519	1
I	Min Hametzar, 665	
1	Miriam Hanevi'ah, 521	1
1	Mi Sheberah Blessings	1
I	Anniversary, 690	1
1	Aufruf, 689	1
1	Bar/Bat Mitzvah, 688	1
I	Birthday, 687	1
1	Birth of a Child, 691	
1	Congregation, 417	1
I	Individual, 684	1
1	Making aliyah, 692	
	Recovery from Illness, 685	1
I	Traveling to Israel, 693	1
1	Morning Service for Shabbat and Festivals, 140-465	
	Mourners' Kaddish, 128-131, 450, 518, 642	I
	Netilat Lulav, 354	1
1	New Month, 424	
	Notes on Usage, xxvii	1
	Omer, Counting the, 674-683	1
1	Passover (see Pilgrimage Festivals)	
	Perek Shirah, 704-709 Peseh (see Pilgrimage Festivale)	1
1	Pesaḥ (see Pilgrimage Festivals) Pesukey Dezimrah/Verses of Praise, 176-245	1
1	Pilgrimage Festivals	
	Candlelighting, 530	1
1	Geshem/Prayer for Rain, 324-331	1
1	Hakafot, 654-667	
	Hallel, 356-379	1
1	Hoshanot, 646-653	1
I	Kabbalat Hag, 528-561	
1	Kiddush	1
1	eve, 626-629	1
I	morning, 464	1
1	Ma'ariv, 562-629, 120-137	
1	Minhah, 468-519, 596-613	1
I		I
I	877 / INDEX	1
I		,
		1

⊢, –	
1	
	Netilat Lulav, 354
	Shaharit, 138-465
	Tal/Prayer for Dew, 324-333
	Tzedakah, 1
	Pithu Li, 535
	Prayer for the Country, 418
	Prayer for Dew, 324-333
	Prayer for Peace, 422
	Prayer for Rain, 324-331
	Prayer for the State of Israel, 420
	Prayer for Those Who Are Ill and Their Caretakers, 686
	Prayer in Remembrance of a Female, 638
	Prayer in Remembrance of a Male, 638 Preface, xi
	Psalms
	Psalm 19, 184-187
	Psalm 23, 644
	Psalm 24, 436-439, 482
	Psalm 29, 36-39
	Psalm 30, 174
1	Psalm 33, 204-207
	Psalm 34, 188-191
	Psalm 43, 536
1	Psalm 90, 192-195
	Psalm 91, 196-199
	Psalm 92, 48-51, 208-211, 558-561
1	Psalm 93, 52, 212, 560
	Psalm 95, 20-23
	Psalm 96, 24-27
	Psalm 97, 28-31
1	Psalm 98, 32
	Psalm 99, 34
	Psalm 113-118 (Hallel), 356-379
	Psalm 121, 214
	Psalm 122, 216 Psalm 126, 556
	Psalm 120, 550 Psalm 134, 536
1	Psalm 136, solo Psalm 136 (selections), 200-203
	Psalm 145 (Ashrey), 428-431, 468-471
	Psalm 146, 218-221
	1 3dill 1 10, 210-221
1	
	INDEX / 878
1	

/423175t

		1
	Psalm 147, 222-225	1
	Psalm 148, 226-229	1
	Psalm 150, 230, 852	
	Readings	I
	Anniversary, 786	1
	Atifat Tallit, 799	
	Aufruf, 786	I
	Bat/Bar Mitzvah, 414, 785	1
	Exodus Themes, 767-771	
	Family Worship, 797-804	1
	Fourth of July, 820-821	1
	Jews Around the World, 779-780	
	Labor Day, 822-824, 849	1
	Life Cycle, 785	1
	Martin Luther King Day, 816	
	Meditations for Elul, 805	1
	Memorial Day, 819	1
	Nature, 754-766	
	New Year's Day, 815	1
	Peace, 422, 775-778, 801-804	1
	Pesah, 811-812	
	Prayer, 740-753	
	Preludes to Kaddish, 787-796	1
	Presidents' Weekend, 817-818	
	Shabbat, 732-739	1
	Shabbat Shuvah, 807	1
	Shavuot, 781	
	Social Action, 772-774	1
	Sukkot, 808-809	1
	Thanksgiving, 824-826	
	Torah Study, 781-784	
	Tu Bishvat, 810	1
	Yom Ha'atzma'ut, 813	
	Saḥaki, 838	1
	Sefirat Ha'omer, 674-683	1
	Shabbat	
	Hadlakat Nerot Shabbat/Candlelighting, 2	1
	Havdalah, 520-527	1
	Kabbalat Shabbat, 1-55	
	879 / INDEX	
		1
		I
_		_ '

/423175t

I		I
		I
I	vr:11_1	I
	Kiddush	1
1	eve, 116-119 morning, 464	
	Ma'ariv, 56-137	I
	Minhah. 468-519	I
	Shaharit, 138-465	
	Tzedakah, 1	1
	Zemirot (Songs), 827-854	1
	Shabbat Hamalkah, 10	
	Shaharit for Shabbat and Festivals, 138-465	I
I	Shalom Aleyhem, 13	I
	Shavua Tov, 527	
1	Shavuot (see Pilgrimage Festivals)	I
I	Shalosh Regalim (see Pilgrimage Festivals)	I
	Shir Hakavod/Song of Glory, 452-457	
I	Shir Hama'alot, 557	I
I	Shir Hashirim, 14-19, 540	
I	Sisu Et Yerushalayim, 667	I
I	Songs (see Zemirot)	1
	Sources, 855-873	I
	Sukkot (see Pilgrimage Festivals)	
I	Tal/Dew, 325-333	
	This Land is Your Land, 849	I
l	Torah Blessings, 397-399	I
	Torah Readings, 710-724	
	Torah Service	I
I	Minḥah, Shabbat, 474-485 Shaḥarit 382-441	I
I	Torah Study Section, 694-703	
I	Torat Adonay Temimah, 187	I
I	Tzedakah, 1	I
I	Tzur Mishelo, 830	1
I	Ufros Aleynu, 547	I
•	Ushavtem Mayim, 555	I
I	Vayhulu, 109	I
I	Ve'anu Matzanu, 848	
	Veha'er Eyneynu, 545	
I	Veshameru, 85, 307, 465, 591	
I	Waving the Lulav, 354	
	Wine, blessing, over, (see also Kiddush), 118	I
I		
I		1
I	INDEX / 880	I
-		
		1

Γ

_

/423175t

Haḥamah Merosh, 11 Haliḥah Lekeysaryah, 839 Hamavdil, 527		
Esa Eynay, 535 Eyn Keyloheynu, 443		I
Eliyahu Hanavi, 521 Elohay Neshamah, 165		1
Eleh Hamedah Libi, 841 Eli, Eli, 839		
Deror Yikra, 833 Dodi Li, 19		I
Bashanah Haba'ah, 840 Chiribim, 836		
America the Beautiful, 850 Avadim Hayinu, 539		
Al Sheloshah Devarim, 839 Am Yisra'el Hay, 661		I
Ahat Sha'alti, 832 Al Kol Eleh, 846		, I
Zemirot/Songs and Hymns Adon Olam, 132		I I
Yom Zeh Leyisra'el, 829 Yom Zeh Meḥubad, 834		
Yisra'el Ve'orayta, 545 Yizkor, 630-645		I
Yismehu Hashamayim, 667		I
Yevareḥeḥa, 665 Yigdal, 134-137		I
Yedid Nefesh, 4-9 Yerushalayim Shel Zahav, 843		י ו
Yasis Alayih Elohayih, 665		

/423175t

T Kol Rinah Vishu'ah, 661 T Lehah Dodi, 40-47 T Lo Yisa Goy, 659 Mah Tovu, 141 1 Mah Yafeh Hayom, 828 T Ma'oz Tzur, 672 Min Hametzar, 665 I Miriam Hanevi'ah, 521 T Pithu Li, 535 Psalm 150, 230, 852 Sahaki, 838 1 Shabbat Hamalkah, 10 Shalom Aleyhem, 13 1 Shavua Tov, 527 I Shir Hama'alot, 557 Sisu et Yerushalayim, 667 T This Land is Your Land, 849 I Torat Adonay Temimah, 187 Tzur Mishelo, 830 1 Ufros Aleynu, 547 Ushavtem Mayim, 555 Ve'anu Matzanu, 848 1 Veha'er Eyneynu, 545 Veshameru, 85, 307, 465, 591 1 Vetaher Libenu, 659 T Yasis Alayih Elohayih, 665 Yedid Nefesh, 4-9 T Yerushalayim Shel Zahav, 843 T Yevareheha, 665 Yigdal, 134-137 1 Yismehu Hashamayim, 667 T Yisra'el Ve'orayta, 545 Yom Zeh Leyisra'el, 829 T Yom Zeh Mehubad, 834 1 T 1 1 I **INDEX / 882** Т L In order to view this proof accurately, the Overprint Preview Option must be T